

TO : GAMUTIANS

FROM : GEETHA

SUBJECT : ANSIBLE NOTES

**DATE**: FEBRUARY 5, 2020

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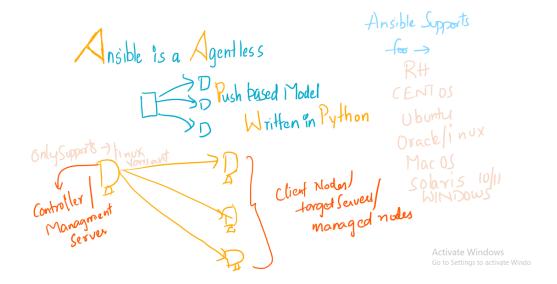




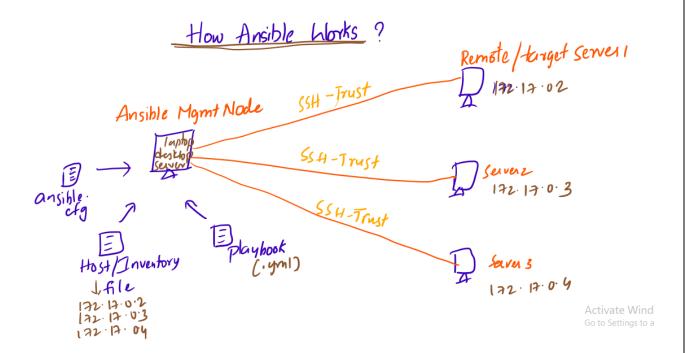
### **Introduction to Ansible**

- Ansible is a IT Automation configuration Management and Orchestration Software.
- Orchestration, is a automated arrangement, coordination, and Management of computer systems, middleware and services
- ➤ Ansible is majorly used by DevOps and System administrators
- Ansible is a opensource and easy to use.
- Ansible is founded in Feb- 2012, Redhat acquired in Oct-2015
- As a configuration management tool, the primary responsibility of Ansible is to maintain Defined State(some times called Desired State) mentioned in the code while running on any node.

### Architecture of Ansible







# TEST ENVIRONMENT SETUP

## Setup Target Servers using Docker:

# Step 1:

```
Install Docker using below commands, Also can Refer URL:
https://docs.docker.com/install/linux/docker-ce/ubuntu/
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install \
apt-transport-https \
ca-certificates \
curl \
gnupg-agent \
software-properties-common
```

curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo apt-key add -

sudo apt-key fingerprint 0EBFCD88



```
sudo add-apt-repository \

"deb [arch=amd64] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu \

$(lsb_release -cs) \

stable"

sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install docker-ce docker-ce-cli containerd.io

root@ubuntu:~# docker --version

Docker version 19.03.5, build 633a0ea838
```

## Step 2:

Create Docker File with basic softwares:

root@ubuntu:~/weekend\_gamut/docker# cat Dockerfile

FROM ubuntu:16.04

RUN apt-get update

RUN apt-get install -y openssh-server

RUN apt-get install -y vim

RUN apt-get install net-tools

RUN apt-get update

ENTRYPOINT service ssh start &&bash

## Step 3:

Build the Image



```
root@ubuntu:~/weekend_gamut/docker# docker build -t bareimage .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 2.048kB
Step 1/7 : FROM ubuntu:16.04
 ---> c6a43cd4801e
Step 2/7 : RUN apt-get update
 ---> Using cache
 ---> dd85ad15f876
Step 3/7 : RUN apt-get install -y openssh-server
 ---> Using cache
 ---> d2ac2673a1ed
Step 4/7 : RUN apt-get install -y vim
 ---> Using cache
 ---> d21ca38421cc
Step 5/7 : RUN apt-get install net-tools
 ---> Using cache
 ---> 5895fdb281c1
Step 6/7 : RUN apt-get update
 ---> Using cache
 ---> 2359342f25c1
Step 7/7 : ENTRYPOINT service ssh start &&bash
 ---> Using cache
 ---> 97eac6bcb4b1
Successfully built 97eac6bcb4b1
Successfully tagged bareimage:latest
root@ubuntu:~/weekend_gamut/docker#
```

### Step 4:

Create the Container as below –

root@ubuntu:~/weekend\_gamut/docker# docker run -itd --name targetserver3 bareimage /bin/bash

### Step 5:

Connect to the Container - \$ docker attach < containerID>

And

Set the root password in Containers, Using command "passwd" and Now lets connect through ssh with password ->

root@cbd3b3931412:~# ssh root@172.17.0.3

The authenticity of host '172.17.0.3 (172.17.0.3)' can't be established.

ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:jApvJc2pWx9gJdxHc162QvnlxLAgo1xVuS5QQDvxzh4.

Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes

Warning: Permanently added '172.17.0.3' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.

root@172.17.0.3's password:

Permission denied, please try again.



If we are getting "Permission denied, please try again" error means, In /etc/ssh/sshd\_config file, change PermitRootLogin to yes as show as below. And restart the ssh server.

vi /etc/ssh/sshd\_config
# Authentication:
LoginGraceTime 120
PermitRootLogin yes
StrictModes yes

root@83010918f53e:/# service ssh restart

\* Restarting OpenBSD Secure Shell server sshd [OK]

Now, Let's connect and see...

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekend_gamut/docker# ssh root@172.17.0.3
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.6 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.15.0-74-generic x86_64)

* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com

* Management: https://landscape.canonical.com

* Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage

_ast login: Sat Jan 18 12:35:57 2020 from 172.17.0.1
```

### b. Create ssh-trust between management and target servers

### Step 1: Generate a New SSH Key:

The simplest way to generate a key pair is to run ssh-keygen without arguments. In this case, it will prompt for the file in which to store keys. Here's an example:



```
oot@ubuntu:~/.ssh# pwd
/root/.ssh
oot@ubuntu:~/.ssh# ls -ltra
total 8
drwx----- 8 root root 4096 Jan 18 03:30
drwx----- 2 root root 4096 Feb
                                    7 20:53
-oot@ubuntu:~/.ssh# ssh-keygen
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/root/.ssh/id_rsa):
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /root/.ssh/id_rsa.
Your public key has been saved in /root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub.
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:/iWvLNXsjcJ051GyEMYlz8ktuPN67Y85H7fL1bqdDYg root@ubuntu
The key's randomart image is:
 ---[RSA 2048]----
              +* 0
         S
             00. +
           0.+++
          .+Eoo=o++
          .00+0.**0
           .+oo.=X0
  ---[SHA256]----+
root@ubuntu:~/.ssh#
```

It will generate "id\_rsa.pub and id\_rsa" files at .ssh folder.

#### Step 2: Copying the Public Key to the Server:

We have to copy id\_rsa.pub key to the target servers "authorized\_keys" file. Lets do the same as below for two target servers(docker containers):

```
root@ubuntu:-/.ssh# ssh-copy-id root@172.17.0.2
/usr/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: Source of key(s) to be installed: "/root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub"
The authenticity of host '172.17.0.2 (172.17.0.2)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:jApvJc2pWx9gJdxHc162QvnlxLAgo1xVuS5QQDvxzh4.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
/usr/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: attempting to log in with the new key(s), to filter out any that are already installed
/usr/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: 1 key(s) remain to be installed -- if you are prompted now it is to install the new keys
root@172.17.0.2's password:

Number of key(s) added: 1

Now try logging into the machine, with: "ssh 'root@172.17.0.2'"
and check to make sure that only the key(s) you wanted were added.

root@ubuntu:-/.ssh#
```



```
root@ubuntu:~/.ssh# ssh-copy-id root@172.17.0.3
/usr/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: Source of key(s) to be installed: "/root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub"
The authenticity of host '172.17.0.3 (172.17.0.3)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:japy12cpWsp3d1Aktc162Qvn1xLAgo1xVuSSQQvxxh4.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
/usr/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: attempting to log in with the new key(s), to filter out any that are already installed
/usr/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: it key(s) remain to be installed -- if you are prompted now it is to install the new keys
root@172.17.0.3's password:

Number of key(s) added: 1

Now try logging into the machine, with: "ssh 'root@172.17.0.3'"
and check to make sure that only the key(s) you wanted were added.

root@ubuntu:~/.ssh#
```

Step 3: Now lets try to connect to server with passwordless login:

```
root@ubuntu:~# ssh root@172.17.0.2
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.6 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.15.0-76-generic x86_64)
  Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage
  * Management:
  * Support:
 Last login: Fri Jan 31 15:37:32 2020 from 172.17.0.1
 root@83010918f53e:~#
 root@83010918f53e:~#
root@ubuntu:~# ssh root@172.17.0.3
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.6 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.15.0-76-generic x86_64)
   Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
                        https://landscape.canonical.com
   Management:
                        https://ubuntu.com/advantage
   Support:
Last login: Fri Jan 31 15:37:32 2020 from 172.17.0.1
root@cbd3b3931412:~#
```

#### c Install required Softwares in management and target servers

1. Install Ansible in Management Server using below commands in Ubuntu 16.04

URL: https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/latest/installation\_guide/intro\_installation.html

\$ sudo apt update

\$ sudo apt install software-properties-common

\$ sudo apt-add-repository --yes --update ppa:ansible/ansible

\$ sudo apt install ansible

2. Install Python 3 in Target Servers using below commands:

```
RUN apt-get update \
&& apt-get install -y python3-pip python3-dev \
&& cd /usr/local/bin \
&& ln -s /usr/bin/python3 python \
&& pip3 install --upgrade pip
```





## **Inventory file**

A hosts/Inventory file consists of host groups and hosts within those groups.

```
root@ubuntu:/etc/ansible# cat hosts
[dev]
172.17.0.2
[qa]
172.17.0.3
```

Adhoc Commands: About Management Server and Client Servers:

1. check the connection from management to target servers

```
root@ubuntu:~# ansible -m ping all
172.17.0.2 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
172.17.0.3 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
root@ubuntu:~#
```

2. Ping only one server:

```
root@ubuntu:~# ansible -m ping 172.17.0.2
172.17.0.2 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
```

3. Ping a specific group

```
root@ubuntu:~# ansible -m ping qa
172.17.0.3 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
root@ubuntu:~#
```

4. Get the facts of the target server



Also, it will generate the facts file at /tmp/facts

```
root@ubuntu:/tmp/facts# ls -ltra
total 24
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 12345 Feb 7 22:58 172.17.0.2
drwxrwxrwt 13 root root 4096 Feb 7 22:58 ...
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Feb 7 22:58 ...
root@ubuntu:/tmp/facts#
```

Adhoc commands: Module Setup-Filter

```
root@ubuntu:/tmp/facts# ansible all -m setup -a 'filter=*.ipv4'
172.17.0.2 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false
}
172.17.0.3 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false
}
root@ubuntu:/tmp/facts#
```



### ADHOC COMMANDS: Lists files and folders

```
root@ubuntu:/tmp/facts# ansible all -a "ls -l /etc/ssh/sshd_config"
172.17.0.2 | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2529 Jan 18 11:51 /etc/ssh/sshd_config

172.17.0.3 | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2529 Jan 18 11:49 /etc/ssh/sshd_config

root@ubuntu:/tmp/facts#
```

1. Cat a file

```
root@ubuntu:/tmp/facts# ansible all -a "cat /root/sample.txt"

172.17.0.2 | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
Gamut Gurus---Ansible Session

172.17.0.3 | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
Hello!

root@ubuntu:/tmp/facts#
```

2. Copy a file from control server to target servers



```
root@ubuntu:~/ansible_demo# ansible all -a "cat /var/tmp/testfile.txt"
172.17.0.2 | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
Hello this is a test file...

172.17.0.3 | CHANGED | rc=0 >>
Hello this is a test file...
root@ubuntu:~/ansible_demo#
```

### Adhoc commands: Module Package- APT

ad-hoc task to install, update, or remove packages on managed nodes using a package management module like apt. To ensure a package is installed without updating it:

\$ ansible all -m apt -a "name=git state=latest"

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# ansible all -m apt -a "name=git state=latest"

172.17.0.3 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "cache_update_time": 1579789965,
    "cache_updated": false,
    "changed": false
}

172.17.0.2 | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "cache_update_time": 1580483447,
    "cache_updated": false,
    "changed": false
}

root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks#__
```

To ensure a package is not installed:

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# ansible all -m apt -a "name=git state=absent"
172.17.0.2 | CHANGED => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": true,
    "stderr": "",
    "stderr": "",
    "stderr":lines": [],
    "stdout": "Reading package lists...\nBuilding dependency tree...\nReading state information...\nThe following plonger required:\n git-man less libcurl3-gnutls liberror-perl libpopt0 librtmp1 rsync\nUse 'apt autoremove' to refull to re
```



You can create, manage, and remove user accounts on your managed nodes with ad-hoc tasks:

ansible all -m user -a "name=ansi password=1234"

To remove the user - # ansible all -m user -a "name=ansi state=absent"

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# ansible all -m user -a "name=ansi state=absent"
172.17.0.2 | CHANGED => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
},
    "changed": true,
    "force": false,
    "name": "ansi",
    "remove": false,
    "state": "absent"
}
172.17.0.3 | CHANGED => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
},
    "changed": true,
    "force": false,
    "name": "ansi",
    "remove": false,
    "state": "absent"
}
```



#### **Playbooks**

Playbooks can be used to manage configurations of and deployments to remote machines.

<u>Playbook 1:</u> Write a playbook to install package "tree" and check the version in remote/target servers

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 1_treePkgInstall.yml
---
- hosts: all
  tasks:
    - name: Intall the tree package
    apt:
        name: tree
        state: present
    - name: check the package version
        command: 'tree --version'
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks#
```

#### Execute:

Playbook 2: Write a playbook to copy a file to remote servers from Management server

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 2_copyfile.yml
---
- hosts: all
- tasks:
- name: copying gamutgurus.war file to target servers
- copy: src=/root/weekday_gamut/playbooks/gamutgurus.war dest=/tmp/tomcat/
```



Playbook 3: Declare variables in a playbook

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 3_variableDeclare.yml
---
- hosts: all
  vars:
    srcpath: /root/weekday_gamut/playbooks/gamutgurus.war
    destpath: /tmp/tomcat/vars/
    tasks:
    name: copying gamutgurus.war file to target servers
    copy: src={{ srcpath }} dest={{ destpath }}
```

#### Execute:

### <u>Playbook 4:</u> Defining/calling "vars" files in a playbook

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat vars.yml
srcpath: /root/weekday_gamut/playbooks/gamutgurus.war
destpath: /tmp/tomcat/vars/
```

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 4_callVarsFile.yml
---
- hosts: all
  vars_files:
  - vars.yml
  tasks:
  - name: copying gamutgurus.war file to target servers
  copy: src={{ srcpath }} dest={{ destpath }}
```



Playbook 5: Write a playbook to update the packages and install "git" package

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 5_installUpdateGit.yml
---
- hosts: all
  tasks:
  - name: Intall Git packages
  apt:
    name: git
    state: present
    update_cache: true
```

#### Execute:

### Playbook 6: Target Section

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 6_targetSection.yml
---
- hosts: all
user: root
connection: ssh
become: yes
gather_facts: no
```

#### Execute:

### Playbook 7: tasks Section



```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 7_taskSection.yml
---
- hosts: 172.17.0.2
user: root
become: yes
connection: ssh
gather_facts: no
vars:
  packagename: apache2
tasks:
- name: updating the packages
  apt: update_cache=yes
- name: installing apache2
  apt: name={{ packagename }} state=present
- name: start the {{ packagename }} server
  service: name={{ packagename }} state=started
```

#### **Execute:**

#### **Playbook 8: Handler Section**

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 8_handlerSection.yml
 hosts: 172.17.0.3
  user: root
  become: yes
  connection: ssh
  gather_facts: no
  vars:
  packagename: apache2
  tasks:

    name: updating the packages

    apt: update_cache=yes

    name: installing apache2

    apt: name={{ packagename }} state=present
    notify: restartserver
  handlers:
   name: restartserver
    service: name={{ packagename }} state=restarted
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks#
```



### Playbook 9: date/time stamp and debug

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 9_dateTimestamp.yml
- hosts: 172.17.0.3
  user: root
 become: yes
 connection: ssh
 gather_facts: no
 vars:
   packagename: apache2
  tasks:

    name: date/timestamp for when playbook starts

    command: date
    register: timestamp_start

    debug: var=timestamp_start

  - name: updating the packages
    apt: update_cache=yes
  - name: installing apache2
    apt: name={{ packagename }} state=present
    notify: restartserver

    name: date/timestamp for when playbook ends

    command: date
    register: timestamp_ends

    debug: var=timestamp ends

 handlers:

    name: restartserver

    service: name={{ packagename }} state=restarted
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks#
```



#### **Execution:**

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# ansible-playbook 9_dateTimestamp.yml
TASK [date/timestamp for when playbook starts] **********************
changed: [172.17.0.3]
172.17.0.3] => {
timestamp_start": {
    "ansible_facts": {
    },
"changed": true,
    "cmd": [
"date"
    "rc": 0,
"start": "2020-02-10 13:21:18.942220",
"stderr": "",
    "stderr_lines": [],
"stdout": "Mon Feb 10 13:21:18 UTC 2020",
"stdout_lines": [
"stderr": ,
"stderr_lines": [],
"stdout": "Mon Feb 10 13:21:37 UTC 2020",
"stdout_lines": [
"Mon Feb 10 13:21:37 UTC 2020"
changed=2 unreachable=0
                                     skipped=0
                                                  ignored=0
```



## Playbook 10: Create list of users in a target/remote servers using loops concept

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 10_loops_createUsers.yml
---
- hosts: 172.17.0.2
user: root
connection: ssh
gather_facts: no
tasks:
- name: create list of users
user: name={{ item }} state=present
with_items:
- user1
- user2
- user3
- user4
- user5
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks#
```

#### **Execute:**

#### <u>Playbook 11:</u> Delete a list of users in a target/remote servers using loops concept



#### **Execute:**

### Playbook 12: Install list of packages using loops concepts

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 12_loops_installpkgs.yml
---
- hosts: 172.17.0.2
    user: root
    connection: ssh
    gather_facts: no
    tasks:
    - name: install pakgs
    apt: name={{ item }} update_cache=yes state=present
    with_items:
    - git
    - nano
```

#### **Execute:**

### Playbook 13: Create User in target/remote server

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 13_createUser.yml
---
- hosts: all
   user: root
   connection: ssh
   gather_facts: no
   tasks:
- name: create user
   user: name=user1 state=present

root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks#
```



### Playbook 14: Check the condition of OS family and install the package using appropriate module

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 14_conditions.yml
---
- hosts: all
    gather_facts: yes
    tasks:
        - name: install pacakge appropriate to distribution debian/ubuntu
        command: apt-get -y install git
        when: ansible_os_family == "Debian"
        - name: install package appropriate to distribution redhat/centos
        command: yum -y install git
        when: ansible_os_family == "Redhat"

root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks#
```

## Execute:

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# ansible-playbook 14_conditions.yml

PLAY [all]

TASK [Gathering Facts]

ok: [172.17.0.3]

ok: [172.17.0.2]

TASK [install package appropriate to distribution debian/ubuntu]

***Command task or set 'command_warnings=False' in ansible.cfg to get rid of this message.

changed: [172.17.0.2]

changed: [172.17.0.3]

TASK [install package appropriate to distribution redhat/centos]

skipping: [172.17.0.3]

skipping: [172.17.0.3]

skipping: [172.17.0.2]

PLAY RECAP

TASK [install package appropriate to distribution redhat/centos]

skipping: [172.17.0.3]

skipping: [172.17.0.3]

skipping: [172.17.0.2]

PLAY RECAP

TASK [install package appropriate to distribution redhat/centos]

skipping: [172.17.0.3]

skipping: [172.17.0.3]

skipping: [172.17.0.2]

PLAY RECAP

Activate Windows

root@ubuntu:-/weekday_gamut/playbooks#

Go to Settings to activate Windows.
```

### Playbook 15: Error Handling



```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 15_error_handling.yml

    hosts: all

 user: root
 connection: ssh
 become: yes
 gather_facts: no
 tasks:
   - name: update the packages
     apt: update_cache=yes
   - name: install the packages telnet
     shell: apt-get install -y telnet
   - name: cat the log file
     command: cat telnet.log
     ignore_errors: yes
   - name: check the installed path
     raw: which telnet
     register: resultlog

    debug: var=resultlog

root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks#
```

```
TASK [update the packages]

ok: [172.17.0.2]

TASK [update the packages]

ok: [172.17.0.3]

TASK [update the packages telnet]

[HARNING]: Consider using the apt module rather than running 'apt-get'. If you need to use command because apt is insufficient you can add 'warn: false' to this command task or set 'command_warnings=False' in ansible.cfg to get rid of this message.

Changed: [172.17.0.3]

Changed: [172.17.0.3]

TASK [cat the log file]

TASK [cat the log file]
```



### Playbook 16: Vault

### **Encrypted File:secure.yml**

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat secure.yml

$ANSIBLE_VAULT;1.1;AES256

62336466623636646438373063383935346234653732303433663432343066633437636238663032

6464333233613131643135363630666235303333653364620a363432383761363932303137613230

39326638313864393965356434623636626130623063386565613930326663323238376335363666

6638613134393462340a346561653036313434633635383738303939363130303463373436616562

32313337386539653832376538643434616332353632336164346233343239326362

root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks#
```

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 16_vaultdemowq.yml
---
- hosts: all
  vars_files:
  - secure.yml
  tasks:
  - name: creating a file
    command: touch {{ filename }}
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks#
```

#### **Execute:**

```
root@ubuntu:-/weekday_gamut/playbooks# ansible-playbook 16_vaultdemowq.yml --ask-vault-pass
Vault password:

PLAY [all]

TASK [Gathering Facts] ***
ok: [172.17.0.3]

TASK [creating a file]
[WARNING]: Consider using the file module with state=touch rather than running 'touch'. If you need to use command because file is insufficient you can add 'warn: false' to this command task or set 'command_warnings=False' in ansible.cfg to get rid of this message.

changed: [172.17.0.2]

PLAY RECAP

172.17.0.2 : ok=2 changed=1 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=0 rescued=0 ignored=0
172.17.0.3 : ok=2 changed=1 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=0 rescued=0 ignored=0
root@ubuntu:-/weekday_gamut/playbooks# 

Total PLAY Recaped=1 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=0 rescued=0 ignored=0
root@ubuntu:-/weekday_gamut/playbooks#
```

## Playbook: 17 - Prompt



```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# cat 17_prompt.yml
- hosts: all
 user: root
 become: yes
 connection: ssh
 gather_facts: no
 vars_prompt:

    name: packtoinstall

    prompt: Please enter the package name to install?
    default: tree
    private: no
 tasks:
   - name: install the package
     apt: pkg={{ packtoinstall }} state=present
     register: resultlog
   - debug: var=resultlog
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks#
```

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks# ansible-playbook 17_prompt.yml
Please enter the package name to install? [tree]: git
},
"cache_update_time": 1581342050,
"cache_updated": false,
"changed": false,
"failed": false
: ok=2 changed=0 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=0 rescued=0 ignored=0
```





#### **Includes:**

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks/includes# tree
    files
    handlers
       handlers.yml
    master.yml
    packages
       package.yml
     vars
       — vars.yml
4 directories, 4 files root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks/includes# cat handlers/handlers.yml
- name: restartserver
  service: name={{ packagename }} state=restarted
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks/includes# cat packages/package.yml
- name: updating the packages
  apt: update_cache=yes
name: installing apache2
  apt: name={{ packagename }} state=present
  notify: restartserver
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks/includes# cat vars/vars.yml
packagename: apache2
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks/includes# cat master.yml
  hosts: all
  user: root
  connection: ssh
  become: yes
gather_facts: no
vars_files:
- vars/vars.yml
  tasks:
    include: packages/package.yml
  handlers:
  - include: handlers/handlers.yml
```



### Roles: Create a role nginx

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks/roles# ansible-galaxy init nginx --offline
- Role nginx was created successfully
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks/roles#
```

```
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks/roles# tree
    master.yml
    nginx
       defaults
           – main.yml
        files
        └─ gamutgurus.html
        handlers
        └─ main.yml
          — main.yml
        README.md
        tasks
          — main.yml
       templates
        tests

    inventory

           test.yml
        vars
        └─ main.yml
9 directories, 10 files
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks/roles# cat nginx/tasks/main.yml
# tasks file for nginx
- name: install the pacakge
  apt: name=nginx state=present
  notify: restartnginx

    name: deploy gamutgurus.html in nginx
    copy: src=files/gamutgurus.html dest=/var/www/html/gamutgurus.html

  notify: restartnginx
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks/roles# cat nginx/handlers/main.yml
# handlers file for nginx

    name: restartnginx

  service: name=nginx state=restarted
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks/roles# cat master.yml
 hosts: all
  user: root
  connection: ssh
  become: yes
  gather_facts: no
  roles:
   - nginx
root@ubuntu:~/weekday_gamut/playbooks/roles#
```



## Thank You All...