Introduction to Scientific Computing for Biologists ISCB20.09 - Introduction to R

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if statement

```
if(condition) {
    # do something
}
```

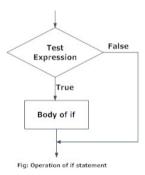


Figure 1: https://www.datamentor.io/r-programming/if-else-statement/

if..else statement

```
if(condition) {
    # do something
} else {
    # do something
}
```

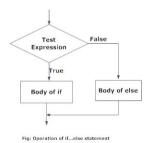


Figure 2: https://www.datamentor.io/r-programming/if-else-statement/

if..else if...else statement

```
if(condition-1) {
    # do something
} else if(condition-2){
    # do something
} else if(condition-3) {
    # do something
} else {
    # do something
}
```

ifelse function

- Vectors form the basic building block of R programming.
- ▶ Most of the functions in R take vector as input and output resultant vector.
- ► This vectorization of code, will be much faster than applying the same function to each element of the vector indivodually.
- Similar concept, there is a vector equivalent form of the if...else statement in R, the ifelse() function.

```
ifelse(condition, x, y)
```

for loop

```
for (val in sequence){
    # do something
}
```

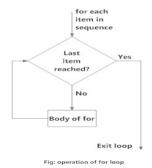


Figure 3: https://www.datamentor.io/r-programming/if-else-statement/

while loop

```
while(condition){
    # do something
}
```

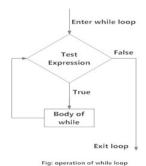


Figure 4: https://www.datamentor.io/r-programming/if-else-statement/

break statement

```
if(condition){
  break
}
```

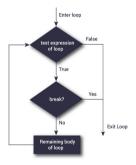


Figure 5: https://www.datamentor.io/r-programming/if-else-statement/

next statement

```
if(condition){
  next
}
```

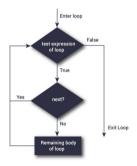


Figure 6: https://www.datamentor.io/r-programming/if-else-statement/

repeat loop

```
repeat {
    # do something
}
```

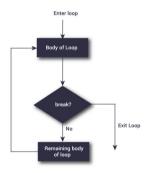


Figure 7: https://www.datamentor.io/r-programming/if-else-statement/