



M-CORD: Mobile CORD

- Enable 5G on CORD

ONOS Partnership

<http://cord.onosproject.org/>



CORD Aims to Deliver to Service Providers



Economies of a datacenter

Infrastructure built with a few commodity building blocks using open source software and white boxes

Agility of a cloud provider

Software platforms that enable rapid creation of new services



CORD: Central Office Re-architected as Datacenter



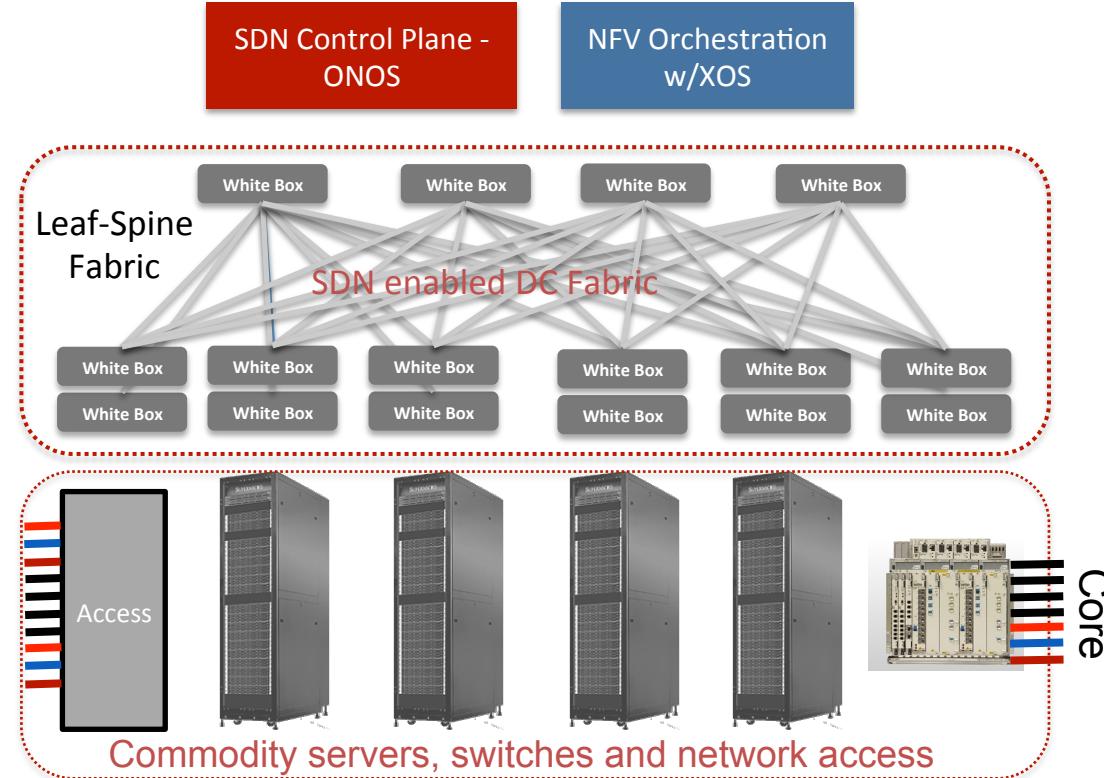
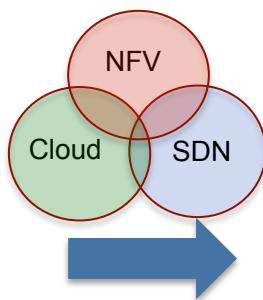
Large number of COs



Evolved over 40-50 years



300+ Types of equipment
Huge source of CAPEX/OPEX





M-CORD Drivers = Operator Challenges

In the last 5 years

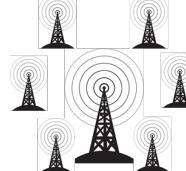
100,000%

Increase in Wireless Data Traffic



\$50 Billion

Spectrum investment (~50 Mhz)



\$5 Billion

LTE System investment (RAN, EPC)



Alternative
“shared” access
(WiFi, LAA, LTE-U)



New and very diverse devices with IoT



Vendor Lock-in Interfaces

Slowing revenue growth



M-CORD Drivers: Operator Challenges

State of the infrastructure: Built with closed proprietary boxes

- Inefficient utilization including sub-optimal use of precious radio resources
- Inability to customize for various customers
- Slow in creating innovative services
- Cannot support industry-specific IoT scenarios

Mobile infrastructure needs re-architecting
– To Enable 5G



M-CORD Objectives

✓ Enhance resource utilization, especially spectrum

- Real-time resource management
- Exploit multiple RATs
- Monitoring & Analytics framework

✓ Provide customized services and better QoE to customers

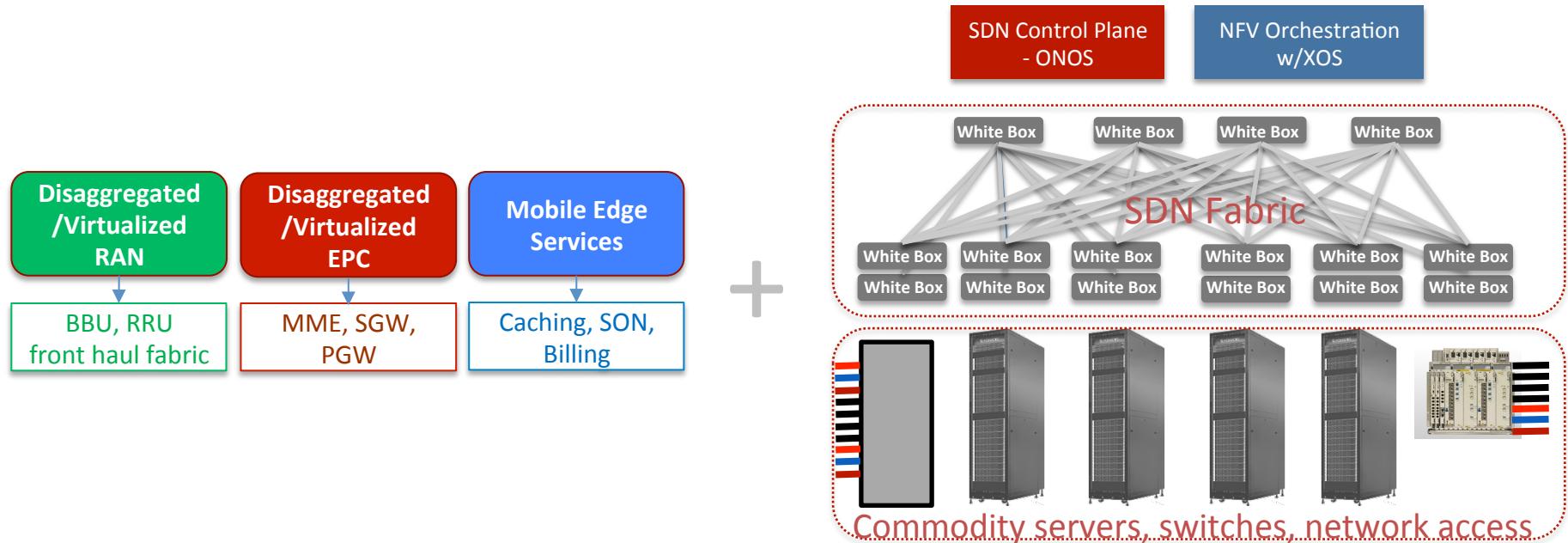
- Customized service composition
- Reduced latency and increased throughput
- Differentiated QoE based on service requirements

✓ Agile and cost-efficient deployment

- On-demand deployment
- Virtualized /disaggregated RAN and EPC
- Commodity H/W and open source



M-CORD = Best of Mobile + CORD



Cloud-Agile Service Customization

Dynamic radio resource optimization

Open Control Interfaces

Network Slicing

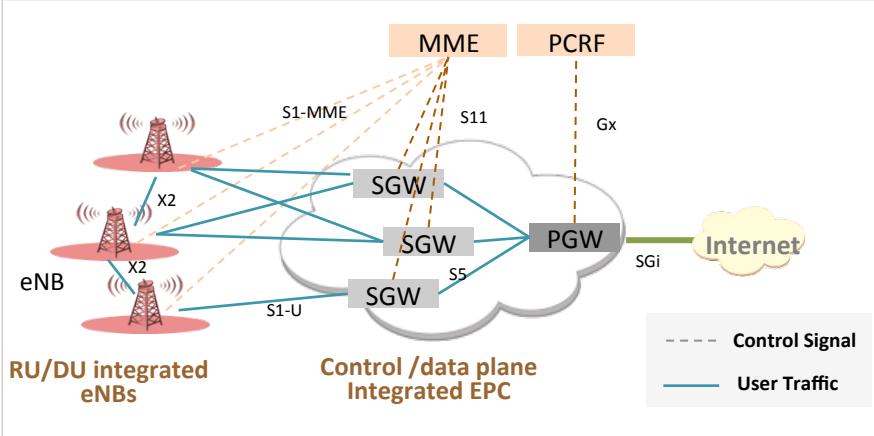
Programmable Data Plane

Deep Observability

Disaggregated/Virtualized RAN and EPC



Traditional Architecture



with proprietary boxes & solutions

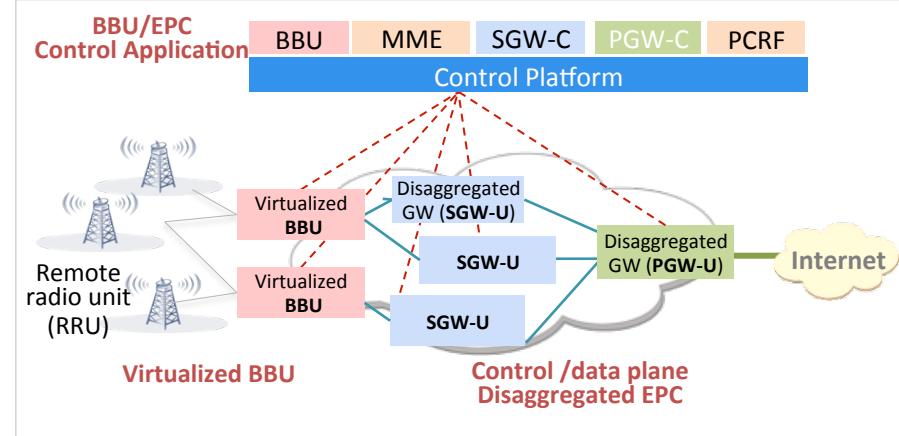
RU/DU integrated RAN

- Limited Scalability
- Inefficient coordination
- Sub-optimal spectrum usage
- High Cost

Control/data plane integrated EPC

- Limited scalability
- Discrete control
- Proprietary H/W for all-purpose
- High Cost

Target Architecture



with commodity H/W & open source/open API

Disaggregated & Virtualized RAN

- High Flexibility & Scalability
- Centralized Coordination
- Spectrum usage optimization
- Reduced Cost

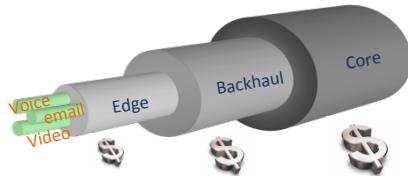
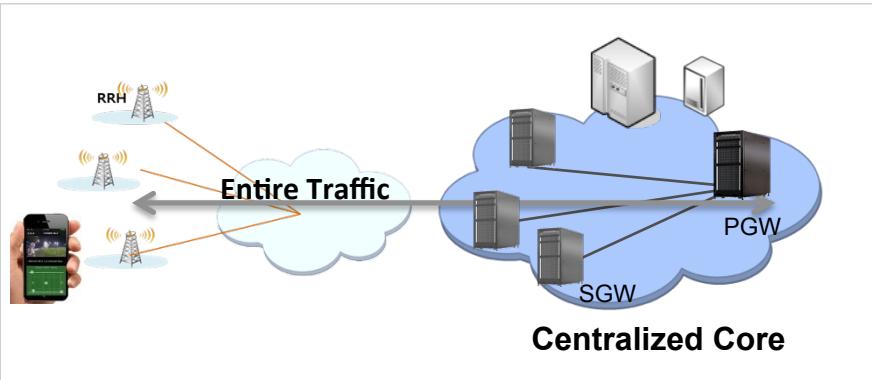
Disaggregated EPC

- Independent Scalability
- Centralized Control
- Choice of H/W best fits the SLA
- Reduced Cost



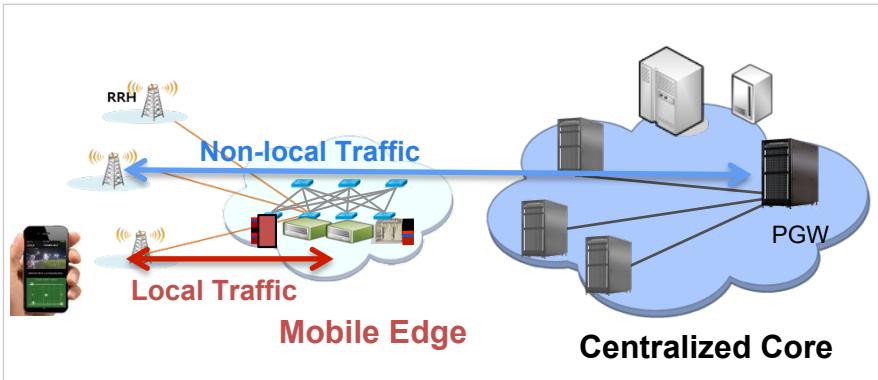
Mobile Edge

Traditional Mobile Service Processing



- Overload on backhaul, transport and core EPC
- Inefficient use of network resources
- Deterioration on QoE of the users
- Overprovisioning to handle peak traffic

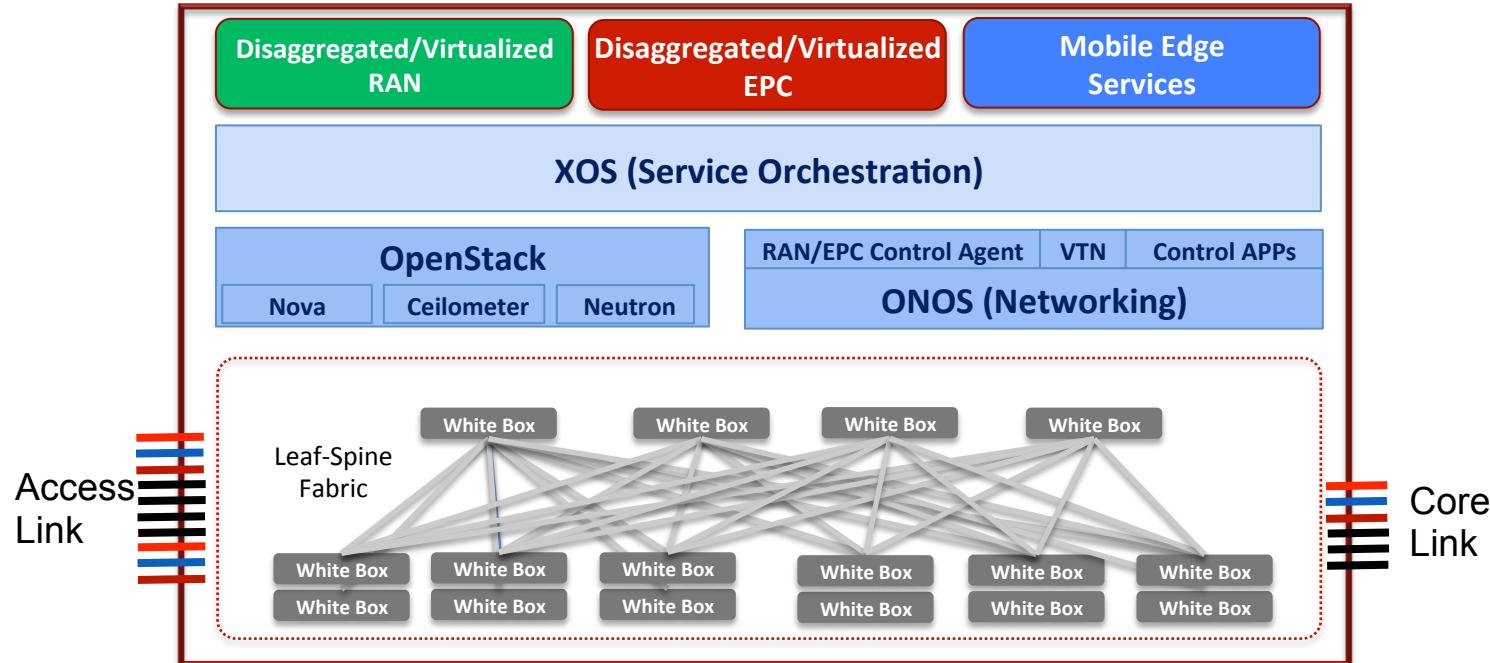
Mobile Edge Service Processing



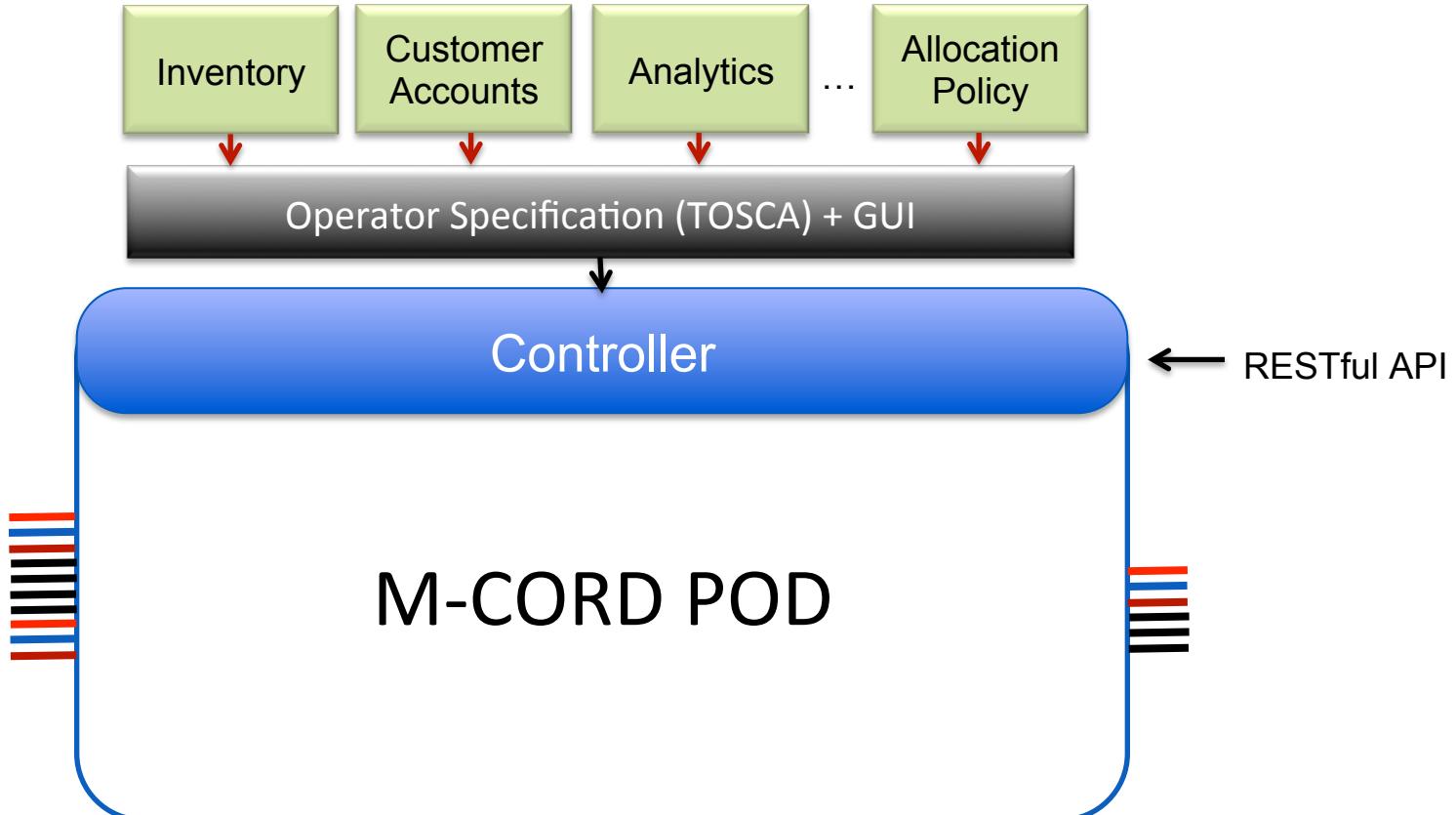
“Mobile edge, where operators can leverage their core competencies to overcome their limitations”

- Mobile edge's best advantage is 'Proximity to End Users'
- Services can be processed at mobile edge
- Suitable for customized services to target customers
- Net Result: Better efficiencies for operators and better QoE for users

M-CORD Architecture Framework

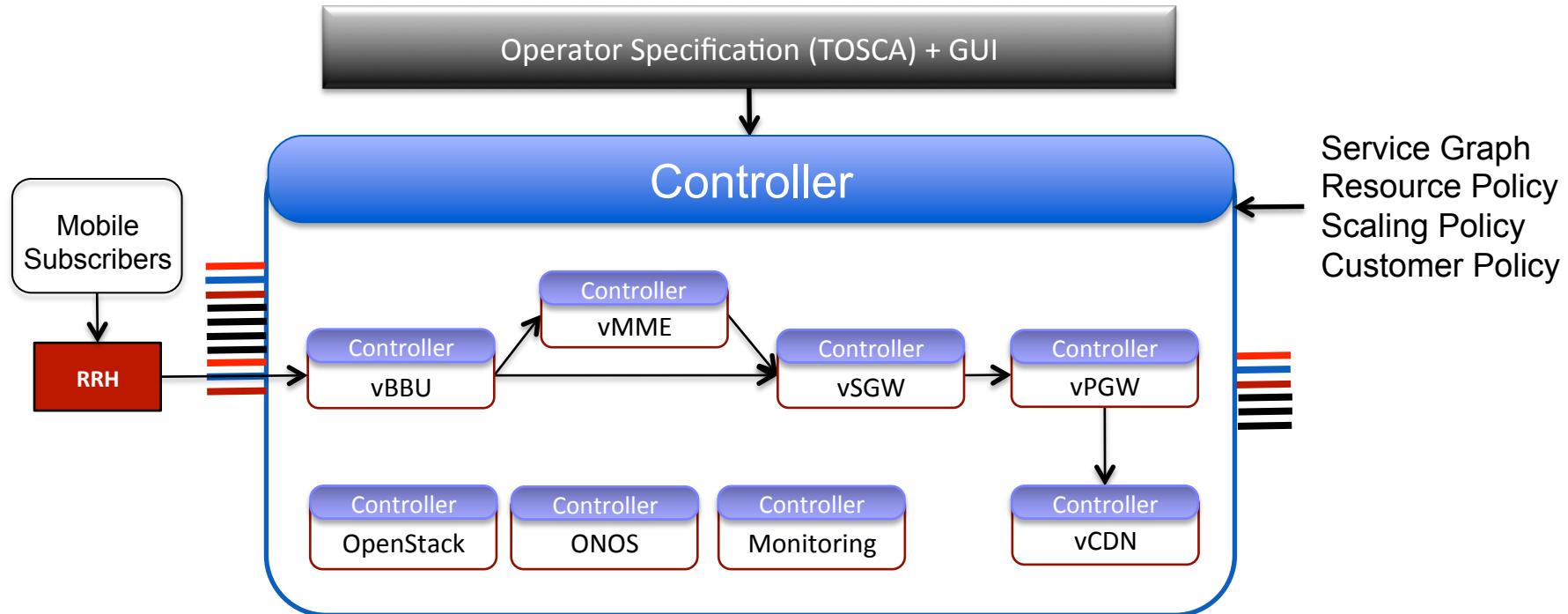


M-CORD – External view





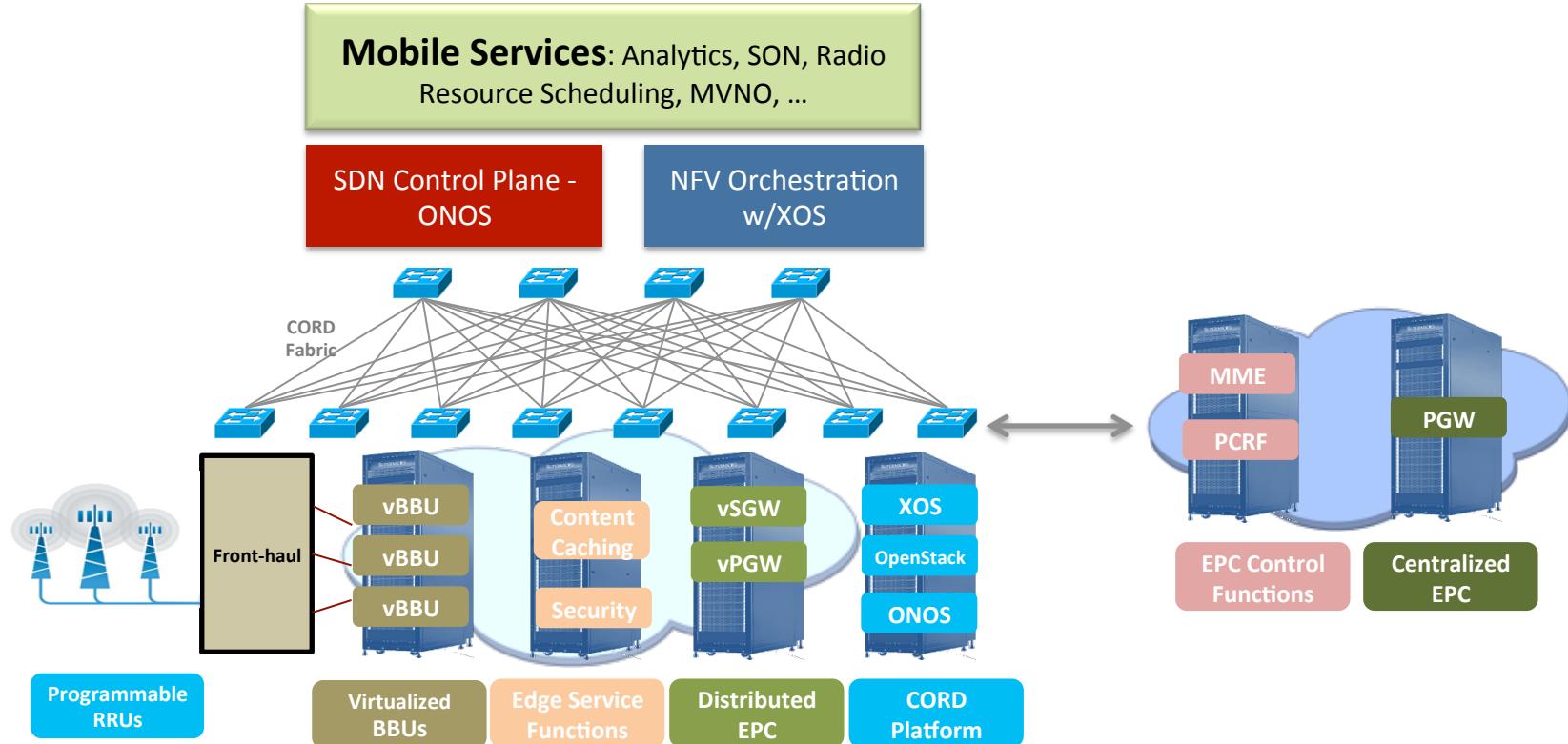
M-CORD – Internal View



Everything-as-a-Service (XaaS) / Micro-Services Architecture



M-CORD Implementation





Mobile CORD POC (March 2016)

- Disaggregated and virtualized RAN
 - Simple programmable Remote Radio Heads
 - vBBU on commodity servers
- Disaggregated and virtualized EPC
 - Data plane management by ONOS
 - P-GW, S-GW, MME as “VNFs as a Service”
- Mobile edge service
 - Select EPC processing at the edge + eSON/A-CORD
 - Caching and other services from the edge
 - Customized for enterprises and applications



On-demand RAN/EPC deployment

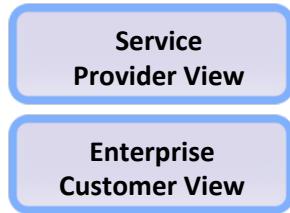
Better user QoE

Efficient Resource Utilization

Programmable Infrastructure:
White Boxes + Open Source



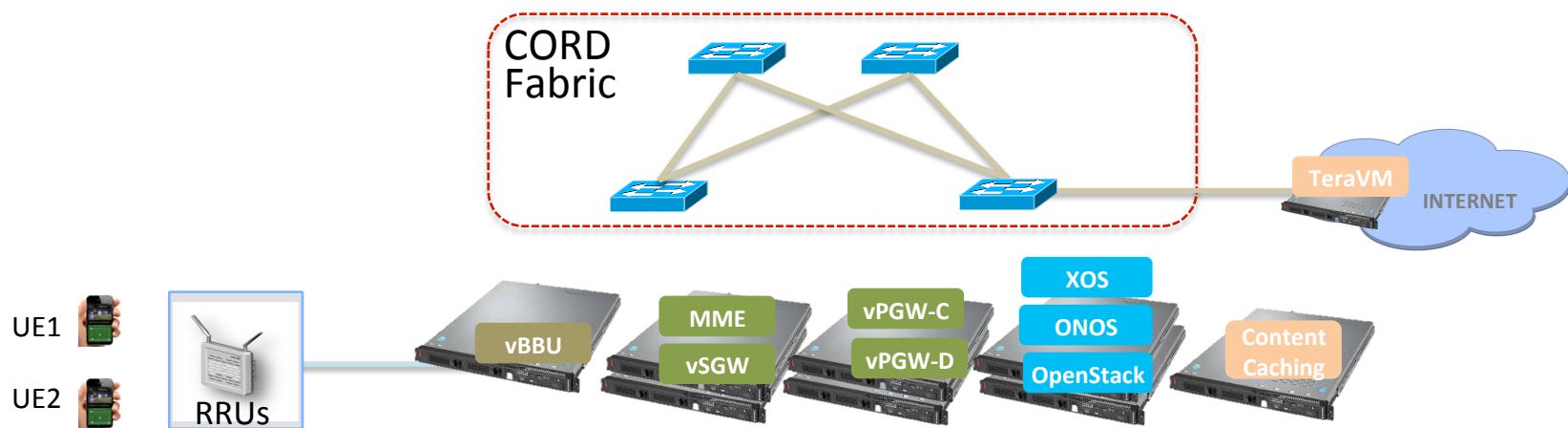
Mobile CORD POC (March 2016)



Caching Service
Monitoring Service
eSON Service

BBU, MME,
SGW, PGW
Services

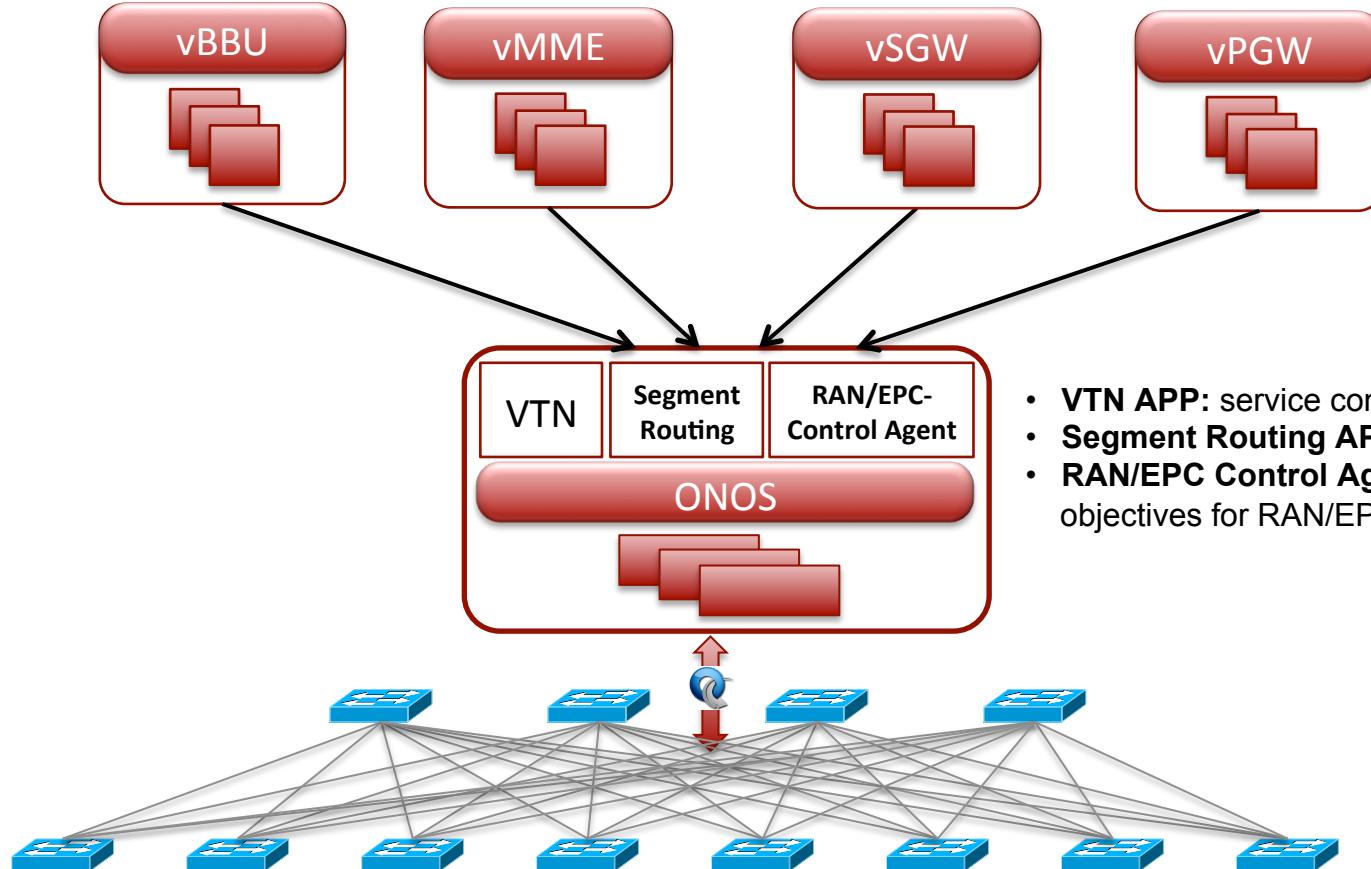
ONOS + OpenStack + XOS



Commodity Servers, Storage, Switches, and I/O



Role of ONOS





M-CORD Roadmap

MCORD
SDN/NFV
Mobile Edge

2016.1Q



- Disaggregated/Virtualized RAN and EPC
- Mobile edge Services
- Low latency applications

MCORD expansion

2016.3Q



2016.4Q



2017



2020

- Integrate with XOS/CORD
- Add edge services
- Better analytics
- More SON capabilities
- Network slicing
- eNB disaggregation
- Turn-key M-CORD pod
- Open source EPC
- Field trials?

5G



Summary

- **CORD has emerged as a very important service provider solutions platform**
 - Brings economy of a datacenter and agility of a cloud
- **ON.Lab & partners offer an open reference implementation of CORD platform**
 - Hardware blue print (OCP compliant)
 - Software distribution: ONOS + OpenStack + XOS + a set of services
- **M-CORD integrates disaggregated/virtualized RAN and EPC with mobile edge services into CORD**
 - M-CORD POC at ONS 2016
- **M-CORD roadmap includes**
 - Integration of disaggregated eNB
 - Connectionless service for IoT use cases
 - Field trials



ONOS Partnership and Community

ON.LAB

ON.LAB

SERVICE PROVIDER PARTNERS



at&t



China
unicom 中国联通



SK
telecom
verizon^v

VENDOR PARTNERS



ciena



cisco



ERICSSON



FUJITSU



HUAWEI



intel



NEC



NOKIA

COLLABORATORS

10+
Companies

VOLUNTEERS



- All ONOS partners are also partners of the CORD project
- CORD community includes all stakeholders of the value chain: service providers and vendors: OEM, merchant silicon, white box, disaggregated functions, system integrators, ...
- CORD plans to collaborate with key industry organizations such as MEF and BBF



M-CORD Collaborators

- M-CORD Collaborators

