

Let's define the space  $\mathcal{V} = (\mathbb{R}^2)^2$

For notation lets say that if  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathcal{V}$  then  $\mathbf{A} = (\mathbf{0}_\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{1}_\mathbf{A}) = ((x_{\mathbf{0}_\mathbf{A}}, y_{\mathbf{0}_\mathbf{A}}); (x_{\mathbf{1}_\mathbf{A}}, y_{\mathbf{1}_\mathbf{A}}))$

Let's define  $\cong \subset \mathcal{V} \times \mathcal{V}$  a relationship, such as  $\mathbf{A} \cong \mathbf{B}$ ) if and only if  $\mathbf{0}_\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{1}_\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{1}_\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{0}_\mathbf{B}$ . It should be clear that  $\cong$  is an equivalence relationship.

Let's define  $\sim \subset \mathcal{V} \times \mathcal{V}$  a relationship, such as  $\mathbf{A} \cong \mathbf{B}$ ) if and only if  $\|\mathbf{0}_\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{1}_\mathbf{A}\| = \|\mathbf{0}_\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{1}_\mathbf{B}\|$ . It should be clear that  $\sim$  is also an equivalence relationship. As well as  $\cong \subset \sim$ .