

MeshStereo: A Global Stereo Model with Mesh Alignment Regularization for View Interpolation

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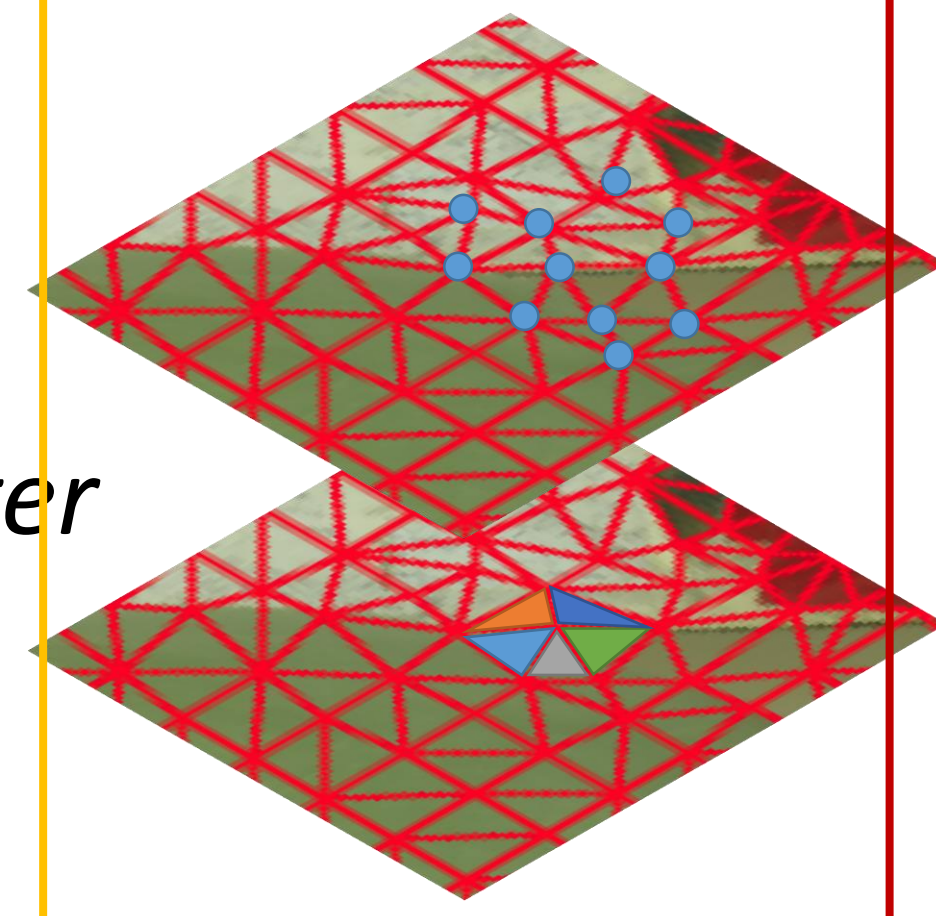
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Motivation

- Output high-quality meshes for view interpolation
- Unify depth map estimation and mesh generation

Variables

- α A splitting probability for each 2D vertex
- D A depth value for each barycenter
- N A normal for each triangle



Optimization

$$E_{\text{UPPER}} = E_{\text{Alignment}} + E_{\text{SplitPenalty}} + E_{\text{SplitSmooth}}$$

$\min_{\alpha} E_{\text{UPPER}}$ Quadratic in α , has closed-form solution

$$E_{\text{LOWER}} = E_{\text{Alignment}} + E_{\text{MatchingCost}} + E_{\text{NormalSmooth}}$$

$\min_{N,D} E_{\text{LOWER}}$ Non-convex, difficult, Relax it and optimize in another loop

$$\min_{N,D} E_{\text{Lower}} \stackrel{\theta \rightarrow \infty}{\equiv} \min_{N,D,\tilde{N},\tilde{D}} \left\{ E_{\text{MatchingCost}}(\tilde{N}, \tilde{D}) + \frac{\theta}{2} E_{\text{Couple}}(N, D, \tilde{N}, \tilde{D}) + E_{\text{NormalSmooth}}(N, D) + E_{\text{Alignment}}(N, D) \right\}$$

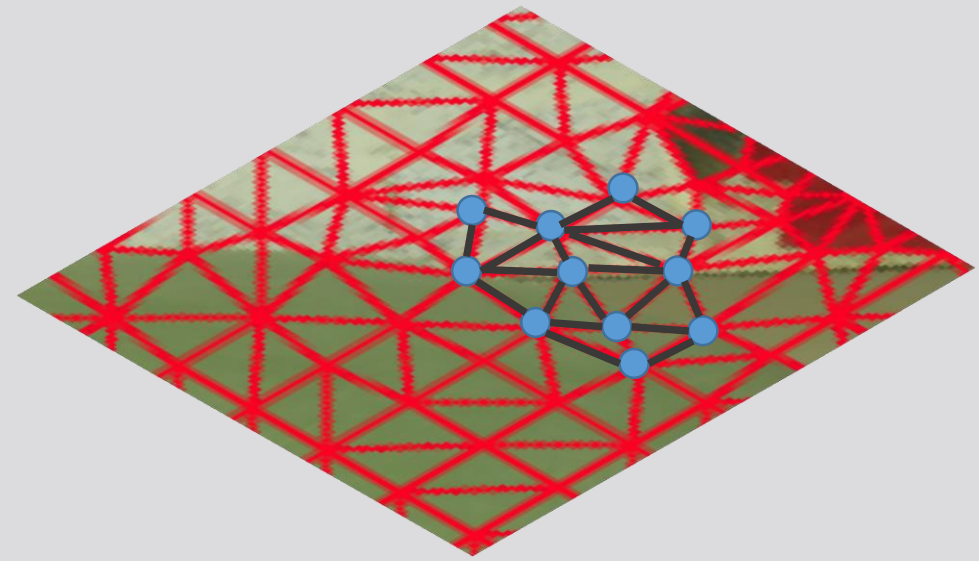
where $E_{\text{Couple}}(N, D, \tilde{N}, \tilde{D}) = \sum_i (\Pi_i - \tilde{\Pi}_i)^T \Sigma (\Pi_i - \tilde{\Pi}_i)$
where $\Pi_i = [n_i^T, d_i]^T$, and $\sigma = \text{diag}(\sigma_n, \sigma_n, \sigma_n, \sigma_d)$

- Increase θ from 0 to ∞ , optimize alternatively between blue and green
- Optimize blue part by PatchMatch
- Optimize green part in closed-form

Formulation

$$E_{\text{All}}(N, D, \alpha) = E_{\text{MatchingCost}} + E_{\text{NormalSmooth}} + E_{\text{Alignment}} + E_{\text{SplitPenalty}} + E_{\text{SplitSmooth}}$$

Upper Layer MRF:



$$E_{\text{SplitPenalty}}(\alpha) = \sum \alpha_s \cdot \tau_s$$

$$\tau_s = \exp(-|\nabla I^3(x_s, y_s)|/\gamma_1)$$

$$E_{\text{SplitSmooth}}(\alpha) = \sum_{s,t \in \mathcal{N}} w_{st} (\alpha_s - \alpha_t)^2$$

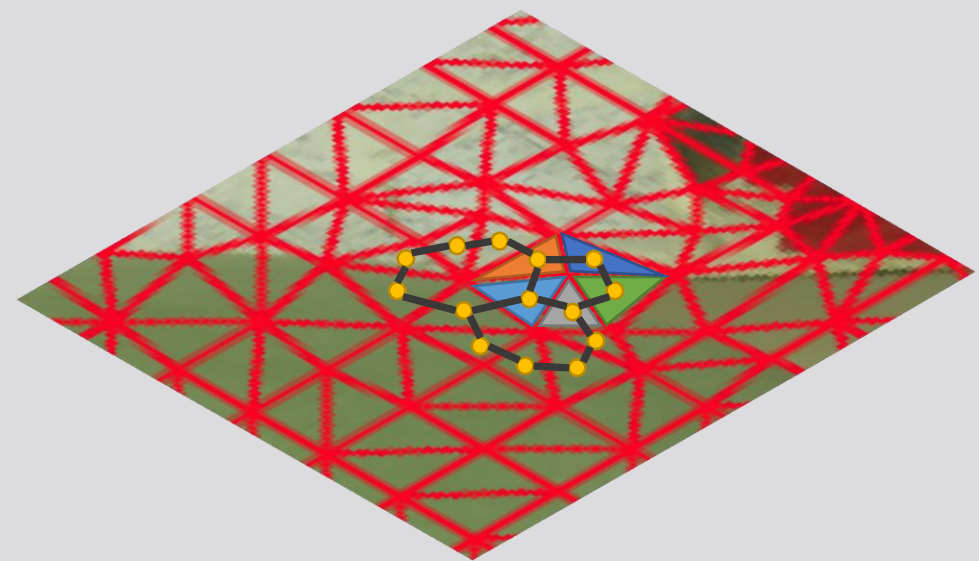
$$w_{st} = \exp(-|k(\mathbf{x}_s) - k(\mathbf{x}_t)|/\gamma_2)$$

$$k(\mathbf{x}) = \arg \max_j \{ |I^l(\mathbf{x}) - I(\mathbf{x})| < 10, \forall l \leq j \}$$

- Penalize splitting at homogeneous regions

- Encourage similar splitting properties when neighboring vertices have similar 'visual complexity'

Lower Layer MRF:



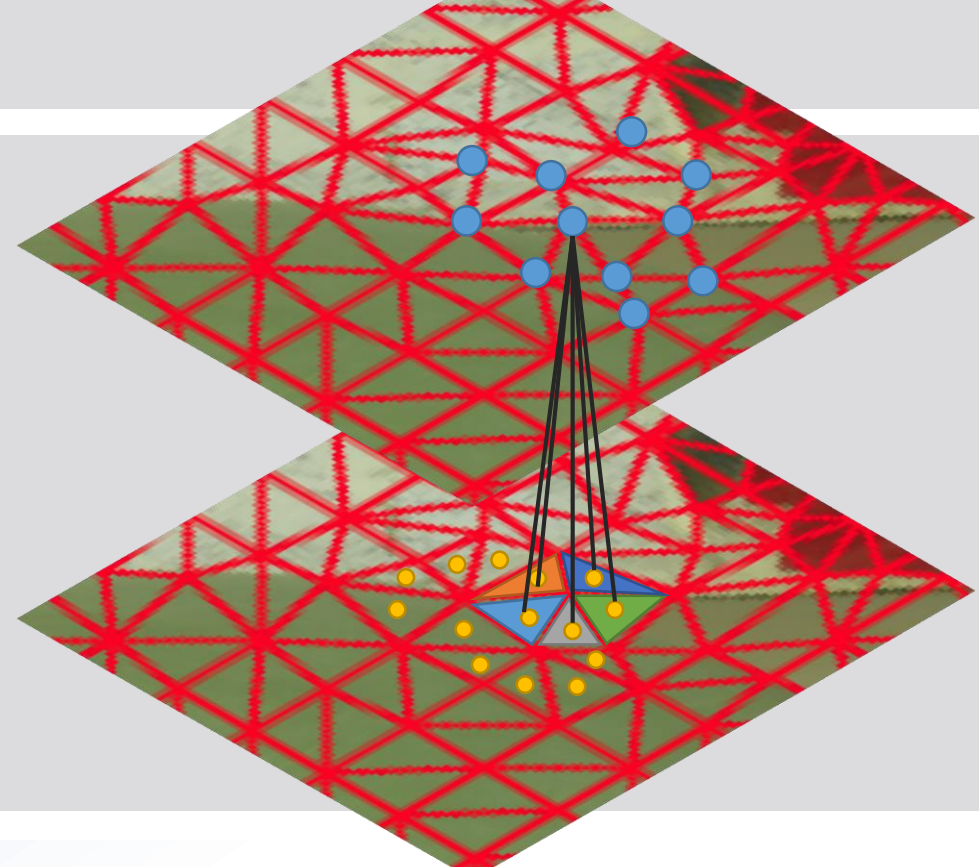
$$E_{\text{MatchingCost}}(N, D) = \sum_i \sum_{p \in \text{Tri}_i} \rho(n_i, d_i, p)$$

$$E_{\text{NormalSmooth}}(N) = \sum_{i,j \in \mathcal{N}} w_{ij} (n_i - n_j)^T (n_i - n_j)$$

- Each depth-normal pair induce a disparity plane over that triangle
- Matching cost combines census and gradient features

- Encouraged
- Discouraged

Gluer:



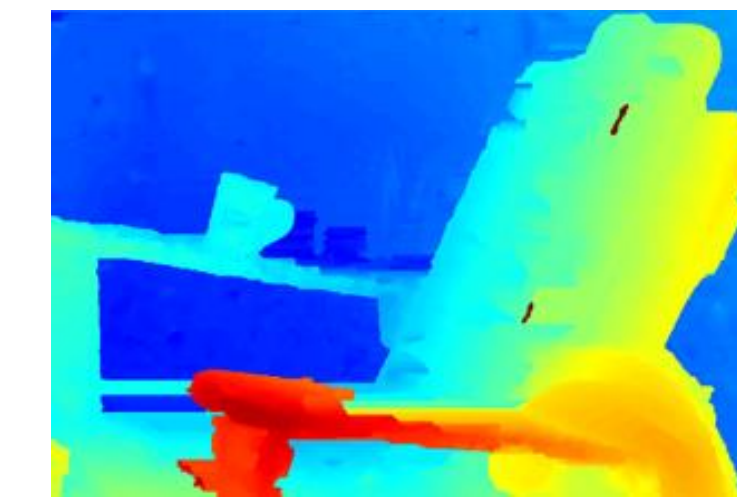
$$E_{\text{Alignment}}(N, D, \alpha) = \sum_s (1 - \alpha_s) \cdot \sum_{i,j \in G_s} w_{ij} (\mathcal{D}_i(\mathbf{x}_s) - \mathcal{D}_j(\mathbf{x}_s))^2$$

- Require tight alignment at non-splitting vertices
- Not active at splitting vertices

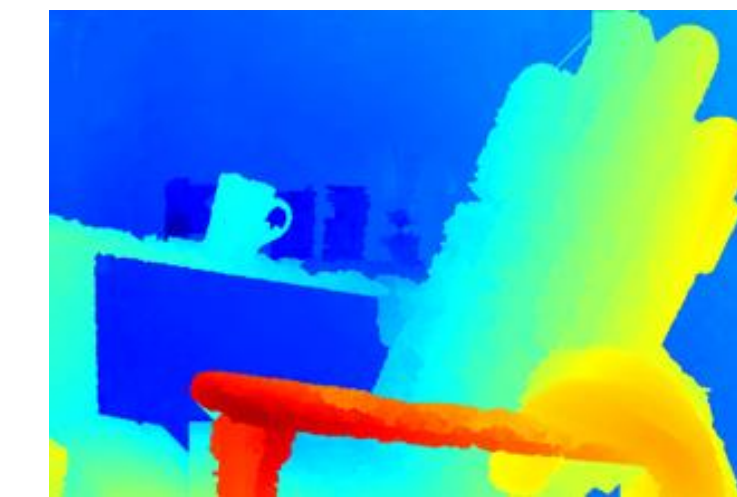
Stereo Results



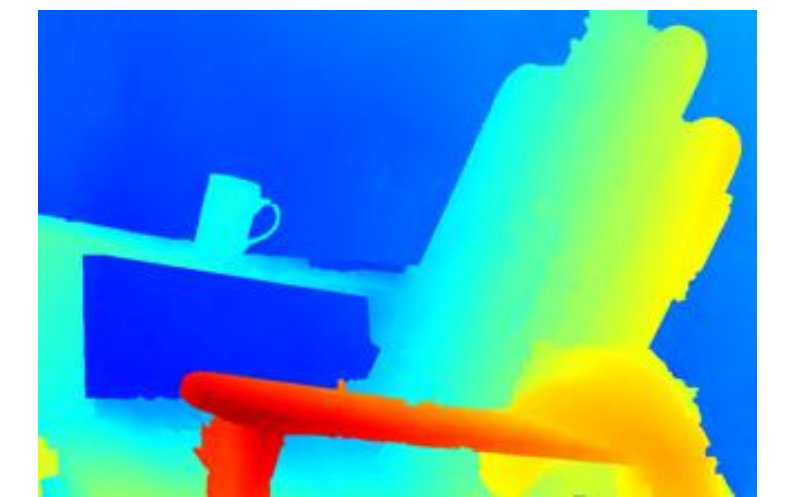
Color



ELAS



SGM



Ours

- Preserve fine structures
- First place on Middlebury 3.0 at submission time

Generated Meshes

