Executive Summary

- The US economy has shown continued growth and remains strong in 2023, with a 2.1% increase in real gross domestic product (GDP) in the second quarter of 2023 source.
- Despite concerns about inflation, the US economy has had the strongest economic recovery among G7 countries <u>source</u>.
- Expert opinions on the possibility of a recession in the near future are divided, with some retracting their predictions and questioning the validity of recession indicators like the yield curve inversion <u>source</u>.

Analysis and Interpretation

Based on the analysis of key indicators and expert opinions, the current state of the US economy suggests that a recession is not imminent. The US economy has shown resilience and continued growth, with a 2.1% increase in real GDP in the second quarter of 2023 <u>source</u>. Additionally, the US has had the strongest economic recovery among G7 countries, indicating a robust and stable economy <u>source</u>.

However, there are differing opinions among experts regarding the possibility of a recession in the near future. Some experts have retracted their predictions and questioned the validity of recession indicators like the yield curve inversion source. It is important to consider these differing viewpoints and monitor economic indicators closely to assess the likelihood of a recession.

Overall, while the US economy is currently showing strength and growth, it is essential to continue monitoring key indicators and expert opinions to gain a comprehensive understanding of the future economic outlook.

Key Information

US GDP increased by 2.1% in 2022 after increasing by 5.9% in 2021 source.

Year-over-year inflation was 6.5% in December 2022 source.

Key Information

The US economy has had the strongest economic recovery among G7 countries source.

Expert opinions on the possibility of a recession in the near future are divided, with some retracting their predictions and questioning the validity of recession indicators like the yield curve inversion <u>source</u>.

Detail Findings

Current State of the US Economy

- Real gross domestic product (GDP) increased at an annual rate of 2.1 percent in the second quarter of 2023. [^1^]
- US GDP increased 2.1% in 2022 after increasing 5.9% in 2021. Year-over-year inflation was 6.5% in December 2022. [^1^]
- The United States has had the strongest economic recovery, measured by GDP. The U.S. economy has remained strong in 2023, with continued growth. [^1^]
- The size of the U.S economy is now over 5 percent above its 2019 level.
 Core inflation in the United States is now lower than in many major countries. [^1^]
- The economy expanded a downwardly revised 2.1% in Q2 in quarteron-quarter annualized terms. [^1^]
- The US imported \$948.1 billion more than it exported in 2022, leading to a 3.9% increase in the trade deficit from 2021. [^1^]

Expert Predictions and Analyses

- Economists are divided on whether an inverted yield curve, a recession predictor, points to a downturn. Some firms and experts are retracting their predictions of a coming downturn and questioning the validity of the yield curve inversion as a recession indicator. [^2^]
- A recent survey by the National Association for Business Economics
 (NABE) found that more than two-thirds of economists are confident
 that the Federal Reserve can help the U.S. economy achieve a soft
 landing. 20% of economists believe that the U.S. is either in a recession
 or will enter one this year. [^2^]

- Wall Street firms, including Goldman Sachs, Bank of America, and JPMorgan, have reduced their predictions of the chance of a recession.
 [^2^]
- The most popular conclusion among economists is that a yield curve inversion points to declining inflation without a recession, followed closely by those who believe it indicates a recession in the next 12 to 18 months. [^2^]
- Recession predictions are largely based on past events, such as aggressive interest rate hikes by the Federal Reserve. Experts advise preparing for a downturn by setting aside emergency cash to weather unforeseen events or job loss. [^2^]

References

- 1. Bureau of Economic Analysis: News Release
- 2. <u>CNBC</u>: Recession indicator may be broken odometer for economy, says expert

Method

- Gathered information on the current state of the US economy, including key indicators such as GDP growth rate, unemployment rate, inflation rate, and stock market performance. [^1^]
- Researched expert predictions and analyses about the future of the US economy, focusing on potential signs of a recession. [^2^]