

Ques1.

A thick spherical shell, of inner and outer radii as a and b respectively, has the charge density $\rho = k/r^2$ in the region $a \leq r \leq b$. The potential at the center using infinity as the reference point is:

- ☒ $\frac{k}{\epsilon_0} \ln(b/a)$
- ☐ $\frac{k}{3\epsilon_0} \ln(4b/\sqrt{b^2 + a^2})$
- ☐ $\frac{k}{\epsilon_0} \ln(4b/\sqrt{b^2 + a^2})$
- ☐ $\frac{k}{\epsilon_0} \ln(b/\sqrt{b^2 + a^2})$
- ☐ $\frac{k}{\epsilon_0} \ln(b/2a)$
- ☐ $\frac{k}{3\epsilon_0}$
- ☐ $\frac{k}{\epsilon_0} \ln(4b^2/a^2)$

Ques2.

The value of the charge density $\rho(r, \theta, \phi)$ corresponding to an electric field $\vec{E}(\vec{r}) = \frac{1}{r} \hat{r} - \frac{2 \sin \theta \cos \phi}{r} \hat{\phi}$ at a point $r = 1$, $\theta = \pi/4$, and $\phi = \pi/2$ is $n\epsilon_0$. The value of n is . Provide the answer in integer form.

Divergence in Spherical polar coordinate system is given as

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{v} = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 v_r) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\sin \theta v_\theta) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_\phi}{\partial \phi}$$

Ques3.

A point charge q is kept at the midpoint of the axis of a cylinder of radius R and height L . The value of the electric flux through the cylindrical curved surface is given by

- ☒ $\frac{q}{\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{L}{\sqrt{L^2 + 4R^2}} \right]$
- ☐ $\frac{3q}{5\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{L}{\sqrt{L^2 + R^2}} \right]$
- ☐ $\frac{q}{\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{L}{\sqrt{L^2 + R^2}} \right]$
- ☐ $\frac{q}{2\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{L}{\sqrt{L^2 + 4R^2}} \right]$
- ☐ $\frac{2q}{\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{L}{\sqrt{L^2 + R^2}} \right]$
- ☐ $\frac{q}{2\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{L}{\sqrt{L^2 + R^2}} \right]$
- ☐ $\frac{2q}{\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{L}{\sqrt{L^2 + 4R^2}} \right]$

Ques4.

The energy stored in a system of four identical point charges, $Q = 4 \text{ nC}$, placed at the corners of a square of 1 m side is nJ. Round off the answer to the nearest integer.