

Importing DataScribe data to Omeka S

This tutorial explains how to use a DataScribe export to update the items in your Omeka S installation.

For this process, you will need:

- a DataScribe project and dataset;
- the [CSV Import module](#) for Omeka S;
- an understanding of Omeka S [items](#) and [resource templates](#).

Note This mapping process described here will only work when importing the exported data into the *same* Omeka S installation where the DataScribe transcription has taken place.

The screenshots in this example are primarily from 1950 Census data using the Census Sheet Data form(download json file), importing into items using the Census Items resource template (download json file). If you want to run a test using these resources, download the linked jsons and a selection of pages from the [1950 Census website](#). Create a dataset with the form and transcribe at least three sheets (items).

Add exported data to existing items

The example in this tutorial has a one to one correlation between the record and the item; each item only generates one record.

Preparation

Be mindful of possible post-processing work when creating the guidelines and form.

In this example, transcribers are supposed to use the semicolon to separate the names of streets on each census sheet. This should allow us to use the "multi-value separator" option in the CSV import. However, there is of course the chance that a transcriber will forget and use a comma. For that reason you might want to use a more distinct separator or do manual separation before importing (see below).

Also make sure you have a template for incoming information, or at least you know what properties you want to use. For this example, we've created an extended census documents template with additional properties for all of the fields in the DataScribe form. Note that there is also a property in the template for the DataScribe item number.

Get and review CSV

In the dataset you're using, go to the "More actions" dropdown in the upper right corner of the browser window.

First choose the "Validate export" option. Exports must be validated before they are run.

If the validation goes smoothly, re-open the "More actions" dropdown and select "Export dataset." Once the export is complete, you can scroll down to the end of the right-hand drawer. Use right-click or a similar option on the "download dataset" link to save the csv file to your computer.

Open the csv file to ensure that it is complete and that all of the rows have the proper formatting.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
	Omeka Item #	DataScribe Item #	DataScribe Record #	DataScribe Record Position	a. State or Territory	b. County	c. Incorporated place or township	d. Enumeratio n District number	e. Institution information	f. Date sheet started	Sheet number	g. Enumerator's name	h. Crew leader's name	Street names
1														
2	1308	199	2	1	New York (NY)	Onondaga	East Syracuse	34-36		4/17/50	2			Henry St; First St
3	1309	200	3	1	New York (NY)	Onondaga	East Syracuse	34-36		4/17/50	1			E. First St
4	1310	201	4	1	New York (NY)	Onondaga	East Syracuse	34-36		4/17/50	3			RFD #3; Second St; E. Man
5	1311	202	5	1	New York (NY)	Onondaga	East Syracuse	34-36		4/17/50	4	Joseph Holgado		E. Manlius St
6														
7														
8														

The above image shows the export from DataScribe, modified with alternating colors for the rows for readability. Note the column with the Omeka S item identifier. The final column, Street names, has multiple values which are separated by a semicolon.

If you want to split the data in some of the rows into separate columns, you can do so here. Some csv reading software (Google Sheets, Excel) will split text into columns at specific punctuation marks. This is an alternative to using the multi-value separator option in the csv import. For the image above, we could split the street names at the semicolon.

Import

Start a new import with the CSV Importer and use your dataset export csv file. Set the import type to "Items."

It is very helpful to add a comment saying what you are importing. Comments display in the Post Imports tab but filenames do not. An example would be "updating items with transcribed data from Dataset name, Project name."

Map csv columns

When mapping columns to Omeka S data, it may be useful to have written which column heading maps to which property in Omeka S for reference when setting these options. If you have created a template for the data, having the template open in another window or having a screenshot as reference is also a good choice.

If you decided to use the multi-value option, you will need to indicate that in the mapping options for that column. Click the wrench icon and ensure that the "use multivalue separator" box is checked.

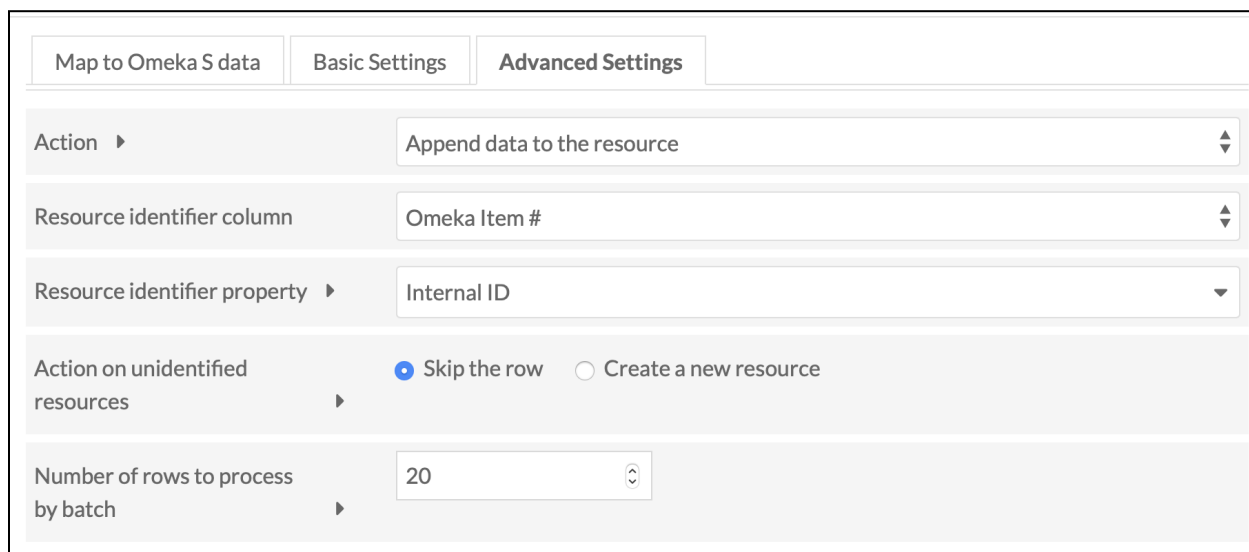
Basic import settings

Bearing in mind that you are updating existing items, you can select a new resource template to use.

Be sure that the correct symbol is entered for the multi-value separator, if you are using one.

Advanced import settings

In the advanced settings tab, use the Import type dropdown to choose: "Append data to the resource: Add new data to the resource, based on an identifier for an existing resource. (Cannot be undone.)"



The screenshot shows the 'Advanced Settings' tab of an import configuration interface. It contains several settings:

- Action:** A dropdown menu set to 'Append data to the resource'.
- Resource identifier column:** A dropdown menu set to 'Omeka Item #'.
- Resource identifier property:** A dropdown menu set to 'Internal ID'.
- Action on unidentified resources:** Two radio buttons; 'Skip the row' is selected, and 'Create a new resource' is unselected.
- Number of rows to process by batch:** A text input field containing the number '20'.

For the identifier column, chose the Omeka Item # column. This column is automatically created by DataScribe in the export. For the identifier property, choose "internal ID" (meaning the Omeka S item ID).

Verify the import

Once the import is complete, open at least one of the Omeka S items you know were part of the item set which populated the dataset. Check to make sure that the information has been properly mapped and imported.

Remember that if the import had errors you will have to *manually* remove the bad data. Imports which append data cannot be undone.

Variations

In addition to updating Omeka S items with information, one row in the exported csv per Omeka S item, there are other possible approaches. These are suggestions about how you might modify the above tutorial to run these sorts of import updates.

These examples use transcription of [The Liverpool Directory for the Year 1766](#), with a form that has fields for name, occupation, location, and location modifier.

Add multiple records to one item

This course of action should be undertaken only after serious consideration. If there are multiple rows per item *and* multiple fields in your form, you will lose the connection between the data in each row. However, you can use this to populate properties in the Omeka S item to create a sort of searchable index of content.

Follow the directions as given above, this time using a csv where there are multiple records per item.

In this instance, we have imported the names and locations from the *Directory* into the properties "has part" and "spatial coverage", respectively.

Omeka Item	DataScribe It	DataScribe R	DataScribe R	Name	Occupation	Location	Loc
6522	31	3	1	Abbot, Williz	merchant	cleveland's squar	
6522	31	4	2	Abbot, Samu	victualler	water street whi	
6522	31	5	3	Ainsworth, E	ironmonger	dale street	

This image shows the mapping tab in the csv import module:

Map to Omeka S data			Basic Settings	Advanced Settings
Batch edit options				
<input type="checkbox"/> Column	Mappings	Options		
<input type="checkbox"/> Omeka Item #	+			
<input type="checkbox"/> DataScribe Item #	+			
<input type="checkbox"/> DataScribe Record #	+			
<input type="checkbox"/> DataScribe Record Position	+			
<input type="checkbox"/> Name	+ Has Part			
<input type="checkbox"/> Occupation	+			
<input type="checkbox"/> Location	+ Spatial Coverage			
<input type="checkbox"/> Location modifier	+			

The image below shows how those rows have become inputs in the metadata of the original item. Note that there is no clear way to connect the peoples' names with the street names.

Metadata	Linked resources
Title	The Liverpool Directory for the Year 1766: Containing an Alphabetical List of the Merchants, Tradesmen, and Principal Inhabitants of the Town of Liverpool with their respective Addresses
Publisher	printed by W. Nevett and Co. for J. Gore
Date	1766
pages	3
Source	Internet archive https://archive.org/embed/liverpooldirect00unkngoog
owner	Oxford University
Identifier	ark:/13960/t4zg6z95q
Has Part	Abbot, William Abbot, Samuel Ainsworth, Elizabeth
Spatial Coverage	cleveland's square water street dale street

Add records as new items

If you wanted to create new items from your DataScribe export, you could modify the tutorial by taking the following steps:

- In the Advanced tab, keep the option set to "Add new items"
- Use the column Omeka S Item # to create a link between the new item from the record to the existing item for the image transcribed:
- Map the Omeka S Item # column to a property like *Is Part Of* so that it will appear in the new item's metadata.
- Use the options for the mapping to set the data type to "Import as Omeka S resource ID".

In this example, the data has been imported as new items. The Omeka S Item # column has been mapped to *Is Part Of* and in the column options, the datatype has been set to "Omeka resource (by ID)".

CSV IMPORT Import settings for items [Import]

Map to Omeka S data Basic Settings Advanced Settings

Batch edit options

Column	Mappings	Options
<input type="checkbox"/> Omeka Item #	+ <i>Is Part Of</i>	
<input type="checkbox"/> DataScribe Item #	+ <i></i>	
<input type="checkbox"/> DataScribe Record #	+ <i></i>	
<input type="checkbox"/> DataScribe Record Position	+ <i></i>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Name	+ <i>Title</i>	

Column options:

Use multivalue separator ☐

Language
This will override language settings in basic import settings.

- Text
- URI
- ✓ Omeka resource (by ID)
- Date/Time (ISO 8601)
- Interval (ISO 8601)

This import created three new items. As you can see from this item, created in the import, the *Is Part Of* property has for its value the Omeka item for the page on which this data appears in the original document.

ITEMS Abbot, William

Metadata Linked resources

Title Abbot, William

Description merchant

Is Part Of *The Liverpool Directory for the Year 1766: Containing an Alphabetical List of the Merchants, Tradesmen, and Principal Inhabitants of the Town of Liverpool with their respective Addresses*

Spatial Coverage cleveland's square