



Module 1 Quiz

Quiz, 18 questions

1
point

1.

True/False: You have 3 data points: 29%, 33%, 31%. It is appropriate to adjust the y-axis to start at 25% because the numbers are so close to each other.

- ☐ True
- ☒ False
-

1
point

2.

Although most authors view pie charts as to-be-avoided at all costs, others do see them as effective. Select the one scenario where both pro- and anti-pie chart writers will agree that pie charts should not be used.

- ☒ When there are 5 or more categories that are to be compared.
- ☐ A pie chart with 2 slices.
- ☐ To put the audience in a positive frame of mind.
- ☐ When Communicating part-to-whole relationship.
-

1
point

3.

According to your readings, a functionalist perspective of data visualization is _____.

- ☐ When a visualization uses many colors.
- ☐ When a visualization is exciting to look at.
- ☐ When a visualization is comprehensive and can answer every question in one view.
- ☒ When a visualization effectively represents the data so that it can be understood quickly and easily.
-

1
point

4.

What's the one thing definitively wrong with this visualization:

Module 1 Quiz

Quiz, 18 questions



- ☐ "Then" should be yellow; "now" should be green.
- ☒ The y-axis doesn't start at zero.
- ☐ The numbers are wrong.
- ☐ Branding visualizations should be avoided at all costs.

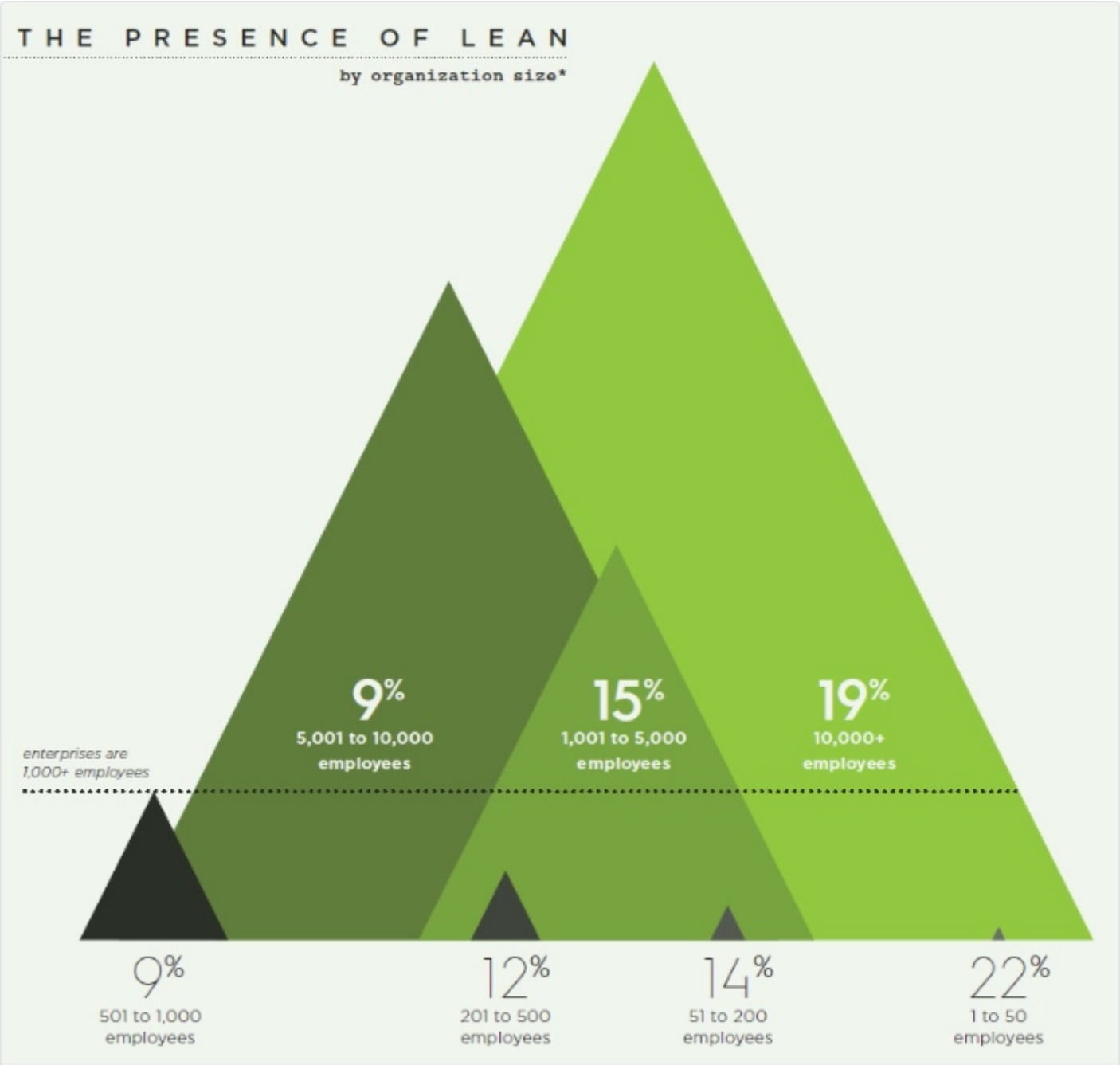
1 point

5.

This visualization has several issues with its design. Identify the only one of the following that is not an issue with this visualization.

Module 1 Quiz

Quiz, 18 questions



- ☐ It's very difficult to interpret.
- ☒ There is too much text.
- ☐ The reference line is not clear.
- ☐ The bar heights do not match the percentages.

1 point

6. According to your readings, if you have a lot of categories in time series data, what is the best approach for your visualization from the following options:

- ☒ Trellis plot
- ☐ Stacked area graphs
- ☐ Line graphs with totals above
- ☐ A stream graph (a type of stacked area graph displaced around a central axis)

1 point

7. True/False: It is more helpful to the reader to eliminate the axis altogether where appropriate and label individual data elements on the visualization itself.

1

point

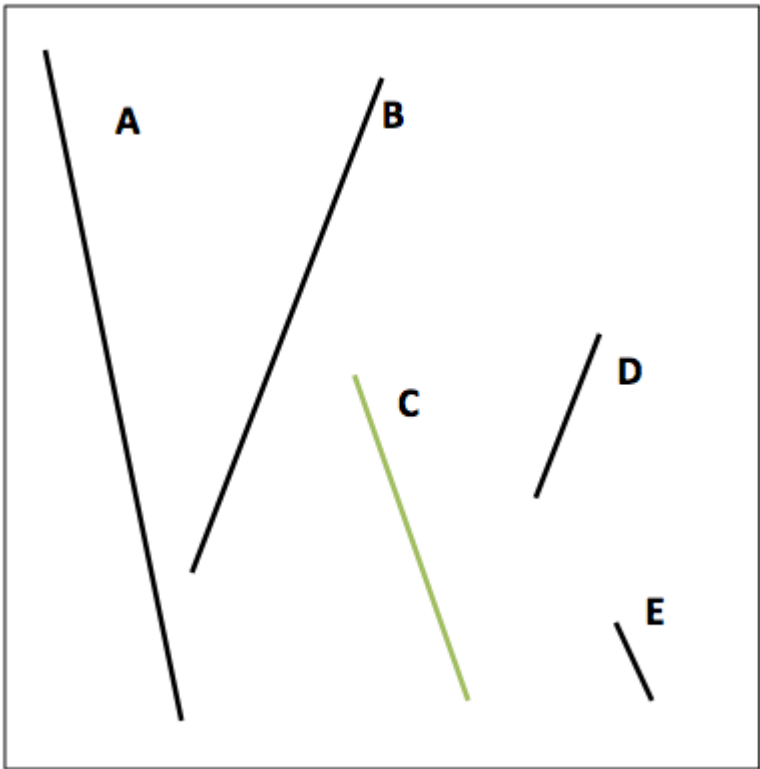
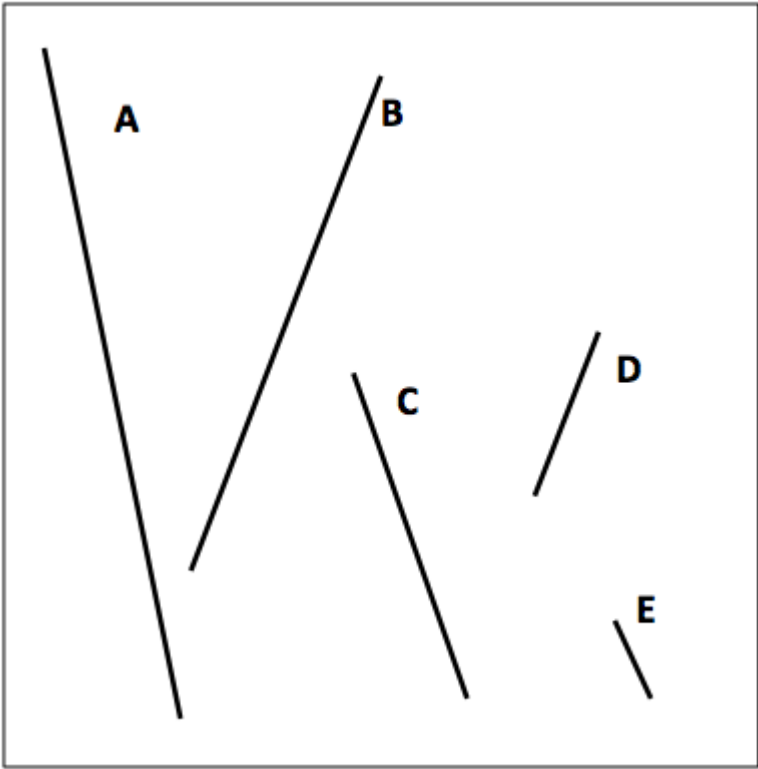
8.
A 3D chart should be used only in the following circumstances:

- ☐ Whenever you want to add visual elements to your visualization that pop.
- ☐ Whenever possible as long as you ensure that elements are well labeled.
- ☐ Only when you need to compare values across categories.
- ☒ Only when you need to plot three-dimensional data.

1

point

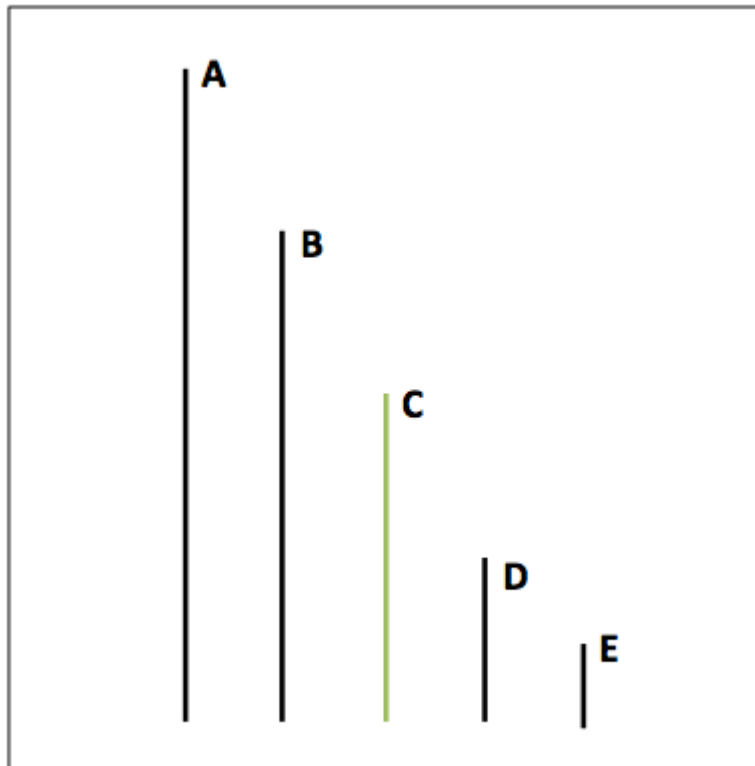
9.
Can you find the line with the average length in this set?





Module 1 Quiz

Quiz, 18 questions



- ☐ Line B
- ☐ Line E
- ☐ Line D
- ☐ Line A
- ☐ Line C

1
point

10.

When doing a presentation for a large group of people, the best visualization to show differences between categories of data is one of the following:

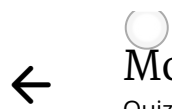
- ☐ Cross-tabulation or table
- ☐ Pie chart
- ☐ Radar chart
- ☐ Bar graph

1
point

11.

A scatterplot is useful for showing _____.

- ☐ Spatial information.
- ☐ Data that are at different time periods.
- ☐ Two different measures.



☐ Dimension on one axis and measures on the other axis.

Module 1 Quiz

Quiz, 18 questions

1
point

12.

Pick the one time that you should not use a table.

- ☐ Always avoid tables bigger than 2 x 2
 - ☒ When you are presenting to a large, live meeting.
 - ☐ At a committee meeting where people can spend time focusing on the visual.
 - ☐ On a website which people will access on their own time.
-

1
point

13.

Humans have developed perceptual and cognitive capabilities that initially tend to favor _____?

- ☐ Precision and completeness
 - ☐ Accuracy
 - ☒ Speed
-

1
point

14.

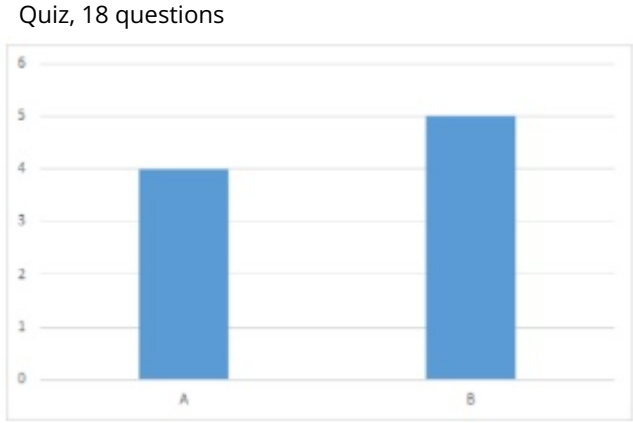
True/False: Data in a visualization must never be sorted based on the importance of the category of the data.

- ☒ False
 - ☐ True
-

1
point

15.

Suppose you have a bar graph that has values of 4 and 5. If you start the axis at 0 and increment by 1, then the visual increase between the bars showing 5 and 4 is 25%. See example A:



What would the visual increase be between the bars representing 4 and 5 if you started the axis at 3 and incremented by one? See example B:



- ☐

60%
- ☐

125%
- ☐

12.5%
- ☒

100%

1 vs 2 -> (2-1)*100 = 100%

1 point

16. Which most closely describes the process of visual encoding?

- ☒

Translation
- ☐

Transposition
- ☐

Transcending

1 point

17. System 1 refers to which type of thinking and responding?

- ☒

Slow, deliberate, and logical

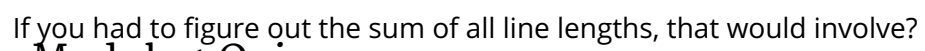
system 2
- ☐

Moderate, methodical, and qualitative
- ☐

Fast, intuitive, and emotional

1 point

18.



Quiz, 18 Systems 1 and 2

- Learn more about Coursera's Honor Code

👍 👎 🚩