Recitation 1: C Primer #1

Thursday, January 22nd, 2015

Administrative (1/4)

- Class Website
 - All class information
- Class Moodle Site
 - Forum
 - Submission

Administrative (2/4)

- CSE Lab account
 - Use your X500 username and password
 - Contact <u>operator@cselabs.umn.edu</u> for any problems

Administrative (3/4)

- Accessing CSE machines
 - Windows: use Putty, or ...
 - Unix(linux + Mac): regular terminal
 - GUI: X-forwarding (usually slow)
- More information
 - http://help.cs.umn.edu/offsite/ssh
 - http://cselabs.umn.edu/labs/unix_machines

Administrative (4/4)

- SSH (Secure Shell)
 - ssh <username>@<machine_name>
 - ssh <u>randy@kh2170-01.cselabs.umn.edu</u>
 - ssh -X randy@kh2170-01.cselabs.umn.edu
- SCP (inter-domain copying)
 - Preferably small files.
 - e.g. scp main.c <u>randy@kh2170-01.cselabs.umn.edu:~/main.c</u>
 (copy main.c from current local directory TO remote account's home directory)

Other Useful Linux Commands

- cd : change directory
- Is: list files in the directory
- mkdir : create a new directory
- mv : rename a file or a directory
- rm –rf: delete a file or a directory
- grep: find a given string in file(s)

Writing a C program (1/7)

- 1. Write the program using a text editor (not word processor) of your choice (emacs, vim, vi, pico, gedit, etc...)
- 2. Save your file with a .c extension. e.g. helloworld.c
- 3. Compile your program:
- % gcc -Wall -o helloworld helloworld.c
- 4. Run your program and see if it works:
- % ./helloworld

Writing a C program (2/7)

if conditional

Beware: if (i == 0)... is different than if (i = 0)...; One is a comparison while the other is an assignment.

Writing a C program (3/7)

- If Statement Tips:
 - If (expression) equals to if (expression != 0)
 - Use braces to avoid ambiguity

```
if(cond1)
            if (cond2) {...}
else
{...}
```

```
if(cond1) {
    if (cond2) {...}
    else{...}
}
```

Writing a C program (4/7)

for loop

```
int i;
for (i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
    printf("hello testing\n");
}</pre>
```

Prints "hello testing" 3 times.

Writing a C program (5/7)

while loop

```
int i = 0;
while (i < 3) {
    printf("hello testing\n");
    i++;
}</pre>
```

Prints "hello testing" 3 times.

Writing a C program (6/7)

do...while loop

```
int i = 0;
do {
    printf("hello testing\n");
    i++;
} while (i < 3);</pre>
```

Prints "hello testing" 3 times.
Note that it will print at least once

Writing a C program (7/7)

switch statement

```
switch(i) {
    case 0:
      printf("Hello, School\n");
      break;
    case 1:
      printf("Hello, Class\n");
      break;
    default:
      printf("Hello, World\n");
      break;
```

Datatypes

C Datatype	Size 32 bit Machine	Size: 64 bit Machine
char	1 byte	1 byte
short int	2 bytes	2 bytes
int	4 bytes	4 bytes
long	4 bytes	8 bytes
long long	8 bytes	8 bytes
float	4 bytes	4 bytes
double	8 bytes	8 bytes
long double	12 bytes	16 bytes

code: datatype.c



Datatype – Format Strings

Datatype	Format String
char	%с
int	%i, %d
unsigned int	%u
unsigned int (hex)	%x
unsigned int (octal)	%o
double (also for float)	%f
double (always scientific)	%e
double (sometimes scientific)	%g
string (null-terminated)	%s
pointer (hex)	%p

Boolean?

code: datatype.c



lab0: Following Instructions + Submission

 Write a short C program that prints your full name and major, each on a newline as follows:

```
% ./aboutme
Emery Mizero
Computer Science
```

- name this program aboutme.c
- Create a text file "readme.txt" and provide your full name and your x500 (Reminder: use text editor, NOT word processor)
- Using the assignment link (Lab0) on Moodle, submit the two files individually by Monday, January 26th at 11:55pm
- Successful submissions will earn 1 extra credit point towards labs – that is 1% of one lab's total.
- All electronic submissions for this course will be made through moodle.

Next Week

Pointers