Project 2

2024-09-23

5.12. Refer to Flavor deterioration Problem 5.4. Find $(X'X)^{-1}$

```
Y \leftarrow c(7.8, 9.0, 10.2, 11.0, 11.7)
Y <- as.matrix(Y)
X \leftarrow c(8,4,0,-4,-8)
X <- as.matrix(X)</pre>
X <- cbind(rep(1,5), X)</pre>
Yt <- t(Y)
YtY <- Yt %*% Y
Xt <- t(X)</pre>
XtX <- Xt %*% X
XtXinvert \leftarrow solve(XtX) # getting the inverse of transpose of X * X
XtXinvert
         [,1]
                 [,2]
## [1,] 0.2 0.00000
## [2,] 0.0 0.00625
XtXinvert %*% XtX # Double Checking the inverse is correct
         [,1] [,2]
## [1,]
         1 0
## [2,]
         0
```

5.13. Refer to Consumer finance Problem 5.5. Find $(X'X)^{-1}$

```
# Getting the X vector
x <- c(4, 1, 2, 3, 3, 4)
x <- as.matrix(x)
x <- cbind(rep(1,6), x)

# Getting the transpose of x

xt <- t(x)</pre>
```

```
# Getting the Y vector
y <- c(16, 5, 10, 15, 13, 22)
y <- as.matrix(y)

# Calculating matrix multiplication to get the vector of estimated regression coeffecients
xtx <- xt %*% x # transpose of X * X

xtxinvert <- solve(xtx) # getting the inverse of transpose of X * X

xtxinvert

## [,1] [,2]
## [1,] 1.3414634 -0.4146341</pre>
```

```
## [,1] [,2]
## [1,] 1 3.552714e-15
## [2,] 0 1.000000e+00
```

[2,] -0.4146341 0.1463415

Chapter 5: Question 18

Part A: State the above in matrix notation.

xtxinvert %*% xtx # Double Checking the inverse is correct

$$W = \begin{pmatrix} W_1 \\ W_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} Y_1 \\ Y_2 \\ Y_3 \\ Y_4 \end{pmatrix}$$
(1)

3

Part B: Find the expectation of the random vector W.

$$EW = E \begin{pmatrix} W_1 \\ W_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} [EY_1 & EY_2 & EY_3 & EY_4] \\ \frac{1}{2} [EY_1 & EY_2 & EY_3 & EY_4] \end{pmatrix}$$
(2)

3

Part C: Find the variance-covariance matrix of W.

$$\sigma^{2}W = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sigma^{2}\{Y_{1}\} & \sigma\{Y_{1}, Y_{2}\} & \sigma\{Y_{1}, Y_{3}\} & \sigma\{Y_{1}, Y_{4}\} \\ \sigma\{Y_{2}, Y_{1}\} & \sigma^{2}\{Y_{2}\} & \sigma\{Y_{2}, Y_{3}\} & \sigma\{Y_{2}, Y_{4}\} \\ \sigma\{Y_{3}, Y_{1}\} & \sigma\{Y_{3}, Y_{2}\} & \sigma^{2}\{Y_{3}\} & \sigma\{Y_{3}, Y_{4}\} \\ \sigma\{Y_{4}, Y_{1}\} & \sigma\{Y_{4}, Y_{2}\} & \sigma\{Y_{4}, Y_{3}\} & \sigma^{2}\{Y_{4}\} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$
(3)

3

Chapter 5: Question 24 Refer to Consumer finance Problems 5.5 and 5.13.

Using the Data from Question 5.13 From earlier in this project

A. Using matrix methods, obtain the following: (1) vector of estimated regression coefficients, (2) vector of residuals, (3) SSR, (4) SSE, (5) estimated variance-covariance matrix of b, (6) point estimate of E{Yh} when X/r = 4, (7) s2{pred} when XIz = 4.

1. Vector of Estimated Regression Coefficients

[3,] 0.34146341

```
xty <- xt %*% y
b <- xtxinvert %*% xty
##
             [,1]
## [1,] 0.4390244
## [2,] 4.6097561
# Double Checking the vector of estimated regression coefficient
finance_model <- lm(y ~ x)</pre>
summary_finance_model <- summary(finance_model)</pre>
summary_finance_model
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y \sim x)
##
## Residuals:
##
                           3
## -2.87805 -0.04878 0.34146 0.73171 -1.26829 3.12195
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                0.4390
                           2.6087 0.168 0.87452
## x1
                    NA
                               NA
                                     NA
                                                 NA
## x2
                4.6098
                            0.8616 5.350 0.00589 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.252 on 4 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8774, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8467
## F-statistic: 28.62 on 1 and 4 DF, p-value: 0.005886
2 Vector of Residuals
e <- y - x%*%b # Obtaining the vector of residuals
##
               [,1]
## [1,] -2.87804878
## [2,] -0.04878049
```

```
## [4,] 0.73170732
## [5,] -1.26829268
## [6,] 3.12195122
finance_model residuals #Double checking the vector of residuals is accurate
                             3
## -2.87804878 -0.04878049 0.34146341 0.73170732 -1.26829268 3.12195122
3. SSR
SSR is Total Sum of Squares - SSE
yt \leftarrow t(y)
j <- matrix(1, nrow = length(y), ncol = length(y))</pre>
ssto <- yt %*% y - (1 / length(y)) * yt %*% j %*% y
        [,1]
##
## [1,] 165.5
et <- t(e)
sse <- et%*%e
sse
          [,1]
## [1,] 20.29268
bt <- t(b)
ssecheck <- yt%*%y - bt%*%xt%*%y
ssecheck
           [,1]
## [1,] 20.29268
ssr = ssto - sse
ssr
     [,1]
## [1,] 145.2073
checkssr <- bt%*%xt%*%y - (1/length(y))%*%yt%*%j%*%y
checkssr
     [,1]
## [1,] 145.2073
4. SSE
et <- t(e)
sse <- et%*%e
sse
## [,1]
## [1,] 20.29268
bt <- t(b)
ssecheck <- yt%*%y - bt%*%xt%*%y
ssecheck
##
          [,1]
```

```
## [1,] 20.29268
```

5. Estimated Variance-Covariance matrix of b

```
mse \leftarrow sse/(nrow(y)-2)
mse <- as.numeric(mse)</pre>
varmatrix <- mse*xtxinvert</pre>
varmatrix
##
              [,1]
                          [,2]
## [1,] 6.805473 -2.1035098
## [2,] -2.103510 0.7424152
6. Point Estimate of E\{Y_h\} when X_h=4
x_h < c(1, 4)
y_h_{estimate} \leftarrow x_h %*% b
y_h_estimate
##
             [,1]
## [1,] 18.87805
checkingy_h_estimate <- 0.4390244 + 4.6097561*4</pre>
checkingy_h_estimate
## [1] 18.87805
7. s^2 {pred} when X_h = 4
x_h \leftarrow matrix(c(1, 4), nrow = 2, ncol = 1)
s2y_hat_4 <- mse * (1 + (t(x_h) %*% xtxinvert %*% x_h))
s2y_hat_4
##
             [,1]
## [1,] 6.929209
checks2y_hat_4 <- mse * (1 + t(x_h) %*% xtxinvert %*% x_h)
# Print the result
checks2y_hat_4
##
             [,1]
## [1,] 6.929209
```

B. From your estimated variance-covariance matrix in part (A.5), obtain the following:

```
1. s\{b_0, b_1\}
sd2b <- diag(varmatrix)
```

```
sdb <- sqrt(sd2b)</pre>
## [1] 2.6087301 0.8616352
2. s^2\{b_0\}
sd2b0 <- varmatrix[1,1]</pre>
sd2b0
## [1] 6.805473
3. s\{b_1\}
sdb1 <- sqrt(varmatrix[2,2])</pre>
sdb1
## [1] 0.8616352
C. Find the hat matrix H.
H <- x ** xtxinvert ** xt
              [,1]
                        [,2]
                                   [,3]
                                            [,4]
## [1,] 0.36585366 -0.1463415 0.02439024 0.1951220 0.1951220 0.36585366
## [3,] 0.02439024 0.3902439 0.26829268 0.1463415 0.1463415 0.02439024
## [4,] 0.19512195 0.1219512 0.14634146 0.1707317 0.1707317 0.19512195
## [5,] 0.19512195 0.1219512 0.14634146 0.1707317 0.1707317 0.19512195
## [6,] 0.36585366 -0.1463415 0.02439024 0.1951220 0.1951220 0.36585366
D. Find s^2\{e\}
I <- diag(length(y))</pre>
sd2e <- mse * (I-H)
sd2e
##
             [,1]
                       [,2]
                                  [,3]
                                            [,4]
                                                       [,5]
                                                                 [,6]
## [1,] 3.2171327 0.7424152 -0.1237359 -0.9898870 -0.9898870 -1.8560381
## [2,] 0.7424152 1.7323022 -1.9797739 -0.6186794 -0.6186794 0.7424152
## [3,] -0.1237359 -1.9797739 3.7120761 -0.7424152 -0.7424152 -0.1237359
## [4,] -0.9898870 -0.6186794 -0.7424152 4.2070196 -0.8661511 -0.9898870
## [5,] -0.9898870 -0.6186794 -0.7424152 -0.8661511 4.2070196 -0.9898870
## [6,] -1.8560381 0.7424152 -0.1237359 -0.9898870 -0.9898870 3.2171327
```