

CERN-TE-EPC

Power Converter Group Activities Overview



CERN

The worldwide biggest physics laboratory





CERN Core Activity

Spying matter using:

Accelerators

Powerful machines accelerating particles to very high energies

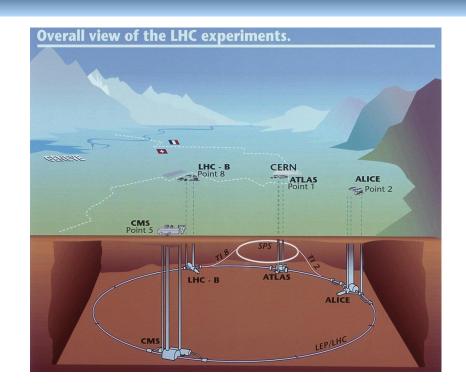
Detectors Record particle collisions

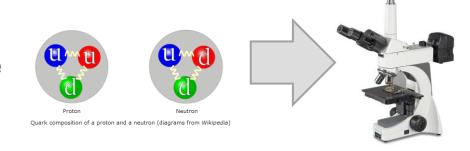
Computer

Analyze enormous quantities of data generated by detectors

Simplified view

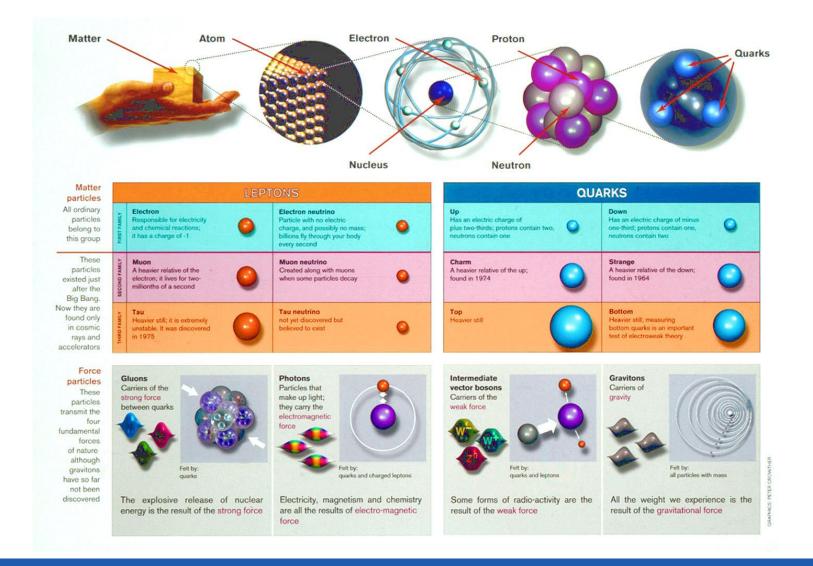
A powerful microscope capable to look inside matter (nucleus)







Standard Model





CERN & High Energy Physics

LHC: a powerful machine?

1 particle of 1 TeV ⇔ 0.1 µJ energy





5E14 particles of 7 TeV \(\Limits \) LHC Beam

particle





Accelerator Principles

INJECTION

Accelerating Particles
 Radiofrequency Cavity

 Keep control of their trajectory
 Bending Magnets

 Produce a compact beam
 Focusing Magnets

COLLISIONS



LHC, A huge machine...

...Playing with tiny particules LHC 2008 (27 km) North Area ALICE LHCb TT41 TT40 SPS 1976 (7 km) TI8 neutrinos TT10 ATLAS CNUS 2006 Gran Sasso TT60 AD TT2 BOOSTER ISOLDE East Area n-Tof-1959 (628 m) LINACZ neutrons Leir LINAC 3 2005 (78 m) ▶ p (proton) ▶ ion ▶ neutrons ▶ p̄ (antiproton) →+→ proton/antiproton conversion → neutrinos LHC Large Hadron Collider SPS Super Proton Synchrotron PS Proton Synchrotron AD Antiproton Decelerator CTF-3 Clic Test Facility CNCS Cern Neutrinos to Gran Sasso ISOLDE Isotope Separator OnLine Device LEIR Low Energy Ion Ring LINAC LINear ACcelerator n-Tof Neutrons Time Of Flight



ACCELERATOR LHC Overview

LHC a 27km Tunnel at 100m below ground level





Thousands of equipments installed underground







Particle Detector & Experiments

Principle

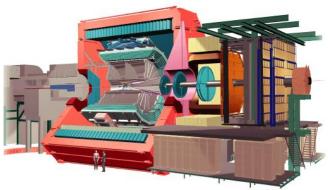
Based on interaction between Particles and Matter

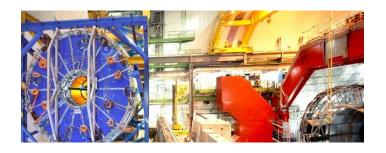
Goal

- Identification of particle type
- Measurement of their energy

Using

- Bubble Chamber, Wire Chamber Spark Chamber
- Scintillators
- semi-conductors...

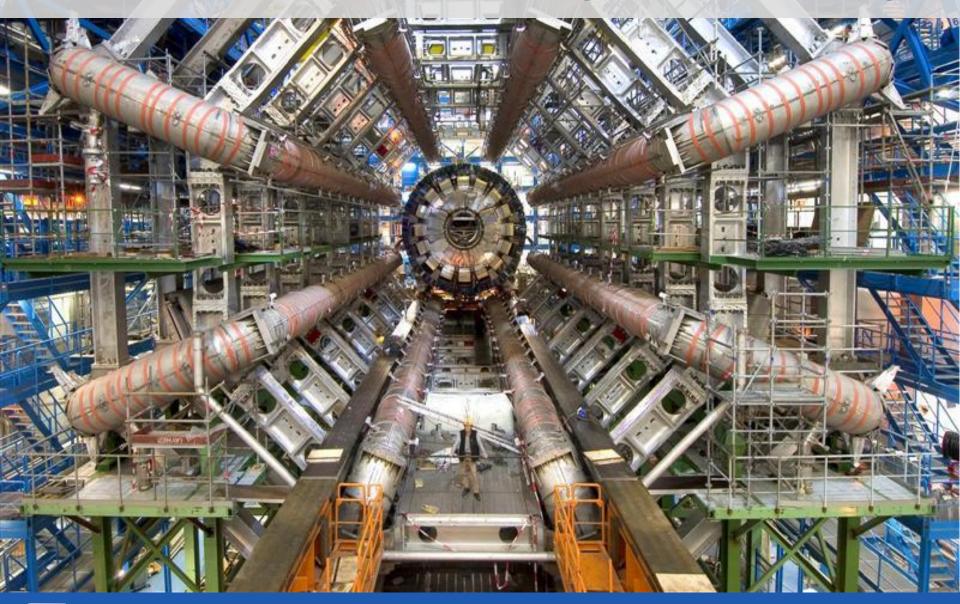






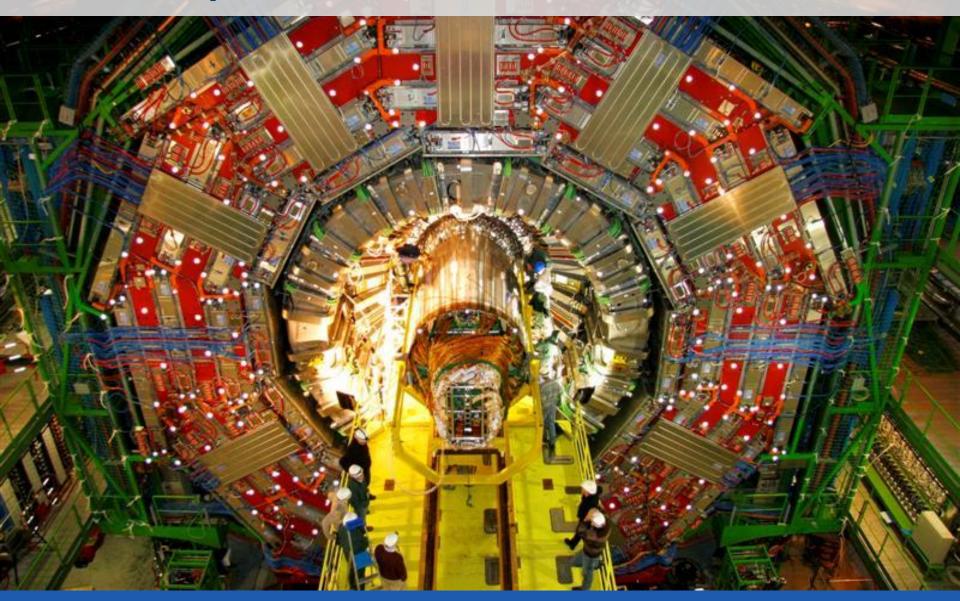


LHC EXPERIMENTS: ATLAS, as big as 5 floors building





CMS Experience: heavier than the Eiffel Tower





ALICE Experience: The ultrasensitive eye





LHCb Experience: the asymmetrical





CERN: People Working Together

Who Works At CERN

CERN employs approx. 2500 people physicists, engineers, technicians administrators, secretaries, etc.

Some 10,000 visiting scientists come to CERN for their research

representing 570 universities and over 60 nationalities

Students' first experience of an international laboratory 210 technical and doctoral students 150 summer students



Work Environment

A unique work environment

- Forefront of technology and physics
- Multicultural and multidisciplinary teams
- Supervision by experts in their technical domain
- A dynamic environment with training opportunities
- An opportunity to make valuable & long-lasting contacts from all over Europe
- A bi-lingual organization (English and French)

Technology at CERN

- Computing/IT
- Vacuum & cryogenics
- Electronics
- Electricity
- Magnets
- Mechanics
- Material Science
- Radiofrequency
- Control Systems





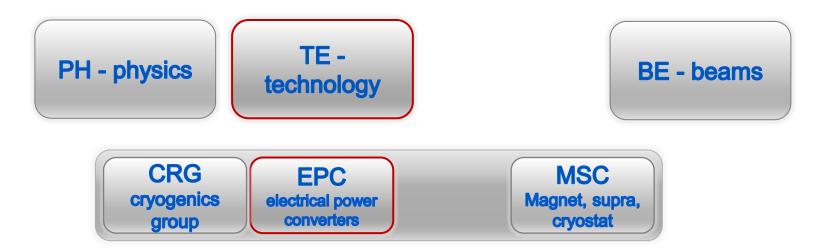
Electrical Power Converter





TE-EPC Place In the organization

EPC inside TE (Technology Department)



- EPC Group is divided in 7 small (10 people) sections
- 5 sections dedicated to Power Converter Design
 + 1 in charge of the high precision control
- A lot of Technical Staff working on the same domain, but on different scale (Watts to Megawatts)

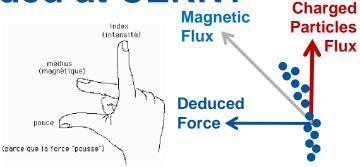


TE-EPC Mandate

Why a TE-EPC Group is needed at CERN?

All our accelerators are using magnetic field to curve and control beam trajectory, following the well known rule (Règle des 3 doigts)

Each magnet current is controlled with a Current Source Converter to allow a full control of the particles trajectory



Circuit Description

I.Magnet = 600A

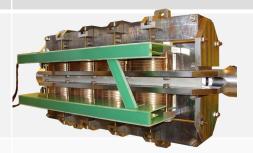
This magnet is used for actually "watch" on screen the LHC beam, using Wiggler magnet type.

I.Magnet = [60A..120A]

This magnet is used to control LHC Beam Orbit.

(Each LHC Beam must be stabilized in a 5cm beampipe on 27km, centered as much as possible)

Magnet





Converter associated







TE-EPC In figures

- A young group (40 yr average) of 70 people
- > 3000 Power Converters in operation
- From watts to MegaWatts
- Design & Operate converters







TE-EPC: Skills we look for

Needs for TE-EPC ?

- Higher Technical Diploma in electricity, electronics or equivalent
- Young or experienced electronic technician
- Measurement and develop skills in electrical domains
- Ability to work in a large environment, which implies to work in several sites, or offices or laboratories in CERN complex
- Ability to take responsibilities on working equipments in operation
- Good level of English is valuable (or undertaking to acquire it rapidly)
- People who want to participate to the operation of the LHC and other systems in a stand-by Service / Piquet (outside of normal CERN working hours, including we, nights, and public holidays)
- Autonomy is a must when working at CERN

A lot of internal trainings available to develop your skills

- Design orientated Softwares: Labview, Schematic editor, simulators, Autocad...
- Electromagnetic Compatibility courses, VHDL design...
- Communication courses...



Manpower: TE-EPC & Missions

TE-EPC Typical technician missions

- Power Converter operation, maintenance design, upgrade
- Participate to consolidation programs
- Piquet Operation (LHC)
- Card tester Design
- Visit te-epc-lpc website
 te-epc-lpc google search







Example: Technician At CERN?

In which day to day environment?

Computing in Office

- Email, Report, Meeting
- Remote Control and diagnose
- Schematic & Design
- Project Follow-Up
- Documentation, Note d'Operation, how to, guide...



Test & development in Power Test Hall

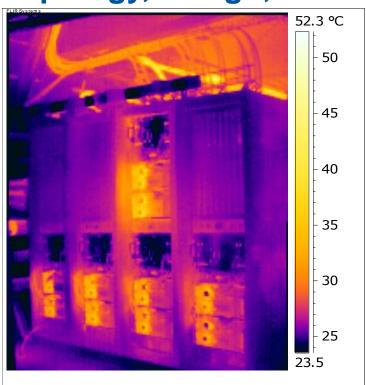




Domain of Competence

Multi-Discipline

 Thermal, EMC, Control, Power Electro-mechanical, Magnetic Topology, design, Reliability...







Our daily Job (1/3)

Reception Tests

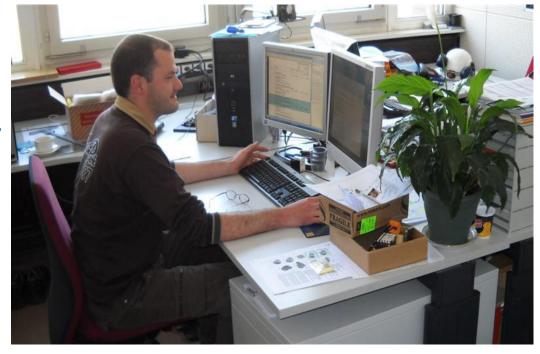
Contract follow-up, Technical Specification

Support to operation

Fault finding

Electronic Design

- Elaboration of a Cahier des Charges
- Looking for adequate topology
- Designing it

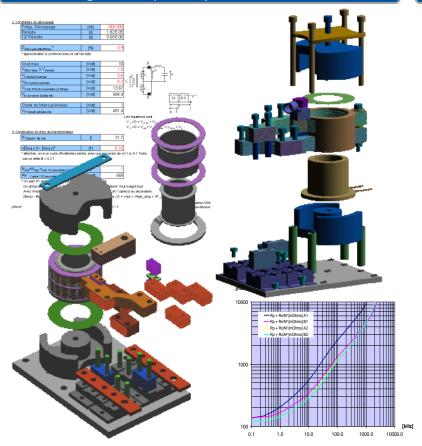




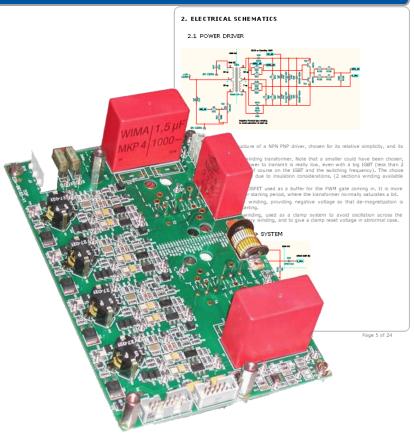
Our daily Job (2/3)

Pure Electronic Design

High Frequency Transformer



Phase Shifted Inverter Card





Our daily Job (3/3)

- Power Converter Design
 - From schematics to hardware
 - Usually very specific needs
 - 4 Quadrant Power converter
 - High frequencies control loop
 - Ultra low noise
 - Up to several hundreds units, following production
 - Reliability and lifetime concern
 - Maintenance, repair, remote diagnosis from any place in the world





TE-EPC: People Missions

Typical missions for TE-EPC Staff?

Design

New project or consolidation programs are always an opportunity to design new Power Converters, new Concepts to better match with accelerator machine needs

Operation

A large part of technical people from group TE-EPC joins Stand-by Service and is then operating on various equipment to allow a high availability of accelerator machine.

Equipment Responsible

Each technical people in TE-EPC is responsible of some equipments, and has to ensure the viability of the equipment: documentation up to date, consolidation program, repair, spare parts...

Tests

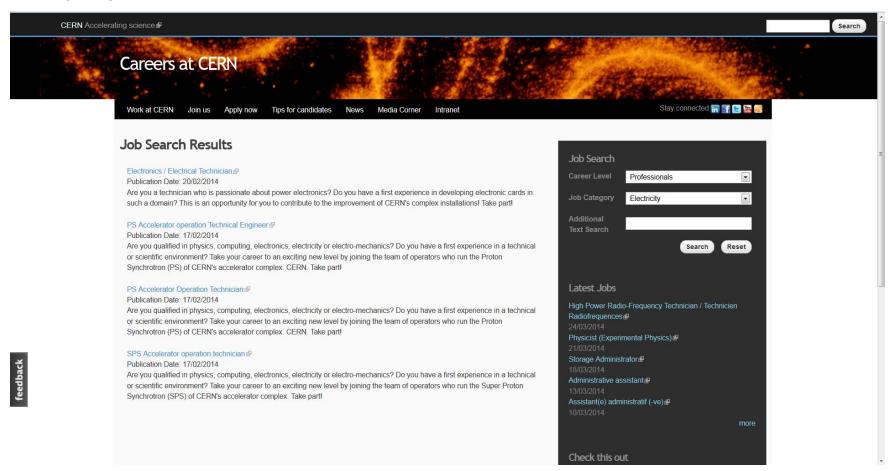
A lot of tests are always susceptible to be conducted: design phase or Operation phase, when trying to better understand issues.



What Next: How to apply?

Interested? How to apply to a post?

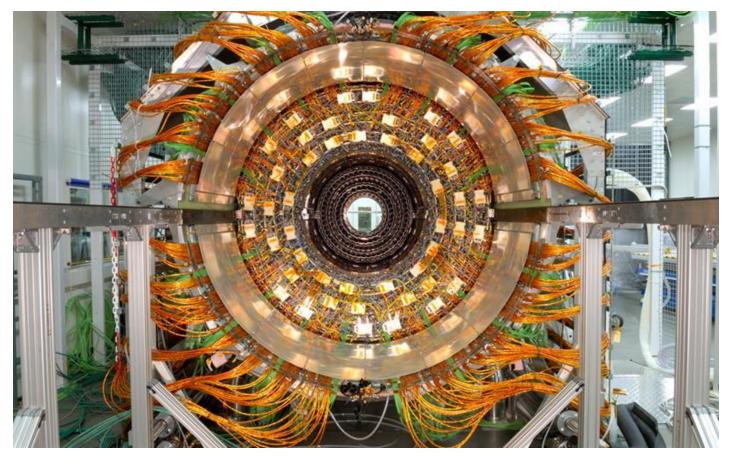
http://jobs.web.cern.ch/ (Professionals > Electricity)





Conclusion

Thank you for your attention
Anything you want to know? Please Ask



See you at CERN www.cern.ch

