

퀴즈

- 1루 타자가 타율을 1푼 올리면 연봉이 얼마나 올라가나?
- 지명타자가 타율을 1푼 올리면 연봉이 얼마나 올라가나?
- 1루, 지명타자 중 어느 포지션이 타율이 연봉을 잘 표현하는가?
- team 승수, 팀명, salary 연봉, 팀명 2016년 groupby(팀명) 30개 팀 평균 데이터를 구하시오.

```
1 import pandas as pd
2 df = pd.read_csv('http://wolfpack.hnu.ac.kr/Stat_Notes/example_data/baseball.csv')
```

```
1 ct = pd.DataFrame(df.Position.value_counts())
2 ct.reset_index(inplace=True)
3 ct.columns=['Position', 'count']
4 df0 = pd.merge(df, ct, on='Position', how='inner')
5 #df1 = df0[df0['count']>=16]
6 df1 = df0[df0.Salary!='.']
7 df1['Salary']=pd.to_numeric(df1.Salary)
```

```
⚡ /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:7: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
```

See the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/10min.html

```
import sys
```

```
1 df2=df1[df1.Position == '1B']
```

```
1 hit = df2['Hits']/df2['TimesatBat']
```

```
1 df2["hit"] = hit
```

```
⚡ /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
```

See the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/10min.html


```
"""Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.
```

1. 1루 타자가 타율을 1푼 올리면 연봉이 얼마나 올라가나?

```
1 import statsmodels.api as sm
2 y=df2['Salary']
3 X=sm.add_constant(df2['hit'])
```

COMBO: 12

```
4 model=sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
5 model.summary()
```

 /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/numpy/core/fromnumeric.py:2495: FutureWarning: Method .return_ptp(axis=axis, out=out, **kwargs)

OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Salary	R-squared:	0.201
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.164
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	5.526
Date:	Thu, 21 Nov 2019	Prob (F-statistic):	0.0281
Time:	05:41:05	Log-Likelihood:	-187.18
No. Observations:	24	AIC:	378.4
Df Residuals:	22	BIC:	380.7
Df Model:	1		

Covariance Type: nonrobust

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	-1707.9789	1068.687	-1.598	0.124	-3924.299	508.342
hit	9228.0140	3925.714	2.351	0.028	1086.582	1.74e+04

Omnibus:	1.431	Durbin-Watson:	1.504
Prob(Omnibus):	0.489	Jarque-Bera (JB):	1.198
Skew:	0.368	Prob(JB):	0.549
Kurtosis:	2.190	Cond. No.	33.5

Warnings:


[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

타율을 1푼 올리면 연봉이 92.280140천불만큼 올라간다.

▼ 2. 지명타자가 타율을 1푼 올리면 연봉이 얼마나 올라가나?

```
1 df3=df1[df1.Position == '3B']
```

```
1 hit0 = df3['Hits']/df3['TimesatBat']
2 df3["hit"] = hit0
```

 /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:2: SettingWithCopyWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame. Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/i

```
1 import statsmodels.api as sm
2 y=df3['Salary']
3 X=sm.add_constant(df3['hit'])
4 model=sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
5 model.summary()
```



```
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/numpy/core/fromnumeric.py:2495: FutureWarning: Method .
return ptp(axis=axis, out=out, **kwargs)
```

OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	Salary	R-squared:	0.266
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.239
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	10.13
Date:	Thu, 21 Nov 2019	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00355
Time:	05:42:59	Log-Likelihood:	-225.04
No. Observations:	30	AIC:	454.1
Df Residuals:	28	BIC:	456.9
Df Model:	1		

Covariance Type: nonrobust

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	-1940.7085	808.102	-2.402	0.023	-3596.030	-285.387
hit	9411.9454	2956.951	3.183	0.004	3354.906	1.55e+04

Omnibus:	6.537	Durbin-Watson:	2.376
Prob(Omnibus):	0.038	Jarque-Bera (JB):	4.770
Skew:	0.818	Prob(JB):	0.0921
Kurtosis:	4.069	Cond. No.	38.4

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

타율을 1푼 올리면 연봉이 94.119454천불만큼 올라간다.

▼ 3. 1루, 3루 중 어느 포지션이 타율이 연봉을 잘 표현하는가?

```
1 df0=pd.merge(df2,df3,how='outer')
2 import numpy as np
3 df0 = df0.replace('.',np.nan)
```

```
1 import statsmodels.api as sm
2 y=df2['hit']
3 X=sm.add_constant(df2['Salary'])
4 model=sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
5 model.summary()
```



```
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/numpy/core/fromnumeric.py:2495: FutureWarning: Method .
return ptp(axis=axis, out=out, **kwargs)
```

OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	hit	R-squared:	0.201
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.164
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	5.526
Date:	Thu, 21 Nov 2019	Prob (F-statistic):	0.0281
Time:	05:48:49	Log-Likelihood:	51.204
No. Observations:	24	AIC:	-98.41
Df Residuals:	22	BIC:	-96.05
Df Model:	1		

Covariance Type: nonrobust

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.2532	0.010	26.644	0.000	0.234	0.273
Salary	2.175e-05	9.25e-06	2.351	0.028	2.56e-06	4.09e-05

Omnibus: 0.553 **Durbin-Watson:** 2.584
Prob(Omnibus): 0.759 **Jarque-Bera (JB):** 0.654

Skew: 0.253 **Prob(JB):** 0.721
Kurtosis: 2.369 **Cond. No.** 1.60e+03

Warnings:

- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
[2] The condition number is large, 1.6e+03. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.

```
1 import statsmodels.api as sm
2 y=df3['hit']
3 X=sm.add_constant(df3['Salary'])
4 model=sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
5 model.summary()
```



```
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/numpy/core/fromnumeric.py:2495: FutureWarning: Method .
return ptp(axis=axis, out=out, **kwargs)
```

OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	hit	R-squared:	0.266			
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.239			
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	10.13			
Date:	Thu, 21 Nov 2019	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00355			
Time:	05:49:04	Log-Likelihood:	69.329			
No. Observations:	30	AIC:	-134.7			
Df Residuals:	28	BIC:	-131.9			
Df Model:	1					
Covariance Type: nonrobust						
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.2544	0.007	35.765	0.000	0.240	0.269
Salary	2.823e-05	8.87e-06	3.183	0.004	1.01e-05	4.64e-05
Omnibus:	3.187	Durbin-Watson:	2.282			
Prob(Omnibus):	0.203	Jarque-Bera (JB):	1.998			
Skew:	0.610	Prob(JB):	0.368			
Kurtosis:	3.334	Cond. No.	1.26e+03			

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

[2] The condition number is large, 1.26e+03. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.

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1루는 20%

3루는 26%

영향을 받으므로 3루이다

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영향을 받으므로 3루이다

교수님 사랑합니다.❤️

