

**Worksheet:**  
**Information: Coding and Redundancy**

1. A five symbol source has the following probabilities and codes for each of the symbols:

symbol	<i>a</i>	<i>e</i>	<i>i</i>	<i>o</i>	<i>u</i>
probability	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.05	0.05
code	00	011	01	0101	0111

(a) Calculate the following:

i. Redundancy of the source in terms of the symbol probabilities

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ii. Code capacity and Source efficiency:

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(b) How could you make the source more efficient? Hint: change the code words for each symbol to what you think should produce a more efficient source.

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2. Hamming (7,4) Block Coding: This is can detect and correct a single error unlike a single parity bit however Hamming (7,4) Block Coding introduces more redundancy:  $\begin{bmatrix} p_1 & p_2 & I_1 & p_3 & I_2 & I_3 & I_4 \end{bmatrix}$  Parity bits  $P_1$  to  $P_3$  are (xor) functions of the 4 data bits  $I_1$  to  $I_4$ :  $P_1 = I_2 \oplus I_3 \oplus I_4$ ,  $P_2 = I_1 \oplus I_3 \oplus I_4$  and  $P_3 = I_1 \oplus I_2 \oplus I_4$ . For (7,4) Block coding what is the redundancy?

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3. For Hamming (7,4) Block Coding, errors can be detected upon reception with check bits:

$$C_1 = P1 \oplus I_2 \oplus I_3 \oplus I_4, \quad C_2 = P2 \oplus I_1 \oplus I_3 \oplus I_4 \quad \text{and} \quad C_3 = P3 \oplus I_1 \oplus I_2 \oplus I_4.$$

Use an example data sequence of  $(I_1, I_2, I_3, I_4) = (1, 1, 1, 1)$  for the following:

(a) What value are the check bits if there is no error?

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(b) What value are the check bits if there is an error in  $I_1$ ?

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(c) What value are the check bits if there is an error in  $I_2$ ?

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(d) What value are the check bits if there is an error in  $I_3$ ?

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(e) What value are the check bits if there is an error in  $I_4$ ?

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