

**ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT)**  
**ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC)**

**Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)**

**MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION**

**WINTER SEMESTER, 2019-2020**

**DURATION: 1 Hour 30 Minutes**

**FULL MARKS: 75**

**Phy 4141: Physics I**

**Programmable calculators are not allowed. Do not write anything on the question paper.**

There are **4 (four)** questions. Answer any **3 (three)** of them including **Question no 4**.

Figures in the right margin indicate marks.

**Use single answer script**

1. a) State and explain Coulomb's law in electrostatics. With the help of an example show that electric charge is conserved. 7
- b) State Gauss's law in electrostatics. Write down Gauss's law for electricity, magnetism and the gravitation. A hypothetical cylinder of radius  $R$  is immersed in a uniform electric field  $E$ , the cylinder axis being parallel to the field. Show that the electric flux  $\phi_E$  for this closed surface is zero. 10
- c) The distance  $r$  between the electron and proton in hydrogen atom is about  $5.3 \times 10^{-11}$  meter. Calculate the magnitude of electrical force and the gravitational force between these two particles. ( $G = 6.7 \times 10^{-11} \text{ nt-m}^2/\text{kg}^2$ ,  $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ coul}^2/\text{nt-m}^2$ ) 8
2. a) Define electric field  $E$ . Obtain an expression for the electric field  $E$  at a distance  $y$  from an infinitely long line charge of linear charge density  $\lambda$ . 7
- b) What is an electric dipole and the dipole moment? Find the electric field  $E$  due to a dipole at a distance  $r$  along the perpendicular bisector of the dipole. Plot  $E$  for a point charge and a dipole as function of  $r$  with  $E$  being on the Y-axis and  $r$  along the X-axis. 10
- c) Calculate the magnitude of the electric field strength  $E$  such that an electron placed in the field, would experience an electric force equal to its weight? 8
3. a) Define electric potential  $V$ . How is  $V$  related to the electric field  $E$ ? What is an equipotential surface? Draw equipotential surfaces for a point charge and an electric dipole. 7
- b) Show that potential due to a point charge is given by  $V = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r}$  where the symbols have their usual meaning. 10
- c) Calculate the electric potential at the surface of a gold nucleus. The radius of gold nucleus is  $6.6 \times 10^{-15}$  meter and the atomic number of gold  $Z = 79$ . 8
- [Mandatory]**
4. a) What is Fresnel biprism? How did Fresnel construct a biprism in order to study interference of light? 7
- b) Give a diagram showing clearly how coherent sources are produced in a biprism. How is the separation between such coherent sources measured in the experiment with biprism. Explain how you determined the wave length of light using biprism experiment. 10
- c) In a biprism experiment the eyepiece is placed at a distance of 1.2 m from the source. The distance between the virtual sources was found to be  $7.5 \times 10^{-4}$  m. Find the wavelength of light, if the eyepiece is to be moved transversely through a distance of 1.89 cm for 20 fringes. 8