

Batch 3

Dijkstra's Algorithm to compute shortest path

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define V 9
int minDistance (int dist[], bool sptset[])
{
    int min=9999, min_index;
    for (int v=0; v<V; v++)
        if (sptset[v] == false & dist[v] <= min)
            min = dist[v], min_index = v;
    return min_index;
}

void printpath (int parent[], int j)
{
    if (parent[j] == -1)
        return;
    printpath (parent, parent[j]);
    cout << j << " ";
}

int printSolution (int dist[], int n, int parent[])
{
    int src = 0;
    cout << "Vertex\tDistance\tPath" << endl;
    for (int i=1; i<V; i++)
    {
        cout << "\n" << src << " -> " << i << "\t\t" << dist[i]
            << "\t\t" << src << endl;
        printpath (parent, i);
    }
}
```

```
void dijkstra (int graph[V][V], int src)
```

IBM19CS403
CHIRANJEEVI

```
{
```

```
    int dist[V];
```

```
    bool sptset[V];
```

```
    int parent[V];
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        parent[i] = -1;
```

```
        dist[i] = 9999;
```

```
        sptset[i] = false;
```

```
    }
```

```
    dist[src] = 0;
```

```
    for (int count = 0; count < V-1; count++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        int u = minDistance( dist, sptset);
```

```
        sptset[u] = true;
```

```
        for (int v = 0; v < V; v++)
```

```
            if (!sptset[v] && graph[u][v] && dist[u] + graph[u][v] < dist[v])
```

```
            {
```

```
                parent[v] = u;
```

```
                dist[v] = dist[u] + graph[u][v];
```

```
            }
```

```
    }
```

```
    printSolution (dist, r, parent);
```

```
}
```