MATH 307: Individual Homework 5

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Problem 1

See HW instruction.

(a)

We know the purposed set is linearly independent as each of element of the set has a different power of x, and we can't raise or lower the power of x with scalar multiplications.

However the purposed set is not a spanning set of P^4 as we cannot represent x^4 .

We may confirm this answer knowing that P^4 admits a finite basis of 5 vectors along the line of $\{x^0, x, x^2, x^3, x^4\}$; the purposed set only has 4 vectors and is therefore not a basis for P^4 .

(b)

Again, we know the purposed set is linearly independent as each of element of the set has a different (highest) power of x. It is also a spanning set as we have:

$$1 = 1$$

$$x = (1+x) - 1$$

$$x^{2} = (1+x+x^{2}) - (1+x)$$

$$x^{3} = (x^{2}+x^{3}) - x^{2}$$

$$x^{4} = -(x^{3}-x^{4}) + x^{3}$$

Then $\forall p \in P^4 = a + bx + cx^2 + dx^3 + ex^4$ we simply times $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}$ to each of the above listed element respectively we may have a representation of p.

We may confirm this answer knowing that P^4 admits a finite basis of 5 vectors; as 5 linearly independent vectors are provided in the purposed set it is a basis of P^4

(c)

Again, we know the purposed set is linearly independent as each of element of the set has a different (highest) power of x. It is also a spanning set as we have:

$$1 = -(-1)$$

$$x = x$$

$$x^{2} = -(-x^{2})$$

$$x^{3} = x^{3}$$

$$x^{4} = -(-x^{4})$$

Then $\forall p \in P^4 = a + bx + cx^2 + dx^3 + ex^4$ we simply times $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}$ to each of the above listed element respectively we may have a representation of p.

We may confirm this answer knowing that P^4 admits a finite basis of 5 vectors; as 5 linearly independent vectors are provided in the purposed set it is a basis of P^4 .

(d)

The purposed set is not linearly independent as we may have:

$$x^{2} - 5 = (x^{2} - x) + (x + 10) - 3(5)$$

and it is therefor also not a basis for P^4 .

We may confirm this answer knowing that P^4 admits a finite basis of 5 vectors along the line of $\{x^0, x, x^2, x^3, x^4\}$; the purposed set only has 6 vectors and is therefore not a basis for P^4 .

Problem 2

Textbook page 40, problem 6.

No. Assume we have the basis of R^4 being $\{v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4\}$ since knowing its dimension; and the supposely the 5 linearly independent vectors are $\{w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4, w_5\}$. By the EXCHANGE THEROME we know that we may swap a $v \in \{v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4\}$ with a $w \in \{w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4, w_5\}$ by doing the following four times (example showed for swapping v_1 for w_1):

$$w_1 = a_1v_1 + a_2v_2 + a_3v_3 + a_4v_4$$
Assume $a_1 \neq 0$

$$v_1 = a_1^{-1}(w_1 - a_2v_2 - a_3v_3 - a_4v_4)$$

$$v_1 \in span(w_1, v_2, v_3, v_4)$$

Then we got $\{w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4\}$ to be a span of \mathbb{R}^4 and w_5 , as it is also $\in \mathbb{R}^4$, must be linearly dependent to $\{w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4\}$.

Problem 3

Textbook page 40, problem 7.

Yes. as \mathbb{R}^6 has a dimension of 6, it must has a 6-vector basis where any 5 of them will be linearly independent. A simple example will be:

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\1\\0\\0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0\\1\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0\\1\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\0\\0\\1\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

Problem 4

 $See\ HW\ instruction.$

The dimension of $\mathbb{C}^{3\times 2}$ is 6 as it will need a 6-vector basis: $e_{11}, e_{12}, e_{21}, ..., e_{32}$ so for any a+bi on any of the ij-th index, we may represent it with $a\cdot e_{ij}+bi\cdot e_{ij}$. The proposed set is not a basis of $\mathbb{C}^{3\times 2}$ because the last element $e_{32}-e_{11}$ is not linearly

The proposed set is not a basis of $\mathbb{C}^{3\times 2}$ because the last element $e_{32}-e_{11}$ is not linearly independent to the others while e_{32} and e_{11} are individually included in such set. Also basis of a vector space is an invariant equals to the vector space's dimension – in this case it should be 6 – but the proposed set got 7 vectors.