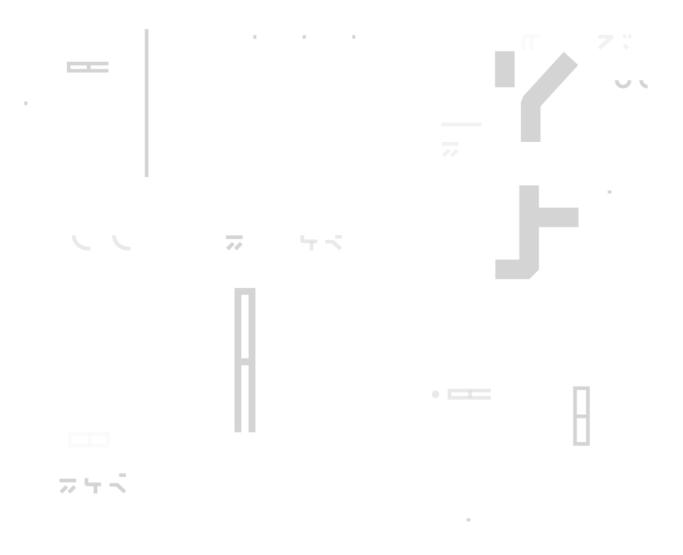


SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT



Customer: Marvelous Nfts
Date: January 17th, 2022



This document may contain confidential information about IT systems and the intellectual property of the Customer as well as information about potential vulnerabilities and methods of their exploitation.

The report containing confidential information can be used internally by the Customer, or it can be disclosed publicly after all vulnerabilities are fixed — upon a decision of the Customer.

Document

| Name | Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report for Marvelous Nfts . | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Approved by | Andrew Matiukhin CTO Hacken OU | | |
| Туре | ERC20 tokens; Crowdsale; Cross-chain exchange | | |
| Platform | Ethereum / Solidity | | |
| Methods | Architecture Review, Functional Testing, Computer-Aided Verification, Manual Review | | |
| Repository | <pre>https://github.com/Ded11y/Crowdsale https://github.com/Ded11y/MarvelousNFT</pre> | | |
| Commit | c247db0df47b0cc54f5162277269d7dc586d1153 3e5b55bcc49cb01ccee45bf4fdd6420ad969a7d0 | | |
| Technical Documentation | YES | | |
| JS tests | NO | | |
| Website | http://marvelousnfts.com | | |
| Timeline | 23 DECEMBER 2021 - 17 JANUARY 2022 | | |
| Changelog | 06 JANUARY 2022 - INITIAL AUDIT 17 JANUARY 2022 - SECOND REVIEW | | |

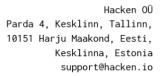




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Introduction

Hacken $O\ddot{U}$ (Consultant) was contracted by Marvelous Nfts (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. This report presents the findings of the security assessment of the Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted between December 23^{rd} , 2021 - January 17^{th} , 2022.

Scope

```
The scope of the project is smart contracts in the repository:
Repository:
      https://github.com/Ded11y/Crowdsale
      https://github.com/Ded11y/MarvelousNFT
Commit:
      c247db0df47b0cc54f5162277269d7dc586d1153
      3e5b55bcc49cb01ccee45bf4fdd6420ad969a7d0
Technical Documentation: Yes, https://marvelousnfts.com/white-paper
JS tests: No
Contracts:
      AccessControlMixin.sol
      AccessRights.sol
      BadDaysCrowdsale.sol
      BadDaysLockedFunds.sol
      CappedCrowdsale.sol
      ContextMixin.sol
      Crowdsale.sol
      EIP712Base.sol
      MarvelousFUSE.sol
      MarvelousFUSE_Polygon.sol
      MarvelousNFT.sol
      MarvelousNFT_Polygon.sol
      MaticWETH.sol
      NativeMetaTransaction.sol
      TimedCrowdsale.sol
      WETH.sol
```



We have scanned this smart contract for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that are considered:

| Category | Check Item |
|-------------------|---|
| Code review | Reentrancy |
| | Ownership Takeover |
| | Timestamp Dependence |
| | Gas Limit and Loops |
| | DoS with (Unexpected) Throw |
| | DoS with Block Gas Limit |
| | Transaction-Ordering Dependence |
| | Style guide violation |
| | Costly Loop |
| | ERC20 API violation |
| | Unchecked external call |
| | Unchecked math |
| | Unsafe type inference |
| | Implicit visibility level |
| | Deployment Consistency |
| | Repository Consistency |
| | Data Consistency |
| Functional review | Business Logics Review |
| | Functionality Checks |
| | Access Control & Authorization |
| | Escrow manipulation |
| | Token Supply manipulation |
| | Assets integrity |
| | User Balances manipulation |
| | Data Consistency manipulation |
| | Kill-Switch Mechanism |
| | Operation Trails & Event Generation |

Executive Summary

According to the assessment, the Customer's smart contracts are secured.

| Insecure | Poor secured | Secured | Well-secured |
|----------|--------------|---------|--------------|
| | You are her | e1 | |

Our team performed an analysis of code functionality, manual audit, and automated checks with Mythril and Slither. All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed, and important vulnerabilities

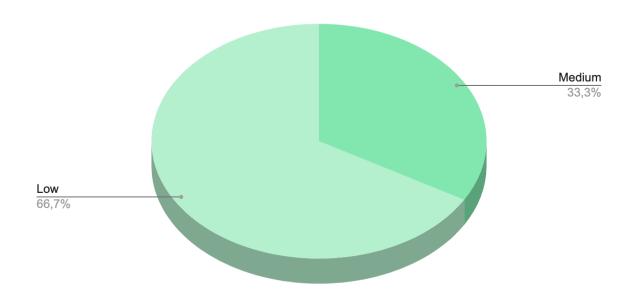


are presented in the Audit overview section. All found issues can be found in the Audit overview section.

As a result of the audit, security engineers found ${\bf 1}$ medium and ${\bf 3}$ low severity issues.

After the second review security engineers found ${\bf 1}$ medium and ${\bf 2}$ low severity issues.

Graph 1. The distribution of vulnerabilities after the audit.





Severity Definitions

| Risk Level | Description | |
|------------|---|--|
| Critical | Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to assets loss or data manipulations. | |
| High | High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g., public access to crucial functions | |
| Medium | Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to assets loss or data manipulations. | |
| Low | Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused, etc. code snippets that can't have a significant impact on execution | |



Audit overview

EXECUTE Critical

No critical issues were found.

High

No high severity issues were found.

■ Medium

1. No tests were provided.

It's recommended to cover all non-trivial contracts with tests.

The recommended coverage is minimum 95% for branches, while it should be definitely 100% for the main logic contracts.

Low

1. Tautology or contradiction

Contracts: MarvelousNFT.sol, MarvelousNFT_Polygon.sol

Functions: updateBurnRate

Recommendation: remove tautological comparison _newRate >= 0

Status: fixed

2. A public function that could be declared external.

public functions that are never called by the contract should be declared external to save gas.

Contracts: NativeMetaTransaction.sol, BadDaysCrowdsale.sol,
BadDaysLockedFunds.sol

Functions: isWhitelisted, getNonce, executeMetaTransaction, buyTokens, getDistributionMonth

Recommendation: Use the **external** attribute for functions never called from the contract.

3. State variables that could be declared constant

Constant state variables should be declared constant to save gas.

Contracts: BadDaysLockedFunds.sol

Variables: name, oneMonth

Recommendation: Add the constant attributes to state variables that

never change.



Conclusion

Smart contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static analysis tools.

The audit report contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.

As a result of the audit, security engineers found ${\bf 1}$ medium and ${\bf 3}$ low severity issues.

After the second review security engineers found ${\bf 1}$ medium and ${\bf 2}$ low severity issues.



Disclaimers

Hacken Disclaimer

The smart contracts given for audit have been analyzed in accordance with the best industry practices at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment, and functionality (performing the intended functions).

The audit makes no statements or warranties on the security of the code. It also cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bug-free status, or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only — we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure the security of smart contracts.

Technical Disclaimer

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on a blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contracts.