Nnadiekwe, Chiderah David

Project- Installing and setting up Jenkins on Ubuntu

Installing Jenkins on Ubuntu EC2 instance

Reference the official Jenkins installation documentation; https://www.jenkins.io/doc/book/installing/linux/#debianubuntu

Note: 1. You Jenkins is written with Java. Hence, you need to have JDK (Java development kit) installed in your computer to be able to install and run jenkins on the ubuntu. Based on the documentation, we need to install OpenJDK17.

2. Note that Jenkins by default operates using port 8080. Hence, you'll need to have port 8080 opened in the security group of the instance.

Installation of Java

Jenkins requires Java to run, yet not all Linux distributions include Java by default. Additionally, not all Java versions are compatible with Jenkins.

There are multiple Java implementations which you can use. OpenJDK is the most popular one at the moment, we will use it in this quide.

Update the Debian apt repositories, install OpenJDK 17, and check the installation with the commands:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install fontconfig openjdk-17-jre
java -version
openjdk version "17.0.8" 2023-07-18
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 17.0.8+7-Debian-1deb12u1)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 17.0.8+7-Debian-1deb12u1, mixed mode, sharing)
```

Result:

Now, to install jenkins on the ubuntu server, we use the instruction;

Debian/Ubuntu

On Debian and Debian-based distributions like Ubuntu you can install Jenkins through apt.



With the release of Debian 12, OpenJDK 11 is **no longer** included. It has been replaced with OpenJDK 17, which is reflected in the instructions below.

Long Term Support release

A LTS (Long-Term Support) release is chosen every 12 weeks from the stream of regular releases as the stable release for that time period. It can be installed from the debian-stable apt repository.

```
sudo wget -0 /usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc \
https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key
echo deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc] \
https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ | sudo tee \
/etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list > /dev/null
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install jenkins
```

Result:

```
UnbutuBip-10-0-3-232:-$ sudo apt-get install jenkins
Reading package Lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
He following MEV packages will be installed:
The following MEV packages will be installed:
jenkins net-tools
0 uppraded, 2 newly installed, 0 to remove and 4 not upgraded.
Need to get 89.2 MB of archives.
After this operation, 90.4 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue: [Vinhive whorty com/ubunty jammy/main amd64 net-tools amd64 1.60-git20181103.0eebece-lubuntu5 [204 kB]
Get:2 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ jenkins 2.426.1 [89.6 MB]
Fetched 89.2 MB of 22 (3891 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package net-tools.
(Reading database ... 80835 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../net-tools_1.60-git20181103.0eebece-lubuntu5_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking pet-looks (1.60-git2018103103.0eebece-lubuntu5) ...
Fetched 1.00 may be subjected to unpack .../net-tools_1.60-git20181103.0eebece-lubuntu5) ...
Setting up net-tools (1.60-git20181103.0eebece-lubuntu5) ...
Setting up nematic up nematic up nematic up nematic up nematic up nematic u
```

Verifying the jenkins installation:

```
ubuntu@ip-10-0-3-232:~$ jenkins`--version
2.426.1
ubuntu@ip-10-0-3-232:~$
```

Start Jenkins

You can enable the Jenkins service to start at boot with the command:

```
sudo systemctl enable jenkins
```

You can start the Jenkins service with the command:

```
sudo systemctl start jenkins
```

You can check the status of the Jenkins service using the command:

```
sudo systemctl status jenkins
```

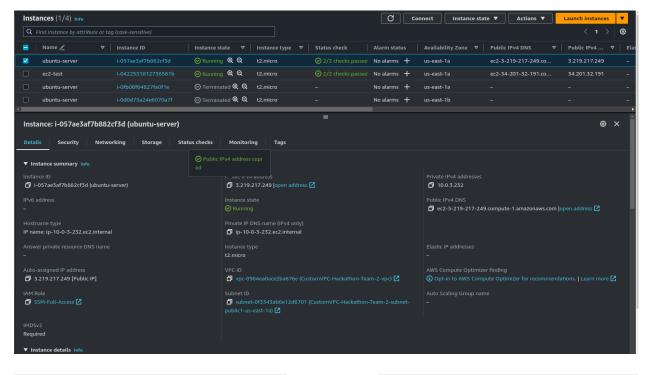
If everything has been set up correctly, you should see an output like this:

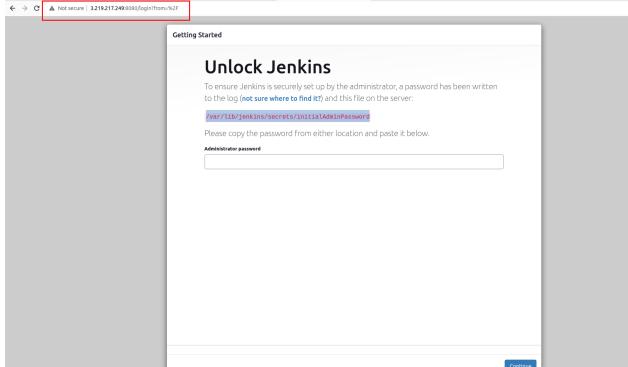
```
Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/jenkins.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
Active: active (running) since Tue 2018-11-13 16:19:01 +03; 4min 57s ago
```

Result:

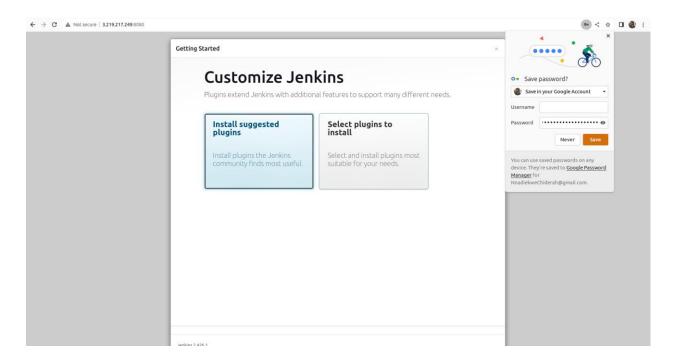
```
ubuntudip-10-0-3-232:-$ sudo systemctl enable jenkins
Synchronizing state of jenkins.service with Syst service script with /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install enable jenkins
ubuntudip-10-0-3-232:-$ sudo systemctl start jenkins
ubuntudip-10-0-3-232:-$ su
```

We can access the jenkins using the instance public Ip and putting :8080 behind the Ip to allow the ip use the port 8080

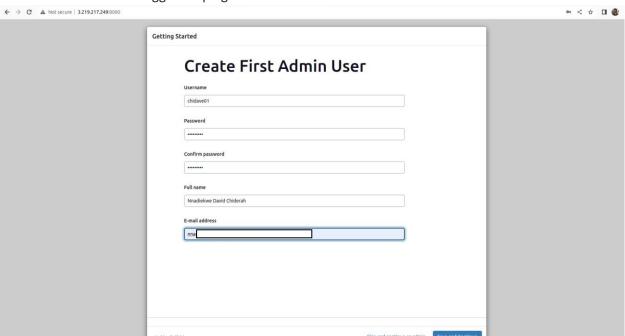


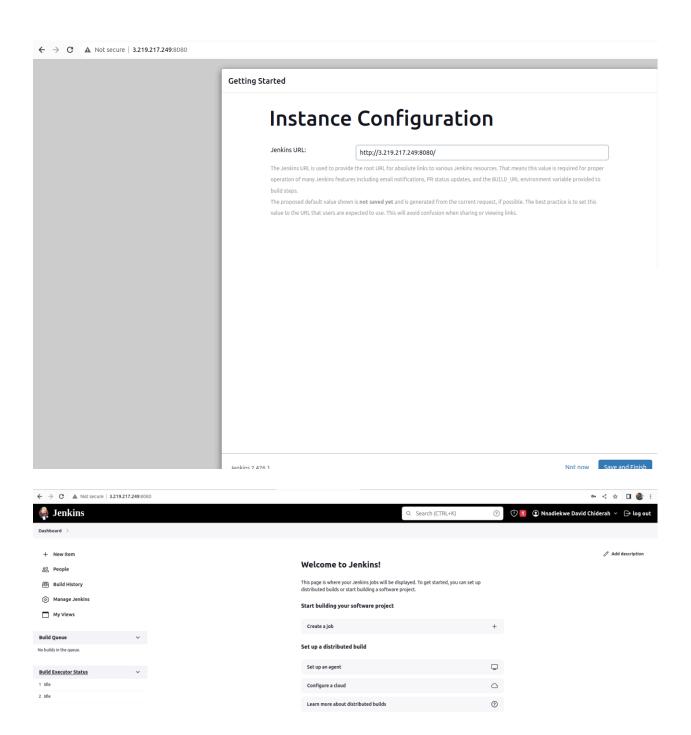


You can use the command; "sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword" to show the password needed to login. Then Login! Next, you'll see the screen below.



I selected to install the suggested plugins.





Jenkins has been installed and configured successfully!