



template < int N, int logN, int L >

```
void encode( const double zf[N/2],
             const double zi[N/2], uint64t Delta,
             const uint64t q[L], uint64t pt[L][N]) {
    double m[N];
    ifft<N, logN>(zf, zi, m);
    for(int i=0; i<N; i++) {
        uint64t pi = uint64t((m[i]>0 ? m[i] : -m[i])*Delta) + 0.5;
        for(int j=0; j<L; j++) {
            pt[j][i] = pi % q[j];
            if(m[i]<0) pt[j][i] = q[j] - pt[j][i];
    }
}
```

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template < int N, int logN, int L >

```
void decode( const uint64t pt[L][N], uint64t Delta,
             const uint64t q[L], double zf[N/2], double zi[N/2] ) {
```

BigInt Qhalf; { BigInt Q(L); Q[0]=1; for(int i=0; i<L; i++) {
 BigInt temp(Q); temp.mul(q[i], Q); }
 uint64t r; Q.div(2, Qhalf, r); }

double m[N];
for(int j=0; j<N; j++) { uint64t a[L]; for(int i=0; i<L; i++) a[i] = pt[i][j];
 BigInt A; icrt(q, a, A);
 if(A>=Qhalf) { BigInt temp(A); Q.sub(temp, A);
 m[j] = -A.to_real(); }
 else m[j] = A.to_real(); }

fft<N, logN>(m, zf, zi);

3

Q/2

||

template < int N >

```
void freugen( int h, int s[N] ) {  
    for( int i=0; i<N; i++ ) s[i] = 0;  
    for( int i=0; i<h; i++ ) {  
        int j = rand() % N;  
        while( s[j] != 0 )  
            j = rand() % N;  
        s[j] = (rand() % 2 == 0) ? 1 : -1;  
    }  
}
```

template < int N, int L >

```
void enc( const uint64_t pt[L][N], const int s[N],  
          const uint64_t q[L], uint64_t ctat[2][L][N] ) {  
    int e[N]; for( int i=0; i<N; i++ ) e[i] = (rand() % 17) - 8;
```

```
    for( int j=0; j<L; j++ ) {
```

```
        uint64_t shat[N];
```

```
        for( int i=0; i<N; i++ ) {
```

$ct[0] = pt + e$

$ct[1] = \text{rand}$

$shat[i] = (q[j] + s[i]) \% q[j]$

$chat[1][j][i] = \text{rand_uint64}() \% q[j]$

$chat[0][j][i] = (q[j] + e + pt[j][i]) \% q[j]$

$$8^2 = \sum_{i=0}^{16} i^2 \frac{1}{17} = 24$$

$\text{ntt}[N](chat[0][j], q[j]);$

$\text{ntt}[N](chat[1][j], q[j]);$

$\text{ntt}[N](shat, q[j]);$

$ct[0] = pt + e$
 $- s * ct[1]$

for(int i=0; i<N; i++)

$chat[0][j][i] = (chat[0][j][i] + q[j])$
 $- \text{mul_mod}(shat[i], chat[1][j][i], q[j])$
 $\% q[j];$

template <int N, int L>

Void **dec**(const uint64_t cthat[$\frac{L}{2}$][N], const uint64_t q[L],
const int s[N], uint64_t pt[L][N]) {

for(int j=0; j<L; j++) {

$\hat{P}^j = \hat{C}_0 + \hat{s} \cdot \hat{C}_1$

uint64_t shat[N];

for(int i=0; i<N; i++)

$shat[i] = (q[j] + s[i]) \% q[j];$

$\text{mtl}(shat, q);$

for(int i=0; i<N; i++)

$pt[j][i] = (cthat[0][j][i] +$

$\text{mul_mod}(cthat[1][j][i], shat[i], q[j])$

$\% q[j];$

$\text{mtl}(pt[j], q);$

RS: $a \in \mathbb{Z}_{q_0} \times \dots \times \mathbb{Z}_{q_{L-1}} \rightarrow \hat{a} = \left[\begin{matrix} a \\ q_{L-1} \end{matrix} \right] \in \mathbb{Z}_{q_0} \times \dots \times \mathbb{Z}_{q_{L-2}}$

$$a = q_{L-1}A + a[L-1]$$

$$\left[\begin{matrix} a \\ q_{L-1} \end{matrix} \right] = A + \left[\begin{matrix} a[L-1] \\ q_{L-1} \end{matrix} \right]$$

$$\hat{a} = A + \left[\begin{matrix} a[L-1] \\ q_{L-1} \end{matrix} \right]$$

$$\equiv (a[L-1] - a[L-1]) \cdot \text{inv_mod}(q[L-1], q[L-1]) + \left[\begin{matrix} a[L-1] \\ q_{L-1} \end{matrix} \right] \pmod{q[L-1]}$$

template <int N, int L>

void **RS**(const uint64_t q[L], const uint64_t pt[L][N], uint64_t pt_L0[N]) {

uint64_t qinv[L-1];

for(int j=0; j<L-1; j++) $qinv[j] = \text{inv_mod}(q[j], q[j]);$

for(int i=0; i<N; i++)

uint64_t r = $(pt[L-1][i] \times (q[L-1]/2)) \% 0;$

for(int j=0; j<L-1; j++)

$pt_L0[i] = (\text{mul_mod}((pt[j][i] + q[j]) - (pt[L-1][i]) \% q[j],$
 $qinv[j], q[j]) + r) \% q[j];$

}

template<int N, int L>

void keygen(const int s[N], const uint64_t q[L],
 uint64_t $\hat{p}R^{[2][L][N]}$) {

uint64_t zero[L][N];
 for(int i=0; i<L; i++)
 for(int j=0; j<N; j++) zero[i][j] = 0;
 enc<N,L>(zero, s, q, $\hat{p}R$);
 }
 }

public key generation

$$\hat{p}R = \text{enc}(0, s)$$

template<int N, int L>

void enc(const uint64_t pt[L][N],
 const uint64_t $\hat{p}R^{[2][L][N]}$, const uint64_t q[L],
 uint64_t $\hat{c}^{[2][L][N]}$) {

int $e_0[N]$, $e_1[N]$, $v[N]$;
 for(int i=0; i<N; i++) {
 $e_0[i] = (\text{rand} \% 17) - 8$;
 $e_1[i] = (\text{rand} \% 17) - 8$; int r = rand() % 4;
 $v[i] = (r == 0) ? (-1) : ((r == 1) ? 1 : 0)$;
 }
 }

encryption with public key

$$ct = v \times \hat{p}R + (pt + e_0, e_1)$$

$e_0, e_1: U[-8, 8]$
 \uparrow discrete
 $v: ZO, E1, 1$

for(int j=0; j<L; j++) {

uint64_t $\hat{v}[N]$, $\hat{p}t_j[N]$, $\hat{e}_0[N]$, $\hat{e}_1[N]$;

for(int i=0; i<N; i++) {
 $\hat{v}[i] = (q[j] + v[i]) \% q[i]$;
 $\hat{p}t_j[i] = (q[e_j] + pt[i][i]) \% q[i]$;
 $\hat{e}_0[i] = (// + e_0[i]) \% q[i]$;
 $\hat{e}_1[i] = (// + e_1[i]) \% q[i]$;
 }
 }

ntt<N>($\hat{v}, q[i]$); — $\hat{p}t_j$ — \hat{e}_0 — \hat{e}_1

$\hat{v}, \hat{p}t_j, \hat{e}_0, \hat{e}_1$ 계산

$$\hat{c} = \hat{v} \circ \hat{p}R + [\hat{p}t_j + \hat{e}_0, \hat{e}_1]$$

for(int i=0; i<N; i++) {

$\hat{c}_{[0]}[i] = (\text{mul_mod}(\hat{v}[i], \hat{p}R[0][j][i], q[i]) + \hat{p}t_j[i] + \hat{e}_0[i]) \% q[i]$;
 $\hat{c}_{[1]}[i] = (\text{mul_mod}(\hat{v}[i], \hat{p}R[1][j][i], q[i]) + \hat{e}_1[i]) \% q[i]$;

3