CSDS 440: Assignment 8

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Due and submitted on 10/30/2020 Fall 2020, Dr. Ray

Problem 36

Known that the 95% CI are $[x_B, y_B]$ and $[x_N, y_N]$ respectively for two datasets, we may deduce the error rates to be $e_B = \frac{x_B + y_B}{2}$ and $e_N = \frac{x_N + y_N}{2}$ for their respective dataset.

Assume Prof. Bob's dataset has n_B examples and Prof. Nan has n_N examples, Prof. Scoop may simply derive his version of error rate to be a combination of the both, which is $e_S = \frac{n_B e_B + n_N e_N}{n_B + n_N}$. This implies $n_S = n_B + n_N$, we may get this n_S (and also n_B, n_N) by doing:

$$x_B = e_B - 2\sigma_B$$

$$2\sqrt{\frac{e_B(1 - e_B)}{n_B}} = e_B - x_B$$

$$\frac{4e_B(1 - e_B)}{n_B} = (e_B - x_B)^2$$

$$\implies n_B = \frac{4e_B(1 - e_B)}{(e_B - x_B)^2}$$

By doing the same calculation for n_N we have:

$$n_N = \frac{4e_N(1 - e_N)}{(e_N - x_N)^2}$$

$$\implies n_S = \frac{4e_B(1 - e_B)}{(e_B - x_B)^2} + \frac{4e_N(1 - e_N)}{(e_N - x_N)^2}$$

Since e_B, n_B, e_N, n_N, n_S are now all known, we can calculate e_S accordingly. Now, assume Prof. Scoop will land with a 95% CI of $[x_S, y_S]$, then there must be:

$$x_S = e_S - 2\sigma_S$$

$$= e_S - 2\sqrt{\frac{e_S(1 - e_S)}{n_S}}$$

$$y_S = e_S + 2\sigma_S$$

$$= e_S + 2\sqrt{\frac{e_S(1 - e_S)}{n_S}}$$

The above two equations suggest we may derive x_S and y_S with just e_S and n_S , which are two known value to us and also to Prof. Scoop. So Prof. Scoop – while not doing any experiment – may derive his 95% CI base on Prof. Bob and Prof. Nan's results at the cost of his academic integrity.