Pitch Variation in Umuahia Igbo: Impacts of preceding velar stops on low tone /à/

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Umuahia Igbo

- Language Family: Niger-Congo
- Spoken primarily in Abia, Nigeria
- 27,000,000 speakers across all dialects of Igbo

Tonal Phonology

- Contrastive pitch: register tone, high and low (Ikekeonwu, 1991)
 - /é.ká/ (high)
 - /é.kà/ (low)
 - /é.kà/ (falling?)
- Down stepping (Pulleyblank, 1986; Welmers, 1974)

Vowel Pitch

- /a/
 - [+- ATR]
 - Central

• Low mid vowel is proven to have the lowest pitch of vowels in Igbo (Nkamigbo, 2012; Nkamigbo & Eme, 2016)

Umuahia Igbo Phonology

- Nasal and vocalic syllables
 - /ń.kà/
 - /é.kà/
- Secondary articulatory features
 - Labialization
 - Palatalization
 - Aspiration

Palatalization and Labialization

- Separate phonemes or secondary articulation?
 - Palatalization associated with right to left tone agreement (Welmers, 1977)
 - /w/ devoices when it's a secondary articulation of /k/, likely preventing lowering of the tone (Welmers, 1977)
 - If the labial doesn't devoice, it would likely lower the pitch as in the voiced /g/.

Question and Hypothesis

Question?

What is the effect of voicing/VOT on pitch?

Hypothesis:

• /.kw(h)à/ > /.kà/ > /.gà/

Methodology: Stimuli

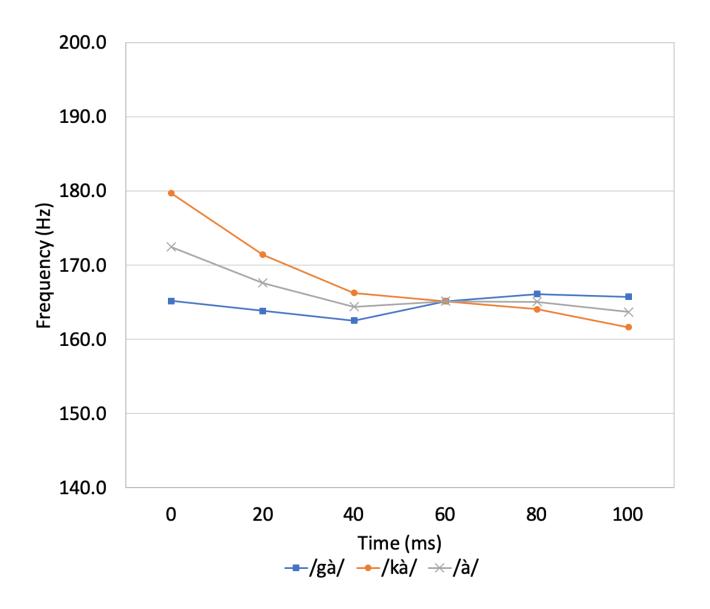
- UCLA Phonetic Archive (2007)
- Recorded November 30, 1976
- Female Umuahia Igbo speaker
- Isolated tokens

| .ka | .k ^w à | .k ^{wh} à | .gà |
|--------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| [é.kà] | [é.k ^w à] | [é.k ^{wh} à] | [é.gà] |
| [ń.kà] | [ń.kʷà] | [ḫ.k ^{wh} à] | [ḫ.gà] |

Methodology: Procedure

- Segment vowel tokens in Praat (Boersma & Weenink, 2019)
- Run script to print pitch values by 20ms intervals

Results
near identical values for
average and /.kw(h)/



Observation

Question:

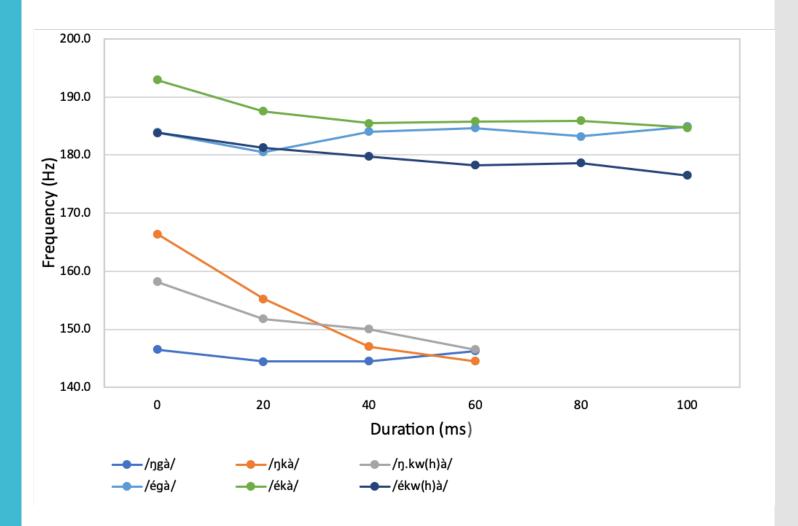
What is the impact of vowel/nasal prefix?

Observation:

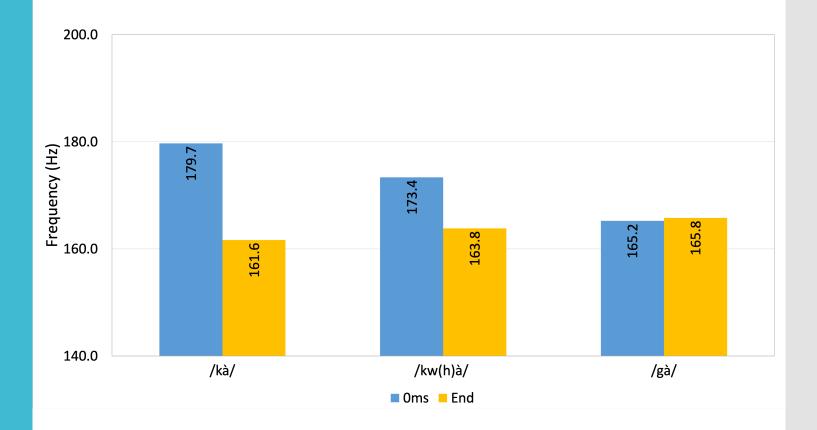
• $/\text{\'e.k}/ > /\text{\'e.k}^{\text{w(h)}}/ > /\text{\'e.g}/ > /\text{\'ŋ.k}/ > /\text{\'ŋ.k}^{\text{w(h)}}/ > /\text{\`ŋ.g}/$

Results:

/é.k/ > /é.k^{w(h)}/ > /é.g/ > /ń.k/ > /ń.k^{w(h)}/ > /'n.g/



Results: Pitch Difference from vowel onset to offset



Discussion

- Noticeable difference in pitch perception following syllabic nasals and V-shaped syllables
- Results challenge previous claims:
 - Overall, pitch decline is imperceptible (Hombert, 1977)
 - Negligible difference in pitch across voicing types
- Tonogenesis: follows previous literature (Kingston, 2011)
 - Thank you to the anonymous reviewer of my abstract!

Future Research

More tokens

Conversational speech

Other languages:

- SiSwati
- Ewe

Articulatory phonetic study:

Laryngoscopy/Ultrasound

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