Hadoop

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### To use Hadoop, we started the Hadoop services:
$HADOOP_HOME/sbin/start-dfs.sh
$HADOOP_HOME/sbin/start-yarn.sh
### We confirmed everything was running by checking:
jps
### Expected running services:
NameNode
DataNode
ResourceManager
NodeManager
JobHistoryServer
### Since Hadoop works on HDFS, we uploaded our input file:
hdfs dfs -put data.txt /
pyenv activate base
### Ran the Hadoop streaming job:
hadoop jar /opt/homebrew/opt/hadoop/libexec/share/hadoop/tools/lib/hadoop-
streaming-3.4.1.jar \
 -files count0.py \
 -input hdfs:///user/chkapsalis/data.txt \
 -output hdfs:///user/chkapsalis/output \
 -mapper "python3 count0.py --step-num=0 --mapper" \
 -reducer "python3 count0.py --step-num=0 --reducer"
```

Error Handling:

- "File does not exist" Error: Solved by ensuring count0.py was in the correct local directory (not HDFS).
- "Output directory already exists" Error: Solved by deleting the existing output directory before running a new job:

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hdfs dfs -rm -r /user/chkapsalis/output. # RUN THIS PRIOR TO RUNNING ANY NEW JOBS !!!

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Once the job was successful, we checked the output:

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hdfs dfs -ls /user/chkapsalis/output

hdfs dfs -cat /user/chkapsalis/output/part-00000

We encountered several issues when trying to restart Hadoop after a system reboot. Below is a list of all the problems you faced and the solutions I provided.

Problem 1: NameNode Not Starting

ERROR: Cannot set priority of namenode process

Cause:

- macOS does not allow priority adjustments for non-root processes.
- The Hadoop NameNode storage directory was missing or deleted due to a system reboot.

Solution:

- 1. Disable Priority Adjustment in Hadoop
 - Edit Hadoop's environment file:
 - nano \$HADOOP_HOME/etc/hadoop/hadoop-env.sh
 - Comment out "export HADOOP_NICENESS=0"
- 2. Recreate Missing NameNode Storage Directory
 - 1. run
 - 1. mkdir -p /private/tmp/hadoop-chkapsalis/dfs/name
 - 2. chmod 700 /private/tmp/hadoop-chkapsalis/dfs/name
 - 2. Restart hadoop
 - 1. \$HADOOP_HOME/sbin/stop-dfs.sh
 - 2. \$HADOOP_HOME/sbin/start-dfs.sh
 - 3. Reformat the namenode (if needed)
 - 1. hdfs namenode -format
 - 4. Change NameNode Storage to a Permanent Location
 - 1. nano \$HADOOP_HOME/etc/hadoop/hdfs-site.xml
 - 5. Create the new directory
 - 1. ``` mkdir -p /Users/chkapsalis/hadoop/dfs/name
 - 2. chmod 700 /Users/chkapsalis/hadoop/dfs/name ```

java.io.IOException: All specified directories have failed to load.

Cause:

- The DataNode storage directory was missing or inaccessible after the system reboot.
- Hadoop was still pointing to /private/tmp/, which macOS deletes on restart.

Solution:

- 1. Recreate the Missing DataNode Directory
 - 1. Run
 - 1. ``` mkdir -p /private/tmp/hadoop-chkapsalis/dfs/data
 - 2. chmod 700 /private/tmp/hadoop-chkapsalis/dfs/data ```
 - 2. Restart Hadoop:
 - 1. ``` \$HADOOP_HOME/sbin/stop-dfs.sh
 - 2. \$HADOOP_HOME/sbin/start-dfs.sh ```
 - 3. Reformat the DataNode (if needed)
 - 1. hdfs datanode -format
 - 4. Move DataNode Storage to a Permanent Location
 - 1. Edit **hdfs-site.xml**
 - 1. nano \$HADOOP_HOME/etc/hadoop/hdfs-site.xml
 - '`` <property> <name>dfs.datanode.data.dir</name> <value>/Users/chkapsalis/hadoop/dfs/data</value>
 property> ```
 - 5. Create the new directoy
 - 1. ``` mkdir -p /Users/chkapsalis/hadoop/dfs/data
 - 2. chmod 700 /Users/chkapsalis/hadoop/dfs/data ```

Problem 3: NameNode Couldn't Connect to DataNode java.io.IOException: Initialization failed for Block pool <registering>

Cause:

 The DataNode was not properly formatted or not able to communicate with the NameNode.

Solution:

- 1. Ensure the DataNode directory is accessible
 - Check if it exists:
 - '`` Is -ld /Users/chkapsalis/hadoop/dfs/data ```
 - If not, recreate it:
 - "" mkdir -p /Users/chkapsalis/hadoop/dfs/data
 - chmod 700 /Users/chkapsalis/hadoop/dfs/data ```
- Reformat and Restart Hadoop Services
 - '`` hdfs datanode -format
 - \$HADOOP_HOME/sbin/stop-all.sh

- hdfs namenode -format # Only if necessary!
- hdfs datanode -format # Only if necessary!
- \$HADOOP_HOME/sbin/start-dfs.sh
- \$HADOOP_HOME/sbin/start-yarn.sh ```