

임베디드 시스템

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Today

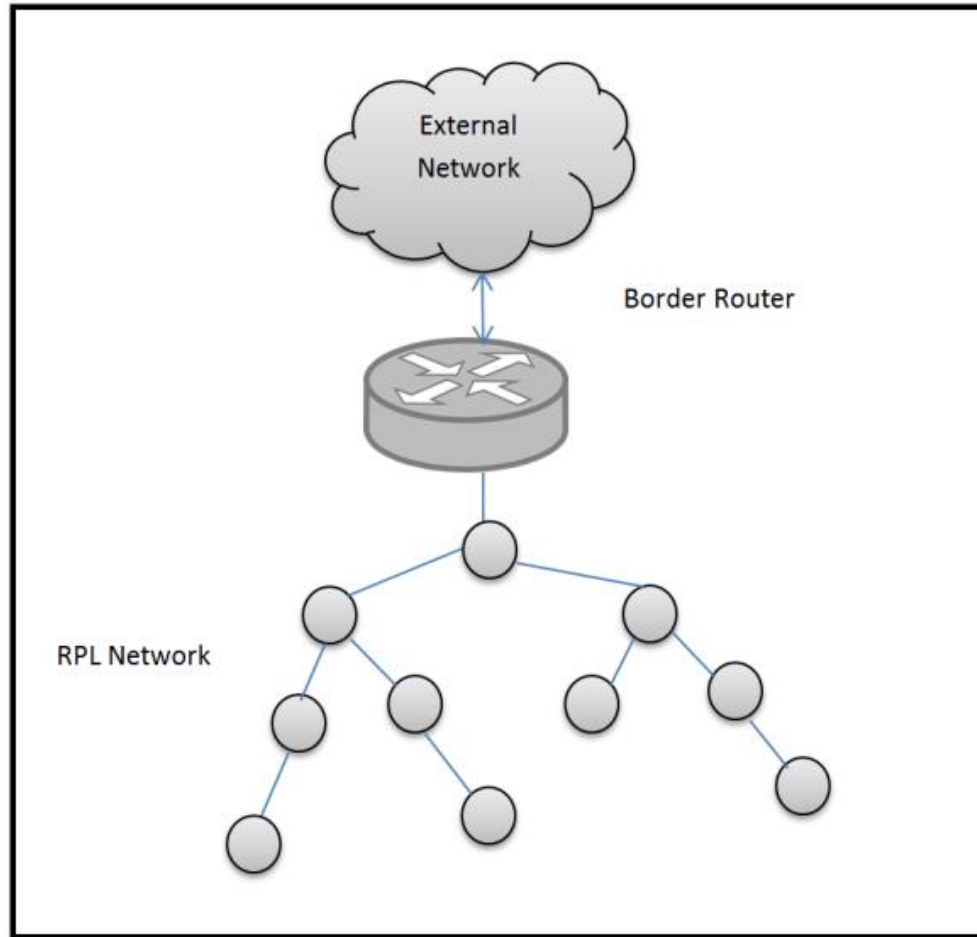
- ▶ Contiki-OS

RPL Border Router and Access to the Motes

RPL Border Router

- Border Router: Routers that can be found at the edge of a network
 - Main function: to connect one network to another
 - Border router will be used to route data between a WSN (RPL network) and an external IP network
 - Example location: <contiki_folder>/examples/ipv6/rpl-border-router/

RPL Border Router



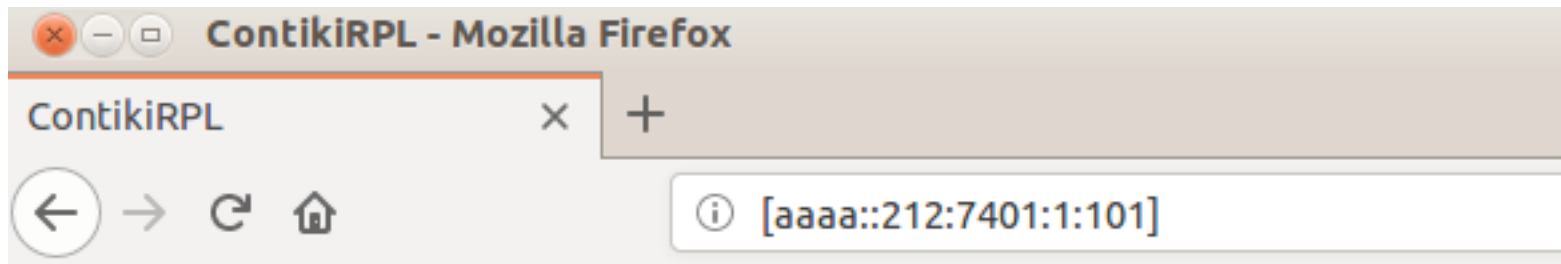
Tunslip Utility

- The border router is used to route data between an RPL network and an external network.
 - Till now we have only created the RPL network.
 - Now we need to simulate the scenario in which this **RPL network is connected to an external network.**
- For this purpose we will use the **Tunslip utility** provided in Contiki.
 - In this example tunslip creates a bridge between the RPL network and the local machine. tunslip6.c can be found in /<Contiki_Folder>/tools
 - Compile the tunslip6 code.

Tunslip Utility

- `$ make tunslip6`
- `$ sudo ./tunslip6 -a 127.0.0.1 aaaa::1/64`
 - password required: user

Access to the Router via Web Browser



Neighbors

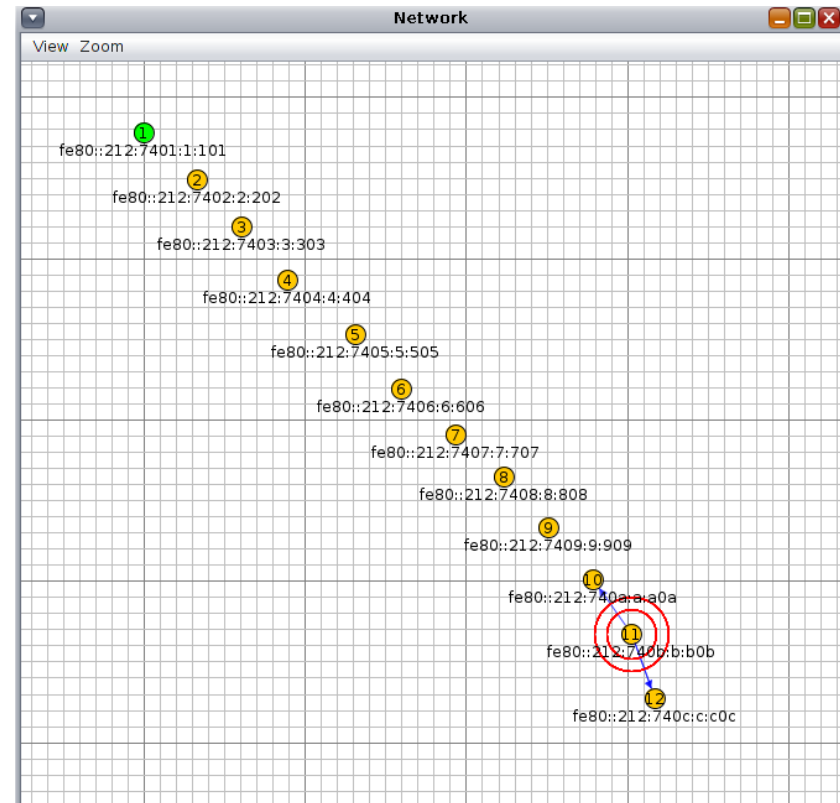
fe80::212:7402:2:202

Routes

aaaa::212:7402:2:202/128 (via fe80::212:7402:2:202) 16711422s
aaaa::212:7403:3:303/128 (via fe80::212:7402:2:202) 16711419s
aaaa::212:7404:4:404/128 (via fe80::212:7402:2:202) 16711411s

Topology of Today's mission

- Border Router: 1
- UDP-server: 11
- Address:
 - **aaaa::212:7401:1:101 ~**
aaaa::212:740c:c:c0c



Verifying Results

- You can verify that the address of the border router has been set by using the **ping command**.
 - `ping6 aaaa::212:7401:1:101`
- You can also ping one of the other nodes in the network. Here we are pinging node 4
 - `ping6 aaaa::212:7401:4:404`

오늘의 할 일!

- No coding!
- 토폴로지 구성: Border router 1, UDP client 11
 - 선형 토폴로지, 랜덤 토폴로지
- 실험
 - 핑 테스트
 - 웹 접속 (to the border router)
- 보고서 작성!
 - 토폴로지, 핑 테스트 결과, 웹 접속 결과