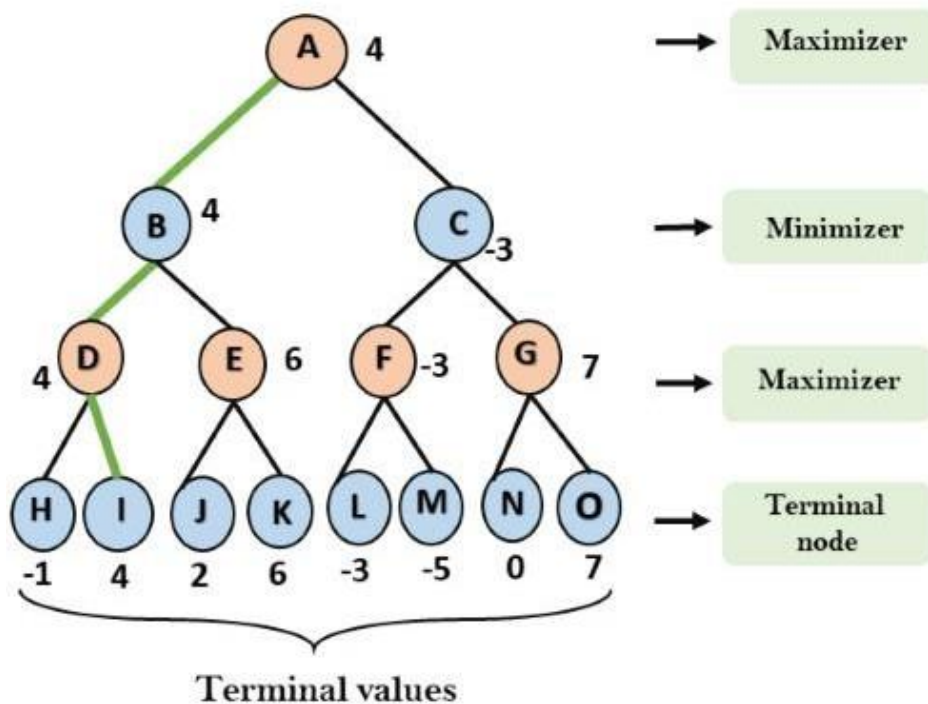


MINIMAX ALGORITHM

- A simple example can be used to explain how the minimax algorithm works. We've included an example of a game-tree below, which represents a two-player game.
- There are two players in this scenario, one named Maximizer and the other named Minimizer.
- Maximizer will strive for the highest possible score, while Minimizer will strive for the lowest possible score.
- Because this algorithm uses DFS, we must go all the way through the leaves to reach the terminal nodes in this game-tree.
- The terminal values are given at the terminal node, so we'll compare them and retrace the tree till we reach the original state.



Code:

```
import math

def minimax(depth, node_index, is_maximizer, scores, height):
    if depth == height:
        return scores[node_index]

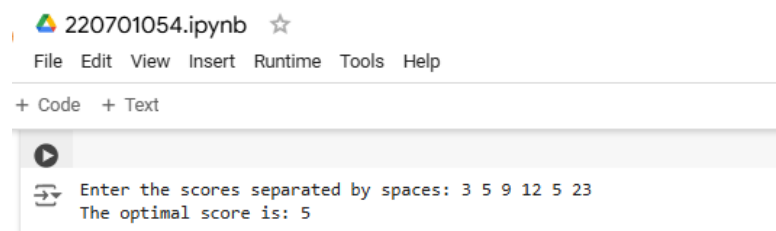
    if is_maximizer:
        return max(
            minimax(depth + 1, node_index * 2, False, scores, height),
            minimax(depth + 1, node_index * 2 + 1, False, scores, height)
        )
    else:
        return min(
            minimax(depth + 1, node_index * 2, True, scores, height),
            minimax(depth + 1, node_index * 2 + 1, True, scores, height)
        )

def calculate_tree_height(num_leaves):
    return math.ceil(math.log2(num_leaves))

scores = list(map(int, input("Enter the scores separated by spaces: ").split()))
tree_height = calculate_tree_height(len(scores))
optimal_score = minimax(0, 0, True, scores, tree_height)

print(f"The optimal score is: {optimal_score}")
```

Output:



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook window titled "220701054.ipynb". The interface includes a menu bar with "File", "Edit", "View", "Insert", "Runtime", "Tools", and "Help". Below the menu bar, there are tabs for "+ Code" and "+ Text". The code cell is active, showing a play button icon. The input prompt "Enter the scores separated by spaces: 3 5 9 12 5 23" is visible, followed by the output "The optimal score is: 5".

Result:

Thus the code for minimax is executed successfully.