

# MATH 307

## Individual Homework 10

Instructions: Read textbook pages 51 to 54 before working on the homework problems. Show all steps to get full credits.

1. Problem 6 on page 56.
2. Let  $V$  be the vector space of all real coefficient polynomials over the interval  $[0, 1]$ , define an inner product  $\langle f, g \rangle = \int_0^1 f(x)g(x)dx$  for  $f, g \in V$ . Prove that  $1, x, x^2$  are linearly independent in  $V$  but not orthogonal.
3. Given the vectors

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, v_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix},$$

find the projection of  $v_1, v_2$  along  $v_3$  respectively, and then use them to find the projection of  $2v_1 + v_2$  along  $v_3$ .

4. Let  $V$  be the vector space of all real coefficient polynomials over  $[0, 1]$  with degree no more than 1. One can prove that  $1, x$  over  $[0, 1]$  form a basis of  $V$ . Let  $p, q \in V$ , define an inner product  $\langle p, q \rangle = \int_0^1 p(x)q(x)dx$ . Use Gram-Schmidt to find an orthonormal basis for  $V$ .