isc enge CSE I" Semester

19 March 2018 (Afternoon)

INLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT) ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC) Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)

NO SEMESTER EXAMINATION

WINTER SEMESTER, 2017-2018

IME: | Hour 30 Minutes

FULL MARKS: 75

PHY 4141: Physics I

programmable calculators are not allowed. Do not write anything on the question paper.

There are 4 (four) questions. Answer any 3 (three) of them.

Figures in the right margin indicate marks.

rightes in the right margin indicate marks.		
a) b) c)	Discuss charge and matter in electrostatics. With the help of a suitable example show that electric charge is quantized. Distinguish electric flux and magnetic flux. Derive Coulombs law from Gauss's law. Protons in the cosmic rays strike the earth's upper atmosphere at a rate, averaged over the earth's surface, of 0.15 protons/cm²-sec. What total current does the earth receive from beyond its atmosphere in the form of incident cosmic ray protons? (Earth's radius=6.4 x 106 meters).	7 10 8
1)	What is an electric dipole ? Draw the electric field lines and the equipotential lines for an	7
b)	electric dipole. An infinite long line charge has a linear charge density λ coul/m. Show that the electric field	10
e)	E at distance y from the line charge is given by $E = \frac{\lambda}{2\pi\epsilon_0 y}$, where the symbols have their usual meaning. (Do not use Gauss's law). Write down the corresponding equation for the magnetic field B produced due to a current i flowing through a wire. An electric dipole consists of two opposite charges of magnitude $q = 1.0 \times 10^{-6}$ coul. separated by $d = 2.0$ cm. The dipole is placed in an external field of 1.0×10^{5} nt/coul. (i) separated the maximum torque exerted by the field on the dipole (ii) How much work must an external agent do to turn the dipole end for end from a position $\theta = 180^{\circ}$ to $\theta = 0$?	8
a)	Discuss Gauss's law and Coulomb's law in electrostatics. Show with an example that an	7
b)	Conductor. Describe with a clear circuit diagram the phenomenon of Einstein's Photo-electric effect.	10
c)	Discuss photocurrent, stopping potential, mm in diameter. The wavelength of the light is 532. A laser gun produces a beam of light 2.0 mm in diameter. The wavelength of the light is 532. A laser gun produces a beam of light 2.0 mm in diameter. The wavelength of the light is 532.	8
	combar of photons emitted by the gardin	7
	Write down the postulates of Special theory of relativity. What are inertial and non-inertial	10
b	frames of reference? Perive Lorentz Transformation equations. Also write down the inverse transformation	
	equations. Give a geometrical description of Michelson-Morley's experiment. Discuss how the fringe shift in this experiment is related to the existence of Ether pervading the Universe?	8