Import

```
In [1]:
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
pd.set option('display.max columns', None)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model selection import StratifiedKFold, cross validate, learning curve, Rand
omizedSearchCV, GridSearchCV, train test split
from sklearn.metrics import precision score, recall score, fl score, roc auc score, plot
confusion_matrix, make_scorer, accuracy_score, auc, precision recall curve, average preci
sion score
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline, make pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import PowerTransformer
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier, GradientBoostingClassifier, AdaBoost
Classifier
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.neural network import MLPClassifier
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
from imblearn.over sampling import SMOTE
import xgboost as xgb
import lightgbm as lgb
import os
import sys
```

Input

```
In [2]:
```

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
file_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/stats504/'
```

Mounted at /content/drive

```
In [3]:
```

```
df = pd.read_csv(file_path+'nuMoM2bsubset.csv')
df.drop(columns=['dv.gestweeks', 'dv.v3epdstotal', 'dv.preeclampsia', 'dv.diabetes1', 'v
lepdstotal'], inplace=True)
# df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
df.head(2)
```

Out[3]:

	age	race	emosupport	financialsupport	prenatalsupport	deliverysupport	psstotal	anxtotal	worryfambaby	exercise	sys
0	31.0	white	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	26	36.0	5.0	1.0	1
1	26.0	black	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	30	34.0	5.0	2.0	1
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Data preprocessing

```
_____.
def data preporcess(df, cat):
    y = df.loc[:, 'dv.hypertension1']
   x = df.drop(columns='dv.hypertension1')
   print('Total shape: ', x.shape, y.shape)
    # x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(x, y, test size=test size, rand
om_state=random_state, shuffle=shuffle)
    train df = pd.read csv(file path+'train df.csv', index col=[0])
    test df = pd.read csv(file path+'test df.csv', index col=[0])
    train_df = train_df.drop_duplicates()
    train df[["age", "income", "prepreglbs"]] = train df[["age", "income", "prepreglbs"]].re
place({'0':np.nan, 0:np.nan})
    y train = train df.loc[:, 'dv.hypertension1']
   y test = test df.loc[:, 'dv.hypertension1']
   if cat==True:
        x train = train df.drop(columns=['dv.hypertension1'])
        x test = test df.drop(columns=['dv.hypertension1'])
        x train = pd.get dummies(x train)
        x_test = pd.get_dummies(x_test)
    else:
        x train = train df.drop(columns=['dv.hypertension1', 'race'])
        x test = test df.drop(columns=['dv.hypertension1', 'race'])
    print('Train shape: ', x_train.shape, y_train.shape)
   print('Test shape: ', x_test.shape, y_test.shape)
    return x, y, x_train, y_train, x_test, y_test
```

Imbalance Data

```
In [6]:
```

```
def smote_balance(x_train, y_train, r, k):
   oversample = SMOTE(r, k_neighbors=k)
   print(f'Shape of the training before SMOTE: {x train.shape, y train.shape}')
   x tr resample, y tr resample = oversample.fit resample(x train, y train)
   print(f'Shape of the training after SMOTE: {x tr resample.shape, y tr resample.shape}
• )
    # Target distribution before SMOTE
    non fraud = 0
    fraud = 0
   for i in y train:
       if i == 0:
           non fraud +=1
        else:
           fraud +=1
    # Target distribution after SMOTE
    no = 0
    yes = 1
    for j in y_tr_resample:
        if j == 0:
           no +=1
        else:
           yes +=1
    print(f'BEFORE OVERSAMPLING \n \tNon-frauds: {non_fraud} \n \tFauds: {fraud}')
    print(f'AFTER OVERSAMPLING \n \tNon-frauds: {no} \n \tFauds: {yes}')
```

Model selection

```
In [7]:
```

```
def evaluate models(X, y, models, cv):
   f1 scores = dict()
   roc auc scores = dict()
    acc scores = dict()
    for i, model in enumerate(models):
        clf pipeline = make pipeline(preprocessing pipeline, model)
        # clf pipeline = make pipeline(model)
        results = cross validate(clf pipeline, X, y, cv=cv, scoring=['f1', 'accuracy', '
roc_auc'], n_jobs=-1)
       avg_f1 = np.mean(results['test_f1'])
       avg acc = np.mean(results['test accuracy'])
       avg roc = np.mean(results['test roc auc'])
       model name = model. class . name
       f1 scores[model name] = avg f1
        acc scores[model name] = avg acc
       roc_auc_scores[model name] = avg roc
        print('{}-of-{}: {} f1={}, acc={}, roc_auc={}'.format(i+1, len(models), model na
me, avg_f1, avg_acc, avg_roc))
    return f1_scores, acc_scores, roc_auc_scores
def visualize scores (f1 scores, acc scores, roc auc scores):
    x = np.arange(len(f1 scores))
    width = 0.3
    f1_values = list(f1_scores.values())
    acc values = list(acc scores.values())
    roc values = list(roc auc scores.values())
    plt.figure(figsize=(20, 8)).tight layout()
    plt.bar(x - width, f1 values, width, label='f1 score')
    plt.bar(x, acc values, width, label='accuracy')
   plt.bar(x + width, roc values, width, label='roc auc')
    for index, value in enumerate (x - width / 2):
       plt.text(value, f1_values[index], '{:.3}'.format(f1 values[index]),
                 verticalalignment='bottom', horizontalalignment='center', fontsize=10)
    for index, value in enumerate(x + width / 2):
        plt.text(value, acc_values[index], '{:.3}'.format(acc_values[index]),
                 verticalalignment='bottom', horizontalalignment='center', fontsize=10)
    for index, value in enumerate(x + width / 2):
        plt.text(value, roc values[index], '{:.3}'.format(roc values[index]),
                 verticalalignment='bottom', horizontalalignment='center', fontsize=10)
    classifiers names = f1 scores.keys()
   plt.xticks(x, classifiers names, rotation=40, horizontalalignment='right', fontsize=
10)
   plt.legend()
def model select(X, y, models, cv):
    f1_scores, acc_scores, roc_auc_scores = evaluate_models(X, y, models, cv)
    visualize scores(f1 scores, acc scores, roc auc scores)
```

Implementation

Without smote

Best model on MLP

```
In [30]:

preprocessing_pipeline = Pipeline([
    ('impoter', SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')),
    ('nomalize', MinMaxScaler())
    # ('standard', StandardScaler())
])
```

In [28]:

```
def best model select MLP(x train, y train, x test, y test):
   MLP parameters = {
            'mlpclassifier hidden layer sizes': [2, 10, 2],
            'mlpclassifier solver': ['sgd', 'adam'],
            'mlpclassifier learning rate': ['adaptive', 'constant'],
            'mlpclassifier max iter': [1000],
            'mlpclassifier activation': ['logistic', 'tanh'],
            'mlpclassifier alpha': [1e-5, 1e-4, 1e-3]
    }
    MLP pipeline = make pipeline(preprocessing pipeline, MLPClassifier(random state=42))
   MLP_grid_search = GridSearchCV(
       MLP pipeline,
       param grid=MLP parameters,
       scoring = 'recall',
       n_{jobs} = -1,
       cv = 5
   MLP grid search.fit(x train, y train)
   display(MLP grid search.best score )
   display(MLP grid search.best params )
    dict1 = MLP grid search.best params
   model dict = {k.replace('mlpclassifier ',''):v for k, v in dict1.items()}
    X train = preprocessing pipeline.fit transform(x train)
   X test = preprocessing pipeline.transform(x test)
   best_model_MLP = MLPClassifier(**model_dict)
   best_model_MLP.fit(X_train, y_train)
   predictions = best model MLP.predict(X test)
   precision, recall, = precision recall curve(y test, predictions)
   auc score = auc(recall, precision)
   print("f1 score = {0:.4f}".format(f1 score(y test, predictions)))
   print("Precision score = {0:.4f}".format(precision_score(y_test, predictions)))
   print("Recall score = {0:.4f}".format(recall_score(y_test, predictions)))
   print("ROC AUC score = {0:.4f}".format(roc auc score(y test, predictions)))
   print("PR AUC score = {0:.4f}".format(auc score))
   print("accuracy score = {0:.4f}".format(accuracy score(y test, predictions)))
   display(plot confusion matrix(best model MLP, X test, y test))
    return best model MLP
```

In [31]:

```
x, y, x_train, y_train, x_test, y_test = data_preporcess(df, cat=True)
best_model_MLP = best_model_select_MLP(x_train, y_train, x_test, y_test)
```

```
Total shape: (7626, 25) (7626,)
```

```
Train shape: (5516, 29) (5516,)

Test shape: (2380, 29) (2380,)

0.1011111111111111

{'mlpclassifier__solver': 'adam',
   'mlpclassifier__max_iter': 1000,
   'mlpclassifier__learning_rate': 'constant',
   'mlpclassifier__hidden_layer_sizes': 10,
   'mlpclassifier__activation': 'tanh'}

f1 score = 0.1395

Precision score = 0.4000

Recall score = 0.0845

ROC AUC score = 0.5403

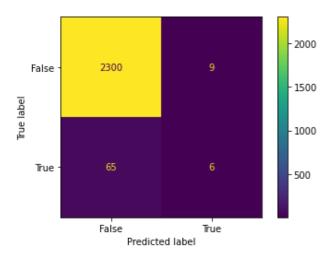
PR AUC score = 0.2559

accuracy score = 0.9689
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/utils/deprecation.py:87: FutureWarning: Fu nction plot_confusion_matrix is deprecated; Function `plot_confusion_matrix` is deprecated in 1.0 and will be removed in 1.2. Use one of the class methods: ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from_predictions or ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from_estimator.

warnings.warn(msg, category=FutureWarning)

<sklearn.metrics._plot.confusion_matrix.ConfusionMatrixDisplay at 0x7f261521c0d0>



With smote

```
In [10]:
```

```
preprocessing_pipeline = Pipeline([
    ('impoter', SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')),
    ('nomalize', MinMaxScaler())
    # ('standard', StandardScaler())
])
```

Best model on MLP

```
In [14]:
```

```
param_grid=MLP_parameters,
        scoring = 'recall',
        n jobs = -1,
        cv = 5
    MLP_grid_search.fit(x_train, y_train)
    display (MLP grid search.best score )
    display (MLP grid search.best params )
    dict1 = MLP grid search.best params
    model dict = {k.replace('mlpclassifier ',''):v for k, v in dict1.items()}
    X train = preprocessing pipeline.fit transform(x train)
    X test = preprocessing pipeline.transform(x test)
    best model MLP = MLPClassifier(**model dict)
    best_model_MLP.fit(X_train, y_train)
    predictions = best model MLP.predict(X test)
    precision, recall, = precision recall curve(y test, predictions)
    auc score = auc(recall, precision)
    print("f1 score = {0:.4f}".format(f1 score(y test, predictions)))
    print("Precision score = {0:.4f}".format(precision_score(y_test, predictions)))
    print("Recall score = {0:.4f}".format(recall_score(y_test, predictions)))
    print("ROC AUC score = {0:.4f}".format(roc auc score(y test, predictions)))
    print("PR AUC score = {0:.4f}".format(auc score))
    print("accuracy score = {0:.4f}".format(accuracy score(y test, predictions)))
    display(plot confusion matrix(best model MLP, X test, y test))
    return best model MLP
In [19]:
x, y, x_train, y_train, x_test, y_test = data_preporcess(df, cat=True)
x_train_balance, y_train_balance = smote_balance(x_train, y_train, r=1.0, k=10)
best model MLP = best model select_MLP(x_train_balance, y_train_balance, x_test, y_test)
Total shape: (7626, 25) (7626,)
Train shape: (5516, 29) (5516,)
Test shape: (2380, 29) (2380,)
Shape of the training before SMOTE: ((5516, 29), (5516,))
Shape of the training after SMOTE: ((10678, 29), (10678,))
BEFORE OVERSAMPLING
  Non-frauds: 5339
  Fauds: 177
AFTER OVERSAMPLING
  Non-frauds: 5339
  Fauds: 5340
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/imblearn/utils/ validation.py:591: FutureWarning:
Pass sampling strategy=1.0 as keyword args. From version 0.9 passing these as positional
arguments will result in an error
  FutureWarning,
0.8615852138903222
{'mlpclassifier__activation': 'logistic',
 'mlpclassifier alpha': 0.0001,
 'mlpclassifier hidden layer sizes': 6,
 'mlpclassifier learning rate': 'adaptive',
 'mlpclassifier max iter': 1000,
 'mlpclassifier solver': 'adam'}
fl score = 0.1767
Precision score = 0.1179
Recall score = 0.3521
```

ROC AUC score = 0.6356

PR AUC score = 0.2447 accuracy score = 0.9021

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/utils/deprecation.py:87: FutureWarning: Fu nction plot_confusion_matrix is deprecated; Function `plot_confusion_matrix` is deprecate d in 1.0 and will be removed in 1.2. Use one of the class methods: ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from_predictions or ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from_estimator.

warnings.warn(msg, category=FutureWarning)

 $<\!\!\!\text{sklearn.metrics._plot.confusion_matrix.ConfusionMatrixDisplay at 0x7f2615191390}\!\!>$

