### 1 Beta Distribution

#### 1.1 Notation

 $Beta(\alpha, \beta)$  where  $\alpha, \beta > 0$  are the shape parameters.

### 1.2 Density Function

$$f(x) = \tfrac{x^{\alpha-1}(1-x)^{\beta-1}}{B(\alpha,\beta)} \text{ where } B(\alpha,\beta) = \tfrac{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)}{\Gamma(\alpha+\beta)}.$$

#### 1.3 Mean and Variance

$$\begin{split} E[X] &= \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + \beta} \\ Var[X] &= \frac{\alpha\beta}{(\alpha + \beta)^2(\alpha + \beta + 1)} \end{split}$$

## 2 Uniform Distribution

#### 2.1 Notation

U(a, b) where  $-\infty < a < b < \infty$ .

## 2.2 Density Function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{b-a}$$

## 2.3 Mean and Variance

$$E[X] = \frac{1}{2}(a+b)$$

$$Var[X] = \frac{1}{12}(b-a)^{2}$$

## 3 Gamma Distribution

### 3.1 Notation

 $Gamma(n, 1/\lambda)$ 

## 3.2 Density Function

$$f(x)=(\frac{\lambda^n}{\Gamma(n)})x^{n-1}e^{-\lambda x}$$
, where  $\Gamma(n)=\int_0^\infty x^{n-1}e^{-x}dx$ .  
Note that  $(\frac{\lambda^n}{\Gamma(n)})$  is constant wrt to  $x$ .

### 3.3 Mean and Variance

$$\begin{array}{l} E[X] = \frac{n}{\lambda} \\ Var[X] = \frac{n}{\lambda^2} \end{array}$$

### 4 Normal Distribution

#### 4.1 Notation

 $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  where  $\mu$  is the mean,  $\sigma^2$  is the variance

#### 4.2 Density Function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} exp\{-\frac{((x-\mu)^2)}{2\sigma^2}\}, -\infty < x < \infty.$$

## 5 Dirichlet Distribution

This is a multivariate generalisation of the beta distribution, hence it is also known as the multivariate beta distribution (MBD).

#### 5.1 Notation

 $Dir(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, ..., \alpha_n)$  where  $\alpha_i > 0$ .

## 5.2 Density Function

$$f(x) = \frac{\prod_{i=1}^n x_i^{\alpha_i - 1}}{B(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, ..., \alpha_n)} \text{ where } B(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, ..., \alpha_n) = \frac{\Gamma(\alpha_1)\Gamma(\alpha_2)...\Gamma(\alpha_n)}{\Gamma(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + ... + \alpha_n)}$$

#### 5.3 Mean and Variance

$$\begin{split} E[X_i] &= \frac{\alpha_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i} \\ Var[X_i] &= \frac{\tilde{\alpha}_i (1 - \tilde{\alpha}_i)}{\alpha_0 + 1} \text{ where } \alpha_0 = \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i \text{ and } \tilde{\alpha}_i = \alpha_i / \alpha_0 \end{split}$$

# 6 t distribution

TODO

## 7 Truncated Normal Distribution

TODO

## 8 Multinomial Distribution

TODO