

emacs Commands | Coursera

Here are some of the most important commands that are used in emacs.

Starting, Exiting, Reading and Writing Files in emacs

Command	Description
emacs myfile	Start emacs and edit myfile
Ctl-x i	Insert prompted for file at current position
Ctl-x s	Write out the file keeping current name
Ctl-x Ctl-w	Write out the file giving a new name when prompted
Ctl-x Ctl-s	Write out all files currently being worked on and exit
Ctl-x Ctl-c	Exit after being prompted if there any unwritten modified files

Changing Position in emacs

Command	Description
arrow keys	Use the arrow keys for up, down, left and right; or:
Ctl-n	One line down
Ctl-p	One line up
Ctl-f	One character left
Ctl-b	One character right
Ctl-a	Move to beginning of line
Ctl-e	Move to end of line
M-f	Move to beginning of next word
M-b	Move back to beginning of preceding word
M-<	Move to beginning of file
M-x goto-line n	Move to line n
M->	Move to end of file
Ctl-v or PageDown	Move forward one page
M-v or PageUp	Move backward one page
Ctl-I	Refresh and center screen

Searching for Text in emacs

Command	Description
Ctl-s	Search forward for prompted for pattern, or for next pattern
Ctl-r	Search backwards for prompted for pattern, or for next pattern

Changing, Adding and Deleting Text in emacs

Command	Description
Ctl-o	Insert a blank line

2019/4/28

emacs Commands | Coursera



cinaes Conintantes i Coursera		
Command	Description	
Ctl-d	Delete character at current position	
Ctl-k	Delete the rest of the current line	
Ctl-_	Undo the previous operation	
Ctl-space	Mark the beginning of the selected region; the end will be at the cursor position	
Ctl-w	Yank (cut) the current marked region and put it in buffer	
Ctl-y	Paste at the current position the yanked line or lines from the buffer	

Mark as completed







Q