



云操作系统应用

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第6章

计算服务Nova

Nova 是 OpenStack 云中的计算组织控制器。OpenStack 中云主机（instances）生命周期的所有活动都由 Nova 处理。这样使得 Nova 成为一个负责管理计算资源、网络、认证、所需可扩展性的平台。但是，Nova 自身并没有提供任何虚拟化能力，而是使用 libvirt API 来与被支持的 Hypervisors 交互。OpenStack 计算服务（Nova）由下列组件构成。

（1）API Server

对外提供一个与云基础设施交互的接口，也是外部可用于管理基础设施的唯一组件。管理使用 EC2 API 通过 Web Services 调用实现。然后，API Server 通过消息队列（Message Queue）轮流与云基础设施的相关组件通信。作为 EC2 API 的另外一种选择，OpenStack 也提供一个内部使用的“OpenStack API”。

（2）Message Queue（RabbitMQ Server）

OpenStack 节点之间通过消息队列使用 AMQP（Advanced Message Queue Protocol，高级消息队列协议）完成通信。Nova 通过异步调用请求响应，使用回调函数在收到响应时触发。因为使用了异步通信，所以不会有用户长时间卡在等待状态。这是有效的，因为许多 API 调用预期的行为都非常耗时，例如加载一个云主机，或者上传一个镜像。

（3）Compute Worker（Nova-compute）

Compute Worker 处理管理云主机生命周期。它们通过消息服务接收云主机生命周期管理的请求，并承担操作工作。在一个典型生产环境的云部署中有一些 Compute Workers。云主机部署在哪个可用的 Compute Worker 上取决于调度算法。

（4）Network Controller（Nova-network）

Network Controller 处理主机地网络配置。它包括 IP 地址分配、为项目配置 VLAN、实现安全组、配置计算节点网络。

6.2.1 数据库配置

1. 登录 MySQL 数据库:

```
# mysql -uroot -p000000
```

```
[root@controller ~]# mysql -uroot -p000000  
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.  
Your MariaDB connection id is 15  
Server version: 10.1.12-MariaDB MariaDB Server
```

Copyright (c) 2000, 2016, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

MariaDB [(none)]>

2. 创建 nova_api 和 nova 数据库:

```
# CREATE DATABASE nova;  
# CREATE DATABASE nova_api;
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE DATABASE nova;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE DATABASE nova_api;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
```

6.2.1 数据库配置

3. 设置授权用户和密码:

```
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova.* TO 'nova'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY '000000';
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova.* TO 'nova'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY '000000';
```

```
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.28 sec)
```

```
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova.* TO 'nova'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY '000000';
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova.* TO 'nova'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY '000000';
```

```
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova_api.* TO 'nova'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY '000000';
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova.* TO 'nova_api'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY '000000';
```

```
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
```

```
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova_api.* TO 'nova'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY '000000';
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova.* TO 'nova_api'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY '000000';
```

```
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> exit
```

6.2.2 创建服务凭证和 API 端点

1. 生效 admin 用户环境变量

```
# . admin-openrc
```

```
[root@controller ~]# . admin-openrc
```

2. 创建服务凭证

创建名为 nova 的用户（user）：

```
# openstack user create --domain default --password-prompt nova
```

```
[root@controller ~]# openstack user create --domain default --password-prompt nova
```

User Password:

Repeat User Password:

Field	Value
domain_id	dafc8ccd6b0a469ea6faeb8a4c3620d3
enabled	True
id	8bbc6bad5f8b424da6a812b15b534152
name	nova

6.2.2 创建服务凭证和 API 端点

进行关联：给 nova 用户添加 admin 角色：

```
# openstack role add --project service --user nova admin
```

```
[root@controller ~]# openstack role add --project service --user nova admin
```

创建 nova 服务实体认证：

```
# openstack service create --name nova --description "OpenStack Compute" compute
```

```
[root@controller ~]# openstack service create --name nova --description "OpenStack Compute" compute
```

Field	Value
description	OpenStack Compute
enabled	True
id	2b973331956b4e959e963ed467d23b83
name	nova
type	compute

3. 创建 API 端点

创建公共端点：

```
# openstack endpoint create --region RegionOne compute public http://controller:8774/v2.1/%(tenant_id)s
```

6.2.2 创建服务凭证和 API 端点

```
[root@controller ~]# openstack endpoint create --region RegionOne compute public http://controller:8774/v2.1/%(tenant_id)s
```

Field	Value
enabled	True
id	ce49dafd23eb43a7a9e7f9860068153d
interface	public
region	RegionOne
region_id	RegionOne
service_id	2b973331956b4e959e963ed467d23b83
service_name	nova
service_type	compute
url	http://controller:8774/v2.1/%(tenant_id)s

创建外部端点:

```
# openstack endpoint create --region RegionOne compute internal http://controller:8774/v2.1/%(tenant_id)s
```

```
[root@controller ~]# openstack endpoint create --region RegionOne compute internal http://controller:8774/v2.1/%(tenant_id)s
```

Field	Value
enabled	True
id	f108c0e008e84fbeat8f20c32e6bd186
interface	internal
region	RegionOne
region_id	RegionOne
service_id	2b973331956b4e959e963ed467d23b83
service_name	nova
service_type	compute
url	http://controller:8774/v2.1/%(tenant_id)s

6.2.2 创建服务凭证和 API 端点

创建管理端点:

```
# openstack endpoint create --region RegionOne compute admin http://controller:8774/v2.1/%(tenant_id)s
```

```
[root@controller ~]# openstack endpoint create --region RegionOne compute admin  
http://controller:8774/v2.1/%(tenant_id)s
```

Field	Value
enabled	True
id	0861d7ba8420412893ddfc7ad2f749c4
interface	admin
region	RegionOne
region_id	RegionOne
service_id	2b973331956b4e959e963ed467d23b83
service_name	nova
service_type	compute
url	http://controller:8774/v2.1/%(tenant_id)s

6.2.3 安装并配置 Nova 组件

1. 安装 Glance 所需软件包

```
# yum install openstack-nova-api openstack-nova-conductor openstack-nova-console openstack-nova-novncproxy openstack-nova-scheduler -y
```

```
[root@controller ~]# yum install openstack-nova-api openstack-nova-conductor openstack-nova-console openstack-nova-novncproxy openstack-nova-scheduler -y
```

2. 配置 Nova 所需组件

使用vi命令编辑/etc/nova/nova.conf文件。

编辑[DEFAULT]部分，启用计算和元数据 API。

```
# vi /etc/nova/nova.conf
```

```
[root@controller ~]# vi /etc/nova/nova.conf
```

```
[DEFAULT]
enabled_apis = osapi_compute,metadata
```

```
[DEFAULT]
enabled_apis = osapi_compute,metadata
```

编辑[api_database]和[database]部分，配置数据库链接。

```
[api_database]
connection = mysql+pymysql://nova:000000@controller/nova_api
[database]
connection = mysql+pymysql://nova:000000@controller/nova
```

6.2.3 安装并配置 Nova 组件

```
[api_database]
connection = mysql+pymysql://nova:000000@controller/nova_api
[database]
connection = mysql+pymysql://nova:000000@controller/nova
```

编辑[DEFAULT]和[oslo_messaging_rabbit]部分，配置 RabbitMQ 消息服务器链接。

```
[DEFAULT]
rpc_backend = rabbit

[oslo_messaging_rabbit]
rabbit_host = controller
rabbit_userid = openstack
rabbit_password = 000000
```

```
[DEFAULT]
rpc_backend = rabbit
[oslo_messaging_rabbit]
rabbit_host = controller
rabbit_userid = openstack
rabbit_password = 000000
```

编辑[DEFAULT]和[keystone_authtoken]部分，配置 Keystone 身份认证。

```
[DEFAULT]
auth_strategy = keystone
```

6.2.3 安装并配置 Nova 组件

```
[keystone_authtoken]
auth_uri = http://controller:5000
auth_url = http://controller:35357
memcached_servers = controller:11211
auth_type = password
project_domain_name = default
user_domain_name = default
project_name = service
username = nova
password = 000000
```

```
[DEFAULT]
auth_strategy = keystone
[keystone_authtoken]
auth_uri = http://controller:5000
auth_url = http://controller:35357
memcached_servers = controller:11211
auth_type = password
project_domain_name = default
user_domain_name = default
project_name = service
username = nova
password = 000000
```

6.2.3 安装并配置 Nova 组件

编辑[DEFAULT]部分，配置管理 IP 地址和启用网络服务。

```
[DEFAULT]
my_ip = 192.168.100.10
use_neutron = True
firewall_driver = nova.virt.firewall.NoopFirewallDriver
```

```
[DEFAULT]
my_ip = 192.168.100.10
use_neutron = True
firewall_driver = nova.virt.firewall.NoopFirewallDriver
```

编辑[vnc]部分，配置 VNC 代理管理 IP 地址。

```
[vnc]
vncserver_listen = $my_ip
vncserver_proxyclient_address = $my_ip
```

```
[vnc]
vncserver_listen = $my_ip
vncserver_proxyclient_address = $my_ip
```

编辑[glance]部分，配置镜像服务 API 端点。

```
[glance]
api_servers = http://controller:9292
```

6.2.3 安装并配置 Nova 组件

```
[glance]
```

```
api_servers = http://controller:9292
```

编辑[oslo_concurrency]部分，配置 loca_path。

```
[oslo_concurrency]
```

```
lock_path = /var/lib/nova/tmp
```

3. 同步数据库

```
# su -s /bin/sh -c "nova-manage api_db sync" nova
```

```
# su -s /bin/sh -c "nova-manage db sync" nova
```

```
[root@controller ~]# su -s /bin/sh -c "nova-manage api_db sync" nova
```

```
[root@controller ~]# su -s /bin/sh -c "nova-manage db sync" nova
```

```
/usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages/pymysql/cursors.py:146: Warning: Duplicate index 'block_device_mapping_instance_uuid_virtual_name_device_name_idx' defined on the table 'nova.block_device_mapping'. This is deprecated and will be disallowed in a future release.
```

```
result = self._query(query)
```

注：进入 nova 数据库查看是否有数据表，验证是否同步成功。

6.2.3 安装并配置 Nova 组件

4. 启动并设置 Nova 服务开机自启

```
# systemctl enable openstack-nova-api.service openstack-nova-consoleauth.service openstack-nova-scheduler.service  
openstack-nova-conductor.service openstack-nova-novncproxy.service  
# systemctl start openstack-nova-api.service openstack-nova-consoleauth.service openstack-nova-scheduler.service  
openstack-nova-conductor.service openstack-nova-novncproxy.service
```

```
[root@controller ~]# systemctl enable openstack-nova-api.service openstack-nova-consoleauth.service openstack-nova-scheduler.service openstack-nova-conductor.service openstack-nova-novncproxy.service
```

```
[root@controller ~]# systemctl start openstack-nova-api.service openstack-nova-consoleauth.service openstack-nova-scheduler.service openstack-nova-conductor.service openstack-nova-novncproxy.service
```

6.3 安装并配置计算节点

6.3.1 安装并配置 Nova 组件

1. 安装 Nova 组件所需软件包

```
# yum install openstack-nova-compute -y
```

```
[root@compute ~]# yum install openstack-nova-compute -y
```

2. 配置 Nova 所需组件

使用vi命令编辑/etc/nova/nova.conf 文件。

编辑[DEFAULT]和[oslo_messaging_rabbit]部分，配置 RabbitMQ 消息服务器链接。

```
# vi /etc/nova/nova.conf
```

```
[root@controller ~]# vi /etc/nova/nova.conf
```

```
[DEFAULT]
```

```
rpc_backend = rabbit
```

```
[oslo_messaging_rabbit]
```

```
rabbit_host = controller
```

```
rabbit_userid = openstack
```

```
rabbit_password = 000000
```

```
[DEFAULT]
```

```
rpc_backend = rabbit
```


6.3.1 安装并配置 Nova 组件

```
[oslo_messaging_rabbit]  
rabbit_host = controller  
rabbit_userid = openstack  
rabbit_password = 000000
```

编辑[DEFAULT]和[keystone_authtoken]部分，配置 Keystone 身份认证。

```
[DEFAULT]  
auth_strategy = keystone  
  
[keystone_authtoken]  
auth_uri = http://controller:5000  
auth_url = http://controller:35357  
memcached_servers = controller:11211  
auth_type = password  
project_domain_name = default  
user_domain_name = default  
project_name = service  
username = nova  
password = 000000
```

```
[DEFAULT]  
auth_strategy = keystone
```

6.3.1 安装并配置 Nova 组件

```
[keystone_authtoken]
auth_uri = http://controller:5000
auth_url = http://controller:35357
memcached_servers = controller:11211
auth_type = password
project_domain_name = default
user_domain_name = default
project_name = service
username = nova
password = 000000
```

编辑[DEFAULT]部分，配置管理 IP 地址和启用网络服务支持。

```
[DEFAULT]
my_ip = 192.168.100.20
use_neutron = True
firewall_driver = nova.virt.firewall.NoopFirewallDriver
```

```
[DEFAULT]
my_ip = 192.168.100.20
use_neutron = True
firewall_driver = nova.virt.firewall.NoopFirewallDriver
```

编辑[vnc]部分，启用并配置远程控制台的访问。

6.3.1 安装并配置 Nova 组件

```
[vnc]
enabled = True
vncserver_listen = 0.0.0.0
vncserver_proxyclient_address = $my_ip
novncproxy_base_url = http://192.168.200.10:6080/vnc_auto.html
```

```
[vnc]
enabled = True
vncserver_listen = 0.0.0.0
vncserver_proxyclient_address = $my_ip
novncproxy_base_url = http://controller:6080/vnc_auto.html
```

编辑[glance]部分，配置镜像服务 API 的位置。

```
[glance]
api_servers = http://controller:9292
```

```
[glance]
api_servers = http://controller:9292
```

编辑[oslo_concurrency]部分，配置 loca_path。

```
[oslo_concurrency]
lock_path = /var/lib/nova/tmp
```

```
[oslo_concurrency]
lock_path = /var/lib/nova/tmp
```

6.3.2 检查主机是否支持虚拟机硬件加速

1. 执行命令

```
# egrep -c '(vmx|svm)' /proc/cpuinfo
```

编辑`/etc/nova/nova.conf` 文件。

编辑`[libvirt]`部分：

```
[libvirt]  
virt_type = qemu
```

2. 启动并设置 Nova 服务开机自启

```
# systemctl enable libvirtd.service openstack-nova-compute.service  
# systemctl start libvirtd.service openstack-nova-compute.service
```

6.4 验证 Nova 服务

在控制节点执行

. admin-openrc

openstack compute service list

```
[root@controller ~]# openstack compute service list
```

Id	Binary	Host	Zone	Status	State	Updated At
1	nova-scheduler	controller	internal	enabled	up	2021-11-08T13:20:35.000000
2	nova-conductor	controller	internal	enabled	up	2021-11-08T13:20:34.000000
3	nova-consoleauth	controller	internal	enabled	up	2021-11-08T13:20:35.000000
6	nova-compute	compute	nova	enabled	up	2021-11-08T13:20:33.000000

```
[root@controller ~]#
```

6.4 验证 Nova 服务

在控制节点执行

. admin-openrc

openstack compute service list

```
[root@controller ~]# openstack compute service list
```

Id	Binary	Host	Zone	Status	State	Updated At
1	nova-scheduler	controller	internal	enabled	up	2021-11-08T13:20:35.000000
2	nova-conductor	controller	internal	enabled	up	2021-11-08T13:20:34.000000
3	nova-consoleauth	controller	internal	enabled	up	2021-11-08T13:20:35.000000
6	nova-compute	compute	nova	enabled	up	2021-11-08T13:20:33.000000

```
[root@controller ~]#
```

谢谢观看

