

CEL-ebrating Simplicity:

CRD Validation in Kubernetes Beyond Webhooks

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CEL-ebrating Simplicity:

CRD Validation in Kubernetes
Beyond Webhooks

CEL-ebrating Simplicity

CEL-ebrating



#KuberTENes.

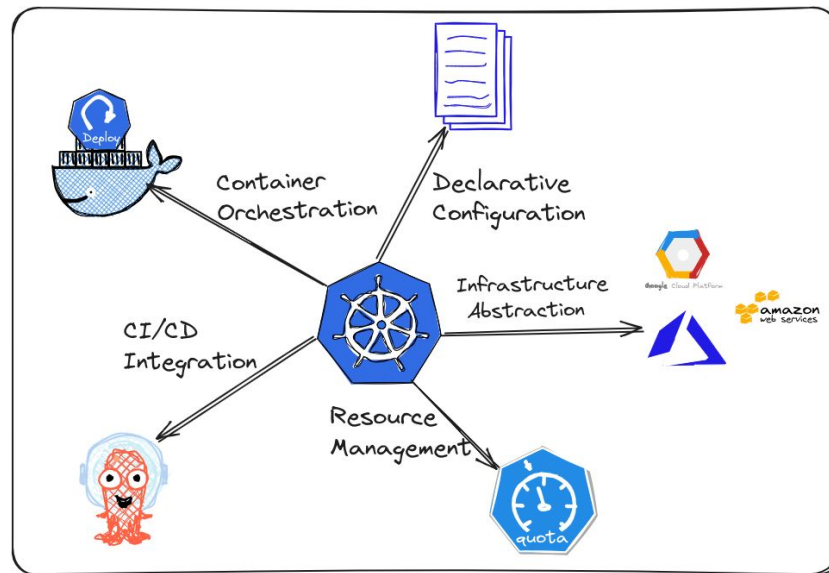
CEL-ebrating Simplicity

CEL-ebrating



#KuberTENes.

Simplicity



CEL-ebrating Simplicity

```
apiVersion: apiextensions.k8s.io/v1
kind: CustomResourceDefinition
metadata:
  name: books.mylibrary.com
spec:
  group: mylibrary.com
  .....
```

Extending the Kubernetes API with

CustomResourceDefinitions (CRDs)

- Allows you to create your own custom resources.
- Operator with custom business logic.

CRD Validation

WHY ?

- Field Verification
 - ◆ **port** is integer, within a range
- Field is Valid compared to other field
 - ◆ ensure that the **startDate** is before the **endDate**
- Field is Immutable
 - ◆ **username** cannot be changed, once defined
- Enhancing Compatibility, Stability and Security

CRD Validation

WHY ?

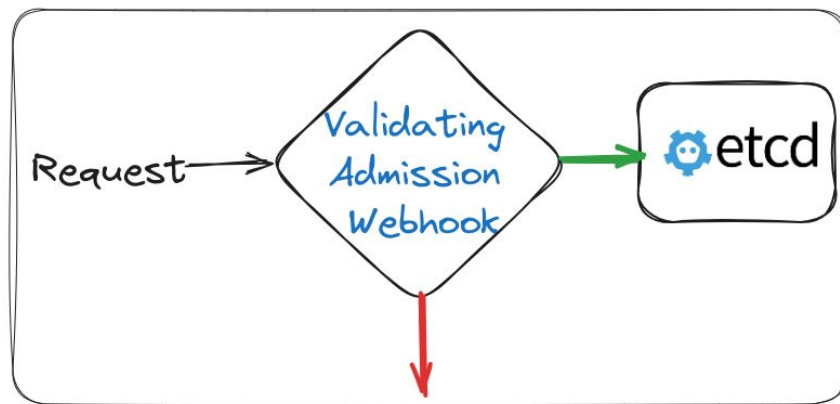
- Field Verification
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If not, all the best! :D



CRD Validation

HOW ?



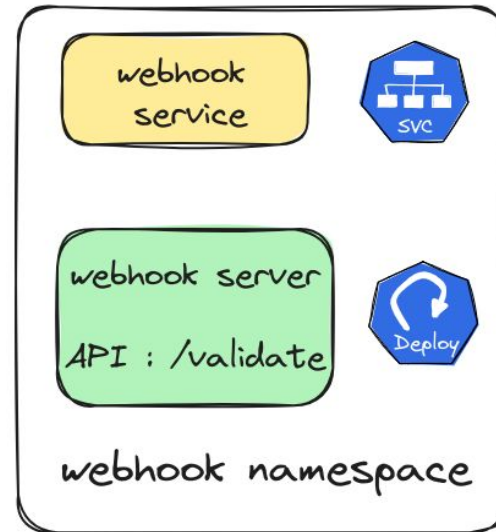
[Beyond OpenAPI schema validation]

Works by intercepting requests to API Server

Validating Admission Webhooks are simple ?

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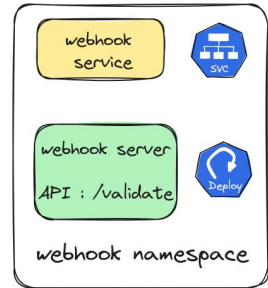
1. Create a HTTPs backend server
 - Implement the Admission Review Handler
 - Define Validation Logic
 - Return Validation Response
 - Define CMD flags
2. Create the Deployment Configuration
 - Build and Deploy your Admission Controller code
 - Expose the Admission Controller's endpoint service
 - Necessary RBAC



Validating Admission Webhooks are simple ?

1. Create a HTTPs backend server
 - Implement the Admission Review Handler
 - Define Validation Logic
 - Return Validation Response
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2. Create the Deployment Configuration
 - Build and Deploy your Admission Controller code
 - Expose the Admission Controller's endpoint service
 - Necessary RBAC
3. Create **ValidatingWebhookConfiguration**
 - Rules
 - Service reference
 - caBundle
 - Failure policy
 - Timeouts
4. Manage and maintain the certificates (server <> client trust)
5. Ensure service network works all the time with api server
6. Monitoring and Alerting
7. Upgrade and Rollback mechanism
8. Runbooks for all possible problems

```
apiVersion: admissionregistration.k8s.io/v1
kind: ValidatingWebhookConfiguration
metadata:
  name: "my-webhook.example.com"
webhooks:
- name: "my-webhook.example.com"
  rules:
  - apiGroups: [""]
    apiVersions: ["v1"]
    operations: ["CREATE"]
    resources: ["pods"]
    scope: "Namespaced"
  clientConfig:
    service:
      namespace: "webhook-namespace"
      name: "webhook-service"
      path: "/validate"
      port: 8443
    caBundle: <CA_BUNDLE>
  failurePolicy: Fail
  timeoutSeconds: 5
```



Validating Admission Webhooks are simple ?

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

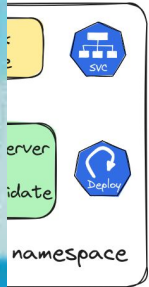
6.

7.

8.



Runbooks for all possible problems



Validating Admission Webhooks are simple ?

1.

High Development and Operation complexity

Increases chances of Control Plane Outage

2.

3.

4.

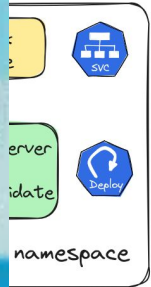
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6.

7.

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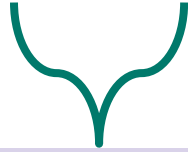
Runbooks for all possible problems



How to make it Simple?

CEL-ebrating Simplicity

CEL-celebrating Simplicity



**Common Expression Language
(CEL)**

Common Expression Language (CEL)

Example: Validate that the three fields defining replicas are within a self-defined range

C
E
L

```
self.minReplicas <= self.replicas  
&&  
self.replicas <= self.maxReplicas
```

```
minReplicas: 2  
replicas: 6  
maxReplicas: 5
```

```
minReplicas: 2  
replicas: 3  
maxReplicas: 5
```

Common Expression Language (CEL)

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minReplicas: 2  
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```

Example: Key must exist in a map

C
E
L

```
'Available' in self.stateCounts
```

```
stateCounts  
  Available: 2  
  Degraded: 1
```

```
stateCounts  
  Degraded: 1
```

Common Expression Language (CEL)

Example: Validate that the three fields defining replicas are within a self-defined range

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self.minReplicas <= self.replicas
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Example: Key must exist in a map

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```
stateCounts
  Available: 2
  Degraded: 1
```

```
stateCounts
  Degraded: 1
```

- Straightforward syntax
- Fast and Developer-friendly
- Similar to the expressions in C, C++, Java, Go
- Expression language (single), not scripting
- if/else vs **ternary operator** : `<condition> ? <ifTrue> : <ifFalse>`
- for/while vs **macros**: *has, all, exists, filter ...*

Common Expression Language (CEL)

<code>self.health.startsWith('ok')</code>	Validate a 'health' string field has the prefix 'ok'
<code>self.names.isSorted()</code>	Verify that a list of names is kept in alphabetical order
<code>self.names.size() == self.details.size() && self.names.all(n, n in self.details)</code>	Validate the 'details' map is keyed by the items in the 'names' listSet
<code>self.set1.all(e, !(e in self.set2))</code>	Validate that two listSets are disjoint

More at <https://github.com/google/cel-spec>

CEL + CRD Validation

CEL + CRD Validation

By using extension

x-kubernetes-validations

GA in Kubernetes 1.29

CEL + CRD Validation

Directly in the OpenAPI schema

```
openAPIV3Schema:
  type: object
  properties:
    spec:
      type: object
      x-kubernetes-validations:
        - rule: "self.minReplicas <= self.replicas"
          message: "replicas should be greater than or equal to minReplicas."
        - rule: "self.replicas <= self.maxReplicas"
          message: "replicas should be smaller than or equal to maxReplicas."
      properties:
        ...
        minReplicas:
          type: integer
        replicas:
          type: integer
        maxReplicas:
          type: integer
      required:
        - minReplicas
        - replicas
        - maxReplicas
```

- Multiple CEL rules are allowed
- *Rule* is scoped to the location of the *x-kubernetes-validations* extension in the schema.
- The *self* variable accesses the scoped value.
(here *self* refers to spec field)
- *Message* : Human readable error (optional)

CEL + CRD Validation

```
openAPIV3Schema:
  type: object
  properties:
    spec:
      type: object
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        - rule: "self.minReplicas <= self.replicas"
          message: "replicas should be greater than or equal to minReplicas."
        - rule: "self.replicas <= self.maxReplicas"
          message: "replicas should be smaller than or equal to maxReplicas."
      properties:
        ...
        minReplicas:
          type: integer
        replicas:
          type: integer
          x-kubernetes-validation:
            - rule: "self % 2 == 0"
              message: "replicas must be an even number."
        maxReplicas:
          type: integer
      required:
        - minReplicas
        - replicas
        - maxReplicas
```

Multiple *x-kubernetes-validations*
in a CRD, at different levels

Scoped to *spec* field

Scoped to *replicas* field

Encouraged to put *as close to the field as possible*, for convenience.

Demo Time



```
// +kubebuilder:validation:XValidation:rule=
```

Takeaway

- “+kubebuilder:validation:XValidation” marker translates to “x-kubernetes-validations”
- Make CRD validation rules **self-contained** and **declarative** using CEL.
- Can handle complex, cross-field and immutability checks.
- **Lightweight** and **safe** to be run *directly in the kube-apiserver*.

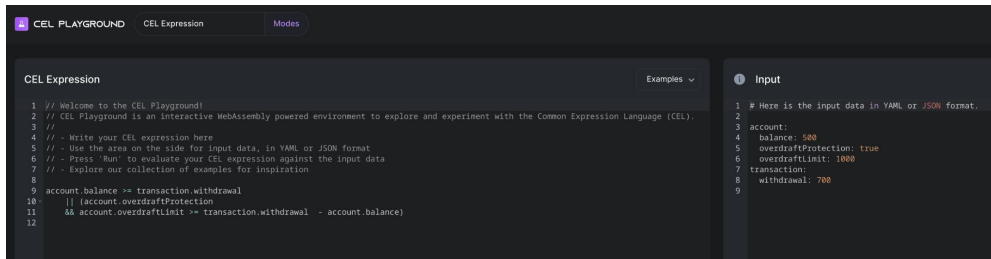
Think beyond Webhooks with CEL

Takeaway

- “+kubebuilder:validation:XValidation” marker translates to “x-kubernetes-validations”
- Make CRD validation rules **self-contained** and **declarative** using CEL.
- Can handle complex, cross-field and immutability checks.
- **Lightweight** and **safe** to be run *directly in the kube-apiserver*.

[Think beyond Webhooks with CEL](#)

Bonus



The screenshot shows the CEL Playground interface. On the left, the 'CEL Expression' tab is active, displaying a sample expression:

```
1 // Welcome to the CEL Playground!
2 // CEL Playground is an interactive WebAssembly powered environment to explore and experiment with the Common Expression Language (CEL).
3 //
4 // - Write your CEL expression here
5 // - Use the area on the side for input data, in YAML or JSON format
6 // - Press 'Run' to evaluate your CEL expression against the input data
7 // - Explore our collection of examples for inspiration
8
9 account.balance == transaction.withdrawal
10 || (account.overdraftProtection
11    && account.overdraftLimit == transaction.withdrawal - account.balance)
12
```

 On the right, the 'Input' tab is active, showing a JSON object:

```
1 # Here is the input data in YAML or JSON format.
2
3 account:
4   balance: 500
5   overdraftProtection: true
6   overdraftLimit: 1000
7 transaction:
8   withdrawal: 700
9
```

CEL Playground (<https://playcel.undistro.io/>) for quick testing CEL expressions.

Thank You! for CEL-ebrating Simplicity

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