

Worked Example 7.2

A World Population Table

Consider the following population data.

Population Per Continent (in millions)							
Year	1750	1800	1850	1900	1950	2000	2050
Africa	106	107	111	133	221	767	1766
Asia	502	635	809	947	1402	3634	5268
Australia	2	2	2	6	13	30	46
Europe	163	203	276	408	547	729	628
North America	2	7	26	82	172	307	392
South America	16	24	38	74	167	511	809

You are to print the data in tabular format and add column totals that show the total world populations in the given years.

First, we break down the task into steps:

Initialize the table data.

Print the table.

Compute and print the column totals.

Initialize the table as a sequence of rows:

```
int[][] data =
{
    { 106, 107, 111, 133, 221, 767, 1766 },
    { 502, 635, 809, 947, 1402, 3634, 5268 },
    { 2, 2, 2, 6, 13, 30, 46 },
    { 163, 203, 276, 408, 547, 729, 628 },
    { 2, 7, 26, 82, 172, 307, 392 },
    { 16, 24, 38, 74, 167, 511, 809 }
};
```

To print the row headers, we also need a one-dimensional array of the continent names. Note that it has the same number of rows as our table.

```
String[] continents =
{
    "Africa",
    "Asia",
    "Australia",
    "Europe",
    "North America",
    "South America"
};
```

To print a row, we first print the continent name, then all columns. This is achieved with two nested loops. The outer loop prints each row:

```
// Print data
for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++)
{
```

```

        // Print the ith row
        ...
        System.out.println(); // Start a new line at the end of the row
    }

```

To print a row, we first print the row header, then all columns:

```

    System.out.printf("%20s", continents[i]);
    for (int j = 0; j < COLUMNS; j++)
    {
        System.out.printf("%5d", data[i][j]);
    }

```

To print the column sums, we use the algorithm that was described in Section 6.4.4. We carry out that computation once for each column.

```

    for (int j = 0; j < COLUMNS; j++)
    {
        int total = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++)
        {
            total = total + data[i][j];
        }
        System.out.printf("%5d", total);
    }

```

Here is the complete program, `ch07/worldpop/WorldPopulation.java`:

```

public class WorldPopulation
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        final int ROWS = 6;
        final int COLUMNS = 7;

        int[][] data =
        {
            { 106, 107, 111, 133, 221, 767, 1766 },
            { 502, 635, 809, 947, 1402, 3634, 5268 },
            { 2, 2, 2, 6, 13, 30, 46 },
            { 163, 203, 276, 408, 547, 729, 628 },
            { 2, 7, 26, 82, 172, 307, 392 },
            { 16, 24, 38, 74, 167, 511, 809 }
        };

        String[] continents =
        {
            "Africa",
            "Asia",
            "Australia",
            "Europe",
            "North America",
            "South America"
        };

        System.out.println("
                                Year 1750 1800 1850 1900 1950 2000 2050");

        // Print data

        for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++)
        {

```

```

        // Print the ith row
        System.out.printf("%20s", continents[i]);
        for (int j = 0; j < COLUMNS; j++)
        {
            System.out.printf("%5d", data[i][j]);
        }
        System.out.println(); // Start a new line at the end of the row
    }

    // Print column totals

    System.out.print("                World");
    for (int j = 0; j < COLUMNS; j++)
    {
        int total = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++)
        {
            total = total + data[i][j];
        }
        System.out.printf("%5d", total);
    }
    System.out.println();
}
}

```

Program Run

	Year	1750	1800	1850	1900	1950	2000	2050
Africa	106	107	111	133	221	767	1766	
Asia	502	635	809	947	1402	3634	5268	
Australia	2	2	2	6	13	30	46	
Europe	163	203	276	408	547	729	628	
North America	2	7	26	82	172	307	392	
South America	16	24	38	74	167	511	809	
World	791	978	1262	1650	2522	5978	8909	
