MATH 307: Individual Homework 9

Shaochen (Henry) ZHONG, sxz517@case.edu

Due and submitted on 03/08/2021 Spring 2021, Dr. Guo

Problem 1

See HW instruction.

Known that $\langle u, v \rangle = \sum_{i=1}^{3} u_i \overline{v_i}$ for $u, v \in \mathbb{C}^3$. We have the induced norm to be:

$$||u|| = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{3} u_i \overline{u_i}}$$
$$= \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{3} |u_i|^2} = ||u||_2$$

And we have the norm of $u = \begin{bmatrix} 1+i\\2i\\3+i \end{bmatrix}$ being:

$$||u||_2 = \left(\sum_{i=1}^3 |u_i|^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^3 |u_i|^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(1^2 + 1^2) + (2^2) + (3^2 + 1^2)} = \sqrt{2 + 4 + 10}$$

$$= \sqrt{16} = 4$$

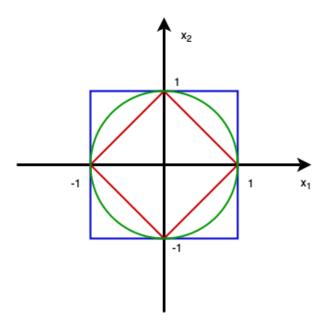
For the distance between given u, v, we have:

$$d(u,v) = ||u - v|| = \left\| \begin{bmatrix} i \\ -3 + 3i \\ 3 + 2i \end{bmatrix} \right\|$$
$$= \sqrt{1^2 + ((-3)^2 + 3^2) + (3^2 + 2^2)}$$
$$= \sqrt{1 + 18 + 13} = \sqrt{32} = 4\sqrt{2}$$

Problem 2

See HW instruction.

Since $x \in \mathbb{R}^2$ we have $x = [x_1, x_2]$ for $x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{R}$.



Plots of 1-, 2-, and ∞ -norm unit balls in \mathbb{R}^2

- 1-norm: $|x_1| + |x_2| = 1$. Thus, we have all the points on the red diamond to be the unit ball of 1-norm.
- 2-norm: $\sqrt{|x_1|^2 + |x_2|^2} = 1 = |x_1|^2 + |x_2|^2$. Thus, we have all the points on the green circle to be the unit ball of 2-norm.
- ∞ -norm: $\max(x_1, x_2) = 1$. Thus, we have all the points on the blue square to be the unit ball of ∞ -norm.

For $x \in \mathbb{R}^2$ where $||x||_1 = ||x||_2 = ||x||_{\infty} = 1$, we must look at the intersections of the red, green, and blue plots – which are $\{(1,0),(0,-1),(-1,0),(0,1)\}$.