



2016-1
컴퓨터그래픽스
설계과제

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1. 물체 변환&표현

- 1) `Object::draw`
- 2) `earth`
- 3) `bumblebee` & `bumblebeeCar`
- 4) `Ironhide` & `IronhideCar`
- 5) `Mirage` & `MirageCar`
- 6) `Optimus` & `OptimusCar`
- 7) `Soundwave` & `SoundwaveCar`

2. 네비게이션

- 1) 키보드
- 2) 충돌 감지

3. 배경

4. 마우스

1 물체 변환&표현 (*Object::draw*)

- 셰이더변수에 각각 오브젝트의 버텍스정보를 전달함

```
void Object::draw( int loc_a_vertex, int loc_a_normal, int loc_a_texcoord)
{
    for (size_t i=0; i<m_groups.size(); ++i)
    {
        Group& group = m_groups[i];

        glVertexAttribPointer(loc_a_texcoord, 2, GL_FLOAT, false, 0, group.m_texcoords.data());
        glEnableVertexAttribArray( loc_a_texcoord);

        glVertexAttribPointer(loc_a_normal, 3, GL_FLOAT, false, 0, group.m_normals.data());
        glEnableVertexAttribArray( loc_a_normal );

        glVertexAttribPointer(loc_a_vertex, 3, GL_FLOAT, false, 0, group.m_vertices.data());
        glEnableVertexAttribArray( loc_a_vertex);
        glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, 0, group.m_vertices.size());

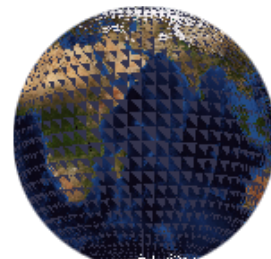
        glDisableVertexAttribArray( loc_a_normal );
        glDisableVertexAttribArray( loc_a_vertex);
        glDisableVertexAttribArray( loc_a_texcoord);
    }
}
```

1 물체 변환&표현(earth)

```
//draw earth
glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0);
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, tex1_earth);
glUniform1i(loc_u_texid, 0);

mat_Model = glm::mat4(1.0);
TRS mat_Model *= glm::translate(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(-5.0, 10.0, 3.8));
R mat_Model *= glm::rotate(earth_rotate_degree, glm::vec3(0, 1, 0));
S mat_Model *= glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(0.01f));

mat_PVM = mat_Proj*mat_View*mat_Model;
mat_MV = mat_View*mat_Model;
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_mv_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_MV));
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_u_pvm_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_PVM));
glUniformMatrix3fv(loc_normal_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(glm::transpose(glm::inverse(glm::mat3(mat_MV)))));
g_earth.draw(loc_a_vertex, loc_a_normal, loc_a_texcoord);
```



▲부분캡처

$R(R(Sp)) = TRSx$

1 물체 변환&표현 (bumblebee & bumblebeeCar)

```
//draw BumbleBee
```

```
glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0);  
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, tex2_Bumblebee);  
glUniform1i(loc_u_texid, 0);
```

```
mat_Model = glm::mat4(1.0);
```

T mat_Model *= glm::translate(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(10.0, 0.0, 10.0));

R mat_Model *= glm::rotate(-PI/2, glm::vec3(1, 0, 0));

```
mat_Model *= glm::rotate(PI/2, glm::vec3(0, 0, -1));
```

```
mat_Model *= glm::rotate(PI/4, glm::vec3(0, 0, -1));
```

S mat_Model *= glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(0.01f));

```
mat_PVM = mat_Proj*mat_View*mat_Model;
```

```
mat_MV = mat_View*mat_Model;
```

```
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_mv_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_MV));
```

```
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_u_pvm_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_PVM));
```

```
glUniformMatrix3fv(loc_normal_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(glm::transpose(glm::inverse(glm::mat3(mat_MV)))));
```

```
g_BumbleBee.draw(loc_a_vertex, loc_a_normal, loc_a_texcoord);
```

```
//draw BumbleBeeCar
```

```
glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0);
```

```
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, tex1_Bumblebee);
```

```
glUniform1i(loc_u_texid, 0);
```

```
mat_Model = glm::mat4(1.0);
```

T mat_Model *= glm::translate(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(6.5, 0.0, 9.0));

R mat_Model *= glm::rotate(-PI/2, glm::vec3(1, 0, 0));

```
mat_Model *= glm::rotate(PI/2, glm::vec3(0, 0, -1));
```

```
mat_Model *= glm::rotate(PI/4, glm::vec3(0, 0, -1));
```

S mat_Model *= glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(0.01f));

```
mat_PVM = mat_Proj*mat_View*mat_Model;
```

```
mat_MV = mat_View*mat_Model;
```

```
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_mv_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_MV));
```

```
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_u_pvm_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_PVM));
```

```
glUniformMatrix3fv(loc_normal_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(glm::transpose(glm::inverse(glm::mat3(mat_MV)))));
```

```
g_BumbleBee1.draw(loc_a_vertex, loc_a_normal, loc_a_texcoord);
```



▲부분캡처

$R(R(Sp)) = TRS_x$

1 물체 변환&표현 (Ironhide & IronhideCar)

```
//draw Ironhide
```

```
glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0);  
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, tex1_IronHide);  
glUniform1i(loc_u_texid, 0);
```

```
T mat_Model = glm::mat4(1.0);  
R mat_Model *= glm::translate(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(-15.0, 0.0, 0.0));  
S mat_Model *= glm::rotate(-PI/2, glm::vec3(1, 0, 0));  
mat_Model *= glm::rotate(PI/6, glm::vec3(0, 0, -1));  
S mat_Model *= glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(0.01f));
```

```
mat_PVM = mat_Proj*mat_View*mat_Model;  
mat_MV = mat_View*mat_Model;  
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_mv_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_MV));  
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_u_pvm_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_PVM));  
glUniformMatrix3fv(loc_normal_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(glm::transpose(glm::inverse(glm::mat3(mat_MV)))));  
g_IronHide.draw(loc_a_vertex, loc_a_normal, loc_a_texcoord);
```

```
//draw IronHideCar
```

```
glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0);  
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, tex2_IronHide);  
glUniform1i(loc_u_texid, 0);
```

```
T mat_Model = glm::mat4(1.0);  
R mat_Model *= glm::translate(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(-12.0, 0.0, -3.0));  
S mat_Model *= glm::rotate(-PI/2, glm::vec3(1, 0, 0));  
mat_Model *= glm::rotate(-PI/4, glm::vec3(0, 0, 1));  
S mat_Model *= glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(0.01f));
```

```
mat_PVM = mat_Proj*mat_View*mat_Model;  
mat_MV = mat_View*mat_Model;  
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_mv_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_MV));  
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_u_pvm_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_PVM));  
glUniformMatrix3fv(loc_normal_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(glm::transpose(glm::inverse(glm::mat3(mat_MV)))));  
g_IronHide1.draw(loc_a_vertex, loc_a_normal, loc_a_texcoord);
```



▲부분캡처

$R(R(Sp)) = TRSx$

1 물체 변환&표현 (Mirage & MirageCar)

```
//draw Mirage
glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0);
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, tex1_Mirage);
glUniform1i(loc_u_texid, 0);

mat_Model = glm::mat4(1.0);
T mat_Model *= glm::translate(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(-19.0, 0.0, 8.0));
R mat_Model *= glm::rotate(-PI/2, glm::vec3(1,0,0));
S mat_Model *= glm::rotate(PI/6, glm::vec3(0,0,-1));
S mat_Model *= glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(0.01f));

mat_PVM = mat_Proj*mat_View*mat_Model;
mat_MV = mat_View*mat_Model;
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_mv_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_MV));
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_u_pvm_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_PVM));
glUniformMatrix3fv(loc_normal_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(glm::transpose(glm::inverse(glm::mat3(mat_MV)))));
g_Mirage.draw(loc_a_vertex, loc_a_normal, loc_a_texcoord);

//draw MirageCar
glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0);
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, tex2_Mirage);
glUniform1i(loc_u_texid, 0);

mat_Model = glm::mat4(1.0);
T mat_Model *= glm::translate(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(-17.0, 0.0, 6.0));
R mat_Model *= glm::rotate(-PI/2, glm::vec3(1,0,0));
S mat_Model *= glm::rotate(PI/6, glm::vec3(0,0,-1));
S mat_Model *= glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(0.01f));

mat_PVM = mat_Proj*mat_View*mat_Model;
mat_MV = mat_View*mat_Model;
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_mv_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_MV));
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_u_pvm_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_PVM));
glUniformMatrix3fv(loc_normal_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(glm::transpose(glm::inverse(glm::mat3(mat_MV)))));
g_Mirage1.draw(loc_a_vertex, loc_a_normal, loc_a_texcoord);
```



▲부분캡처

$$R(R(Sp)) = TRSx$$

1 물체 변환&표현 (Optimus & OptimusCar)

//draw Optimus

```
glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0);  
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, tex1_Optimus);  
glUniform1i(loc_u_texid, 0);
```

mat_Model = glm::mat4(1.0);

T mat_Model += glm::translate(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(2.0, 0.0, -3.5));

R mat_Model += glm::rotate(-PI/2, glm::vec3(1, 0, 0));

mat_Model += glm::rotate(PI/2, glm::vec3(0, 0, -1));

mat_Model += glm::rotate(PI/4, glm::vec3(0, 0, -1));

S mat_Model += glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(0.01f));

mat_PVM = mat_Proj*mat_View*mat_Model;

mat_MV = mat_View*mat_Model;

glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_mv_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_MV));

glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_u_pvm_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_PVM));

glUniformMatrix3fv(loc_normal_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(glm::transpose(glm::inverse(glm::mat3(mat_MV)))));

g_Optimus.draw(loc_a_vertex, loc_a_normal, loc_a_texcoord);

//draw OptimusCar

glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0);

glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, tex2_Optimus);

glUniform1i(loc_u_texid, 0);

mat_Model = glm::mat4(1.0);

T mat_Model += glm::translate(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(-2.0, 0.0, -6.0));

R mat_Model += glm::rotate(-PI/2, glm::vec3(1, 0, 0));

mat_Model += glm::rotate(PI/2, glm::vec3(0, 0, -1));

mat_Model += glm::rotate(PI/4, glm::vec3(0, 0, -1));

S mat_Model += glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(0.01f));

mat_PVM = mat_Proj*mat_View*mat_Model;

mat_MV = mat_View*mat_Model;

glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_mv_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_MV));

glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_u_pvm_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_PVM));

glUniformMatrix3fv(loc_normal_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(glm::transpose(glm::inverse(glm::mat3(mat_MV)))));

g_Optimus1.draw(loc_a_vertex, loc_a_normal, loc_a_texcoord);



▲부분캡처

$R(R(Sp)) = TRSx$

1 물체 변환&표현 (Soundwave & SoundwaveCar)

```
//draw Soundwave
```

```
glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0);  
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, tex1_Soundwave);  
glUniform1i(loc_u_texid, 0);
```

```
mat_Model = glm::mat4(1.0);
```

T mat_Model *= glm::translate(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(6.0, 0.0, 3.8));

R mat_Model *= glm::rotate(-PI/2, glm::vec3(1, 0, 0));

```
mat_Model *= glm::rotate(PI/2, glm::vec3(0, 0, -1));
```

```
mat_Model *= glm::rotate(PI/4, glm::vec3(0, 0, -1));
```

S mat_Model *= glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(0.01f));

```
mat_PVM = mat_Proj*mat_View*mat_Model;
```

```
mat_MV = mat_View*mat_Model;
```

```
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_mv_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_MV));
```

```
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_u_pvm_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_PVM));
```

```
glUniformMatrix3fv(loc_normal_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(glm::transpose(glm::inverse(glm::mat3(mat_MV)))));
```

```
g_Soundwave.draw(loc_a_vertex, loc_a_normal, loc_a_texcoord);
```

```
//draw SoundwaveCar
```

```
glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0);
```

```
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, tex2_Soundwave);
```

```
glUniform1i(loc_u_texid, 0);
```

```
mat_Model = glm::mat4(1.0);
```

T mat_Model *= glm::translate(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(2.0, 0.0, 2.0));

R mat_Model *= glm::rotate(-PI/2, glm::vec3(1, 0, 0));

```
mat_Model *= glm::rotate(PI/2, glm::vec3(0, 0, -1));
```

```
mat_Model *= glm::rotate(PI/4, glm::vec3(0, 0, -1));
```

S mat_Model *= glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(0.01f));

```
mat_PVM = mat_Proj*mat_View*mat_Model;
```

```
mat_MV = mat_View*mat_Model;
```

```
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_mv_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_MV));
```

```
glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_u_pvm_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_PVM));
```

```
glUniformMatrix3fv(loc_normal_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(glm::transpose(glm::inverse(glm::mat3(mat_MV)))));
```

```
g_Soundwave1.draw(loc_a_vertex, loc_a_normal, loc_a_texcoord);
```



▲부분캡처

$R(R(Sp)) = TRS_x$

1 물체 변환&표현 (vertex shader)

```
#version 120

uniform mat4 u_pvm_matrix;
uniform mat4 mv_matrix;
uniform mat3 normal_matrix;

attribute vec4 a_vertex;
attribute vec3 a_normal;
attribute vec2 a_texcoord;
```

```
varying vec2 v_texcoord;
varying vec3 v_vertex;
varying vec3 v_normal;

varying mat4 modelview_matrix;
```

```
void main() {
    modelview_matrix = mv_matrix;

    v_normal = normalize(normal_matrix * a_normal);
    v_vertex = (mv_matrix * a_vertex).xyz;
    v_texcoord = a_texcoord;

    gl_Position = u_pvm_matrix * a_vertex;
}
```

Fragment 셰이더에서 텍스처의 색과 phong 모델을
계산하기 위해 Varying 변수로 전달

각 오브젝트마다 계산한.mvp 매트릭스와
오브젝트의 정점을 가지고 물체의 포지션 설정

1 물체 변환&표현 (fragment shader)

```
#version 120
```

```
uniform sampler2D u_texid;  
uniform mat3 normal_matrix;
```

```
varying vec2 v_texcoord;  
varying vec3 v_normal;  
varying vec3 v_vertex;
```

```
varying mat4 modelview_matrix;
```

```
vec4 light_position = vec4(-5.0, 10.0, 3.8, 1.0);  
vec4 light_ambient = vec4(0.3, 0.1, 0.1, 1.0);  
vec4 light_diffuse = vec4(0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 1.0);  
vec4 light_specular = vec4(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);  
vec4 material_ambient = vec4(0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 1.0);  
vec4 material_diffuse = vec4(0.3, 0.3, 0.2, 1.0);  
vec4 material_specular = vec4(0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 1.0);  
float material_shininess = 10.0;
```

Phong reflective 모델 계산을 위해 빛의 정보 (포지션, ambient, diffuse, specular), 물체가 갖는 정보(ambient, diffuse, specular) 를 설정

```
vec4 phong_reflection(vec3 normal_v){
```

```
vec4 color = vec4(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);  
vec3 lightpos = (modelview_matrix * light_position).xyz;  
vec3 normal = normalize(normal_matrix * normal_v);  
vec3 light_vector = normalize(lightpos - v_normal);  
vec3 reflect_vector = reflect(-light_vector, normal);  
vec3 view_vector = normalize(-v_vertex);
```

L, N, R, V 값 계산

```
float kd = max(dot(light_vector, normal), 0.0);  
float ks = pow(max(0.0, dot(reflect_vector, view_vector)), material_shininess);
```

```
vec4 ambient = material_ambient * light_ambient;  
vec4 diffuse = kd * material_diffuse;  
vec4 specular = ks * material_specular;
```

계산하여 얻은 ambient, diffuse, specular 값을 더해서 풍 모델 계산

```
color = ambient + diffuse + specular;
```

```
return color;
```

```
}
```

```
void main() {
```

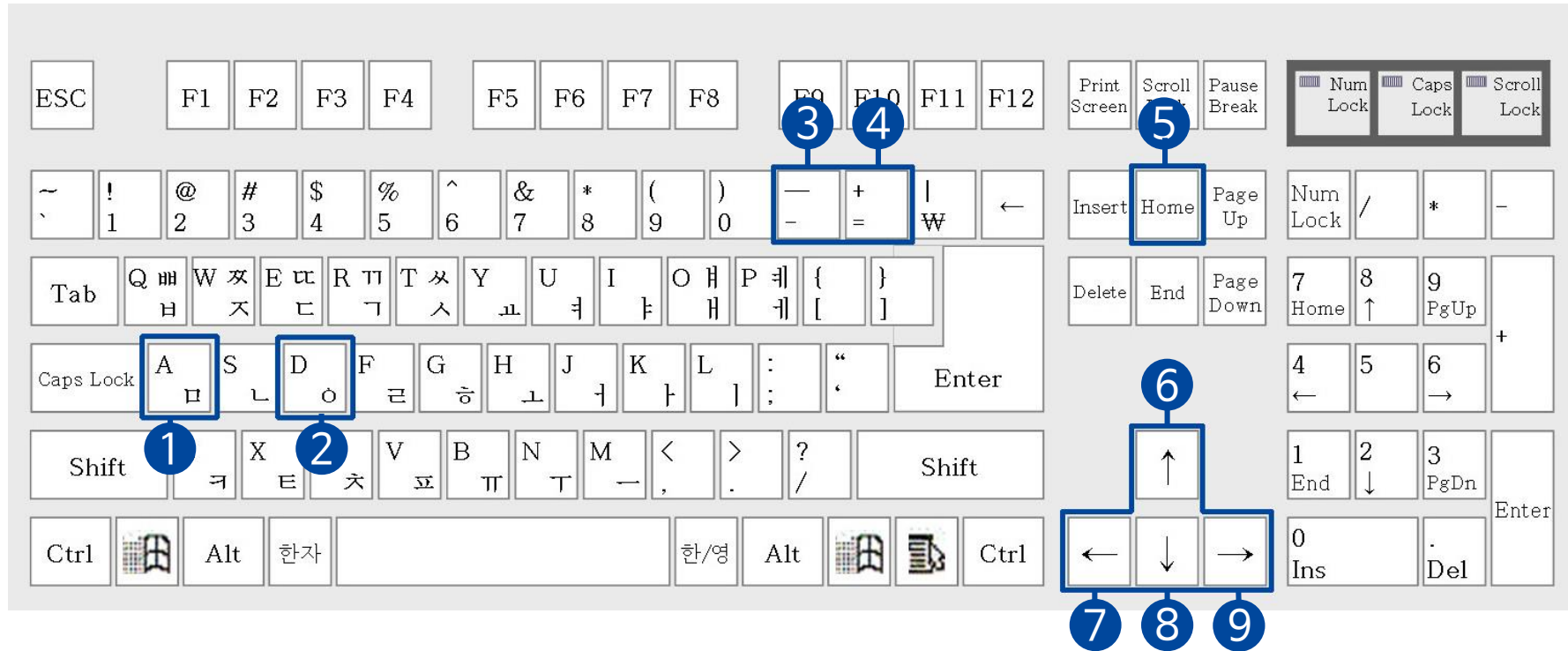
```
vec3 normal = texture2D(u_texid, v_texcoord).xyz;  
gl_FragColor = texture2D(u_texid, v_texcoord) + phong_reflection(normal);
```

Phong 모델 적용

```
}
```

Phong reflective 모델 계산

2.1 키보드(기능설명)



① rotate_left

② rotate_right

③ move_backward

④ move_forward

⑤ HOME

⑥ move_up

⑦ move_left

⑧ move_down

⑨ move_right

2.1 키보드(코드)

1 rotate_left

```
void Camera::rotate_left(float delta)
{
    front_dir_ = glm::rotateY(front_dir_, delta);
    right_dir_ = glm::cross(front_dir_, up_dir_);
}
```

2 rotate_right

```
void Camera::rotate_right(float delta)
{
    rotate_left(-delta);
}
```

3 move_backward

```
void Camera::move_backward(float delta)
{
    move_forward(-delta);
}
```

4 move_forward

```
void Camera::move_forward(float delta)
{
    position_ += delta * front_dir_;
}
```

5 HOME

```
void Camera::HOME()
{
    position_ = glm::vec3(-5.0, 3, 40);
    front_dir_ = glm::vec3(0, 0, -1);
    up_dir_ = glm::vec3(0, 1, 0);
    right_dir_ = glm::vec3(1, 0, 0);
    fovy_ = 45;
}
```

6 move_up

```
void Camera::move_up(float delta)
{
    position_ += delta * up_dir_;
}
```

7 move_left

```
void Camera::move_left(float delta)
{
    position_ -= delta * right_dir_;
}
```

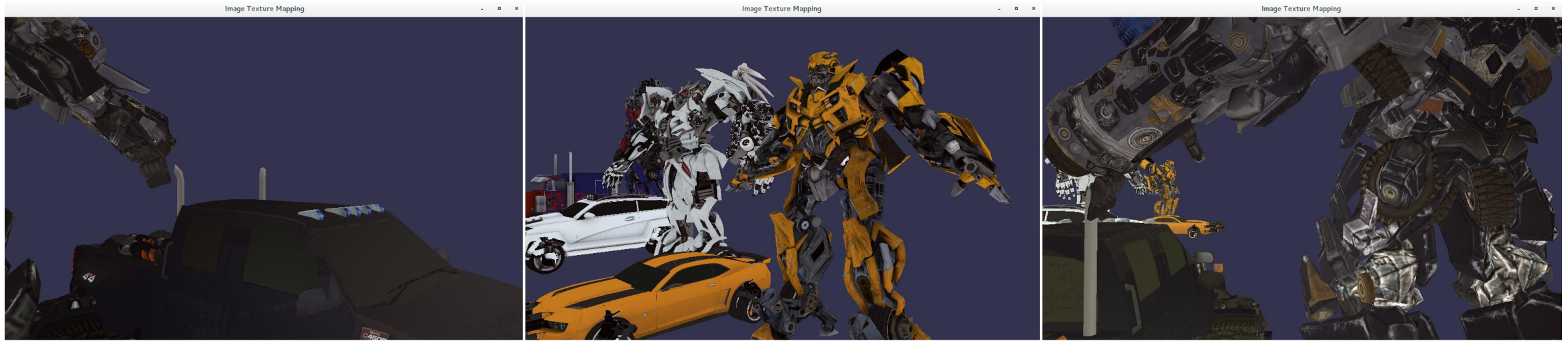
8 move_down

```
void Camera::move_down(float delta)
{
    position_ += -delta * up_dir_;
}
```

9 move_right

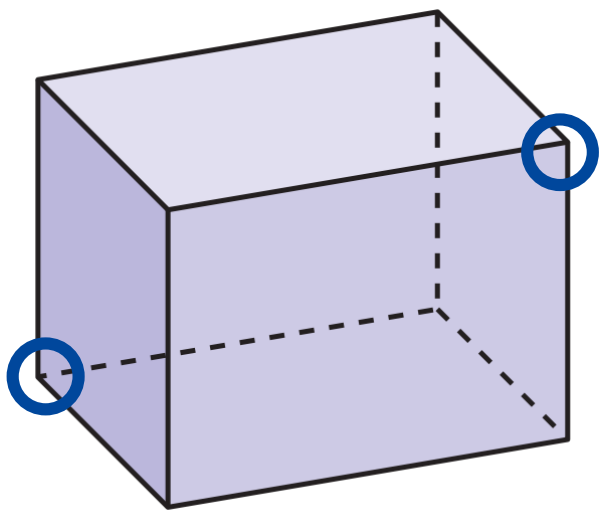
```
void Camera::move_right(float delta)
{
    move_left(-delta);
}
```

2.2 충돌감지



- 키보드를 이용하여 접근, 장면에 놓인 물체를 뚫고 지나가지 않도록 방지함

2.2 충돌감지 (코드 및 표현방법 기술-1)



```
void create_min_max(Object& obj, glm::vec3 trans, float scale) {  
  
    obj.max_x(trans.x, scale); obj.max_y(trans.y, scale); obj.max_z(trans.z, scale);  
    obj.min_x(trans.x, scale); obj.min_y(trans.y, scale); obj.min_z(trans.z, scale);  
  
    std::cout << obj.get_max_pos().x << " " << obj.get_max_pos().y << " " << obj.get_max_pos().z << std::endl;  
    std::cout << obj.get_min_pos().x << " " << obj.get_min_pos().y << " " << obj.get_min_pos().z << std::endl;  
}
```

Create_min_max : 최대, 최소의 점을 구해서 바운딩박스를 생성

2.2 충돌감지(코드 및 표현방법 기술-2)

```
void keyboard(unsigned char key, int x, int y)
{
    if ('a' == key || 'A' == key) { ... }
    else if ('d' == key || 'D' == key) { ... }
    else if ('s' == key || 'S' == key) { ... }
    else if ('w' == key || 'W' == key) { ... }
    else if ('+' == key || '=' == key) {
        if (check_forward_camera())
            g_camera.move_forward(1.0);
    }
    else if ('-' == key || '_' == key) {
        if (check_backward_camera())
            g_camera.move_backward(1.0);
    }
    glutPostRedisplay();
}

void special(int key, int x, int y)
{
    switch (key)
    {
        case GLUT_KEY_UP:
            if (check_up_camera())
                g_camera.move_up(1.0);
            break;
        case GLUT_KEY_DOWN:
            if (check_down_camera())
                g_camera.move_down(1.0);
            break;
        case GLUT_KEY_LEFT:
            if (check_left_camera())
                g_camera.move_left(1.0);
            break;
        case GLUT_KEY_RIGHT:
            if (check_right_camera())
                g_camera.move_right(1.0);
            break;
        case GLUT_KEY_HOME:
            g_camera.HOME();
            break;
        default:
            break;
    }
    glutPostRedisplay();
}

bool check_forward(Object& obj, Camera cam) {
    if (obj.get_min_x() - 1 <= cam.check_move_forward(1).x && cam.check_move_forward(1).x <= obj.get_max_x() + 1) {
        if (obj.get_min_y() - 1 <= cam.check_move_forward(1).y && cam.check_move_forward(1).y <= obj.get_max_y() + 1) {
            if (obj.get_min_z() - 1 <= cam.check_move_forward(1).z && cam.check_move_forward(1).z <= obj.get_max_z() + 1) {
                return false;
            }
        }
    }
    return true;
}

bool check_backward(Object& obj, Camera cam) { ... }
bool check_up(Object& obj, Camera cam) { ... }
bool check_down(Object& obj, Camera cam) { ... }
bool check_right(Object& obj, Camera cam) { ... }
bool check_left(Object& obj, Camera cam) { ... }

bool check_forward_camera() {
    if (!check_forward(g_earth, g_camera))
        return false;
    if (!check_forward(g_BumbleBee, g_camera))
        return false;
    if (!check_forward(g_BumbleBee1, g_camera))
        return false;
    if (!check_forward(g_Soundwave, g_camera))
        return false;
    if (!check_forward(g_Soundwave1, g_camera))
        return false;
    if (!check_forward(g_Optimus, g_camera))
        return false;
    if (!check_forward(g_Optimus1, g_camera))
        return false;
    if (!check_forward(g_IronHide, g_camera))
        return false;
    if (!check_forward(g_IronHide1, g_camera))
        return false;
    if (!check_forward(g_Mirage, g_camera))
        return false;
    if (!check_forward(g_Mirage1, g_camera))
        return false;
    return true;
}

bool check_backward_camera() { ... }
bool check_up_camera() { ... }
bool check_down_camera() { ... }
bool check_right_camera() { ... }
bool check_left_camera() { ... }
```

- 예를 들어 +키를 눌렀을 때, check_forward_camera()가 실행되어 카메라의 위치선과 앞으로 갔을 때 각각의 오브젝트가 가진 바운딩박스과 충돌 계산

2.2 충돌감지(코드 및 표현방법 기술-3)

```
void keyboard(unsigned char key, int x, int y)
{
    if ('a' == key || 'A' == key) { ... }
    else if ('d' == key || 'D' == key) { ... }
    else if ('s' == key || 'S' == key) { ... }
    else if ('w' == key || 'W' == key) { ... }
    else if ('+' == key || '=' == key) {
        if (check_forward_camera())
            g_camera.move_forward(1.0);
    }
    else if ('-' == key || '_' == key) {
        if (check_backward_camera())
            g_camera.move_backward(1.0);
    }
    glutPostRedisplay();
}

void special(int key, int x, int y)
{
    switch (key)
    {
        case GLUT_KEY_UP:
            if (check_up_camera())
                g_camera.move_up(1.0);
            break;
        case GLUT_KEY_DOWN:
            if (check_down_camera())
                g_camera.move_down(1.0);
            break;
        case GLUT_KEY_LEFT:
            if (check_left_camera())
                g_camera.move_left(1.0);
            break;
        case GLUT_KEY_RIGHT:
            if (check_right_camera())
                g_camera.move_right(1.0);
            break;
        case GLUT_KEY_HOME:
            g_camera.HOME();
            break;
        default:
            break;
    }
    glutPostRedisplay();
}
```

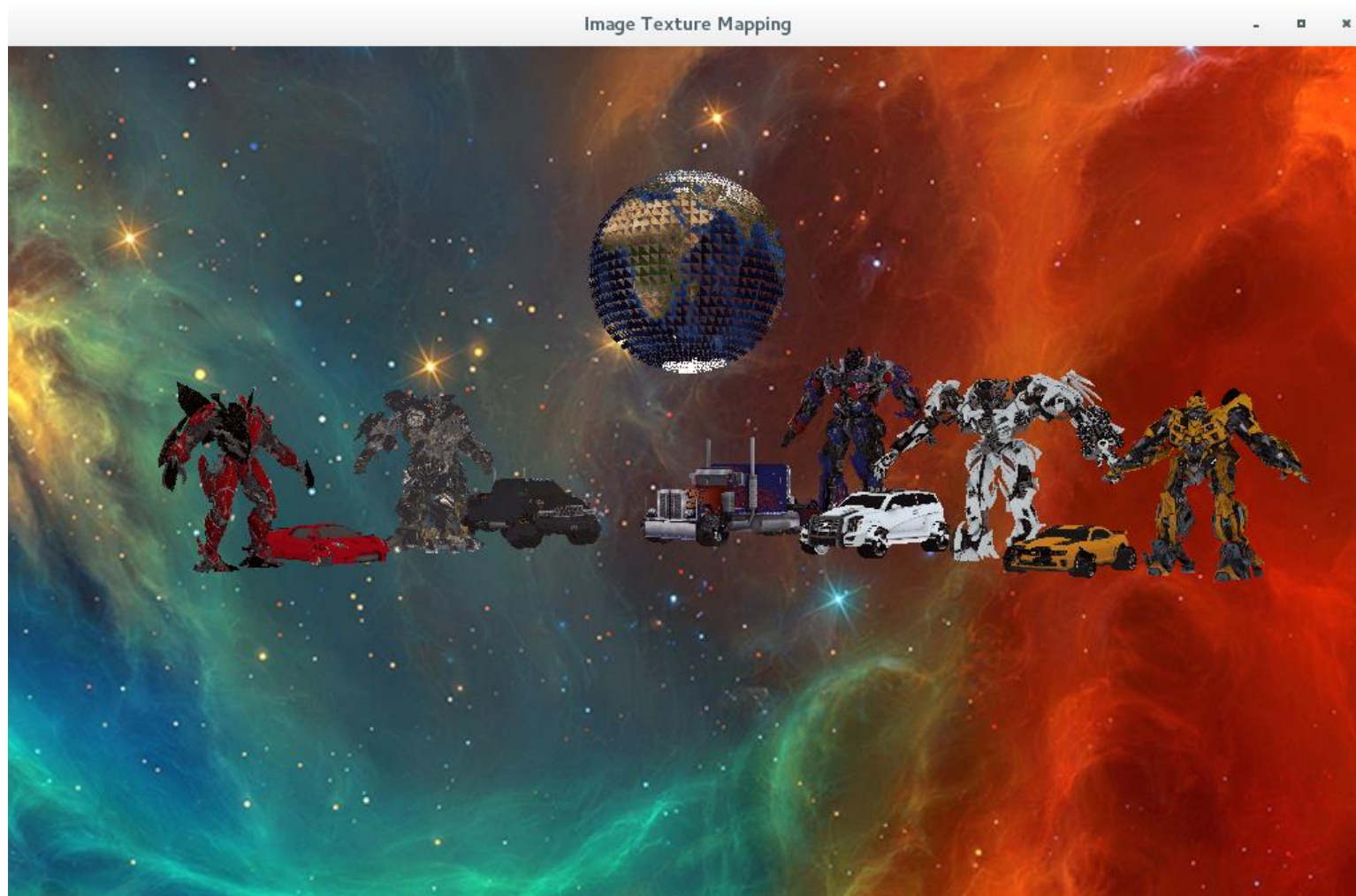
```
glm::vec3 Camera::check_move_forward(float delta){
    glm::vec3 pos = position_;
    pos+= delta * front_dir_;
    return pos;
}

glm::vec3 Camera::check_move_backward(float delta){
    return check_move_forward(-delta);
}

glm::vec3 Camera::check_move_left(float delta) { ... }
glm::vec3 Camera::check_move_right(float delta) { ... }
glm::vec3 Camera::check_move_up(float delta) { ... }
glm::vec3 Camera::check_move_down(float delta) { ... }
```

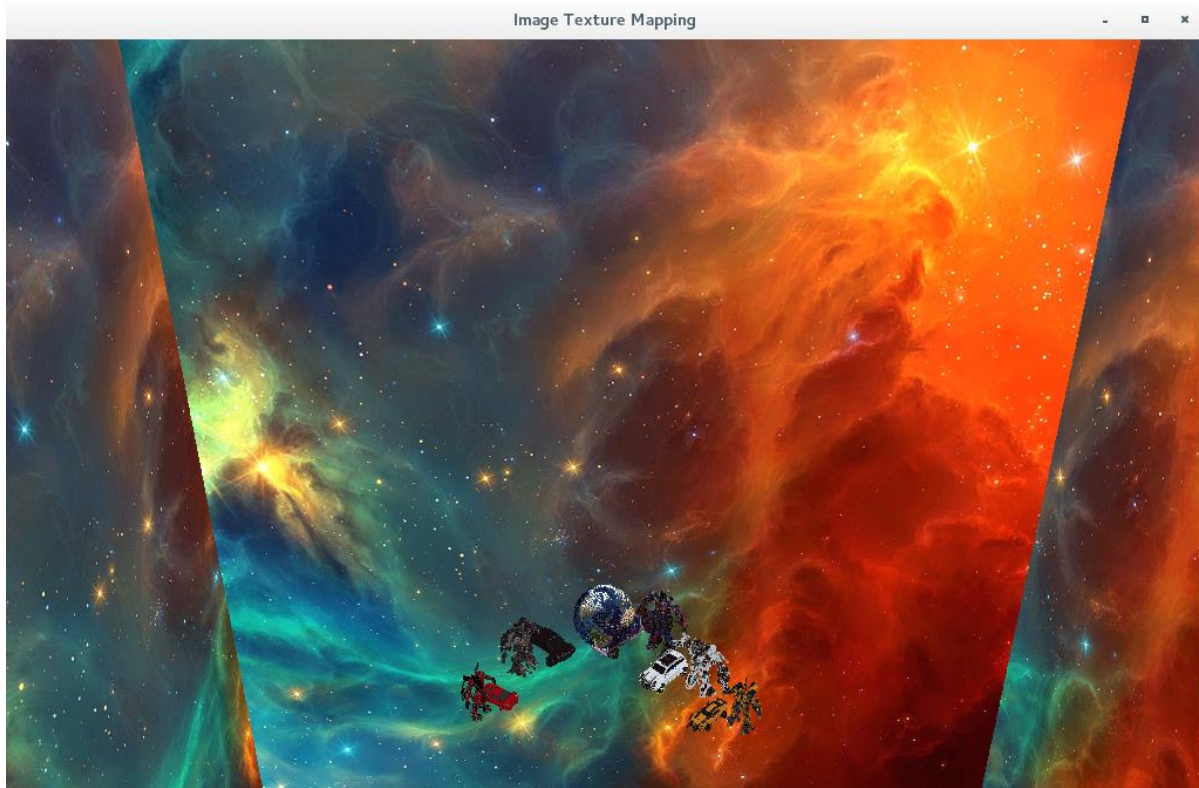
- 만약 바운드박스과 충돌하지 않는다면, check_move_forward가 실행, 새로운 pos 변수를 생성하여 delta값과 그 방향의 direction 변수를 곱하여 반환함
(다른 방향도 모두 동일한 방법이므로 생략)

3 배경



〈처음 실행시켰을 때의 모습〉

3 배경 (code)



```
void background(){
    glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0);
    glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, textureid1);
    glUniform1i(loc_u_texid, 0);

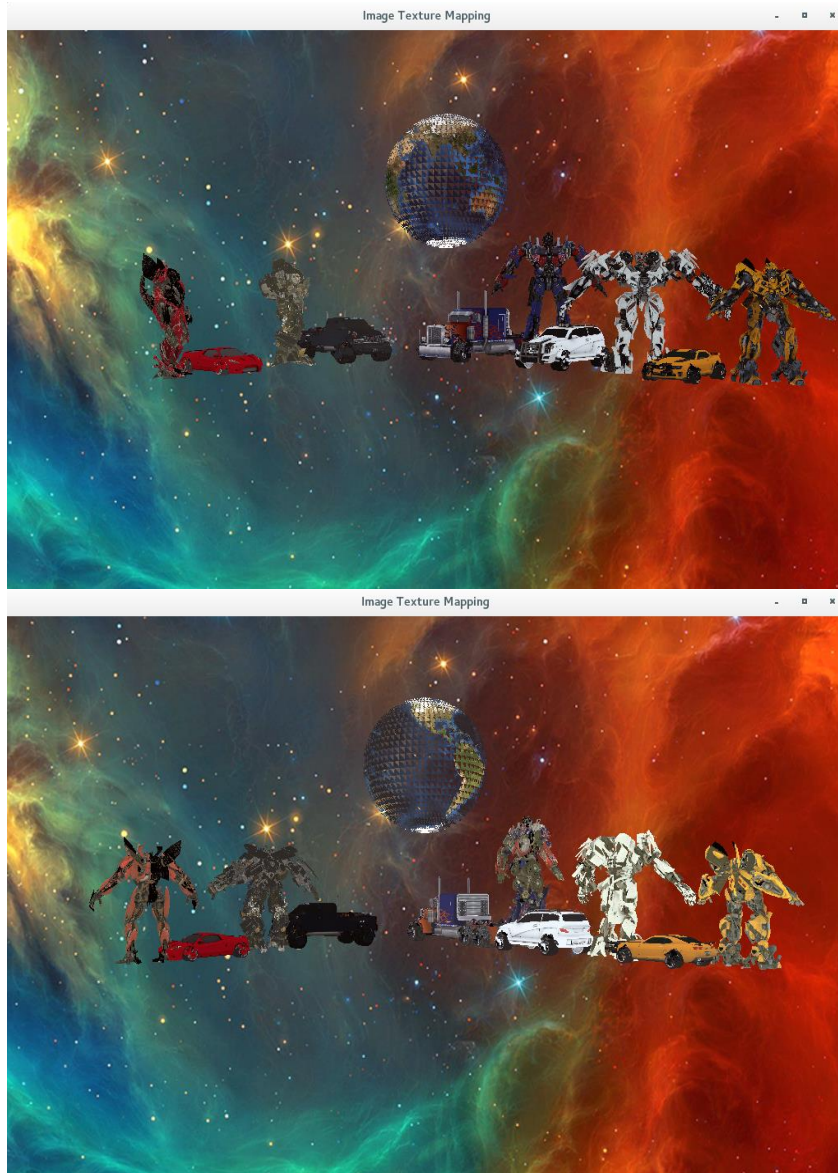
    mat_Model = glm::mat4(1.0);
    mat_Model *= glm::translate(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(-3.0, 14.0, -30.0));
    mat_Model *= glm::scale(glm::mat4(1.0f), glm::vec3(64.0f, 64.0f, 0.0f));
    mat_PVM = mat_Proj*mat_View*mat_Model;

    glUniformMatrix4fv(loc_u_pvm_matrix, 1, false, glm::value_ptr(mat_PVM));
    glVertexAttribPointer(loc_a_vertex, 4, GL_FLOAT, false, 0, vertices.data());
    glVertexAttribPointer(loc_a_texcoord, 2, GL_FLOAT, false, 0, texcoords.data());
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(loc_a_vertex);
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(loc_a_texcoord);
    glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLE_FAN, 0, 4);
    glDisableVertexAttribArray(loc_a_vertex);
    glDisableVertexAttribArray(loc_a_texcoord);
}


void rightground(){ ... }
void leftground(){ ... }
```


정면 뿐 아니라 좌측, 우측에도 배경을 삽입함

4 마우스 (오브젝트 회전)

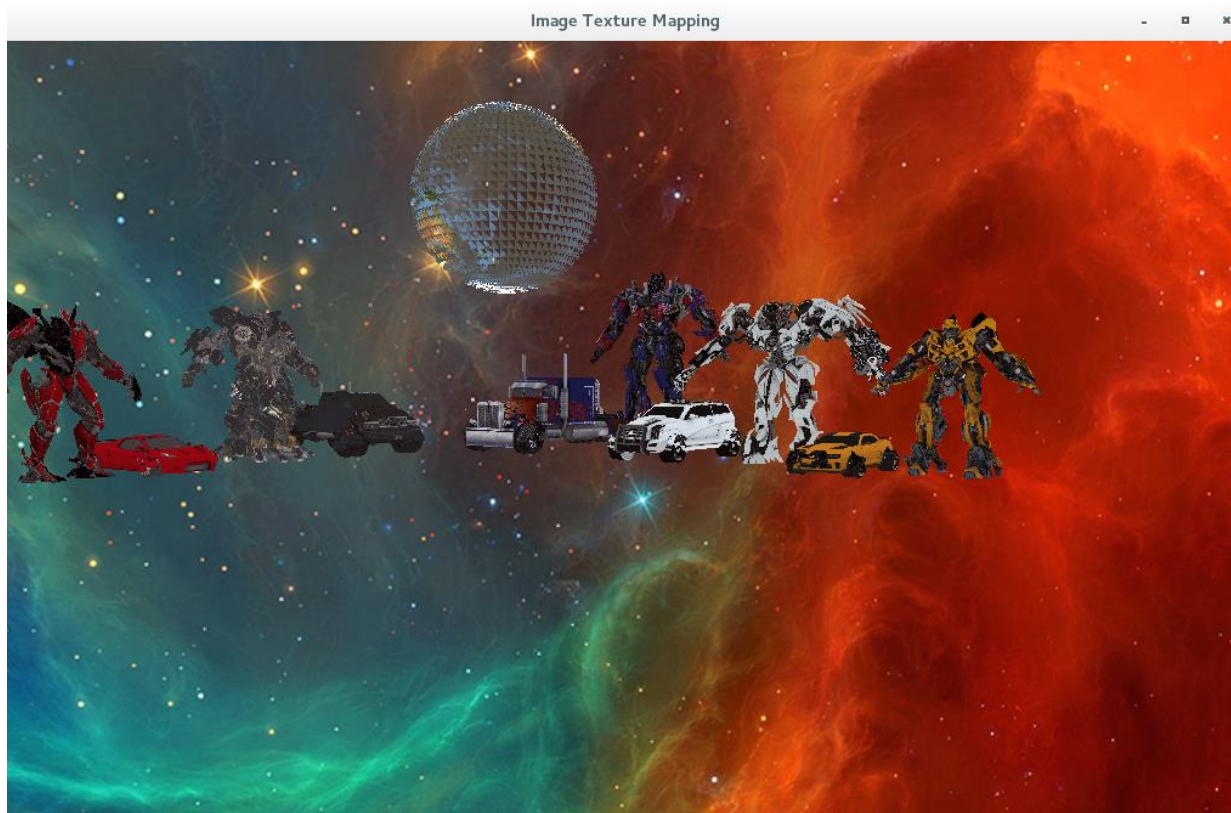


```
void processMouse(int button, int state, int x, int y) {  
  
    glm::vec4 pos;  
  
    specialKey = glutGetModifiers();  
    if ((state == GLUT_DOWN) && (specialKey == GLUT_ACTIVE_ALT)) {  
  
        if (button == GLUT_LEFT_BUTTON)  
        {  
            obj_rotate_flag = !obj_rotate_flag;  
        }  
        else if (button == GLUT_RIGHT_BUTTON)  
        {  
            car_rotate_flag = !car_rotate_flag;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

alt+  => 트랜스포머 오브젝트 5개 회전

alt+  => 자동차 오브젝트 5개 회전

4 마우스 (화면 회전)



마우스의 움직임을 감지하여 화면 이동

```
void processMousePassiveMotion( int x, int y)
{
    if(pre_MousePos_x - x < 0)
    {
        g_camera.rotate_left(0.006f);
        pre_MousePos_x = x;

        if(pre_MousePos_y - y < 0)
        {
            g_camera.rotate_up(0.003f);
            pre_MousePos_y = y;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        g_camera.rotate_right(0.006f);
        pre_MousePos_x = x;

        if(pre_MousePos_y - y < 0)
        {
            g_camera.rotate_up(0.003f);
            pre_MousePos_y = y;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        g_camera.rotate_down(0.003f);
        pre_MousePos_y = y;
    }
}
}
```