# Other 3D spatial representations: Voxels

Voxels – divide 3D space into uniform cubes, like pixels divide 2D into squares

This way of representation has many drawbacks

- voxels will be very numerous especially for game levels set outdoors;
- need inside/outside distinction, containing object information
- for exterior voxels, colour and/or texture info needed for rendering;
- much data shuffling will occur when objects move;
- granular for both motion purposes and for visuals (cf. anti-aliasing in 2D)

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# Other 3D spatial representations: octrees

Octrees – like quadtrees, each node either is a leaf or has eight daughters

coordinate ranges should ideally be power of two in all 3 directions index daughter node by most significant bits of 3 coordinates, then leftshift them

```
• eg with 32x32x32 cube, a coordinate at <12,22,17> will be in
```

```
<01100, 10110,10001> (ie division 011, decimal 3) then
```

<01100, 10110, 10001> (its subdivision 100, decimal 4) then

<01100, 10110, 10001> (its subdivision 110, decimal 6) ... and so on

empty regions may be represented by vastly fewer nodes than voxels (parts of) objects listed as occupying octree node must have colour/texture issue: how does octree structure change as objects move?

- will existing cells be split as multiple objects are found to be within?
- will 7/8ths empty octets be simplified?

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# Other 3D spatial representations: portals

Portals – doors, windows, turns along an outdoor pathway, level advancement

- 3D world is divided into "rooms" with portals connecting adjacent rooms
- A camera in a room sees inside that room; into adjacent ones through its portals
- Portals (e.g. doors) may be open or shut
  - see through open ones only
  - portal itself occupies both rooms
- Further portals may be seen through, and still further ones through them
- · Much of what is in an adjacent room may be culled, not painted at all

#### Issues:

- what room is camera in?
  - o can camera move without passing through portals?
  - o can viewer go through walls, or teleport? then hunt the camera!
- potentially very many portals
  - o consider an outdoor scene with skyscrapers: is each window a portal?

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## Other 3D spatial representations: Potentially Visible Sets

Like with portals, space is divided into rooms (or "nodes")

Each room holds a list of others that might be seen from any point within it

- Conceptually simple
- For rendering, offers rapid elimination of many polygons that cannot be seen

### Issues:

- Inherently conservative: a room **B** must always be in PVS of room **A** 
  - if a door might be opened, regardless of whether it is open now
  - if **B** may be seen from *somewhere* in **A**, regardless of where camera is now
- Changing geometry (if doors or walls might get destroyed) is hard to handle
- Automatic generation of PVS is not easy
  - must every possible camera position be considered? if not ...
  - geometry of room and/or camera position probably must be constrained

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