

2D Taylor-Melcher Rough Draft

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1 Introduction

In this paper, we study a simple two-dimensional model that describes the dynamics of two immiscible fluids subject to surface tension along their interface. To be more specific, let Γ be a time-dependent simple closed curve in \mathbb{R}^2 that represents the interface between two immiscible fluids. Then the model is given by

$$\mu \Delta \mathbf{u} - \nabla p = \mathbf{0} \quad \text{on } \mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \Gamma, \quad (1)$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{u} = 0 \quad \text{on } \mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \Gamma, \quad (2)$$

$$[\mathbf{u}] = \mathbf{0}, \quad (3)$$

$$[\Sigma(\mathbf{u}, p)\mathbf{n}] = -\gamma \kappa \mathbf{n}, \quad (4)$$

where \mathbf{u} and p denote the velocity and pressure of the fluid, respectively; μ denotes the fluid viscosity, which is a constant within each fluid but may differ across the two fluids; $\Sigma(\mathbf{u}, p)$ denotes the stress tensor for the Newtonian fluid of viscosity μ ; \mathbf{n} is the outward-pointing unit normal vector to the interface Γ ; γ denotes the surface tension coefficient which

is a constant; κ denotes the signed curvature of the interface; and the notation $[\cdot]$ means the interior value minus the exterior value. We assume that the two fluids have the same viscosity μ , which we normalize to 1.

In words, this model states that the interior and exterior fluids are both incompressible Stokes fluids with no interfacial jump in the fluid velocity and they are driven by a stress imbalance along the interface given by $-\gamma\kappa\mathbf{n}$. The observation that the interfacial force depends exclusively on the geometry of the interface via curvature κ plays a pivotal role in our analysis as it enables us to introduce a convenient parametrization of the interface without affecting the physical dynamics of the system.

In this model, there are two unknown variables to solve for: the two-dimensional fluid velocity \mathbf{u} and the scalar pressure p . In the remainder of this paper, we study the well-posedness of this model with respect to the fluid velocity by imposing a certain ansatz on the fluid velocity satisfying the specified model. The use of the ansatz reduces the original problem to the well-posedness of the dynamics of the interface, which is the contents of the main theorem in our paper stated in Section 6. Throughout the rest of the paper, we may suppress certain expressions' dependence on time t for readability.

1.1 Key Function Spaces

In an analytical study of well-posedness, function spaces provide an essential framework to formulate results and can often induce interesting properties of solutions by imposing sufficiently strong constraints on its functions, such as analyticity. To introduce the function spaces adopted for our analysis, we first define the Fourier transform of a periodic function defined on $[-\pi, \pi)$. For a periodic function f defined on $[-\pi, \pi)$, its Fourier transform is defined as

$$\mathcal{F}(f)(k) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(\alpha) e^{-ik\alpha} d\alpha. \quad (5)$$

We may sometimes write $\hat{f}(k)$ to denote the Fourier transform of f with no difference in meaning. The corresponding Fourier series is given as

$$f(\alpha) = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \hat{f}(k) e^{ik\alpha}. \quad (6)$$

For our study, we use a family of Banach spaces $\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}$ and $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$, $s \geq 0$, equipped respectively with norms

$$\|f\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} \left| \hat{f}(k) \right|, \quad (7)$$

$$\|f\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} = \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s \left| \hat{f}(k) \right|, \quad (8)$$

where

$$\nu(t) = \frac{t}{1+t} \nu_0. \quad (9)$$

We note that if $\nu_0 > 0$, then $0 < \nu'(t) \leq \nu_0$. We also use a family of Banach spaces $\mathcal{F}^{0,1}$ and $\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{s,1}$, $s \geq 0$, equipped respectively with norms

$$\|f\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\hat{f}(k)|, \quad (10)$$

$$\|f\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{s,1}} = \sum_{k \neq 0} |k|^s |\hat{f}(k)|. \quad (11)$$

The space $\mathcal{F}^{0,1}$ equipped with the norm (10) is the classical Wiener algebra, i.e., the space of absolutely convergent Fourier series. Below are some useful properties of these function spaces.

Proposition 1. (*Embeddings.*) For $0 < s_1 \leq s_2$, the following norm inequality is satisfied.

$$\|f\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s_1,1}} \leq \|f\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s_2,1}}. \quad (12)$$

Proposition 2. (*Estimates.*) Let $n \geq 1$. Then

$$\|f_1 f_2 \cdots f_n\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \leq \prod_{k=1}^n \|f_k\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}. \quad (13)$$

For $s > 0$,

$$\|f_1 f_2 \cdots f_n\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq b(n, s) \sum_{j=1}^n \|f_j\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \prod_{k=1, k \neq j}^n \|f_k\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}, \quad (14)$$

where

$$b(n, s) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq s \leq 1, \\ n^{s-1} & s > 1. \end{cases} \quad (15)$$

Remark. The estimates in Proposition 2 hold with $\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}$ and $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ replaced by $\mathcal{F}^{0,1}$ and $\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{s,1}$, respectively. For proof of Proposition 2, see Lemma 5.1 of [1].

Proposition 3. For $s \geq 0$, we have the estimate

$$\|g_1 g_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq b(2, s) \left(\|g_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|g_2\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|g_1\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|g_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \right), \quad (16)$$

where

$$b(n, s) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } 0 \leq s \leq 1, \\ n^{s-1} & \text{if } s > 1. \end{cases} \quad (17)$$

Proof. The case in which $s > 0$ follows from Proposition 2. Let us consider the case $s = 0$.

$$\|g_1 g_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(g_1 g_2)(k)| \quad (18)$$

$$= \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} \left| \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} \hat{g}_1(k-j) \hat{g}_2(j) \right| \quad (19)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k \neq 0} \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\hat{g}_1(k-j)| |\hat{g}_2(j)| \quad (20)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k \neq 0} \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k-j|} e^{\nu(t)|j|} |\hat{g}_1(k-j)| |\hat{g}_2(j)| \quad (21)$$

$$\leq \|g_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \|g_2\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|g_1\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|g_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}. \quad (22)$$

The last inequality holds because

$$\|g_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \|g_2\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|g_1\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|g_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (23)$$

$$= \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\hat{g}_1(k)| \cdot \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|j|} |\hat{g}_2(j)| + \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\hat{g}_1(k)| \cdot \sum_{j \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|j|} |\hat{g}_2(j)| \quad (24)$$

$$= \sum_{k \neq 0} \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} e^{\nu(t)|j|} |\hat{g}_1(k)| |\hat{g}_2(j)| + \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \sum_{j \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} e^{\nu(t)|j|} |\hat{g}_1(k)| |\hat{g}_2(j)| \quad (25)$$

$$= \sum_{k \neq j} \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k-j|} e^{\nu(t)|j|} |\hat{g}_1(k-j)| |\hat{g}_2(j)| + \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \sum_{j \neq k} e^{\nu(t)|k|} e^{\nu(t)|k-j|} |\hat{g}_1(k)| |\hat{g}_2(k-j)|. \quad (26)$$

The first term in (26) contains all but terms of the form

$$e^{\nu(t)|j|} |\hat{g}_1(0)| |\hat{g}_2(j)|, \quad j \in \mathbb{Z} \quad (27)$$

while the second term in (26) contains terms of the form

$$e^{\nu(t)|-j|} |\hat{g}_1(0)| |\hat{g}_2(-j)|, \quad j \neq 0. \quad (28)$$

The only term that is not covered between these two terms is $|\hat{g}_1(0)| |\hat{g}_2(0)|$. However, this term is not covered by the sum in (21), either. This completes the proof. \blacksquare

We define the following frequently used operator

$$\mathcal{M}(f)(\alpha) = \int_0^\alpha f(\eta) d\eta - \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi f(\eta) d\eta. \quad (29)$$

We note that

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(f))(k) = \begin{cases} -\frac{i}{k} \hat{f}(k) & k \neq 0 \\ \sum_{j \neq 0} \frac{i}{j} \hat{f}(j) & k = 0. \end{cases} \quad (30)$$

For $N \geq 0$, we also define high frequency cut-off operators \mathcal{J}_N and \mathcal{J}_N^1 as

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{J}_N f)(k) = 1_{|k| \leq N} \mathcal{F}(f)(k), \quad (31)$$

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{J}_N^1 f)(k) = 1_{|k| \neq 1} 1_{|k| \leq N} \mathcal{F}(f)(k). \quad (32)$$

2 Boundary Integral Formulation

Section 1 has mentioned that for our study a certain ansatz is imposed on the fluid velocity which satisfies our model. We now introduce the ansatz. For the fluid velocity, we adopt

$$u_j(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{4\pi} \int_{\Gamma} (-\gamma\kappa(s)\mathbf{n}(s))_i G_{ij}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}(s)) ds, \quad \mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^2, \quad (33)$$

where $\mathbf{u}(\mathbf{x}) = (u_1(\mathbf{x}), u_2(\mathbf{x}))$ and $G = (G_{ij})$ given by

$$G_{ij}(\mathbf{w}) = -\delta_{ij} \log |\mathbf{w}| + \frac{w_i w_j}{|\mathbf{w}|^2} \quad (34)$$

is the Green's function for two-dimensional infinite unbounded incompressible Stokes flow [5]. Being a Green's function, G can be used to represent a solution of two-dimensional incompressible Stokes flow driven by a concentrated point force of some strength in the plane. In our model, there is a force density $-\gamma\kappa\mathbf{n}$ along the interface as opposed to a concentrated force at a single point. In this case, the solution to infinite unbounded Stokes flow can be represented via (33), which will henceforth be referred to as the single-layer potential. In general, the two-dimensional Green's function for infinite unbounded flow suffers from the so-called Stokes' paradox of logarithmic growth of the fluid velocity \mathbf{u} at infinity. However, the fluid velocity in our model does not suffer from this paradox because the force density along the interface integrates to 0. The single-layer potential ensures that the fluid velocity satisfies equations (1) through (4). In particular, its analytical form guarantees continuity across the interface. The representation of the fluid velocity as a single-layer potential provides a convenient framework to study well-posedness of the model under study both analytically and numerically.

3 Interface Parametrization

In our model, the fluids are driven exclusively by a stress imbalance along the interface given by $-\gamma\kappa\mathbf{n}$, which can be derived explicitly from first principles of physics by assuming that surface tension along the interface be proportional to the unit tangent vector to the interface. The fact that this force differential depends exclusively on the geometry of the interface, via curvature κ , ensures that whatever parametrization we choose for the interface will have no bearing on the physical dynamics of the system. For our interface parametrization, we will adopt a frame in which the interface's tangent angle and length are the independent dynamical variables, as opposed to the interface's x - and y -positions. A detailed derivation of our parametrization is in order.

Due to the continuity of the fluid velocity across the interface as stated in (3), the fluid velocity along the interface is well-defined. We note that the shape of the interface is determined entirely by its normal velocity and the tangential velocity of the interface can only alter the frame of the interface parametrization. This means that the tangential velocity can be entered into the equations without affecting the interface shape. Let us write the interfacial fluid velocity as

$$\mathbf{u} = -U\mathbf{n} + T\boldsymbol{\tau}, \quad (35)$$

where $\boldsymbol{\tau}$ is the unit tangent vector. There is a minus sign in front of the normal term, because \mathbf{n} is by definition the outward-pointing unit normal vector to the interface. We first represent the interface with some parametrization $z(\alpha, t)$ where $\alpha \in [-\pi, \pi)$. Let us define a tangential angle variable θ by writing the tangent vector $z_\alpha(\alpha, t)$ in complex variable notation

$$z_\alpha(\alpha, t) = |z_\alpha(\alpha, t)| e^{i(\alpha + \theta(\alpha, t))}. \quad (36)$$

Using the parametrization, we can rewrite (35) as

$$z_t(\alpha, t) = -U(\alpha, t)\mathbf{n}(\alpha, t) + T(\alpha, t)\boldsymbol{\tau}(\alpha, t), \quad (37)$$

which in complex variable notation can be written as

$$z_t(\alpha, t) = U(\alpha, t) \cdot i e^{i(\alpha + \theta(\alpha, t))} + T(\alpha, t) \cdot e^{i(\alpha + \theta(\alpha, t))}, \quad (38)$$

keeping in mind that in complex variable notation

$$\boldsymbol{\tau}(\alpha, t) = e^{i(\alpha + \theta(\alpha, t))}, \quad (39)$$

$$\mathbf{n}(\alpha, t) = -i e^{i(\alpha + \theta(\alpha, t))}. \quad (40)$$

By differentiating (36) with respect to t and (38) with respect to α and then setting them equal to each other, we can obtain evolution equations for the interface in terms of θ and $|z_\alpha(\alpha, t)|$ from the real and imaginary parts of the equation, i.e.,

$$|z_\alpha(\alpha, t)|_t = -U(\alpha, t) - U(\alpha, t)\theta_\alpha(\alpha, t) + T_\alpha(\alpha, t), \quad (41)$$

$$\theta_t(\alpha, t) = \frac{1}{|z_\alpha(\alpha, t)|} \left(U_\alpha(\alpha, t) + T(\alpha, t) + T(\alpha, t)\theta_\alpha(\alpha, t) \right). \quad (42)$$

Of all possible frames of the interface parametrization, a particularly useful one for our analysis can be selected by requiring the tangential speed $T(\alpha, t)$ to be of the form

$$T(\alpha, t) = \int_0^\alpha (1 + \theta_\eta(\eta, t))U(\eta, t)d\eta - \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi (1 + \theta_\eta(\eta, t))U(\eta, t)d\eta + T(0, t), \quad (43)$$

where $T(0, t)$ is a number that depends on t , which allows for a change of frame. The frame that is chosen by the imposition of (43) ensures that $|z_\alpha(\alpha, t)|$ is independent of α , i.e.,

$$|z_\alpha(\alpha, t)| = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi |z_\alpha(\eta, t)| d\eta = \frac{L(t)}{2\pi}, \quad (44)$$

where $L(t)$ is the length of the interface at time t . This can be checked by integrating (41) with respect to time from 0 to t and then differentiating with respect to α . Using this tangential speed formula, (41) and (42) can be rewritten as

$$L_t(t) = - \int_{-\pi}^\pi (1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha))U(\alpha)d\alpha \quad (45)$$

$$\theta_t(\alpha, t) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)}U_\alpha(\alpha) + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)}T(\alpha)(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha)). \quad (46)$$

The use of this particular parametrization of a fluid interface has been pioneered by [2] in the context of removing numerical stiffness from interfacial flows with surface tension. From now on, we will refer to this parametrization as Hou-Lowengrub-Shelley (HLS) parametrization in honor of its authors. For the purposes of our analysis, the HLS parametrization of the interface is useful because it provides a natural basis for a powerful analytical and numerical principle for solving interfacial fluid problems called *small-scale decomposition*. Under this principle, a principal linear operator of the evolution equation of θ is extracted and the remainder terms are shown to be of lower order in some sense under the choice of an appropriate function space [4]. [1] contains an application of this principle for an analytical study of the two-dimensional Muskat equation with two immiscible fluids under gravity in which one fluid is completely surrounded by the other. While [4] does not use the HLS parametrization, it employs small-scale decomposition to address the well-posedness of the Peskin problem in which the model is set up identically to our own except the force differential driving the system is of elastic nature, not surface tension.

4 Estimates for $L(t)$

We can derive a certain analytical expression for $L(t)$ from the incompressibility of the internal fluid. In fact, this analytical expression and (45) are equivalent provided that $L(t) > 0$ for all time t . The following proposition, whose proof can be garnered from [1], summarizes these observations. As we shall see later in the paper, a careful estimate of the analytical expression itself shows that it is bounded above and below by certain expressions in terms of an appropriate norm of a tangential angle variable, which becomes useful to derive a key *a priori* estimate for it.

Proposition 4. *Let $V_0 = \pi R^2$ be the initial volume of the internal fluid. For any $t \geq 0$ such that $L(t) > 0$,*

$$\left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi}\right)^2 = R^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta(\alpha) - \theta(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha\right)^{-1} \quad (47)$$

implies

$$L_t(t) = - \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (1 + \theta_{\alpha}(\alpha)) U(\alpha) d\alpha. \quad (48)$$

The converse holds without the assumption that $L(t) > 0$.

Remark. *That $V_0 = \pi R^2$ is not to say that the internal fluid must initially be a circle of radius R . We set $V_0 = \pi R^2$ because if the second term inside the parentheses on the right hand side of (47) is sufficiently small in magnitude, then (47) can be taken to mean that $L(t)$ is the length at time t of the interface perturbed about a circle of radius R , i.e., $L(t)$ is roughly equal to $2\pi R$. As far as our analysis is concerned, this is a desirable formulation of $L(t)$ because we are interested in whether there exist nontrivial solutions to (45) and (46) given an initial perturbation about a circular interface.*

Before we commence the proof of Proposition 4, let us first derive (47) from the incompressibility condition on the internal fluid. Let \mathcal{D} be the region enclosed by the fluid boundary Γ . Then the volume of the region \mathcal{D} is given by

$$V = \int_{\mathcal{D}} dx \wedge dy \quad (49)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathcal{D}} d(-ydx + xdy) \quad (50)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{\Gamma} -ydx + xdy \quad (51)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (-z_2(\alpha), z_1(\alpha)) \cdot z_{\alpha}(\alpha) d\alpha, \quad (52)$$

where \wedge in (49) denotes the wedge product of differential forms; (50) results from the exterior derivative of the differential form; (51) is a consequence of the generalized Stokes' theorem; and (52) follows from the definition of the line integral. Taking $z(\alpha)$ and $z_{\alpha}(\alpha)$ to be complex numbers instead of vectors, we can express the volume in complex-variable notation

$$V = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \operatorname{Im} \left(\overline{z(\alpha)} z_{\alpha}(\alpha) \right) d\alpha = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \overline{z(\alpha)} z_{\alpha}(\alpha) d\alpha. \quad (53)$$

Using that

$$z_{\alpha}(\alpha) = \frac{L(t)}{2\pi} e^{i(\alpha + \theta(\alpha))} \quad (54)$$

$$z(\alpha) = z(0) + \int_0^{\alpha} z_{\eta}(\eta) d\eta, \quad (55)$$

we can write

$$V = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \overline{z(\alpha)} z_{\alpha}(\alpha) d\alpha \quad (56)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^2 \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha - \eta)} e^{i(\theta(\alpha) - \theta(\eta))} d\eta d\alpha \quad (57)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^2 2\pi \cdot \operatorname{Im} \left(i + \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha - \eta)} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta(\alpha) - \theta(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right) \quad (58)$$

$$= \pi \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha - \eta)} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta(\alpha) - \theta(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right). \quad (59)$$

Since the internal fluid is incompressible,

$$V_0 = \pi R^2 = V, \quad (60)$$

which implies

$$\left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^2 = R^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha - \eta)} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta(\alpha) - \theta(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{-1}. \quad (61)$$

This reveals that the converse to Proposition 4 holds without the condition $L(t) > 0$. Now, we prove Proposition 4.

Proof. Setting (57) and (60) equal to each other, we obtain

$$\pi R^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^2 \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} e^{i(\theta(\alpha)-\theta(\eta))} d\eta d\alpha. \quad (62)$$

After differentiating this equation with respect to t and then using $L(t) > 0$, we can rearrange the equation to obtain

$$L'(t) = -\frac{1}{2R^2} \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^3 \operatorname{Im} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} i e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} e^{i(\theta(\alpha)-\theta(\eta))} (\theta_t(\alpha) - \theta_t(\eta)) d\eta d\alpha \right) \quad (63)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2R^2} \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^3 \left(\operatorname{Im} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} \theta_t(\alpha) \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} d\eta d\alpha \right) \right. \quad (64)$$

$$\left. - \operatorname{Im} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta d\alpha \right) \right). \quad (65)$$

Observe that

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} \theta_t(\alpha) \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} d\eta d\alpha \quad (66)$$

$$= i \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} \theta_t(\alpha) \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} d\eta d\alpha \quad (67)$$

$$= i \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta \cdot \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} d\eta d\alpha \quad (68)$$

$$= i \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha} \left(\int_0^{\alpha} e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta \cdot \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} d\eta \right) \right. \quad (69)$$

$$\left. - \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} d\eta \right) d\alpha \quad (70)$$

$$= i \left(\int_0^{\pi} e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta \cdot \int_0^{\pi} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} d\eta - \int_0^{-\pi} e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta \cdot \int_0^{-\pi} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} d\eta \right. \quad (71)$$

$$\left. - \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta \cdot e^{-i\alpha} e^{-i\theta(\alpha)} d\alpha \right). \quad (72)$$

Using that

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} d\eta = 0, \quad (73)$$

we can write

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} \theta_t(\alpha) \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} d\eta d\alpha \quad (74)$$

$$= i \left(\int_0^{\pi} e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta \cdot \int_0^{\pi} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} d\eta + \int_{-\pi}^0 e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta \cdot \int_0^{\pi} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} d\eta \right. \quad (75)$$

$$\left. - \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta \cdot e^{-i\alpha} e^{-i\theta(\alpha)} d\alpha \right) \quad (76)$$

$$= i \left(\int_0^{\pi} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} d\eta \cdot \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta - \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta \cdot e^{-i\alpha} e^{-i\theta(\alpha)} d\alpha \right). \quad (77)$$

Due to (73),

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta = -i \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\eta} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} e^{i\theta(\eta)} d\eta = -i \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} d\eta = 0. \quad (78)$$

Hence,

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} \theta_t(\alpha) \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} d\eta d\alpha = -i \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i\eta} e^{i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta \cdot e^{-i\alpha} e^{-i\theta(\alpha)} d\alpha. \quad (79)$$

Therefore,

$$L'(t) = \frac{1}{R^2} \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^3 \operatorname{Im} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta d\alpha \right). \quad (80)$$

Using (46), we obtain

$$\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta \quad (81)$$

$$= \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} \left(U_{\eta}(\eta) + T(\eta)(1 + \theta_{\eta}(\eta)) \right) d\eta \quad (82)$$

$$= \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} U_{\eta}(\eta) d\eta + \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} T(\eta)(1 + \theta_{\eta}(\eta)) d\eta \quad (83)$$

$$= \int_0^{\alpha} \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} U(\eta) \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} \right) U(\eta) d\eta + i \int_0^{\alpha} T(\eta) \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} \right) d\eta \quad (84)$$

$$= e^{-i\alpha} e^{-i\theta(\alpha)} U(\alpha) - e^{-i\theta(0)} U(0) + i \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} (1 + \theta_{\eta}(\eta)) U(\eta) d\eta \quad (85)$$

$$+ i \int_0^{\alpha} T(\eta) \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} \right) d\eta. \quad (86)$$

Using that

$$T_{\eta}(\eta) = (1 + \theta_{\eta}(\eta)) U(\eta) - \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (1 + \theta_{\eta}(\xi)) U(\xi) d\xi, \quad (87)$$

we obtain

$$\int_0^{\alpha} T(\eta) \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} \right) d\eta \quad (88)$$

$$= \int_0^{\alpha} \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(T(\eta) e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} \right) - T_{\eta}(\eta) e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} d\eta \quad (89)$$

$$= T(\alpha) e^{-i(\alpha+\theta(\alpha))} - T(0) e^{-i\theta(0)} - \int_0^{\alpha} T_{\eta}(\eta) e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} d\eta \quad (90)$$

$$= T(\alpha) e^{-i(\alpha+\theta(\alpha))} - T(0) e^{-i\theta(0)} \quad (91)$$

$$- \int_0^{\alpha} \left((1 + \theta_{\eta}(\eta)) U(\eta) - \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (1 + \theta_{\xi}(\xi)) U(\xi) d\xi \right) e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} d\eta. \quad (92)$$

Therefore,

$$\int_0^\alpha T(\eta) \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} \right) d\eta \quad (93)$$

$$= T(\alpha) e^{-i(\alpha+\theta(\alpha))} - T(0) e^{-i\theta(0)} - \int_0^\alpha (1 + \theta_\eta(\eta)) U(\eta) e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} d\eta \quad (94)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi (1 + \theta_\eta(\eta)) U(\eta) d\eta \int_0^\alpha e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} d\eta. \quad (95)$$

Hence,

$$\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \int_0^\alpha e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta \quad (96)$$

$$= e^{-i\alpha} e^{-i\theta(\alpha)} U(\alpha) - e^{-i\theta(0)} U(0) + T(\alpha) i e^{-i(\alpha+\theta(\alpha))} - T(0) i e^{-i\theta(0)} \quad (97)$$

$$+ \frac{i}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi (1 + \theta_\eta(\eta)) U(\eta) d\eta \cdot \int_0^\alpha e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} d\eta. \quad (98)$$

Then, using (73), we obtain

$$L'(t) = \frac{1}{R^2} \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^3 \operatorname{Im} \left(\int_{-\pi}^\pi i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} \int_0^\alpha e^{-i\eta} e^{-i\theta(\eta)} \theta_t(\eta) d\eta d\alpha \right) \quad (99)$$

$$= \frac{1}{R^2} \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^2 \operatorname{Im} \left(\int_{-\pi}^\pi i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} \left(e^{-i\alpha} e^{-i\theta(\alpha)} U(\alpha) - e^{-i\theta(0)} U(0) \right. \right. \quad (100)$$

$$\left. + T(\alpha) i e^{-i(\alpha+\theta(\alpha))} - T(0) i e^{-i\theta(0)} \right) d\alpha \quad (101)$$

$$\left. + \frac{i}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi (1 + \theta_\eta(\eta)) U(\eta) d\eta \cdot \int_0^\alpha e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} d\eta \right) d\alpha \quad (102)$$

$$= \frac{1}{R^2} \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^2 \operatorname{Im} \left(i \int_{-\pi}^\pi U(\alpha) d\alpha - i e^{-i\theta(0)} U(0) \int_{-\pi}^\pi e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} d\alpha - \int_{-\pi}^\pi T(\alpha) d\alpha \right. \quad (103)$$

$$\left. + T(0) e^{-i\theta(0)} \int_{-\pi}^\pi e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} d\alpha \right. \quad (104)$$

$$\left. - \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} \int_{-\pi}^\pi (1 + \theta_\eta(\eta)) U(\eta) d\eta \cdot \int_0^\alpha e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} d\eta d\alpha \right) \quad (105)$$

$$= \frac{1}{R^2} \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^2 \operatorname{Im} \left(i \int_{-\pi}^\pi U(\alpha) d\alpha - \int_{-\pi}^\pi T(\alpha) d\alpha \right. \quad (106)$$

$$\left. - \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi (1 + \theta_\eta(\eta)) U(\eta) d\eta \int_{-\pi}^\pi e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} \int_0^\alpha e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} d\eta d\alpha \right). \quad (107)$$

By the divergence theorem,

$$\int_{\mathcal{D}} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{u} = \int_{\Gamma} \mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{n} = - \int_{-\pi}^\pi U(\alpha) |z_\alpha(\alpha)| d\alpha = - \frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi U(\alpha) d\alpha. \quad (108)$$

Using the incompressibility of the internal fluid, $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{u} = 0$, we obtain

$$\int_{-\pi}^\pi U(\alpha) d\alpha = 0. \quad (109)$$

Hence,

$$L'(t) = \frac{1}{R^2} \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^2 \operatorname{Im} \left(- \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} T(\alpha) d\alpha \right) \quad (110)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (1 + \theta_{\eta}(\eta)) U(\eta) d\eta \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} d\eta d\alpha \quad (111)$$

$$= - \frac{1}{2\pi R^2} \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^2 \operatorname{Im} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (1 + \theta_{\eta}(\eta)) U(\eta) d\eta \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\alpha} e^{i\theta(\alpha)} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i(\eta+\theta(\eta))} d\eta d\alpha \right) \quad (112)$$

$$= - \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (1 + \theta_{\eta}(\eta)) U(\eta) d\eta, \quad (113)$$

as needed. ■

5 The Circular Interface under HLS Parametrization

Under the HLS parametrization, the interface at time t is a circle of radius R if and only if $(\theta(\alpha, t), L(t)) = (\hat{\theta}(0, t), 2\pi R)$, where $\hat{\theta}(0, t)$ is a function of time t . Combined with this observation, our study reveals that a unique global-in-time solution exists for sufficiently small initial perturbation around a circular interface, which decays exponentially fast to a circular shape. The following proposition summarizes the characterization of the circular interface under the HLS parametrization.

Proposition 5. *Let $R > 0$. The interface at time t is a circle of radius R if and only if*

$$(\theta(\alpha, t), L(t)) = (\hat{\theta}(0, t), 2\pi R), \quad (114)$$

where the parametrization is HLS.

Proof. First, we check that $(\theta(\alpha, t), L(t)) = (\hat{\theta}(0, t), 2\pi R)$ is a circle of radius R for fixed t . It suffices to show that the curve has a constant curvature $\left| \frac{d^2 z}{ds^2} \right|$ of $1/R$. Observe that

$$\frac{d^2 z}{ds^2} = \frac{d}{d\alpha} \left(\frac{dz}{d\alpha} \cdot \frac{d\alpha}{ds} \right) \frac{d\alpha}{ds} = \frac{d^2 z}{d\alpha^2} \cdot |z_{\alpha}(\alpha, t)|^{-2} = \frac{ie^{i(\alpha+\hat{\theta}(0,t))}}{R}. \quad (115)$$

Since $\hat{\theta}(0, t)$ is a real number,

$$\left| \frac{d^2 z}{ds^2} \right| = \frac{1}{R}, \quad (116)$$

as needed. To prove the converse, suppose that the interface at time t is a circle of radius R . Then $L(t) = 2\pi R$. That $\left| \frac{d^2 z}{ds^2} \right| = \frac{1}{R}$ shows that $|1 + \theta_{\alpha}(\alpha, t)| = 1$. Due to the periodicity of θ , we have $\theta_{\alpha}(\alpha, t) = 0$, i.e., $\theta(\alpha, t)$ depends only on time t . Then $\hat{\theta}(0, t) = \theta(\alpha, t)$, as needed. ■

In Section 8, we remark on whether circular interfaces can solve our model.

6 Statement of the Main Theorem

We are ready to state the main theorem of our study. To study the simple two-dimensional model given by (1) through (4), we have adopted the single-layer potential form (33) for the fluid velocity. As a result, anywhere in the plane the fluid velocity can be obtained by convolving the interfacial stress imbalance against the Green's function for two-dimensional infinite unbounded incompressible Stokes flow along the interface. To completely describe the dynamics of the fluid velocity, it is therefore sufficient to study the dynamics of the interface itself. To that end, we take the HLS parametrization of the interface to obtain a pair of dynamics equations, (45) and (46), for the interface. Lastly, we have reformulated the dynamics equation (45) for the length of the interface into (47). The main theorem of our study is that the equations (47) and (46) for the dynamics of the interface have a unique solution that is global in time, provided that the initial datum is sufficiently small as measured by the norm of $\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}$. The unique solution also decays exponentially in time in the norm of $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}$, where ν is given in (9) and $\nu_0 > 0$ is dependent on the initial datum. In view of Proposition 5, this implies that the initial perturbed interface decays exponentially to a circular shape.

Theorem 1. *Fix $\gamma > 0$. If the initial datum $\theta^0 \in \dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}$ such that $|\mathcal{F}(\theta^0)(0)|$ and $\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}$ are sufficiently small, then for any $T \in (0, \infty)$ there exists a unique solution*

$$\theta(\alpha, t) \in C([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}) \cap L^1([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}) \quad (117)$$

to the equations (47) and (46), where ν is given in (9) and $\nu_0 > 0$ is dependent on θ^0 . The solution becomes instantaneously analytic. In particular, for any $t \in [0, T]$

$$\|\theta(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + \left(\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \int_0^t \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \leq \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}, \quad (118)$$

where $\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}})$ is given in (3615). Moreover, $\|\theta(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}$ decays exponentially in time.

Remark. *The assumption that the initial datum be “sufficiently small” can be made explicit in the sense that for any $\gamma > 0$, there is an analytical constraint that places an upper bound on the magnitudes of $|\mathcal{F}(\theta^0)(0)|$ and $\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}$.*

7 The Interfacial Fluid Velocity

To even speak of the interfacial fluid velocity, we need to ensure that it is well-defined. Fortunately, the single-layer potential form imposed on the fluid velocity satisfies the stipulation (3) that the fluid velocity be continuous across the interface, making the interfacial fluid velocity a well-defined quantity.

7.1 Formulation in Complex Variable Notation

We set out to rewrite (33) using complex variable notation, which is more conducive to computation than vector notation. The signed curvature κ that appears in the single-layer

potential is defined by, in vector notation,

$$\boldsymbol{\tau}'(s) = -\kappa(s)\mathbf{n}(s), \quad (119)$$

where s denotes the arclength parametrization. Letting $\boldsymbol{\tau} = (\tau_1, \tau_2)$ and $z = (z_1, z_2)$ and using the Jacobian for conversion between the arclength and HLS parametrizations, we obtain

$$\tau'_i(s) = \frac{d\tau_i}{ds} = \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{dz_i}{ds} \right) = \frac{d}{d\beta} \left(\frac{dz_i}{d\beta} \cdot \frac{d\beta}{ds} \right) \cdot \frac{d\beta}{ds} = \frac{d^2 z_i}{d\beta^2} \cdot |z_\beta(\beta, t)|^{-2}, \quad (120)$$

which yields, in vector notation,

$$u_j(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{4\pi} \int_{\Gamma} (-\gamma\kappa(s)\mathbf{n}(s))_i G_{ij}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}(s)) ds \quad (121)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{\Gamma} (\boldsymbol{\tau}'(s))_i G_{ij}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}(s)) ds \quad (122)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{i=1}^2 \int_{\Gamma} \tau'_i(s) G_{ij}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}(s)) ds \quad (123)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{i=1}^2 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} z''_i(\beta) G_{ij}(\mathbf{x} - z(\beta)) |z_\beta(\beta, t)|^{-1} d\beta \quad (124)$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{i=1}^2 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} z''_i(\beta) G_{ij}(\mathbf{x} - z(\beta)) d\beta \quad (125)$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} z''(\beta) \cdot G_{\cdot j}(\mathbf{x} - z(\beta)) d\beta, \quad (126)$$

where

$$G_{\cdot j}(\mathbf{x} - z(\beta)) = (G_{1j}(\mathbf{x} - z(\beta)), G_{2j}(\mathbf{x} - z(\beta))). \quad (127)$$

Let $\mathbf{x} = z(\alpha) \in \Gamma$. To rewrite the current expression for $u_j(\mathbf{x}) = u_j(z(\alpha))$ in complex variable notation, we use the following complex variable expressions

$$G_{\cdot j}(z(\alpha) - z(\beta)) = G_{1j}(z(\alpha) - z(\beta)) + iG_{2j}(z(\alpha) - z(\beta)) \quad (128)$$

$$z'(\beta) = \frac{L(t)}{2\pi} e^{i(\beta + \theta(\beta))}, \quad (129)$$

which yields, in complex variable notation,

$$u_j(z(\alpha)) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \operatorname{Re} \left(\overline{z''(\beta)} G_{\cdot j}(z(\alpha) - z(\beta)) \right) d\beta \quad (130)$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{d}{d\beta} \left(\overline{z'(\beta)} \right) G_{\cdot j}(z(\alpha) - z(\beta)) \right) d\beta \quad (131)$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{d}{d\beta} \left(\overline{z'(\beta)} G_{\cdot j}(z(\alpha) - z(\beta)) \right) - \overline{z'(\beta)} \frac{d}{d\beta} \left(G_{\cdot j}(z(\alpha) - z(\beta)) \right) \right) d\beta \quad (132)$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \operatorname{Re} \left(\overline{z'(\beta)} \frac{d}{d\beta} \left(G_{\cdot j}(z(\alpha) - z(\beta)) \right) \right) d\beta \quad (133)$$

where

$$\operatorname{Re}\left(\overline{z'(\beta)}\frac{d}{d\beta}\left(G_{\cdot j}(z(\alpha) - z(\beta))\right)\right) \quad (134)$$

$$= \frac{L(t)}{2\pi}\left(\cos(\beta + \theta(\beta))\frac{d}{d\beta}\left(G_{1j}(z(\alpha) - z(\beta))\right) + \sin(\beta + \theta(\beta))\frac{d}{d\beta}\left(G_{2j}(z(\alpha) - z(\beta))\right)\right). \quad (135)$$

Hence,

$$u_j(z(\alpha)) = -\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos(\beta + \theta(\beta))\frac{d}{d\beta}\left(G_{1j}(z(\alpha) - z(\beta))\right) \quad (136)$$

$$+ \sin(\beta + \theta(\beta))\frac{d}{d\beta}\left(G_{2j}(z(\alpha) - z(\beta))\right)d\beta. \quad (137)$$

By changing the variable of integration from β to $\beta' = \alpha - \beta$ and rewriting the sine and cosine in complex variable notation, we obtain

$$u_j(z(\alpha)) = \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos(\alpha - \beta' + \theta(\alpha - \beta'))\frac{d}{d\beta'}\left(G_{1j}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta'))\right) \quad (138)$$

$$+ \sin(\alpha - \beta' + \theta(\alpha - \beta'))\frac{d}{d\beta'}\left(G_{2j}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta'))\right)d\beta' \quad (139)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2}\left(e^{i(\alpha - \beta' + \theta(\alpha - \beta'))} + e^{-i(\alpha - \beta' + \theta(\alpha - \beta'))}\right)\frac{d}{d\beta'}\left(G_{1j}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta'))\right) \quad (140)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2i}\left(e^{i(\alpha - \beta' + \theta(\alpha - \beta'))} - e^{-i(\alpha - \beta' + \theta(\alpha - \beta'))}\right)\frac{d}{d\beta'}\left(G_{2j}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta'))\right)d\beta'. \quad (141)$$

7.2 The Normal Speed U

To obtain the normal speed in complex variable notation, we take the dot product of (35) and $-\mathbf{u}$ to get

$$U = \mathbf{u} \cdot (-\mathbf{n}), \quad (142)$$

which can be rewritten in complex variable notation as

$$U(\alpha) = \operatorname{Re}\left((u_1(\alpha) - iu_2(\alpha))ie^{i(\alpha + \theta(\alpha))}\right). \quad (143)$$

To obtain an analytical expression for $U(\alpha)$ in complex variable notation, we first simplify (140) and (141). We note that

$$G_{11}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) = -\log |z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)| + \frac{(z_1(\alpha) - z_1(\alpha - \beta))^2}{|z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)|^2}, \quad (144)$$

$$G_{12}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) = \frac{(z_1(\alpha) - z_1(\alpha - \beta))(z_2(\alpha) - z_2(\alpha - \beta))}{|z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)|^2}, \quad (145)$$

$$G_{21}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) = \frac{(z_1(\alpha) - z_1(\alpha - \beta))(z_2(\alpha) - z_2(\alpha - \beta))}{|z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)|^2}, \quad (146)$$

$$G_{22}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) = -\log |z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)| + \frac{(z_2(\alpha) - z_2(\alpha - \beta))^2}{|z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)|^2}. \quad (147)$$

Letting

$$w(\alpha, \beta) = \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha + (s-1)\beta + \theta(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))} ds, \quad (148)$$

we can write

$$z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta) = \beta \int_0^1 z_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds = \frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} w(\alpha, \beta). \quad (149)$$

Denoting the complex conjugate of w by \bar{w} , we then obtain

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(-\log |z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)| \right) \quad (150)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \log |z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)|^2 \quad (151)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{|z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)|^2} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(|z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)|^2 \right) \quad (152)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} w \frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} \bar{w}} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^2 \beta^2 w \bar{w} \right) \quad (153)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\beta^2 w \bar{w}} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\beta^2 w \bar{w} \right) \quad (154)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2\beta^2 w \bar{w}} \left(2\beta w \bar{w} + \beta^2 (w_\beta \bar{w} + w \bar{w}_\beta) \right) \quad (155)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} - \frac{w_\beta \bar{w} + w \bar{w}_\beta}{2w \bar{w}} \quad (156)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} - \frac{w_\beta}{2w} - \frac{\bar{w}_\beta}{2\bar{w}}. \quad (157)$$

Moreover,

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{(z_1(\alpha) - z_1(\alpha - \beta))^2}{|z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)|^2} \right) \quad (158)$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} w + \frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} \bar{w} \right) \right)^2}{\frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} w \frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} \bar{w}} \right) \quad (159)$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{(w + \bar{w})^2}{4w\bar{w}} \right) \quad (160)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left((w + \bar{w})^2 (w\bar{w})^{-1} \right) \quad (161)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(2(w + \bar{w})(w_\beta + \bar{w}_\beta)(w\bar{w})^{-1} - (w + \bar{w})^2 (w\bar{w})^{-2} (w_\beta \bar{w} + w\bar{w}_\beta) \right) \quad (162)$$

$$= \frac{(w + \bar{w})(w_\beta + \bar{w}_\beta)}{2w\bar{w}} - \frac{(w + \bar{w})^2 (w_\beta \bar{w} + w\bar{w}_\beta)}{4(w\bar{w})^2} \quad (163)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\bar{w}} + \frac{1}{w} \right) (w_\beta + \bar{w}_\beta) - \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\bar{w}} + \frac{1}{w} \right)^2 (w_\beta \bar{w} + w\bar{w}_\beta). \quad (164)$$

Similarly,

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{(z_2(\alpha) - z_2(\alpha - \beta))^2}{|z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)|^2} \right) \quad (165)$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2i} \left(\frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} w - \frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} \bar{w} \right) \right)^2}{\frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} w \frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} \bar{w}} \right) \quad (166)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left((w - \bar{w})^2 (w\bar{w})^{-1} \right) \quad (167)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left(2(w - \bar{w})(w_\beta - \bar{w}_\beta)(w\bar{w})^{-1} - (w - \bar{w})^2 (w\bar{w})^{-2} (w_\beta \bar{w} + w\bar{w}_\beta) \right) \quad (168)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{w - \bar{w}}{w\bar{w}} (w_\beta - \bar{w}_\beta) + \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{w - \bar{w}}{w\bar{w}} \right)^2 (w_\beta \bar{w} + w\bar{w}_\beta) \quad (169)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\bar{w}} - \frac{1}{w} \right) (w_\beta - \bar{w}_\beta) + \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{\bar{w}} - \frac{1}{w} \right)^2 (w_\beta \bar{w} + w\bar{w}_\beta). \quad (170)$$

Lastly,

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{(z_1(\alpha) - z_1(\alpha - \beta))(z_2(\alpha) - z_2(\alpha - \beta))}{|z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)|^2} \right) \quad (171)$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} w + \frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} \bar{w} \right) \frac{1}{2i} \left(\frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} w - \frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} \bar{w} \right)}{\frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} w \frac{\beta L(t)}{2\pi} \bar{w}} \right) \quad (172)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{(w + \bar{w})(w - \bar{w})}{w\bar{w}} \right) \quad (173)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{w^2 - \bar{w}^2}{w\bar{w}} \right) \quad (174)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{w}{\bar{w}} - \frac{\bar{w}}{w} \right) \quad (175)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(w\bar{w}^{-1} - \bar{w}w^{-1} \right) \quad (176)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left(w_\beta \bar{w}^{-1} - w\bar{w}^{-2} \bar{w}_\beta - \bar{w}_\beta w^{-1} + \bar{w}w^{-2} w_\beta \right) \quad (177)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left(\frac{w_\beta}{\bar{w}} - \frac{w\bar{w}_\beta}{\bar{w}^2} - \frac{\bar{w}_\beta}{w} + \frac{\bar{w}w_\beta}{w^2} \right) \quad (178)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left(2 \left(\frac{w_\beta}{\bar{w}} - \frac{\bar{w}_\beta}{w} \right) - \left(\frac{w}{\bar{w}} - \frac{\bar{w}}{w} \right) \left(\frac{w_\beta}{w} + \frac{\bar{w}_\beta}{\bar{w}} \right) \right) \quad (179)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \left(\frac{w_\beta}{\bar{w}} - \frac{\bar{w}_\beta}{w} \right) - \frac{1}{4i} \left(\frac{w}{\bar{w}} - \frac{\bar{w}}{w} \right) \left(\frac{w_\beta}{w} + \frac{\bar{w}_\beta}{\bar{w}} \right). \quad (180)$$

Hence,

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{11}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) \quad (181)$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(-\log |z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)| \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{(z_1(\alpha) - z_1(\alpha - \beta))^2}{|z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)|^2} \right) \quad (182)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} - \frac{w_\beta}{2w} - \frac{\bar{w}_\beta}{2\bar{w}} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\bar{w}} + \frac{1}{w} \right) (w_\beta + \bar{w}_\beta) - \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{\bar{w}} + \frac{1}{w} \right)^2 (w_\beta \bar{w} + w \bar{w}_\beta), \quad (183)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{22}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) \quad (184)$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(-\log |z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)| \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{(z_2(\alpha) - z_2(\alpha - \beta))^2}{|z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)|^2} \right) \quad (185)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} - \frac{w_\beta}{2w} - \frac{\bar{w}_\beta}{2\bar{w}} - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\bar{w}} - \frac{1}{w} \right) (w_\beta - \bar{w}_\beta) + \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{\bar{w}} - \frac{1}{w} \right)^2 (w_\beta \bar{w} + w \bar{w}_\beta), \quad (186)$$

and

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{12}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{21}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) \quad (187)$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{(z_1(\alpha) - z_1(\alpha - \beta))(z_2(\alpha) - z_2(\alpha - \beta))}{|z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)|^2} \right) \quad (188)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \left(\frac{w_\beta}{\bar{w}} - \frac{\bar{w}_\beta}{w} \right) - \frac{1}{4i} \left(\frac{w}{\bar{w}} - \frac{\bar{w}}{w} \right) \left(\frac{w_\beta}{w} + \frac{\bar{w}_\beta}{\bar{w}} \right). \quad (189)$$

For notational convenience, let us write

$$w = C_1 + L_1 + N_1, \quad (190)$$

$$w^{-1} = C_2 + L_2 + N_2, \quad (191)$$

$$w_\beta = C_\beta + L_\beta + N_\beta, \quad (192)$$

where C_1 , L_1 , and N_1 are the parts of w which are constant, linear, and superlinear in the variable $\phi = \theta - \hat{\theta}(0)$, respectively; C_2 , L_2 , and N_2 are the parts of w^{-1} which are constant, linear, and superlinear in the variable ϕ , respectively; lastly, C_β , L_β , and N_β are the parts of w_β which are constant, linear, and superlinear in the variable ϕ . We note that

$$C_1 = \frac{-e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} i(-1 + e^{i\beta})}{\beta} \quad (193)$$

$$L_1 = i e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \quad (194)$$

$$N_1 = e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^n}{n!} ds \quad (195)$$

$$= e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \quad (196)$$

$$\cdot \left(\int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} ds - i \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds + \frac{i(-1 + e^{i\beta})}{\beta} \right), \quad (197)$$

$$C_2 = \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i\alpha}i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \quad (198)$$

$$L_2 = \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i(\alpha+\beta)}i\beta^2}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \quad (199)$$

$$N_2 = \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i\alpha}\beta^2}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \quad (200)$$

$$+ e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i\alpha} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{(i\beta)^{n+1}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^{n+1}} \left(\int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (201)$$

$$= \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i(\alpha+\beta)}\beta^2}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \quad (202)$$

$$\cdot \left(\int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} ds - i \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds + \frac{i(-1 + e^{i\beta})}{\beta} \right) \quad (203)$$

$$+ \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i\alpha}e^{-2i\beta}(i\beta)^3}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^3} \left(\int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} ds + \frac{i(-1 + e^{i\beta})}{\beta} \right)^2 \quad (204)$$

$$\cdot \left(1 - \frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \left(\int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} ds + \frac{i(-1 + e^{i\beta})}{\beta} \right) \right)^{-1}, \quad (205)$$

and

$$C_\beta = \frac{ie^{i(\alpha-\beta)}e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}(e^{i\beta} - i\beta - 1)}{\beta^2} \quad (206)$$

$$L_\beta = -e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} (s-1) \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \quad (207)$$

$$+ ie^{i(\alpha-\beta)}e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} (s-1) \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \quad (208)$$

$$N_\beta = ie^{i(\alpha-\beta)}e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} (s-1) \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^n}{n!} ds \quad (209)$$

$$+ ie^{i(\alpha-\beta)}e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} (s-1) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^n}{n!} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \quad (210)$$

$$= ie^{i(\alpha-\beta)}e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \left(\int_0^1 e^{is\beta} (s-1) e^{i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} ds - i \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} (s-1) \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \right. \quad (211)$$

$$\left. - \frac{e^{i\beta} - i\beta - 1}{\beta^2} \right) \quad (212)$$

$$+ ie^{i(\alpha-\beta)}e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \left(\int_0^1 e^{is\beta} (s-1) e^{i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \right. \quad (213)$$

$$\left. - \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} (s-1) \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \right). \quad (214)$$

Similarly, let us write

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial\beta} \left(G_{11}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) = C_{11} + L_{11} + N_{11}, \quad (215)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial\beta} \left(G_{12}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial\beta} \left(G_{21}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) = C_{12} + L_{12} + N_{12}, \quad (216)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial\beta} \left(G_{22}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) = C_{22} + L_{22} + N_{22}, \quad (217)$$

where C_{11} , L_{11} , and N_{11} are the parts of $\frac{\partial}{\partial\beta} \left(G_{11}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right)$ which are constant, linear, and superlinear in the variable ϕ ; C_{12} , L_{12} , and N_{12} are the parts of $\frac{\partial}{\partial\beta} \left(G_{12}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right)$ which are constant, linear, and superlinear in the variable ϕ ; lastly, C_{22} , L_{22} , and N_{22} are the parts of $\frac{\partial}{\partial\beta} \left(G_{22}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right)$ which are constant, linear, and superlinear in the variable ϕ . We note that

$$C_{11} = -\frac{1}{\beta} - \frac{1}{2}C_2C_\beta - \frac{1}{2}\overline{C_2}\overline{C_\beta} + \frac{1}{2}(C_2 + \overline{C_2})(C_\beta + \overline{C_\beta}) \quad (218)$$

$$- \frac{1}{4}(C_2 + \overline{C_2})^2(C_\beta\overline{C_1} + C_1\overline{C_\beta}), \quad (219)$$

$$L_{11} = -\frac{1}{2}(C_2L_\beta + C_\beta L_2) - \frac{1}{2}(\overline{C_2}\overline{L_\beta} + \overline{L_2}\overline{C_\beta}) \quad (220)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \left((C_2 + \overline{C_2})(L_\beta + \overline{L_\beta}) + (L_2 + \overline{L_2})(C_\beta + \overline{C_\beta}) \right) \quad (221)$$

$$- \frac{1}{4} \left((C_2 + \overline{C_2})^2(C_\beta\overline{L_1} + L_\beta\overline{C_1} + C_1\overline{L_\beta} + L_1\overline{C_\beta}) \right) \quad (222)$$

$$+ 2(C_2 + \overline{C_2})(L_2 + \overline{L_2})(C_\beta\overline{C_1} + C_1\overline{C_\beta}) \Big), \quad (223)$$

$$N_{11} = -\frac{1}{2} \left(C_2 N_\beta + L_2 (L_\beta + N_\beta) + N_2 (C_\beta + L_\beta + N_\beta) \right) \quad (224)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} \left(\overline{C_2} \overline{N_\beta} + \overline{L_2} (\overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) + \overline{N_2} (\overline{C_\beta} + \overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) \right) \quad (225)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \left((C_2 + \overline{C_2}) (N_\beta + \overline{N_\beta}) + (L_2 + \overline{L_2}) (L_\beta + \overline{L_\beta} + N_\beta + \overline{N_\beta}) \right. \quad (226)$$

$$\left. + (N_2 + \overline{N_2}) (C_\beta + \overline{C_\beta} + L_\beta + \overline{L_\beta} + N_\beta + \overline{N_\beta}) \right) \quad (227)$$

$$- \frac{1}{4} \left((C_2 + \overline{C_2})^2 \left(C_\beta \overline{N_1} + L_\beta (\overline{L_1} + \overline{N_1}) + N_\beta (\overline{C_1} + \overline{L_1} + \overline{N_1}) \right. \right. \quad (228)$$

$$\left. + C_1 \overline{N_\beta} + L_1 (\overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) + N_1 (\overline{C_\beta} + \overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) \right) \quad (229)$$

$$+ 2(C_2 + \overline{C_2}) (L_2 + \overline{L_2}) \left(C_\beta \overline{L_1} + L_\beta \overline{C_1} + C_1 \overline{L_\beta} + L_1 \overline{C_\beta} + C_\beta \overline{N_1} \right. \quad (230)$$

$$+ L_\beta (\overline{L_1} + \overline{N_1}) + N_\beta (\overline{C_1} + \overline{L_1} + \overline{N_1}) + C_1 \overline{N_\beta} + L_1 (\overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) \quad (231)$$

$$\left. + N_1 (\overline{C_\beta} + \overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) \right) \quad (232)$$

$$+ \left((C_2 + \overline{C_2}) (N_2 + \overline{N_2}) + (L_2 + \overline{L_2}) (L_2 + \overline{L_2} + N_2 + \overline{N_2}) \right. \quad (233)$$

$$\left. + (N_2 + \overline{N_2}) (C_2 + \overline{C_2} + L_2 + \overline{L_2} + N_2 + \overline{N_2}) \right) \quad (234)$$

$$\cdot \left(C_\beta \overline{C_1} + C_1 \overline{C_\beta} + C_\beta \overline{L_1} + L_\beta \overline{C_1} + C_1 \overline{L_\beta} + L_1 \overline{C_\beta} + C_\beta \overline{N_1} + L_\beta (\overline{L_1} + \overline{N_1}) \right. \quad (235)$$

$$\left. + N_\beta (\overline{C_1} + \overline{L_1} + \overline{N_1}) + C_1 \overline{N_\beta} + L_1 (\overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) + N_1 (\overline{C_\beta} + \overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) \right) \Bigg), \quad (236)$$

$$C_{12} = \frac{1}{2i} \left(C_\beta \overline{C_2} - \overline{C_\beta} C_2 \right) - \frac{1}{4i} \left(C_1 \overline{C_2} - \overline{C_1} C_2 \right) \left(C_\beta C_2 + \overline{C_\beta} \overline{C_2} \right), \quad (237)$$

$$L_{12} = \frac{1}{2i} \left(C_\beta \overline{L_2} + L_\beta \overline{C_2} - \overline{C_\beta} L_2 - \overline{L_\beta} C_2 \right) - \frac{1}{4i} \left((C_1 \overline{C_2} - \overline{C_1} C_2) (C_\beta L_2 + L_\beta C_2 + \overline{C_\beta} \overline{L_2} + \overline{L_\beta} \overline{C_2}) \right. \quad (238)$$

$$\left. + (C_1 \overline{L_2} + L_1 \overline{C_2} - \overline{C_1} L_2 - \overline{L_1} C_2) (C_\beta C_2 + \overline{C_\beta} \overline{C_2}) \right), \quad (239)$$

$$N_{12} = \frac{1}{2i} \left(C_\beta \overline{N_2} + L_\beta (\overline{L_2} + \overline{N_2}) + N_\beta (\overline{C_2} + \overline{L_2} + \overline{N_2}) \right. \quad (240)$$

$$\left. - \left(\overline{C_\beta} N_2 + \overline{L_\beta} (L_2 + N_2) + \overline{N_\beta} (C_2 + L_2 + N_2) \right) \right) \quad (241)$$

$$- \frac{1}{4i} \left((C_1 \overline{C_2} - \overline{C_1} C_2) \left(C_\beta N_2 + L_\beta (L_2 + N_2) + N_\beta (C_2 + L_2 + N_2) \right. \right. \quad (242)$$

$$\left. + \overline{C_\beta} N_2 + \overline{L_\beta} (\overline{L_2} + \overline{N_2}) + \overline{N_\beta} (\overline{C_2} + \overline{L_2} + \overline{N_2}) \right) \quad (243)$$

$$+ \left(C_1 \overline{L_2} + L_1 \overline{C_2} - (\overline{C_1} L_2 + \overline{L_1} C_2) \right) \quad (244)$$

$$\cdot \left(C_\beta L_2 + L_\beta C_2 + \overline{C_\beta} \overline{L_2} + \overline{L_\beta} \overline{C_2} + C_\beta N_2 + L_\beta (L_2 + N_2) \right. \quad (245)$$

$$\left. + N_\beta (C_2 + L_2 + N_2) + \overline{C_\beta} \overline{N_2} + \overline{L_\beta} (\overline{L_2} + \overline{N_2}) + \overline{N_\beta} (\overline{C_2} + \overline{L_2} + \overline{N_2}) \right) \quad (246)$$

$$+ \left(C_1 \overline{N_2} + L_1 (\overline{L_2} + \overline{N_2}) + N_1 (\overline{C_2} + \overline{L_2} + \overline{N_2}) \right. \quad (247)$$

$$\left. - \left(\overline{C_1} N_2 + \overline{L_1} (L_2 + N_2) + \overline{N_1} (C_2 + L_2 + N_2) \right) \right) \quad (248)$$

$$\cdot \left(C_\beta C_2 + \overline{C_\beta} \overline{C_2} + C_\beta L_2 + L_\beta C_2 + \overline{C_\beta} \overline{L_2} + \overline{L_\beta} \overline{C_2} + C_\beta N_2 + L_\beta (L_2 + N_2) \right. \quad (249)$$

$$\left. + N_\beta (C_2 + L_2 + N_2) + \overline{C_\beta} \overline{N_2} + \overline{L_\beta} (\overline{L_2} + \overline{N_2}) + \overline{N_\beta} (\overline{C_2} + \overline{L_2} + \overline{N_2}) \right) \Big), \quad (250)$$

and

$$C_{22} = -\frac{1}{\beta} - \frac{1}{2} C_\beta C_2 - \frac{1}{2} \overline{C_\beta} \overline{C_2} - \frac{1}{2} (\overline{C_2} - C_2) (C_\beta - \overline{C_\beta}) \quad (251)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (\overline{C_2} - C_2)^2 (C_\beta \overline{C_1} + C_1 \overline{C_\beta}), \quad (252)$$

$$L_{22} = -\frac{1}{2} (C_\beta L_2 + L_\beta C_2) - \frac{1}{2} (\overline{C_\beta} \overline{L_2} + \overline{L_\beta} \overline{C_2}) \quad (253)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} \left((\overline{C_2} - C_2) (L_\beta - \overline{L_\beta}) + (\overline{L_2} - L_2) (C_\beta - \overline{C_\beta}) \right) \quad (254)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \left((\overline{C_2} - C_2)^2 (C_\beta \overline{L_1} + L_\beta \overline{C_1} + C_1 \overline{L_\beta} + L_1 \overline{C_\beta}) \right. \quad (255)$$

$$\left. + 2(\overline{C_2} - C_2)(\overline{L_2} - L_2)(C_\beta \overline{C_1} + C_1 \overline{C_\beta}) \right), \quad (256)$$

$$N_{22} = -\frac{1}{2} \left(C_\beta N_2 + L_\beta (L_2 + N_2) + N_\beta (C_2 + L_2 + N_2) \right) \quad (257)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} \left(\overline{C_\beta N_2} + \overline{L_\beta (L_2 + N_2)} + \overline{N_\beta (C_2 + L_2 + N_2)} \right) \quad (258)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} \left((\overline{C_2} - C_2)(N_\beta - \overline{N_\beta}) + (\overline{L_2} - L_2)(L_\beta - \overline{L_\beta} + N_\beta - \overline{N_\beta}) \right) \quad (259)$$

$$+ (\overline{N_2} - N_2)(C_\beta - \overline{C_\beta} + L_\beta - \overline{L_\beta} + N_\beta - \overline{N_\beta}) \quad (260)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \left((\overline{C_2} - C_2)^2 \left(C_\beta \overline{N_1} + L_\beta (\overline{L_1} + \overline{N_1}) + N_\beta (\overline{C_1} + \overline{L_1} + \overline{N_1}) + C_1 \overline{N_\beta} \right) \right. \quad (261)$$

$$\left. + L_1 (\overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) + N_1 (\overline{C_\beta} + \overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) \right) \quad (262)$$

$$+ 2(\overline{C_2} - C_2)(\overline{L_2} - L_2) \left(C_\beta \overline{L_1} + L_\beta \overline{C_1} + C_1 \overline{L_\beta} + L_1 \overline{C_\beta} + C_\beta \overline{N_1} \right) \quad (263)$$

$$+ L_\beta (\overline{L_1} + \overline{N_1}) + N_\beta (\overline{C_1} + \overline{L_1} + \overline{N_1}) \quad (264)$$

$$+ C_1 \overline{N_\beta} + L_1 (\overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) + N_1 (\overline{C_\beta} + \overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) \quad (265)$$

$$+ \left((\overline{C_2} - C_2)(\overline{N_2} - N_2) + (\overline{L_2} - L_2)(\overline{L_2} - L_2 + \overline{N_2} - N_2) \right) \quad (266)$$

$$+ (\overline{N_2} - N_2)(\overline{C_2} - C_2 + \overline{L_2} - L_2 + \overline{N_2} - N_2) \quad (267)$$

$$\cdot \left(C_\beta \overline{C_1} + C_1 \overline{C_\beta} + C_\beta \overline{L_1} + L_\beta \overline{C_1} + C_1 \overline{L_\beta} + L_1 \overline{C_\beta} + C_\beta \overline{N_1} + L_\beta (\overline{L_1} + \overline{N_1}) \right) \quad (268)$$

$$+ N_\beta (\overline{C_1} + \overline{L_1} + \overline{N_1}) + C_1 \overline{N_\beta} + L_1 (\overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) + N_1 (\overline{C_\beta} + \overline{L_\beta} + \overline{N_\beta}) \quad (269)$$

where \bar{X} denotes the complex conjugate of X . It is clear from these expressions that C_{11} , L_{11} , N_{11} , C_{12} , L_{12} , N_{12} , C_{22} , L_{22} , and N_{22} are all real. Using these expressions, we can write

$$u_1(z(\alpha)) \quad (270)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{i(\alpha-\beta+\theta(\alpha-\beta))} + e^{-i(\alpha-\beta+\theta(\alpha-\beta))} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{11}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) \quad (271)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2i} \left(e^{i(\alpha-\beta+\theta(\alpha-\beta))} - e^{-i(\alpha-\beta+\theta(\alpha-\beta))} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{21}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) d\beta \quad (272)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{i\phi(\alpha-\beta)} + e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{-i\phi(\alpha-\beta)} \right) \quad (273)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{11}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) \quad (274)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2i} \left(e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{i\phi(\alpha-\beta)} - e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{-i\phi(\alpha-\beta)} \right) \quad (275)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{21}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) d\beta \quad (276)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{i\phi(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{11}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) \right) \quad (277)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{21}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) \quad (278)$$

$$+ \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{-i\phi(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{11}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) \right) \quad (279)$$

$$- \frac{1}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{21}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) d\beta \quad (280)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \left(1 + i\phi(\alpha - \beta) + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha - \beta))^n}{n!} \right) \quad (281)$$

$$\cdot (C_{11} + L_{11} + N_{11} - i(C_{21} + L_{21} + N_{21})) \quad (282)$$

$$+ \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \left(1 - i\phi(\alpha - \beta) + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha - \beta))^n}{n!} \right) \quad (283)$$

$$\cdot (C_{11} + L_{11} + N_{11} + i(C_{21} + L_{21} + N_{21})) d\beta, \quad (284)$$

and

$$u_2(z(\alpha)) \quad (285)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{i(\alpha-\beta+\theta(\alpha-\beta))} + e^{-i(\alpha-\beta+\theta(\alpha-\beta))} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{12}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) \quad (286)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2i} \left(e^{i(\alpha-\beta+\theta(\alpha-\beta))} - e^{-i(\alpha-\beta+\theta(\alpha-\beta))} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{22}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) d\beta \quad (287)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{i\phi(\alpha-\beta)} + e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{-i\phi(\alpha-\beta)} \right) \quad (288)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{12}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) \quad (289)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2i} \left(e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{i\phi(\alpha-\beta)} - e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{-i\phi(\alpha-\beta)} \right) \quad (290)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{22}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) d\beta \quad (291)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{i\phi(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{12}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) \right) \quad (292)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{22}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) \quad (293)$$

$$+ \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)} e^{-i\phi(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{12}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) \right) \quad (294)$$

$$- \frac{1}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(G_{22}(z(\alpha) - z(\alpha - \beta)) \right) d\beta \quad (295)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \left(1 + i\phi(\alpha - \beta) + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha - \beta))^n}{n!} \right) \quad (296)$$

$$\cdot (C_{12} + L_{12} + N_{12} - i(C_{22} + L_{22} + N_{22})) \quad (297)$$

$$+ \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \left(1 - i\phi(\alpha - \beta) + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha - \beta))^n}{n!} \right) \quad (298)$$

$$\cdot (C_{12} + L_{12} + N_{12} + i(C_{22} + L_{22} + N_{22})) d\beta. \quad (299)$$

Therefore,

$$u_1(z(\alpha)) - iu_2(z(\alpha)) \quad (300)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \left(1 + i\phi(\alpha - \beta) + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha - \beta))^n}{n!} \right) \quad (301)$$

$$\cdot \left((C_{11} + L_{11} + N_{11}) - (C_{22} + L_{22} + N_{22}) - 2i(C_{12} + L_{12} + N_{12}) \right) \quad (302)$$

$$+ \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \left(1 - i\phi(\alpha - \beta) + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha - \beta))^n}{n!} \right) \quad (303)$$

$$\cdot \left((C_{11} + L_{11} + N_{11}) + (C_{22} + L_{22} + N_{22}) \right) d\beta. \quad (304)$$

Let

$$u_1(\alpha) - iu_2(\alpha) = \mathfrak{C}(\alpha) + \mathfrak{L}(\alpha) + \mathfrak{N}(\alpha), \quad (305)$$

where \mathfrak{C} , \mathfrak{L} , and \mathfrak{N} are the parts of $u_1 - iu_2$ which are constant, linear, and superlinear in the variable $\phi = \theta - \hat{\theta}(0)$, respectively. Then

$$\mathfrak{C}(\alpha) = \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} (C_{11} - C_{22} - 2iC_{12}) + \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} (C_{11} + C_{22}) d\beta, \quad (306)$$

$$\mathfrak{L}(\alpha) = \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} i}{2} (C_{11} - C_{22} - 2iC_{12}) - \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)} i}{2} (C_{11} + C_{22}) \right) \quad (307)$$

$$\cdot \phi(\alpha - \beta) d\beta \quad (308)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} (L_{11} - L_{22} - 2iL_{12}) + \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} (L_{11} + L_{22}) \right) d\beta, \quad (309)$$

$$\mathfrak{N}(\alpha) = \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \left((N_{11} - N_{22} - 2iN_{12}) \right) \quad (310)$$

$$+ i\phi(\alpha - \beta) (L_{11} - L_{22} - 2iL_{12} + N_{11} - N_{22} - 2iN_{12}) \quad (311)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha - \beta))^n}{n!} \quad (312)$$

$$\cdot (C_{11} - C_{22} - 2iC_{12} + L_{11} - L_{22} - 2iL_{12} + N_{11} - N_{22} - 2iN_{12}) \quad (313)$$

$$+ \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \left((N_{11} + N_{22}) - i\phi(\alpha - \beta) (L_{11} + L_{22} + N_{11} + N_{22}) \right) \quad (314)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha - \beta))^n}{n!} (C_{11} + C_{22} + L_{11} + L_{22} + N_{11} + N_{22}) \right) d\beta. \quad (315)$$

In particular,

$$\mathfrak{C}(\alpha) = \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} (C_{11} - C_{22} - 2iC_{12}) + \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} (C_{11} + C_{22}) d\beta \quad (316)$$

$$= 0. \quad (317)$$

Let $U = U_0 + U_1 + U_{\geq 2}$, where U_0 , U_1 , and $U_{\geq 2}$ are the parts of U which are constant, linear, and superlinear in the variable $\phi = \theta - \hat{\theta}(0)$, respectively. Then

$$U_0(\alpha) = \operatorname{Re} \left(i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \mathfrak{L}(\alpha) \right) = 0. \quad (318)$$

To find expressions for U_1 and $U_{\geq 2}$, we rewrite

$$U(\alpha) = \operatorname{Re} \left((u_1(\alpha) - i u_2(\alpha)) i e^{i(\alpha + \theta(\alpha))} \right) \quad (319)$$

$$= \operatorname{Re} \left((\mathfrak{L}(\alpha) + \mathfrak{N}(\alpha)) i e^{i(\alpha + \phi(\alpha) + \hat{\theta}(0))} \right) \quad (320)$$

$$= \operatorname{Re} \left((\mathfrak{L}(\alpha) + \mathfrak{N}(\alpha)) i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i\phi(\alpha)} \right) \quad (321)$$

$$= \operatorname{Re} \left(i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} (\mathfrak{L}(\alpha) + \mathfrak{N}(\alpha)) \left(1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha))^n}{n!} \right) \right) \quad (322)$$

$$= \operatorname{Re} \left(i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \left(\mathfrak{L}(\alpha) + \mathfrak{L}(\alpha) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha))^n}{n!} + \mathfrak{N}(\alpha) \left(1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha))^n}{n!} \right) \right) \right) \quad (323)$$

$$= \operatorname{Re} \left(i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \left(\mathfrak{L}(\alpha) + \mathfrak{L}(\alpha) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha))^n}{n!} + \mathfrak{N}(\alpha) e^{i\phi(\alpha)} \right) \right) \quad (324)$$

$$= \operatorname{Re} \left(i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \mathfrak{L}(\alpha) + i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \left(\mathfrak{L}(\alpha) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha))^n}{n!} + \mathfrak{N}(\alpha) e^{i\phi(\alpha)} \right) \right) \quad (325)$$

$$= \operatorname{Re} \left(i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \mathfrak{L}(\alpha) \right) + \operatorname{Re} \left(i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \left(\mathfrak{L}(\alpha) (e^{i\phi(\alpha)} - 1) + \mathfrak{N}(\alpha) e^{i\phi(\alpha)} \right) \right). \quad (326)$$

Then it is clear that

$$U_1(\alpha) = \operatorname{Re} \left(i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \mathfrak{L}(\alpha) \right), \quad (327)$$

$$U_{\geq 2}(\alpha) = \operatorname{Re} \left(i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \left(\mathfrak{L}(\alpha) (e^{i\phi(\alpha)} - 1) + \mathfrak{N}(\alpha) e^{i\phi(\alpha)} \right) \right). \quad (328)$$

7.3 The Tangential Speed T

Let us rewrite the right hand side of (46) as

$$\frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \left(U_\alpha(\alpha) + T(\alpha) (1 + \phi_\alpha(\alpha)) \right) = \mathcal{C}(\alpha) + \mathcal{L}(\alpha) + \mathcal{N}(\alpha), \quad (329)$$

where \mathcal{C} , \mathcal{L} , and \mathcal{N} are the parts of the right hand side of the evolution equation for θ which are constant, linear, and superlinear in the variable $\phi = \theta - \hat{\theta}(0)$, respectively. We will determine the analytical expression for $T(\alpha)$ by stipulating that $\mathcal{C} = 0$. To begin, let us

rewrite the right hand side of (43) as

$$\int_0^\alpha (1 + \phi_\alpha(\eta))U(\eta)d\eta - \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi (1 + \phi_\alpha(\eta))U(\eta)d\eta + T(0) \quad (330)$$

$$= T_0(\alpha) + T_1(\alpha) + T_{\geq 2}(\alpha), \quad (331)$$

where T_0 , T_1 , and $T_{\geq 2}$ are the parts of T which are constant, linear, and superlinear in the variable $\phi = \theta - \hat{\theta}(0)$, respectively. We note that

$$T_0(\alpha) = \int_0^\alpha U_0(\eta)d\eta - \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi U_0(\eta)d\eta + T(0) = T(0), \quad (332)$$

$$T_1(\alpha) = \int_0^\alpha U_1(\eta)d\eta + \int_0^\alpha \phi_\alpha(\eta)U_0(\eta)d\eta \quad (333)$$

$$- \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi U_1(\eta)d\eta - \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi \phi_\alpha(\eta)U_0(\eta)d\eta, \quad (334)$$

$$T_{\geq 2}(\alpha) = \int_0^\alpha U_{\geq 2}(\eta)d\eta + \int_0^\alpha \phi_\alpha(\eta)U_{\geq 1}(\eta)d\eta \quad (335)$$

$$- \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi U_{\geq 2}(\eta)d\eta - \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi \phi_\alpha(\eta)U_{\geq 1}(\eta)d\eta, \quad (336)$$

where we define $U_{\geq 1} = U_1 + U_{\geq 2}$. Let $T(0) = 0$. Then using (318), we obtain

$$\mathcal{C}(\alpha) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \left((U_0)_\alpha(\alpha) + T_0(\alpha) \right) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} T_0(\alpha) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} T(0) = 0. \quad (337)$$

It is important for our analysis that $\mathcal{C} = 0$ because we want the leading order term of the evolution equation for θ to be \mathcal{L} , which we show in Section 9 to be the Hilbert transform of the first derivative of θ up to the ± 1 Fourier modes.

8 Steady-State Solutions

In Section 5, we have characterized the circular interface under the HLS parametrization. In particular, we know from Proposition 5 that $(\theta(\alpha, t), L(t)) = (\hat{\theta}(0, t), 2\pi R)$ corresponds to a circle of radius R . Since

$$\int_0^\alpha z_\eta(\eta, t)d\eta = \int_0^\alpha |z_\eta(\eta, t)| e^{i(\eta + \theta(\eta, t))} d\eta = \frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \int_0^\alpha e^{i(\eta + \theta(\eta, t))} d\eta \quad (338)$$

under the HLS parametrization, plugging in $(\theta(\alpha, t), L(t)) = (\hat{\theta}(0, t), 2\pi R)$, we obtain

$$z(\alpha, t) - z(0, t) = R \int_0^\alpha e^{i(\eta + \hat{\theta}(0, t))} d\eta = R e^{i\hat{\theta}(0, t)} \int_0^\alpha e^{i\eta} d\eta = -i R e^{i\hat{\theta}(0, t)} (e^{i\alpha} - 1). \quad (339)$$

Rearranging the equation, we obtain

$$z(\alpha, t) = R e^{i(\alpha + \hat{\theta}(0, t) - \frac{\pi}{2})} + \left(z(0, t) + R e^{i(\hat{\theta}(0, t) + \frac{\pi}{2})} \right). \quad (340)$$

We remark that, as expected, this expression clearly shows that for any fixed time t , the interface is a circle of radius R . That $\phi(\alpha, t) = \theta(\alpha, t) - \hat{\theta}(0, t) = 0$ implies that $\mathfrak{L}(\alpha, t) = \mathfrak{R}(\alpha, t) = 0$. Then, $U_1 = U_{\geq 2} = 0$ by (327) and (328). Combined with (318), they imply $U(\alpha, t) = 0$. Due to the analytical expression chosen for $T(\alpha)$ in Section 7.3, this implies $T(\alpha, t) = 0$. Then

$$z_t(\alpha, t) = -U(\alpha, t)\mathbf{n}(\alpha, t) + T(\alpha, t)\boldsymbol{\tau}(\alpha, t) = 0. \quad (341)$$

This means that $z(0, t)$ appearing in (340) is in fact a constant. We can then rewrite (340) as

$$z(\alpha, t) = Re^{i(\alpha + \hat{\theta}(0, t) - \frac{\pi}{2})} + \left(z(0, 0) + Re^{i(\hat{\theta}(0, t) + \frac{\pi}{2})} \right). \quad (342)$$

This describes a circle of radius R whose center is bounded in time. The circular interface becomes a solution to (45) and (46) if $\hat{\theta}(0, t)$ is constant in time. In this case, the interface is stationary. The following proposition summarizes the existence of steady-state solutions to (45) and (46).

Proposition 6. *For any constant c , the circle defined by*

$$(\theta(\alpha, t), L(t)) = (c, 2\pi R) \quad (343)$$

is a time-independent solution of (45) and (46) in which $T(\alpha, t)$ is given by (43) and $U(\alpha, t)$ is given by

$$U(\alpha, t) = Re \left((u_1(\alpha, t) - iu_2(\alpha, t))ie^{i(\alpha + \theta(\alpha, t))} \right) \quad (344)$$

with $u_1(\alpha, t) - iu_2(\alpha, t)$ given by (300). This solution corresponds to a stationary circle of radius R .

Proof. Let $(\theta(\alpha, t), L(t)) = (\hat{\theta}(0, t), 2\pi R)$ be a circle of radius R such that $\hat{\theta}(0, t) = c$ for some constant c . Since $U(\alpha, t) = T(\alpha, t) = 0$, the right hand sides of (45) and (46) vanish. Since $(\theta_t(\alpha, t), L_t(t)) = (0, 0)$, (45) and (46) are indeed satisfied by $(\theta(\alpha, t), L(t)) = (c, 2\pi R)$. That this solution is stationary follows from the fact that $\hat{\theta}(0, t) = c$ makes the right hand side of (342) independent of t , i.e., the circle is stationary, as needed. ■

9 The Principal Linear Operator for the θ Equation

In Section 7.3, we determined the analytical expression for $T(\alpha)$ in such a way that $\mathcal{C} = 0$ to ensure that the linear operator \mathcal{L} appearing in the evolution equation for θ , which acts on $\phi = \theta - \hat{\theta}(0)$, is the Hilbert transform of the first derivative of θ up to the ± 1 Fourier modes. We prove this claim about the operator \mathcal{L} through explicit computation in the Fourier space. We note that

$$\mathcal{L}(\alpha) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \left((U_1)_\alpha(\alpha) + T_0(\alpha)\phi_\alpha(\alpha) + T_1(\alpha) \right) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \left((U_1)_\alpha(\alpha) + T_1(\alpha) \right) \quad (345)$$

by (332). By (318),

$$T_1(\alpha) = \int_0^\alpha U_1(\eta) d\eta + \int_0^\alpha \phi_\alpha(\eta) U_0(\eta) d\eta - \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi U_1(\eta) d\eta - \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi \phi_\alpha(\eta) U_0(\eta) d\eta \quad (346)$$

$$= \int_0^\alpha U_1(\eta) d\eta - \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi U_1(\eta) d\eta. \quad (347)$$

Using (29), we can write

$$\mathcal{L}(\alpha) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \left((U_1)_\alpha(\alpha) + \mathcal{M}(U_1)(\alpha) \right). \quad (348)$$

9.1 The Fourier Modes of \mathcal{L}

Due to the complexity of the analytical expression for \mathcal{L} , we check that \mathcal{L} is the Hilbert transform of the first derivative of θ up to the ± 1 Fourier modes by confirming that its Fourier multiplier is $|k|$ for $|k| > 1$. Ultimately, we compute $\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k)$, the k th Fourier coefficient of $\mathcal{L}(\alpha)$, for all $k \in \mathbb{Z} \setminus \{0\}$. Using (30), we obtain that for $k \neq 0$,

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \left(\mathcal{F}((U_1)_\alpha)(k) - \frac{i}{k} \mathcal{F}(U_1)(k) \right). \quad (349)$$

First, we set out to find the expressions for U_1 and $(U_1)_\alpha$. From (327), we obtain

$$U_1(\alpha) = \operatorname{Re} \left(i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \right) \operatorname{Re} \mathfrak{L}(\alpha) - \operatorname{Im} \left(i e^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \right) \operatorname{Im} \mathfrak{L}(\alpha), \quad (350)$$

where $\mathfrak{L}(\alpha)$ is given by (308). In the expression for $\mathfrak{L}(\alpha)$, we have inside the first integral

$$\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} i}{2} (C_{11} - C_{22} - 2iC_{12}) - \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)} i}{2} (C_{11} + C_{22}) \quad (351)$$

$$= \left(\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{i e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) + i \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{i e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) \right) (C_{11} - C_{22} - 2iC_{12}) \quad (352)$$

$$+ \left(\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{-i e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) + i \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{-i e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) \right) (C_{11} + C_{22}). \quad (353)$$

Since C_{11} , L_{11} , C_{12} , L_{12} , C_{22} , and L_{22} are all real, we obtain

$$\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} i}{2} (C_{11} - C_{22} - 2iC_{12}) - \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)} i}{2} (C_{11} + C_{22}) \right) \quad (354)$$

$$= \operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{i e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (C_{11} - C_{22}) + \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{i e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) 2C_{12} \quad (355)$$

$$+ \operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{-i e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (C_{11} + C_{22}) \quad (356)$$

and

$$\operatorname{Im}\left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}i}{2}(C_{11} - C_{22} - 2iC_{12}) - \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}i}{2}(C_{11} + C_{22})\right) \quad (357)$$

$$= \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{ie^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}\right)(-2C_{12}) + \operatorname{Im}\left(\frac{ie^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}\right)(C_{11} - C_{22}) \quad (358)$$

$$+ \operatorname{Im}\left(\frac{-ie^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}\right)(C_{11} + C_{22}). \quad (359)$$

Similarly, we have inside the second integral

$$\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}(L_{11} - L_{22} - 2iL_{12}) + \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}(L_{11} + L_{22}) \quad (360)$$

$$= \left(\operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}\right) + i\operatorname{Im}\left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}\right)\right)(L_{11} - L_{22} - 2iL_{12}) \quad (361)$$

$$+ \left(\operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}\right) + i\operatorname{Im}\left(\frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}\right)\right)(L_{11} + L_{22}). \quad (362)$$

Since C_{11} , L_{11} , C_{12} , L_{12} , C_{22} , and L_{22} are all real,

$$\operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}(L_{11} - L_{22} - 2iL_{12}) + \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}(L_{11} + L_{22})\right) \quad (363)$$

$$= \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}\right)(L_{11} - L_{22}) + \operatorname{Im}\left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}\right)2L_{12} \quad (364)$$

$$+ \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}\right)(L_{11} + L_{22}) \quad (365)$$

and

$$\operatorname{Im}\left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}(L_{11} - L_{22} - 2iL_{12}) + \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}(L_{11} + L_{22})\right) \quad (366)$$

$$= \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}\right)(-2L_{12}) + \operatorname{Im}\left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}\right)(L_{11} - L_{22}) \quad (367)$$

$$+ \operatorname{Im}\left(\frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)}e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2}\right)(L_{11} + L_{22}). \quad (368)$$

Therefore,

$$\operatorname{Re}\mathfrak{L}(\alpha) \tag{369}$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} i}{2} (C_{11} - C_{22} - 2iC_{12}) - \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)} i}{2} (C_{11} + C_{22}) \right) \tag{370}$$

$$\cdot \phi(\alpha - \beta) d\beta \tag{371}$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} (L_{11} - L_{22} - 2iL_{12}) + \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} (L_{11} + L_{22}) \right) d\beta \tag{372}$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \phi(\alpha - \beta) \left(\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{ie^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (C_{11} - C_{22}) + \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{ie^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) 2C_{12} \right. \tag{373}$$

$$\left. + \operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{ie^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (C_{11} + C_{22}) \right) d\beta \tag{374}$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left(\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (L_{11} - L_{22}) + \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) 2L_{12} \right. \tag{375}$$

$$\left. + \operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (L_{11} + L_{22}) \right) d\beta \tag{376}$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \phi(\alpha - \beta) \left(\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{ie^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) 2C_{11} + \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{ie^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) 2C_{12} \right) d\beta \tag{377}$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left(\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) 2L_{11} + \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) 2L_{12} \right) d\beta \tag{378}$$

and

$$\operatorname{Im}\mathfrak{L}(\alpha) \quad (379)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)} i}{2} (C_{11} - C_{22} - 2iC_{12}) - \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)} i}{2} (C_{11} + C_{22}) \right) \quad (380)$$

$$\cdot \phi(\alpha - \beta) d\beta \quad (381)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} (L_{11} - L_{22} - 2iL_{12}) + \frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} (L_{11} + L_{22}) \right) d\beta \quad (382)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \phi(\alpha - \beta) \left(\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{ie^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (-2C_{12}) \right. \quad (383)$$

$$\left. + \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{ie^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (C_{11} - C_{22}) + \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{-ie^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (C_{11} + C_{22}) \right) d\beta \quad (384)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left(\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (-2L_{12}) + \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (L_{11} - L_{22}) \right. \quad (385)$$

$$\left. + \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{e^{-i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{-i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (L_{11} + L_{22}) \right) d\beta \quad (386)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \phi(\alpha - \beta) \left(\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{ie^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (-2C_{12}) + \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{ie^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (-2C_{22}) \right) d\beta \quad (387)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left(\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (-2L_{12}) + \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} e^{i(\alpha-\beta)}}{2} \right) (-2L_{22}) \right) d\beta. \quad (388)$$

Plugging (369) and (379) back into (350) and then simplifying, we obtain

$$U_1(\alpha) \quad (389)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left(\quad (390)$$

$$\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \cdot \frac{-(-i + (i + \beta)e^{i\beta})(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \quad (391)$$

$$+ \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \cdot \frac{e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})(\beta + i(-1 + e^{i\beta}))}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \quad (392)$$

$$+ \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \cdot \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})\beta(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \quad (393)$$

$$+ \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \cdot \frac{-e^{-i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})\beta(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \quad (394)$$

$$+ \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \cdot \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})i\beta(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \quad (395)$$

$$+ \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \cdot \frac{e^{-i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})i\beta(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \quad (396)$$

$$+ \phi(\alpha - \beta) \cdot \frac{e^{-i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})(-i)(1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \Big) d\beta. \quad (397)$$

Differentiating (389) with respect to α , we obtain

$$(U_1)_\alpha(\alpha) \tag{398}$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left(\tag{399}$$

$$\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \cdot \frac{-(-i + (i + \beta)e^{i\beta})(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \tag{400}$$

$$+ \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \cdot \frac{e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})(\beta + i(-1 + e^{i\beta}))}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \tag{401}$$

$$+ \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}(-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \cdot \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})\beta(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \tag{402}$$

$$+ \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}(-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \cdot \frac{-e^{-i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})\beta(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \tag{403}$$

$$+ \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}(-1 + s) \phi''(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \cdot \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})i\beta(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \tag{404}$$

$$+ \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}(-1 + s) \phi''(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \tag{405}$$

$$\cdot \frac{-e^{-i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})i(-\beta)(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \tag{406}$$

$$+ \phi'(\alpha - \beta) \cdot \frac{-e^{-i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})i(1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \Big) d\beta. \tag{407}$$

Now, taking the Fourier modes of U_1 and $(U_1)_\alpha$ and plugging them into (349), we obtain that for $k \notin \{0, \pm 1\}$,

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) \left(\right. \quad (408)$$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{(i - (i + \beta)e^{i\beta})(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \frac{e^{-i\beta} - e^{-i\beta k}}{\beta} d\beta \left(\frac{k}{k-1} + \frac{1}{k(1-k)} \right) \quad (409)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})(\beta + i(-1 + e^{i\beta}))}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \frac{e^{i\beta} - e^{-i\beta k}}{\beta} d\beta \left(\frac{k}{1+k} - \frac{1}{k(1+k)} \right) \quad (410)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-i(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \frac{e^{-i\beta(1+k)}(e^{i\beta k} - e^{i\beta})}{\beta} d\beta \left(\frac{-k^2}{(-1+k)^2} + \frac{1}{(-1+k)^2} \right) \quad (411)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-i(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \left(\frac{ik^2}{-1+k} - \frac{i}{-1+k} \right) \quad (412)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta}i(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \frac{e^{-i\beta k}(-1 + e^{i\beta(1+k)})}{\beta} d\beta \left(\frac{-k^2}{(1+k)^2} + \frac{1}{(1+k)^2} \right) \quad (413)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \left(\frac{-k^2}{1+k} + \frac{1}{1+k} \right) \quad (414)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \frac{e^{-i\beta(1+k)}(e^{i\beta k} - e^{i\beta})}{\beta} d\beta \left(\frac{ik}{(-1+k)^2} - \frac{i}{k(-1+k)^2} \right) \quad (415)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{(1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \left(\frac{k}{-1+k} - \frac{1}{k(-1+k)} \right) \quad (416)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \frac{e^{-i\beta k}(-1 + e^{i\beta(1+k)})}{\beta} d\beta \left(\frac{ik}{(1+k)^2} - \frac{i}{k(1+k)^2} \right) \quad (417)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \left(\frac{k}{1+k} - \frac{1}{k(1+k)} \right) \quad (418)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-e^{-i\beta}i(1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta})e^{-ik\beta}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \left(ik - \frac{i}{k} \right). \quad (419)$$

For $k \notin \{0, \pm 1\}$, we define

$$J_1(k) = \quad (420)$$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{(i - (i + \beta)e^{i\beta})(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \frac{e^{-i\beta} - e^{-i\beta k}}{\beta} d\beta \left(\frac{k}{k-1} + \frac{1}{k(1-k)} \right) \quad (421)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})(\beta + i(-1 + e^{i\beta}))}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \frac{e^{i\beta} - e^{-i\beta k}}{\beta} d\beta \left(\frac{k}{1+k} - \frac{1}{k(1+k)} \right) \quad (422)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-i(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \frac{e^{-i\beta(1+k)}(e^{i\beta k} - e^{i\beta})}{\beta} d\beta \left(\frac{-k^2}{(-1+k)^2} + \frac{1}{(-1+k)^2} \right) \quad (423)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-i(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \left(\frac{ik^2}{-1+k} - \frac{i}{-1+k} \right) \quad (424)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta}i(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \frac{e^{-i\beta k}(-1 + e^{i\beta(1+k)})}{\beta} d\beta \left(\frac{-k^2}{(1+k)^2} + \frac{1}{(1+k)^2} \right) \quad (425)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \left(\frac{-k^2}{1+k} + \frac{1}{1+k} \right) \quad (426)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \frac{e^{-i\beta(1+k)}(e^{i\beta k} - e^{i\beta})}{\beta} d\beta \left(\frac{ik}{(-1+k)^2} - \frac{i}{k(-1+k)^2} \right) \quad (427)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{(1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \left(\frac{k}{-1+k} - \frac{1}{k(-1+k)} \right) \quad (428)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \frac{e^{-i\beta k}(-1 + e^{i\beta(1+k)})}{\beta} d\beta \left(\frac{ik}{(1+k)^2} - \frac{i}{k(1+k)^2} \right) \quad (429)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \left(\frac{k}{1+k} - \frac{1}{k(1+k)} \right) \quad (430)$$

and

$$J_2(k) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-e^{-i\beta}i(1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta})e^{-ik\beta}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \left(ik - \frac{i}{k} \right). \quad (431)$$

Then for $|k| > 1$ we can write the k th Fourier mode of \mathcal{L} as

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) \left(J_1(k) + J_2(k) \right). \quad (432)$$

Since (348) is real, for $k \in \mathbb{Z}^+$,

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(-k) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{L}(\alpha) e^{ik\alpha} d\alpha = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \overline{\mathcal{L}(\alpha) e^{-ik\alpha} d\alpha} = \overline{\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k)}. \quad (433)$$

Hence, it suffices to compute $\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k)$ only for $k > 1$.

9.1.1 Computing $J_2(k)$

To compute $J_2(k)$, it suffices to compute the integral

$$ik \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-e^{-i\beta}i(1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta})e^{-ik\beta}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta. \quad (434)$$

Using that

$$\frac{1}{-1 + re^{i\beta}} = -\frac{1}{1 - re^{i\beta}} = -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (re^{i\beta})^n, \quad (435)$$

we obtain

$$ik \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-e^{-i\beta} i (1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta}) e^{-ik\beta}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \quad (436)$$

$$= k \cdot \text{pv} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta(k+1)} (1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \quad (437)$$

$$= k \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} \frac{e^{-i\beta(k+1)} (1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \quad (438)$$

$$= \frac{k}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} -e^{-i\beta(k+1)} (1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta}) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (re^{i\beta})^n d\beta \quad (439)$$

$$= \frac{k}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} -e^{-i\beta(k+1)} (1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta}) (re^{i\beta})^n d\beta \quad (440)$$

$$= -\frac{k}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} e^{-i\beta(k+1)} (1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta}) e^{i\beta n} d\beta. \quad (441)$$

To compute the outer integral, we note that

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{-i\beta(k+1)} (1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta}) e^{i\beta n} d\beta \quad (442)$$

$$= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{-i\beta(k+1-n)} (1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta}) d\beta \quad (443)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } n \notin \{k+1, k, k-1, k-2\}, \\ 2\pi & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad (444)$$

Then

$$-\frac{k}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{-i\beta(k+1)} (1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta}) e^{i\beta n} d\beta \quad (445)$$

$$= -\frac{k}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n 2\pi 1_{\{k-2, k-1, k, k+1\}}(n) \quad (446)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } k < -1, \\ -2\pi k & \text{if } k > 1. \end{cases} \quad (447)$$

Moreover,

$$-\frac{k}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{-i\beta(k+1)} (1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta}) e^{i\beta n} d\beta = k\pi. \quad (448)$$

Adding these two integrals together, we obtain

$$ik \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-e^{-i\beta} i (1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta}) e^{-ik\beta}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta = \begin{cases} \pi k & \text{if } k < -1, \\ -\pi k & \text{if } k > 1. \end{cases} \quad (449)$$

Then

$$-\frac{i}{k} \cdot \text{pv} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta(k+1)} (1 + e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta} + e^{3i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta = \begin{cases} -\frac{\pi}{k} & \text{if } k < -1, \\ \frac{\pi}{k} & \text{if } k > 1. \end{cases} \quad (450)$$

Adding these two integrals together, we obtain

$$J_2(k) = \begin{cases} \pi \left(k - \frac{1}{k} \right) & \text{if } k < -1, \\ -\pi \left(k - \frac{1}{k} \right) & \text{if } k > 1. \end{cases} \quad (451)$$

9.1.2 Computing $J_1(k)$

In view of (433), we assume that $k > 1$. In our calculations, we adopt the notational convention that any summation \sum in which the upper bound is strictly less than the lower bound is defined to be 0. For example, if $k = 2$, then (503) vanishes. To begin, we simplify the first two integrals in (420). The first integral can be written as

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{(i - (i + \beta)e^{i\beta})(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \frac{e^{-i\beta} - e^{-i\beta k}}{\beta} d\beta \quad (452)$$

$$= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-i(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \frac{e^{-i\beta} - e^{-i\beta k}}{\beta} d\beta \quad (453)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-\beta e^{i\beta}(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \frac{e^{-i\beta} - e^{-i\beta k}}{\beta} d\beta \quad (454)$$

while the second integral can be written as

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})(\beta + i(-1 + e^{i\beta}))}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \frac{e^{i\beta} - e^{-i\beta k}}{\beta} d\beta \quad (455)$$

$$= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})\beta}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \frac{e^{i\beta} - e^{-i\beta k}}{\beta} d\beta \quad (456)$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})i}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \frac{1 - e^{-i\beta(k+1)}}{\beta} d\beta. \quad (457)$$

For ease of notation, let us define

$$g_1(k) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-i(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \frac{e^{-i\beta} - e^{-i\beta k}}{\beta} d\beta, \quad (458)$$

$$g_2(k) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-\beta e^{i\beta}(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \frac{e^{-i\beta} - e^{-i\beta k}}{\beta} d\beta, \quad (459)$$

$$g_3(k) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})\beta}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \frac{e^{i\beta} - e^{-i\beta k}}{\beta} d\beta, \quad (460)$$

$$g_4(k) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})i}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \frac{1 - e^{-i\beta(k+1)}}{\beta} d\beta, \quad (461)$$

$$g_5(k) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-i(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} e^{-i\beta k} d\beta, \quad (462)$$

$$g_6(k) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} e^{-i\beta k} d\beta, \quad (463)$$

$$g_7(k) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{(1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} e^{-i\beta k} d\beta, \quad (464)$$

$$g_8(k) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} e^{-i\beta k} d\beta. \quad (465)$$

Then we can rewrite

$$J_1(k) = (g_1(k) + g_2(k)) \left(\frac{k}{k-1} + \frac{1}{k(1-k)} \right) \quad (466)$$

$$+ (g_3(k) + g_4(k)) \left(\frac{k}{1+k} - \frac{1}{k(1+k)} \right) \quad (467)$$

$$+ g_1(k) \left(\frac{-k^2}{(-1+k)^2} + \frac{1}{(-1+k)^2} \right) \quad (468)$$

$$+ g_5(k) \left(\frac{ik^2}{-1+k} - \frac{i}{-1+k} \right) \quad (469)$$

$$+ g_4(k) \left(\frac{-k^2}{(1+k)^2} + \frac{1}{(1+k)^2} \right) \quad (470)$$

$$+ g_6(k) \left(\frac{-k^2}{1+k} + \frac{1}{1+k} \right) \quad (471)$$

$$+ (-ig_1(k)) \left(\frac{ik}{(-1+k)^2} - \frac{i}{k(-1+k)^2} \right) \quad (472)$$

$$+ g_7(k) \left(\frac{k}{-1+k} - \frac{1}{k(-1+k)} \right) \quad (473)$$

$$+ (ig_4(k)) \left(\frac{ik}{(1+k)^2} - \frac{i}{k(1+k)^2} \right) \quad (474)$$

$$+ g_8(k) \left(\frac{k}{1+k} - \frac{1}{k(1+k)} \right). \quad (475)$$

Simplifying this expression, we obtain

$$J_1(k) = \frac{k+1}{k}g_2(k) + \frac{k-1}{k}g_3(k) \quad (476)$$

$$+ i(k+1)g_5(k) + (1-k)g_6(k) + \frac{k+1}{k}g_7(k) + \frac{k-1}{k}g_8(k). \quad (477)$$

Let us first compute $g_2(k)$. Using that

$$1 - e^{-i\beta(k-1)} = i\beta(k-1) \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} ds \quad (478)$$

$$\frac{1}{(-1 + re^{i\beta})^2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)(re^{i\beta})^n, \quad (479)$$

we obtain

$$g_2(k) = \text{pv} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} (1 - e^{-i\beta(k-1)}) d\beta \quad (480)$$

$$= \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} \frac{1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} i\beta(k-1) \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} ds d\beta \quad (481)$$

$$= \frac{i(k-1)}{4} \quad (482)$$

$$\cdot \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} \int_0^1 (1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)(re^{i\beta})^n ds d\beta \quad (483)$$

$$= \frac{i(k-1)}{4} \quad (484)$$

$$\cdot \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} (1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds. \quad (485)$$

To simplify this expression, we first compute the integral

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta \quad (486)$$

$$= \frac{e^{-i\pi(n+s(1-k))}}{(n+s(1-k))^2} \left(-1 - i\pi(n+s(1-k)) \right) \quad (487)$$

$$+ \frac{e^{i\pi(n+s(1-k))}}{(n+s(1-k))^2} \left(1 - i\pi(n+s(1-k)) \right) \quad (488)$$

$$+ \frac{2e^{-i\pi(1+n+s(1-k))}}{(1+n+s(1-k))^2} \left(-1 - i\pi(1+n+s(1-k)) \right) \quad (489)$$

$$+ \frac{2e^{i\pi(1+n+s(1-k))}}{(1+n+s(1-k))^2} \left(1 - i\pi(1+n+s(1-k)) \right) \quad (490)$$

$$+ \frac{e^{-i\pi(2+n+s(1-k))}}{(2+n+s(1-k))^2} \left(1 + i\pi(2+n+s(1-k)) \right) \quad (491)$$

$$+ \frac{e^{i\pi(2+n+s(1-k))}}{(2+n+s(1-k))^2} \left(-1 + i\pi(2+n+s(1-k)) \right). \quad (492)$$

For $t \in \{1, 2\}$, we note that

$$\int_0^1 \frac{e^{i\pi(n+s(1-k))}}{(n+s(1-k))^2} (1 - i\pi(n+s(1-k))) ds = \frac{1}{k-1} \int_{n-(k-1)}^n \frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} ds \quad (493)$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{e^{i\pi(t+n+s(1-k))}}{(t+n+s(1-k))^2} (1 - i\pi(t+n+s(1-k))) ds = \frac{1}{k-1} \int_{t+n-(k-1)}^{t+n} \frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} ds. \quad (494)$$

Using these identities, we obtain

$$\frac{i(k-1)}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (495)$$

$$= \frac{i(k-1)}{4} \cdot \left[\left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} \right) (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \right. \quad (496)$$

$$\left. + \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-2} + \sum_{n=k-1}^{\infty} \right) (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta} \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \right. \quad (497)$$

$$\left. + \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-3} + \sum_{n=k-2}^{\infty} \right) (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{2i\beta} \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \right] \quad (498)$$

$$= \frac{i(k-1)}{4} \cdot \left[\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \beta e^{i\beta n} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} ds d\beta \right. \quad (499)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \right. \quad (500)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta} \beta e^{i\beta n} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} ds d\beta \right. \quad (501)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=k-1}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta} \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \right. \quad (502)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{k-3} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{2i\beta} \beta e^{i\beta n} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} ds d\beta \right. \quad (503)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=k-2}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{2i\beta} \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \right]. \quad (504)$$

After further simplification, we obtain

$$\frac{i(k-1)}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (1+2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (505)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(k-1)}) d\beta \right. \quad (506)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(k-1)}) d\beta \quad (507)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{k-3} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{2i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(k-1)}) d\beta \right) \quad (508)$$

$$+ \frac{i(k-1)}{4} \cdot \left[\sum_{n=k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \left(\frac{1}{k-1} \int_{n-(k-1)}^n \frac{e^{i\pi s} (1 - i\pi s)}{s^2} ds \right. \quad (509)$$

$$\left. - \frac{1}{k-1} \int_{n-(k-1)}^n \frac{e^{-i\pi s} (1 + i\pi s)}{s^2} ds \right) \quad (510)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=k-1}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \left(\frac{2}{k-1} \int_{1+n-(k-1)}^{1+n} \frac{e^{i\pi s} (1 - i\pi s)}{s^2} ds \right. \quad (511)$$

$$\left. - \frac{2}{k-1} \int_{1+n-(k-1)}^{1+n} \frac{e^{-i\pi s} (1 + i\pi s)}{s^2} ds \right) \quad (512)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=k-2}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \left(-\frac{1}{k-1} \int_{2+n-(k-1)}^{2+n} \frac{e^{i\pi s} (1 - i\pi s)}{s^2} ds \right. \quad (513)$$

$$\left. + \frac{1}{k-1} \int_{2+n-(k-1)}^{2+n} \frac{e^{-i\pi s} (1 + i\pi s)}{s^2} ds \right) \quad (514)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(k-1)}) d\beta \right. \quad (515)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(k-1)}) d\beta \quad (516)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{k-3} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{2i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(k-1)}) d\beta \right) \quad (517)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \left(\sum_{n=k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) 1_{[n-(k-1), n]}(s) ds \right. \quad (518)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=k-1}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \cdot 2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) 1_{[1+n-(k-1), 1+n]}(s) ds \quad (519)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=k-2}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n (-1) \quad (520)$$

$$\cdot \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) 1_{[2+n-(k-1), 2+n]}(s) ds \Bigg). \quad (521)$$

We will further simplify the terms in (518), (519), and (521). The term in (518) becomes

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[n-(k-1),n]}(s) ds \quad (522)$$

$$= \left(\int_{-\infty}^1 + \int_1^2 + \cdots + \int_{k-2}^{k-1} + \int_{k-1}^{\infty} \right) i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \quad (523)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[n-(k-1),n]}(s) ds \quad (524)$$

$$= \int_1^2 i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^k (1+n)r^n ds \quad (525)$$

$$+ \int_2^3 i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{k+1} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (526)$$

$$+ \cdots + \int_{k-2}^{k-1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{2k-3} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (527)$$

$$+ \int_{k-1}^{\infty} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[n-(k-1),n]}(s) ds \quad (528)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^{k-2} \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{k+j-1} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (529)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{k+j-2}^{k+j-1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k+(j-1)}^{2k-2+(j-1)} (1+n)r^n ds. \quad (530)$$

Next, the term in (519) becomes

$$2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-1}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[1+n-(k-1), 1+n]}(s) ds \quad (531)$$

$$= 2 \left(\int_{-\infty}^1 + \int_1^2 + \cdots + \int_{k-2}^{k-1} + \int_{k-1}^{\infty} \right) i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \quad (532)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{n=k-1}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[1+n-(k-1), 1+n]}(s) ds \quad (533)$$

$$= 2 \int_1^2 i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-1}^{k-1} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (534)$$

$$+ 2 \int_2^3 i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-1}^k (1+n)r^n ds \quad (535)$$

$$+ \cdots + 2 \int_{k-2}^{k-1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-1}^{2k-4} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (536)$$

$$+ 2 \int_{k-1}^{\infty} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-1}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[1+n-(k-1), 1+n]}(s) ds \quad (537)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^{k-2} 2 \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-1}^{k+j-2} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (538)$$

$$+ 2 \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{k+j-2}^{k+j-1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-1+(j-1)}^{2k-3+(j-1)} (1+n)r^n ds. \quad (539)$$

Lastly, the term in (521) becomes

$$- \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-2}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[2+n-(k-1), 2+n]}(s) ds \quad (540)$$

$$= - \left(\int_{-\infty}^1 + \int_1^2 + \cdots + \int_{k-2}^{k-1} + \int_{k-1}^{\infty} \right) i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \quad (541)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{n=k-2}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[2+n-(k-1), 2+n]}(s) ds \quad (542)$$

$$= - \int_1^2 i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-2}^{k-2} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (543)$$

$$- \int_2^3 i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-2}^{k-1} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (544)$$

$$- \cdots - \int_{k-2}^{k-1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-2}^{2k-5} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (545)$$

$$- \int_{k-1}^{\infty} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-2}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[2+n-(k-1), 2+n]}(s) ds \quad (546)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^{k-2} - \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-2}^{k+j-3} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (547)$$

$$- \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{k+j-2}^{k+j-1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-2+(j-1)}^{2k-4+(j-1)} (1+n)r^n ds. \quad (548)$$

Using that

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} (1+n) \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(k-1)}) d\beta \right) \quad (549)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} (1+n) \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(k-1)}) d\beta \quad (550)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-3} (1+n) \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{2i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(k-1)}) d\beta \Big) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \pi k, \quad (551)$$

we obtain

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{i(k-1)}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n) r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (552)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{k-2} \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{k+j-1} (1+n) ds \right. \quad (553)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{k+j-2}^{k+j-1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k+(j-1)}^{2k-2+(j-1)} (1+n) ds \quad (554)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^{k-2} 2 \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-1}^{k+j-2} (1+n) ds \quad (555)$$

$$+ 2 \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{k+j-2}^{k+j-1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-1+(j-1)}^{2k-3+(j-1)} (1+n) ds \quad (556)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^{k-2} - \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-2}^{k+j-3} (1+n) ds \quad (557)$$

$$- \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{k+j-2}^{k+j-1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k-2+(j-1)}^{2k-4+(j-1)} (1+n) ds \quad (558)$$

$$+ \frac{\pi}{2} - \pi k \quad (559)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left((2k+1) \sum_{j=1}^{k-2} j \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \right. \quad (560)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^{k-2} j^2 \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (561)$$

$$+ (-1+k)(-2+3k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{k+j-2}^{k+j-1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (562)$$

$$+ 2(-1+k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} j \int_{k+j-2}^{k+j-1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (563)$$

$$+ \frac{\pi}{2} - \pi k. \quad (564)$$

Now, we compute the integral

$$\int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} (1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta. \quad (565)$$

We can use the same procedure to obtain that

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{i(k-1)}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} (1+2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(k-1)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (566)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2}(k-1). \quad (567)$$

Therefore,

$$g_2(k) = -\frac{\pi}{2}k + \frac{1}{4} \left((2k+1) \sum_{j=1}^{k-2} j \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \right. \quad (568)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{j=1}^{k-2} j^2 \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \right) \quad (569)$$

$$+ (-1+k)(-2+3k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{k+j-2}^{k+j-1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (570)$$

$$+ 2(-1+k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} j \int_{k+j-2}^{k+j-1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \Bigg). \quad (571)$$

Next, we compute $g_3(k)$. Using that

$$1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)} = i\beta(1+k) \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} ds, \quad (572)$$

$$\frac{1}{(-1 + re^{i\beta})^2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)(re^{i\beta})^n, \quad (573)$$

we obtain

$$g_3(k) = \text{pv} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \quad (574)$$

$$= \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} \frac{-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} i\beta(1+k) \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} ds d\beta \quad (575)$$

$$= \frac{i(1+k)}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} \int_0^1 \frac{(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s}}{(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} ds d\beta \quad (576)$$

$$= \frac{i(1+k)}{4} \quad (577)$$

$$\cdot \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} \int_0^1 (-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)(re^{i\beta})^n ds d\beta \quad (578)$$

$$= \frac{i(1+k)}{4} \quad (579)$$

$$\cdot \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} (-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds. \quad (580)$$

To simplify this expression, we first compute the expression

$$\frac{i(1+k)}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (581)$$

$$= \frac{i(1+k)}{4} \left[\left(\sum_{n=0}^{1+k} + \sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} \right) (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -\beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \right. \quad (582)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{n=0}^k + \sum_{n=1+k}^{\infty} \right) (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta} \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (583)$$

$$\left. + \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} \right) (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{2i\beta} \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \right] \quad (584)$$

$$= \frac{i(1+k)}{4} \left[\sum_{n=0}^{1+k} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -\beta e^{i\beta n} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} ds d\beta \right. \quad (585)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -\beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (586)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^k (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta} \beta e^{i\beta n} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} ds d\beta \quad (587)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=1+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta} \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (588)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-1} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{2i\beta} \beta e^{i\beta n} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} ds d\beta \quad (589)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{2i\beta} \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \right]. \quad (590)$$

Using the identity

$$\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} ds = \frac{1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}}{i\beta(1+k)}, \quad (591)$$

we obtain

$$\frac{i(1+k)}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (592)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[\sum_{n=0}^{1+k} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \right. \quad (593)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^k (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \quad (594)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{k-1} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{2i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \right] \quad (595)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \left[\sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \left(-\pi \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) 1_{[n-(1+k), n]}(s) ds \right. \quad (596)$$

$$\left. - i \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s^2} \right) 1_{[n-(1+k), n]}(s) ds \right) \quad (597)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=1+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \left(2i \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1 - i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1 + i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) 1_{[1+n-(1+k), 1+n]}(s) ds \right) \quad (598)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \left(i \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1 - i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1 + i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) 1_{[2+n-(1+k), 2+n]}(s) ds \right) \Big]. \quad (599)$$

We will further simplify the terms in (596), (597), (598), and (599). The term in (596) becomes

$$- \pi \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[n-(1+k), n]}(s) ds \quad (600)$$

$$= - \pi \left(\int_{-\infty}^1 + \int_1^2 + \cdots + \int_k^{1+k} + \int_{1+k}^{\infty} \right) \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) \quad (601)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[n-(1+k), n]}(s) ds \quad (602)$$

$$= - \pi \int_1^2 \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{2+k} (1+n)r^n ds - \pi \int_2^3 \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) \quad (603)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{n=2+k}^{3+k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (604)$$

$$- \cdots - \pi \int_k^{1+k} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{1+2k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (605)$$

$$- \pi \int_{1+k}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[n-(1+k), n]}(s) ds \quad (606)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^k - \pi \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{1+k+j} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (607)$$

$$- \pi \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[n-(1+k), n]}(s) ds \quad (608)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^k - \pi \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{1+k+j} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (609)$$

$$- \pi \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) \sum_{n=(j+1)+k}^{(j+1)+2k} (1+n)r^n ds. \quad (610)$$

Next, the term in (597) becomes

$$-i \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[n-(1+k),n]}(s) ds \quad (611)$$

$$= -i \left(\int_{-\infty}^1 + \int_1^2 + \cdots + \int_k^{1+k} + \int_{1+k}^{\infty} \right) \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s^2} \right) \quad (612)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[n-(1+k),n]}(s) ds \quad (613)$$

$$= -i \int_1^2 \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{2+k} (1+n)r^n ds - i \int_2^3 \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{3+k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (614)$$

$$- \cdots - i \int_k^{1+k} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{1+2k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (615)$$

$$- i \int_{1+k}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[n-(1+k),n]}(s) ds \quad (616)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^k -i \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{1+k+j} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (617)$$

$$- i \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=(j+1)+k}^{(j+1)+2k} (1+n)r^n ds. \quad (618)$$

Next, the term in (598) becomes

$$2i \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=1+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[1+n-(1+k), 1+n]}(s) ds \quad (619)$$

$$= 2i \left(\int_{-\infty}^1 + \int_1^2 + \cdots + \int_k^{1+k} + \int_{1+k}^{\infty} \right) \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \quad (620)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{n=1+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[1+n-(1+k), 1+n]}(s) ds \quad (621)$$

$$= 2i \int_1^2 \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=1+k}^{1+k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (622)$$

$$+ 2i \int_2^3 \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=1+k}^{2+k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (623)$$

$$+ \cdots + 2i \int_k^{1+k} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=1+k}^{2k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (624)$$

$$+ 2i \int_{1+k}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=1+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[1+n-(1+k), 1+n]}(s) ds \quad (625)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^k 2i \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=1+k}^{k+j} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (626)$$

$$+ 2i \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=j+k}^{j+2k} (1+n)r^n ds. \quad (627)$$

Lastly, the term in (599) becomes

$$i \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[2+n-(1+k), 2+n]}(s) ds \quad (628)$$

$$= i \left(\int_{-\infty}^1 + \int_1^2 + \cdots + \int_k^{1+k} + \int_{1+k}^{\infty} \right) \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \quad (629)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[2+n-(1+k), 2+n]}(s) ds \quad (630)$$

$$= i \int_1^2 \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^k (1+n)r^n ds \quad (631)$$

$$+ i \int_2^3 \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{k+1} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (632)$$

$$+ \cdots + i \int_k^{1+k} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{2k-1} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (633)$$

$$+ i \int_{1+k}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[2+n-(1+k), 2+n]}(s) ds \quad (634)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^k i \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{j-1+k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (635)$$

$$+ i \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=(j-1)+k}^{(j-1)+2k} (1+n)r^n ds. \quad (636)$$

Therefore,

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{i(1+k)}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (637)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[\sum_{n=0}^{1+k} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \right. \quad (638)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^k (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \quad (639)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{k-1} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{2i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \right] \quad (640)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \left[\sum_{j=1}^k -\pi \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{1+k+j} (1+n)r^n ds \right. \quad (641)$$

$$- \pi \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) \sum_{n=(j+1)+k}^{(j+1)+2k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (642)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^k -i \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{1+k+j} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (643)$$

$$- i \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=(j+1)+k}^{(j+1)+2k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (644)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^k 2i \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1 - i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1 + i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=1+k}^{k+j} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (645)$$

$$+ 2i \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1 - i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1 + i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=j+k}^{j+2k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (646)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^k i \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1 - i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1 + i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{j-1+k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (647)$$

$$+ i \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1 - i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1 + i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=(j-1)+k}^{(j-1)+2k} (1+n)r^n ds \Big]. \quad (648)$$

Using that

$$\frac{1}{4} \left[\sum_{n=0}^{1+k} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \right. \quad (649)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^k (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \quad (650)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{k-1} (1+n)r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{2i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \right] = -\frac{\pi}{2} - \pi k, \quad (651)$$

we obtain

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{i(1+k)}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (652)$$

$$= -\frac{\pi}{2} - \pi k + \frac{1}{4} \left[(2k+1) \sum_{j=1}^k j \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s} (1 - i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s} (1 + i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \right. \quad (653)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^k j^2 \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s} (1 - i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s} (1 + i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (654)$$

$$+ 3k(1+k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s} (1 - i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s} (1 + i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (655)$$

$$+ 2(1+k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} j \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s} (1 - i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s} (1 + i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \Big]. \quad (656)$$

Now, we compute the expression

$$\frac{i(1+k)}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} (-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (657)$$

$$= \frac{i(1+k)}{4} \left[\left(\sum_{n=0}^{1+k} + \sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} \right) (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -\beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \right. \quad (658)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{n=0}^k + \sum_{n=1+k}^{\infty} \right) (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} 2e^{i\beta} \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (659)$$

$$\left. + \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} \right) (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{2i\beta} \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \right] \quad (660)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[\sum_{n=0}^{1+k} (1+n)r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \right. \quad (661)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^k (1+n)r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} 2e^{i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \quad (662)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{k-1} (1+n)r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{2i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \right] \quad (663)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \left[\sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \left(i \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) 1_{[n-(1+k), n]}(s) ds \right. \quad (664)$$

$$+ \epsilon \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s} \right) 1_{[n-(1+k), n]}(s) ds \right) \quad (665)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=1+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \left(-2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}(i+s\epsilon)}{s^2} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}(-i+s\epsilon)}{s^2} \right) 1_{[1+n-(1+k), 1+n]}(s) ds \right) \quad (666)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \left(- \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}(i+s\epsilon)}{s^2} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}(-i+s\epsilon)}{s^2} \right) 1_{[2+n-(1+k), 2+n]}(s) ds \right) \right]. \quad (667)$$

We are interested in how the terms in (664), (665), (666), and (667) behave as first r goes to 1 from below and then ϵ goes to 0 from above. For the term in (664),

$$i \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[n-(1+k), n]}(s) ds \quad (668)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^k i \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{1+k+j} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (669)$$

$$+ i \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=(j+1)+k}^{(j+1)+2k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (670)$$

$$\xrightarrow{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{j=1}^k i \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) \frac{j(5+j+2k)}{2} ds \quad (671)$$

$$+ i \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) \frac{(1+k)(4+2j+3k)}{2} ds \quad (672)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^k \frac{j(5+j+2k)}{2} \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (673)$$

$$+ \frac{(1+k)(4+3k)}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} i \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (674)$$

$$+ (1+k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} j \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} i \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (675)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} (1+k)(-\pi). \quad (676)$$

For the term in (665),

$$\epsilon \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[n-(1+k), n]}(s) ds \quad (677)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^k \epsilon \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s} \right) \sum_{n=2+k}^{1+k+j} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (678)$$

$$+ \epsilon \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s} \right) \sum_{n=(j+1)+k}^{(j+1)+2k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (679)$$

$$\xrightarrow{r \rightarrow 1^-} \epsilon \sum_{j=1}^k \frac{j(5+j+2k)}{2} \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s} \right) ds \quad (680)$$

$$+ \epsilon \frac{(1+k)(4+3k)}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s} \right) ds \quad (681)$$

$$+ \epsilon(1+k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} j \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s} \right) ds \quad (682)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} 0. \quad (683)$$

For the term in (666),

$$-2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}(i+s\epsilon)}{s^2} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}(-i+s\epsilon)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=1+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[1+n-(1+k), 1+n]}(s) ds \quad (684)$$

$$= -2i \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}(1-is\epsilon)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}(1+is\epsilon)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=1+k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[1+n-(1+k), 1+n]}(s) ds \quad (685)$$

$$= -\sum_{j=1}^k 2i \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}(1-is\epsilon)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}(1+is\epsilon)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=1+k}^{k+j} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (686)$$

$$-2i \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}(1-is\epsilon)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}(1+is\epsilon)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=j+k}^{j+2k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (687)$$

$$\xrightarrow{r \rightarrow 1^-} -\sum_{j=1}^k j(3+j+2k) \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (688)$$

$$- \epsilon \sum_{j=1}^k j(3+j+2k) \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s} \right) ds \quad (689)$$

$$- (1+k)(2+3k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} i \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (690)$$

$$- 2(1+k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} j \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} i \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (691)$$

$$- \epsilon(1+k)(2+3k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s} \right) ds \quad (692)$$

$$- 2(1+k)\epsilon \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} j \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s} \right) ds \quad (693)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} -2(1+k)(-\pi). \quad (694)$$

Lastly, for the term in (667),

$$- \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}(i+s\epsilon)}{s^2} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}(-i+s\epsilon)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n 1_{[2+n-(1+k), 2+n]}(s) ds \quad (695)$$

$$= - \sum_{j=1}^k i \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}(1-is\epsilon)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}(1+is\epsilon)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=k}^{j-1+k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (696)$$

$$- i \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}(1-is\epsilon)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}(1+is\epsilon)}{s^2} \right) \sum_{n=(j-1)+k}^{(j-1)+2k} (1+n)r^n ds \quad (697)$$

$$\xrightarrow{r \rightarrow 1^-} - \sum_{j=1}^k \frac{j(1+j+2k)}{2} \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (698)$$

$$- \epsilon \sum_{j=1}^k \frac{j(1+j+2k)}{2} \int_j^{1+j} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s} \right) ds \quad (699)$$

$$- \frac{(1+k)3k}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} i \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (700)$$

$$- \epsilon \frac{(1+k)3k}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s} \right) ds \quad (701)$$

$$- (1+k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} j \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} i \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (702)$$

$$- \epsilon(1+k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} j \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} \left(\frac{e^{is\epsilon}}{s} + \frac{e^{-is\epsilon}}{s} \right) ds \quad (703)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} - (1+k)(-\pi). \quad (704)$$

Using that

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{1}{4} \left[\sum_{n=0}^{1+k} (1+n)r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \right. \quad (705)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^k (1+n)r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} 2e^{i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \quad (706)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{k-1} (1+n)r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{2i\beta} e^{i\beta n} (1 - e^{-i\beta(1+k)}) d\beta \right] = 0, \quad (707)$$

we obtain

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{i(1+k)}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1+n)r^n \int_0^1 \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} (-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) \beta e^{-i\beta(1+k)s} e^{i\beta n} d\beta ds \quad (708)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2} (1+k). \quad (709)$$

Therefore,

$$g_3(k) = -\frac{\pi}{2}k + \frac{1}{4} \left[(2k+1) \sum_{j=1}^k j \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \right. \quad (710)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^k j^2 \int_j^{1+j} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (711)$$

$$+ 3k(1+k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (712)$$

$$+ 2(1+k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} j \int_{j+k}^{j+1+k} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \Big]. \quad (713)$$

To simplify the expressions for $g_2(k)$ and $g_3(k)$, we note that for $j \neq \{-1, 0\}$,

$$\int_j^{j+1} i \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}(1-i\pi s)}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}(1+i\pi s)}{s^2} \right) ds \quad (714)$$

$$= i \int_j^{j+1} \frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s^2} - i\pi \left(\frac{e^{i\pi s}}{s} + \frac{e^{-i\pi s}}{s} \right) ds \quad (715)$$

$$= i \int_j^{j+1} \frac{2i \sin(\pi s)}{s^2} - i\pi \frac{2 \cos(\pi s)}{s} ds \quad (716)$$

$$= -2 \int_j^{j+1} \frac{\sin(\pi s)}{s^2} ds + 2\pi \int_j^{j+1} \frac{\cos(\pi s)}{s} ds \quad (717)$$

$$= -2\pi \int_j^{j+1} \frac{\cos(\pi s)}{s} ds + 2\pi \int_j^{j+1} \frac{\cos(\pi s)}{s} ds \quad (718)$$

$$= 0. \quad (719)$$

Using this simplification, we obtain

$$g_2(k) = -\frac{\pi}{2}k, \quad (720)$$

$$g_3(k) = -\frac{\pi}{2}k. \quad (721)$$

Next, let us compute $g_5(k)$. We have

$$g_5(k) = \text{pv} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-i(-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \quad (722)$$

$$= \frac{i}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} (-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (re^{i\beta})^n d\beta \quad (723)$$

$$= \frac{i}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} (-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k} e^{i\beta n} d\beta. \quad (724)$$

To simplify this expression, we first compute the expression

$$\frac{i}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) e^{-i\beta k} e^{i\beta n} d\beta \quad (725)$$

$$= \frac{i}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -2e^{i\beta} e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta \right. \quad (726)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{2i\beta} e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta \right) \quad (727)$$

$$= \frac{i}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k+1}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + r^k (-2\pi) \right) \quad (728)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -2e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -2e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + r^{k-1} (-4\pi) \quad (729)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-3} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta(n-k+2)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k-1}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta(n-k+2)} d\beta + r^{k-2} (2\pi) \Big) \quad (730)$$

$$= \frac{i}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} r^n \frac{i}{k-n} (e^{i(k-n)\pi} - e^{-i(k-n)\pi}) \right) \quad (731)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=k+1}^{\infty} r^n \frac{i}{k-n} (e^{i(k-n)\pi} - e^{-i(k-n)\pi}) + r^k (-2\pi) \quad (732)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} r^n \frac{-2i}{k-n-1} (e^{i(k-n)\pi} - e^{-i(k-n)\pi}) \quad (733)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} r^n \frac{-2i}{k-n-1} (e^{i(k-n)\pi} - e^{-i(k-n)\pi}) + r^{k-1} (-4\pi) \quad (734)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-3} r^n \frac{-i}{k-n-2} (e^{i(k-n)\pi} - e^{-i(k-n)\pi}) \quad (735)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=k-1}^{\infty} r^n \frac{-i}{k-n-2} (e^{i(k-n)\pi} - e^{-i(k-n)\pi}) + r^{k-2} (2\pi) \Big). \quad (736)$$

Using that

$$\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} r^n \frac{i}{k-n} (e^{i(k-n)\pi} - e^{-i(k-n)\pi}) = 0 \quad (737)$$

and

$$\sum_{n=k+1}^{\infty} r^n \frac{i}{k-n} (e^{i(k-n)\pi} - e^{-i(k-n)\pi}) = 0, \quad (738)$$

we obtain

$$\frac{i}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) e^{-i\beta k} e^{i\beta n} d\beta = -i\pi. \quad (739)$$

Next, we compute the expression

$$\frac{i}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} (-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) e^{-i\beta k} e^{i\beta n} d\beta \quad (740)$$

$$= \frac{i}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -2e^{i\beta} e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta \right. \quad (741)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{2i\beta} e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta \right) \quad (742)$$

$$= \frac{i}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k+1}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + r^k \cdot 2\epsilon \right. \quad (743)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -2e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -2e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + r^{k-1} 4\epsilon \right. \quad (744)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{k-3} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{i\beta(n-k+2)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k-1}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{i\beta(n-k+2)} d\beta + r^{k-2}(-2\epsilon) \right) \quad (745)$$

$$= \frac{i}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} r^n \frac{-i}{k-n} (e^{i(k-n)\epsilon} - e^{-i(k-n)\epsilon}) \right. \quad (746)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=k+1}^{\infty} r^n \frac{-i}{k-n} (e^{i(k-n)\epsilon} - e^{-i(k-n)\epsilon}) + r^k \cdot 2\epsilon \right. \quad (747)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} r^n \frac{2i}{k-n-1} (e^{-i(k-n-1)\epsilon} - e^{i(k-n-1)\epsilon}) \right. \quad (748)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} r^n \frac{2i}{k-n-1} (e^{-i(k-n-1)\epsilon} - e^{i(k-n-1)\epsilon}) + r^{k-1} 4\epsilon \right. \quad (749)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=0}^{k-3} r^n \frac{i}{k-n-2} (e^{i(k-n-2)\epsilon} - e^{-i(k-n-2)\epsilon}) \right. \quad (750)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{n=k-1}^{\infty} r^n \frac{i}{k-n-2} (e^{i(k-n-2)\epsilon} - e^{-i(k-n-2)\epsilon}) \right. \quad (751)$$

$$\left. + r^{k-2}(-2\epsilon) \right). \quad (752)$$

Using that

$$\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} r^n \frac{-i}{k-n} (e^{i(k-n)\epsilon} - e^{-i(k-n)\epsilon}) \xrightarrow{r \rightarrow 1^-} -i \sum_{n=1}^k \frac{(e^{-i\epsilon})^{-n}}{n} + i \sum_{n=1}^k \frac{(e^{i\epsilon})^{-n}}{n} \quad (753)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} 0 \quad (754)$$

and

$$\sum_{n=k+1}^{\infty} r^n \frac{-i}{k-n} (e^{i(k-n)\epsilon} - e^{-i(k-n)\epsilon}) \quad (755)$$

$$= i e^{ik\epsilon} (r e^{-i\epsilon})^k (-\text{Log}(1 - r e^{-i\epsilon})) - i e^{-ik\epsilon} (r e^{i\epsilon})^k (-\text{Log}(1 - r e^{i\epsilon})) \quad (756)$$

$$\xrightarrow{r \rightarrow 1^-} -i \text{Log}(1 - e^{-i\epsilon}) + i \text{Log}(1 - e^{i\epsilon}) \quad (757)$$

$$= -i(\log |1 - e^{-i\epsilon}| + i \text{Arg}(1 - e^{-i\epsilon})) + i(\log |1 - e^{i\epsilon}| + i \text{Arg}(1 - e^{i\epsilon})) \quad (758)$$

$$= \text{Arg}(1 - e^{-i\epsilon}) - \text{Arg}(1 - e^{i\epsilon}) \quad (759)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\pi}{2} - \left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \pi, \quad (760)$$

where Log denotes the principal branch of the complex logarithm, we obtain

$$\frac{i}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} (-1 - 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) e^{-i\beta k} e^{i\beta n} d\beta = \frac{i\pi}{2}. \quad (761)$$

Therefore,

$$g_5(k) = -\frac{i\pi}{2}. \quad (762)$$

Next, let us compute $g_6(k)$. We have

$$g_6(k) = \text{pv} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta} (-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) e^{-i\beta k}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \quad (763)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} e^{-i\beta} (-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta}) e^{-i\beta k} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (r e^{i\beta})^n d\beta \quad (764)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} (2 - e^{-i\beta} + e^{i\beta}) e^{-i\beta k} e^{i\beta n} d\beta. \quad (765)$$

To simplify this expression, we first compute the expression

$$-\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (2 - e^{-i\beta} + e^{i\beta}) e^{-i\beta k} e^{i\beta n} d\beta \quad (766)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (-e^{-i\beta}) e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta} e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta \right) \quad (767)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k+1}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + r^k(4\pi) \right) \quad (768)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^k r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta(n-k-1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k+2}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta(n-k-1)} d\beta + r^{k+1}(-2\pi) \quad (769)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + r^{k-2}(2\pi) \quad (770)$$

$$= -\pi. \quad (771)$$

Next, we compute the expression

$$-\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} (2 - e^{-i\beta} + e^{i\beta}) e^{-i\beta k} e^{i\beta n} d\beta \quad (772)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} 2e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{i\beta(n-k-1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta \right) \quad (773)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} 2e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k+1}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} 2e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + r^k \cdot (-4\epsilon) \right) \quad (774)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^k r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{i\beta(n-k-1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k+2}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{i\beta(n-k-1)} d\beta + r^{k+1}2\epsilon \quad (775)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + r^{k-1}(-2\epsilon) \quad (776)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2}. \quad (777)$$

Therefore,

$$g_6(k) = -\frac{\pi}{2}. \quad (778)$$

Next, let us compute $g_7(k)$. We have

$$g_7(k) = \text{pv} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{(1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \quad (779)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} (1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (re^{i\beta})^n d\beta \quad (780)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} (1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta})e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta. \quad (781)$$

To simplify this expression, we first compute the expression

$$-\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta})e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta \quad (782)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta(n-k+2)} d\beta \right) \quad (783)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k+1}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + r^k(2\pi) \right) \quad (784)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + r^{k-1}(4\pi) \quad (785)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-3} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta(n-k+2)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k-1}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta(n-k+2)} d\beta + r^{k-2}(-2\pi) \quad (786)$$

$$= -\pi. \quad (787)$$

Next, we compute the expression

$$-\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} (1 + 2e^{i\beta} - e^{2i\beta})e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta \quad (788)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} 2e^{i\beta} e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{2i\beta} e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta \right) \quad (789)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k+1}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + r^k \cdot (-2\epsilon) \right) \quad (790)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} 2e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} 2e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + r^{k-1}(-4\epsilon) \quad (791)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-3} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{i\beta(n-k+2)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k-1}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{i\beta(n-k+2)} d\beta + r^{k-2}(2\epsilon) \quad (792)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2}. \quad (793)$$

Therefore,

$$g_7(k) = -\frac{\pi}{2}. \quad (794)$$

Lastly, let us compute $g_8(k)$. We have

$$g_8(k) = \text{pv} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k}}{4(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \quad (795)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} e^{-i\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})e^{-i\beta k} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (re^{i\beta})^n d\beta \quad (796)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\substack{[-\pi, \pi] \\ \setminus (-\epsilon, \epsilon)}} (2 - e^{-i\beta} + e^{i\beta})e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta. \quad (797)$$

To simplify this expression, we first compute the expression

$$\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (2 - e^{-i\beta} + e^{i\beta})e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta \quad (798)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta(n-k-1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta \right) \quad (799)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k+1}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + r^k(4\pi) \right) \quad (800)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^k r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta(n-k-1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k+2}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} -e^{i\beta(n-k-1)} d\beta + r^{k+1}(-2\pi) \quad (801)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} r^n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + r^{k-1}(2\pi) \quad (802)$$

$$= \pi. \quad (803)$$

Next, we compute the expression

$$\frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} (2 - e^{-i\beta} + e^{i\beta}) e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta \quad (804)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} 2e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{i\beta(n-k-1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta \right) \quad (805)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \lim_{r \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{k-1} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} 2e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k+1}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} 2e^{i\beta(n-k)} d\beta + r^k \cdot (-4\epsilon) \right) \quad (806)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^k r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{i\beta(n-k-1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k+2}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} -e^{i\beta(n-k-1)} d\beta + r^{k+1} (2\epsilon) \quad (807)$$

$$+ \sum_{n=0}^{k-2} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} r^n \int_{\epsilon}^{-\epsilon} e^{i\beta(n-k+1)} d\beta + r^{k-1} (-2\epsilon) \quad (808)$$

$$= -\frac{\pi}{2}. \quad (809)$$

Therefore,

$$g_8(k) = \frac{\pi}{2}. \quad (810)$$

Plugging the calculated values of $g_2(k)$, $g_3(k)$, $g_5(k)$, $g_6(k)$, $g_7(k)$, and $g_8(k)$ into (476), we obtain

$$J_1(k) = -\frac{\pi}{k}. \quad (811)$$

Using (433) and (451), we deduce that

$$J_1(k) = \begin{cases} -\frac{\pi}{k} & k > 1, \\ \frac{\pi}{k} & k < -1. \end{cases} \quad (812)$$

9.2 Summary

Plugging the results of Sections 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 into (432), we obtain that for $k > 1$,

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k) = -\frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) \pi k = -\frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) \pi |k|. \quad (813)$$

Since for $k > 1$

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(-k) = \overline{\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k)} \quad (814)$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k)} \pi k \quad (815)$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(-k) \pi |k|, \quad (816)$$

we conclude that for $|k| > 1$,

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k) = -\frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) \pi |k|. \quad (817)$$

This concludes that proof that \mathcal{L} is the Hilbert transform of the first derivative of θ up to the ± 1 Fourier modes. To compute $\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k)$ for $|k| = 1$, we use that for $k \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$\mathcal{F}((U_1)_\alpha)(k) = ik\mathcal{F}(U_1)(k) \quad (818)$$

to rewrite (349) as

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \left(ik\mathcal{F}(U_1)(k) - \frac{i}{k} \mathcal{F}(U_1)(k) \right), \quad (819)$$

where $k \neq 0$. Then $\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(\pm 1) = 0$. That the ± 1 Fourier modes of \mathcal{L} are zero poses a technical challenge in dealing with the term in the evolution equation for θ that induces an exponential decay in time of initial perturbation of the interface. This challenge can be resolved by observing that the identity

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} z_\alpha(\alpha, t) d\alpha = 0 \quad (820)$$

provides a means to control the ± 1 Fourier modes of \mathcal{L} using the other nonzero Fourier modes.

10 Derivation of an *a priori* Estimate

Before embarking on the derivation of a key *a priori* estimate for $\phi = \theta - \hat{\theta}(0)$, we first derive crucial estimates for $L(t)$. Let us derive certain upper and lower bounds of $L(t)$ which tightly control it as long as $\|\phi(t)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}$ is sufficiently small for all $t \geq 0$.

Proposition 7. *If $\|\phi(t)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}$ is sufficiently small for all $t \geq 0$, then*

$$\frac{R^2}{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi(t)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)} \leq \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^2 \leq \frac{R^2}{1 - \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi(t)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)}. \quad (821)$$

Proof. By the definition of the Fourier transform,

$$\mathcal{F} \left(\int_0^\alpha e^{-i\eta} (\phi(\alpha) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta \right) (-1) \quad (822)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^\alpha e^{-i\eta} (\phi(\alpha) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta \cdot e^{i\alpha} d\alpha \quad (823)$$

$$= \frac{1}{i} \cdot \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^\alpha e^{-i\eta} (\phi(\alpha) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha} e^{i\alpha} d\alpha. \quad (824)$$

Integration by parts yields

$$\frac{1}{i} \cdot \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} (\phi(\alpha) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha} e^{i\alpha} d\alpha \quad (825)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha} \left(\int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} (\phi(\alpha) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta \cdot e^{i\alpha} \right) d\alpha \quad (826)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \left(- \int_0^{\pi} e^{-i\eta} (\phi(\pi) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta - \int_{-\pi}^0 e^{-i\eta} (\phi(\pi) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta \right) \quad (827)$$

$$= - \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{-i\eta} (\phi(\pi) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta \quad (828)$$

$$= i\mathcal{F}((\phi(\pi) - \phi(\eta))^n)(1). \quad (829)$$

Then

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\phi(\alpha) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \quad (830)$$

$$= \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} (\phi(\alpha) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \quad (831)$$

$$= 2\pi i \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} \mathcal{F}((\phi(\pi) - \phi(\eta))^n)(1). \quad (832)$$

Hence,

$$\operatorname{Im} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\phi(\alpha) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right) \quad (833)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \left(2\pi i \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} \mathcal{F}((\phi(\pi) - \phi(\eta))^n)(1) + 2\pi i \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{(-i)^n}{n!} \overline{\mathcal{F}((\phi(\pi) - \phi(\eta))^n)(1)} \right) \quad (834)$$

$$= \pi \left(\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} \mathcal{F}((\phi(\pi) - \phi(\eta))^n)(1) + \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{(-i)^n}{n!} \overline{\mathcal{F}((\phi(\pi) - \phi(\eta))^n)(1)} \right). \quad (835)$$

It follows that

$$\left| \operatorname{Im} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\phi(\alpha) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right) \right| \quad (836)$$

$$\leq 2\pi \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{|\mathcal{F}((\phi(\pi) - \phi(\eta))^n)(1)|}{n!} \quad (837)$$

$$\leq 2\pi \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{\|(\phi(\pi) - \phi(\cdot))^n\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}}{n!}. \quad (838)$$

By Proposition 2,

$$\|(\phi(\pi) - \phi(\cdot))^n\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \leq \|\phi(\pi) - \phi(\cdot)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^n. \quad (839)$$

Then

$$\left| \operatorname{Im} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\phi(\alpha) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right) \right| \leq 2\pi \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{\|\phi(\pi) - \phi(\cdot)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^n}{n!} \quad (840)$$

$$= 2\pi (e^{\|\phi(\pi) - \phi(\cdot)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1) \quad (841)$$

$$\leq 2\pi (e^{\|\phi(\pi)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1) \quad (842)$$

$$= 2\pi (e^{\phi(\pi)} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1). \quad (843)$$

By (6),

$$|\phi(\pi)| \leq \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\hat{\phi}(k)| = \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}. \quad (844)$$

Therefore,

$$\left| \operatorname{Im} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\phi(\alpha) - \phi(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right) \right| \leq \pi^2 (e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1). \quad (845)$$

This estimate shows that

$$\frac{R^2}{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)} \leq \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \right)^2 \leq \frac{R^2}{1 - \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)}, \quad (846)$$

as needed. ■

Remark. If $\|\phi(t)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}$ is sufficiently small for all $t \geq 0$, then Proposition 7 ensures that $L(t) > 0$ for all $t \geq 0$, making (45) and (47) equivalent.

Using Proposition 7, we can also prove the following useful estimate.

Proposition 8. For sufficiently small $\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}$,

$$\left| R \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} - 1 \right| \leq 1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)}. \quad (847)$$

Proof. From Proposition 7, we obtain

$$\sqrt{1 - \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)} - 1 \leq \frac{2\pi R}{L(t)} - 1 \leq \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)} - 1. \quad (848)$$

Then

$$\left| \frac{2\pi R}{L(t)} - 1 \right| \leq \max \left\{ \left| \sqrt{1 - \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)} - 1 \right|, \left| \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)} - 1 \right| \right\} \quad (849)$$

$$= \left| \sqrt{1 - \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)} - 1 \right| \quad (850)$$

$$= 1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)}, \quad (851)$$

as needed. ■

We now derive a key *a priori* estimate for $\phi = \theta - \hat{\theta}(0)$. In Section 9, we have shown that

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } |k| = 1, \\ \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) & \text{if } |k| > 1, \end{cases} \quad (852)$$

where J_1 and J_2 are given in (812) and (451). Let

$$\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(\alpha) = \frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \mathcal{L}(\alpha), \quad (853)$$

$$\tilde{\mathcal{N}}(\alpha) = \frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \mathcal{N}(\alpha). \quad (854)$$

Then for $|k| \geq 1$,

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \left(\mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{L}})(k) + \mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k) \right) \quad (855)$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \left(\frac{L(t)}{2\pi} \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k) + \mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k) \right) \quad (856)$$

$$= \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k) + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k) \quad (857)$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k) & \text{if } |k| = 1, \\ \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k) & \text{if } |k| > 1. \end{cases} \quad (858)$$

For convenience of notation, define $J_1(k) = J_2(k) = 0$ for $|k| = 1$ so that for $k \in \mathbb{Z} \setminus \{0\}$,

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k). \quad (859)$$

We observe that the principal linear term, i.e., the first term on the right hand side, has a time-dependent coefficient. This dependence occurs, however, only through $L(t)$. If we chose an initial circular interface of radius R to perturb around, then it is natural to make the principal linear term independent of time by replacing $L(t)$ with $2\pi R$ and keeping an error term. That is, we rewrite (859) as

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) = \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k) \quad (860)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \right). \quad (861)$$

We note that for $k > 0$,

$$\left| \hat{\phi}(-k) \right| = \left| \overline{\hat{\phi}(k)} \right| = \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| \quad (862)$$

since ϕ is real-valued. Then for $s > 0$,

$$\|\phi\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{s,1}} = \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| = 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|. \quad (863)$$

Differentiating this equation with respect to t , we obtain

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (864)$$

$$= 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} \nu'(t) k \cdot k^s \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| + e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| \quad (865)$$

$$= 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} \nu'(t) k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| + e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \frac{1}{\left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|} \frac{1}{2} \left(\hat{\phi}(k) \overline{\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}(k)} + \overline{\hat{\phi}(k)} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}(k) \right) \quad (866)$$

$$= 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} \nu'(t) k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| + 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \frac{\hat{\phi}(k) \overline{\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}(k)} + \overline{\hat{\phi}(k)} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}(k)}{2 \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|}. \quad (867)$$

Let us simplify the second term. Using (860) and that J_1 and J_2 are real for $k \geq 1$, we obtain

$$\hat{\phi}(k) \overline{\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}(k)} + \overline{\hat{\phi}(k)} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}(k) \quad (868)$$

$$= \frac{1}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (J_1 + J_2)(k) \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|^2 + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \overline{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k)} \hat{\phi}(k) \quad (869)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (J_1 + J_2)(k) \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \right) \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|^2 \quad (870)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (J_1 + J_2)(k) \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|^2 + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k) \overline{\hat{\phi}(k)} \quad (871)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (J_1 + J_2)(k) \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \right) \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|^2. \quad (872)$$

Then

$$2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \frac{\hat{\phi}(k) \overline{\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}(k)} + \overline{\hat{\phi}(k)} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}(k)}{2 |\hat{\phi}(k)|} \quad (873)$$

$$= \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \frac{\hat{\phi}(k) \overline{\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}(k)} + \overline{\hat{\phi}(k)} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}(k)}{|\hat{\phi}(k)|} \quad (874)$$

$$= \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \left(\frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (J_1 + J_2)(k) |\hat{\phi}(k)| \right) \quad (875)$$

$$+ \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k) \overline{\hat{\phi}(k)} + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k)} \hat{\phi}(k)}{|\hat{\phi}(k)|} \quad (876)$$

$$+ 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (J_1 + J_2)(k) \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \right) |\hat{\phi}(k)| \quad (877)$$

$$= \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s (J_1 + J_2)(k) |\hat{\phi}(k)| \quad (878)$$

$$+ \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k) \overline{\hat{\phi}(k)} + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k)} \hat{\phi}(k)}{|\hat{\phi}(k)|} \quad (879)$$

$$+ 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \right) \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s (J_1 + J_2)(k) |\hat{\phi}(k)|. \quad (880)$$

Therefore,

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} = 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} \nu'(t) k^{s+1} |\hat{\phi}(k)| + \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s (J_1 + J_2)(k) |\hat{\phi}(k)| \quad (881)$$

$$+ \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k) \overline{\hat{\phi}(k)} + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k)} \hat{\phi}(k)}{|\hat{\phi}(k)|} \quad (882)$$

$$+ 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \right) \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s (J_1 + J_2)(k) |\hat{\phi}(k)|. \quad (883)$$

First, let us estimate (883). Observe that

$$2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \right) \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s (J_1 + J_2)(k) |\hat{\phi}(k)| \quad (884)$$

$$= 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} \left(-1 + R \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \right) \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s (J_1 + J_2)(k) |\hat{\phi}(k)| \quad (885)$$

$$= -\pi \cdot 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} \left(R \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} - 1 \right) \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} |\hat{\phi}(k)|. \quad (886)$$

Using Proposition 8, we obtain

$$\left| R \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} - 1 \right| \leq A \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}, \quad (887)$$

where we define

$$A = A(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) = \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)}}{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}}. \quad (888)$$

Then

$$\left| 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \right) \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s (J_1 + J_2)(k) \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| \right| \quad (889)$$

$$= \left| -\pi \cdot 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} \left(R \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} - 1 \right) \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| \right| \quad (890)$$

$$\leq 2\pi \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} \left| R \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} - 1 \right| \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| \quad (891)$$

$$\leq 2\pi \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} A \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|. \quad (892)$$

Next, let us estimate (881) and (882).

$$2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} \nu'(t) k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| + \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s (J_1 + J_2)(k) \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| \quad (893)$$

$$+ \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k) \overline{\hat{\phi}(k)} + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k)} \hat{\phi}(k)}{\left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|} \quad (894)$$

$$= 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} \nu'(t) k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| - \pi \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| \quad (895)$$

$$+ \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k) \overline{\hat{\phi}(k)} + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k)} \hat{\phi}(k)}{\left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|} \quad (896)$$

$$\leq \nu'(t) \|\phi\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{s+1,1}} - \pi \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s 2 \left| \mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}})(k) \right| \quad (897)$$

$$\leq \nu'(t) \|\phi\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{s+1,1}} - \pi \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \|\tilde{\mathcal{N}}\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{s,1}}. \quad (898)$$

Plugging (892) and (898) into (881), we obtain

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} = 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} \nu'(t) k^{s+1} |\hat{\phi}(k)| + \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s (J_1 + J_2)(k) |\hat{\phi}(k)| \quad (899)$$

$$+ \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{N})(k) \overline{\hat{\phi}(k)} + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{N})(k)} \hat{\phi}(k)}{|\hat{\phi}(k)|} \quad (900)$$

$$+ 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \right) \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s (J_1 + J_2)(k) |\hat{\phi}(k)| \quad (901)$$

$$\leq \nu'(t) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} - \pi \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} |\hat{\phi}(k)| + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \|\tilde{N}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (902)$$

$$+ 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} A \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} |\hat{\phi}(k)|. \quad (903)$$

With the minus sign in front, the second term in (902) is associated with dissipation of the initial interfacial perturbation. It is clear that the ± 1 Fourier modes of ϕ play no part in dissipation. This presents a technical difficulty because the norm of the function space that we intend to use involves all nonzero Fourier modes of ϕ . To resolve this issue, we note that (820) and $\hat{\phi}(0) = 0$ imply

$$0 = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i(\alpha + \hat{\phi}(1)e^{i\alpha} + \hat{\phi}(-1)e^{-i\alpha} + \sum_{|k| \geq 1} \hat{\phi}(k)e^{ik\alpha})} d\alpha. \quad (904)$$

This identity provides an implicit relation between the ± 1 Fourier modes and the other nonzero Fourier modes of ϕ , which allows us to control the former in terms of the latter. This observation is summarized in Proposition 4.1 of [1]. In particular, we use the following result contained in the proposition.

Proposition 9. *Let $r \in (0, \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{5}{4})$. Consider $\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} < r$. Then*

$$|\hat{\phi}(1)| + |\hat{\phi}(-1)| \leq C_I(r) r \sum_{|k| \geq 2} |\hat{\phi}(k)|, \quad (905)$$

where

$$C_I(r) = \frac{1}{r} \cdot \frac{2e^r(e^r - 1)}{1 - 4(e^{2r} - 1)}. \quad (906)$$

Here, $C_I(r) > 0$ is a strictly increasing function of r where

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow 0^+} C_I(r) = 2, \quad (907)$$

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow \log \frac{5}{4}^-} C_I(r) = \infty. \quad (908)$$

Suppose that $\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \in (0, \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{5}{4})$. By Proposition 9, for all $r \in (\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}, \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{5}{4})$,

$$\left| \hat{\phi}(1) \right| + \left| \hat{\phi}(-1) \right| \leq C_I(r)r \sum_{|k| \geq 2} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|. \quad (909)$$

Then

$$\left| \hat{\phi}(1) \right| + \left| \hat{\phi}(-1) \right| \leq C_I(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{|k| \geq 2} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|. \quad (910)$$

By (862), this simplifies to

$$2 \left| \hat{\phi}(1) \right| \leq 2C_I(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{k \geq 2} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|. \quad (911)$$

Hence, for $s > 0$,

$$\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} = 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| \quad (912)$$

$$= 2 \left(e^{\nu(t)} \left| \hat{\phi}(1) \right| + \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| \right) \quad (913)$$

$$\leq 2C_I(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{k \geq 2} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| e^{\nu(t)} + 2 \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| \quad (914)$$

$$\leq 2 \left(C_I(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + 1 \right) \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|. \quad (915)$$

Replacing s with $s + 1$, we obtain

$$\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} \leq 2 \left(C_I(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + 1 \right) \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|, \quad (916)$$

which, when rearranged, yields

$$- \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right| \leq - \frac{1}{2 \left(C_I(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + 1 \right)} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}}. \quad (917)$$

Using this estimate in (899), we obtain

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \nu'(t) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} - \frac{1}{2 \left(C_I(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + 1 \right)} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} \pi \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \quad (918)$$

$$+ \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \left\| \tilde{\mathcal{N}} \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} + 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} A \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}(k) \right|. \quad (919)$$

From Proposition 7, we have

$$2\pi R A_1 \leq L(t) \leq 2\pi R A_2, \quad (920)$$

where we define

$$A_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)}}, \quad (921)$$

$$A_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)}}. \quad (922)$$

Using this estimate in (918), we obtain

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \nu'(t) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} - \frac{1}{2 \left(C_I(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + 1 \right)} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} \pi \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \quad (923)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{R} \frac{1}{A_1} \|\tilde{\mathcal{N}}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} + 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} A \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} |\hat{\phi}(k)|. \quad (924)$$

By Proposition 1,

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (925)$$

$$\leq \left(\nu'(t) - \frac{1}{2 \left(C_I(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + 1 \right)} \pi \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} A \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} \quad (926)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{R} \frac{1}{A_1} \|\tilde{\mathcal{N}}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}. \quad (927)$$

11 Estimating $\tilde{\mathcal{N}}$

In Section 10, we derived an *a priori* estimate containing the $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ norm of $\tilde{\mathcal{N}}$, where

$$\tilde{\mathcal{N}}(\alpha) = (U_{\geq 2})_\alpha(\alpha) + T_{\geq 2}(\alpha)(1 + \phi_\alpha(\alpha)) + T_1(\alpha)\phi_\alpha(\alpha). \quad (928)$$

We consider the each of the three terms separately. In Sections 11.1 and 11.2, we will see that the bounds for the second the third terms depend on the $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ and $\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}$ norms of U_1 and $U_{\geq 2}$. In Sections 12 and 13, respectively, we will estimate these norms in terms of the corresponding norms of ϕ . Although the first term in (928) can be bounded above by the $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}$ norm of $U_{\geq 2}$, the resulting estimate is not strong enough for the purposes of our study. For this reason, we will estimate it more carefully in Section 14.

11.1 Estimating $T_{\geq 2}(\alpha)(1 + \phi_\alpha(\alpha))$

We prove the following estimate.

Lemma 1. For $s \geq 1$,

$$\|T_{\geq 2}(1 + \phi_\alpha)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (929)$$

$$\leq (1 + b(2, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (930)$$

$$\cdot (\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s-1,1}} + b(2, s-1) (\|\phi\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s-1,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}})) \quad (931)$$

$$+ b(2, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s+1,1}} (2 \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + 2 (\|\phi\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{0,1}})) . \quad (932)$$

For $0 \leq s < 1$,

$$\|T_{\geq 2}(1 + \phi_\alpha)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (933)$$

$$\leq (1 + b(2, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (934)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + b(2, s) \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \right) \right) \quad (935)$$

$$+ b(2, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s+1,1}} (2 \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + 2 (\|\phi\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{0,1}})) . \quad (936)$$

Proof. Using Proposition 3, we obtain that for $s \geq 0$,

$$\|T_{\geq 2}(1 + \phi_\alpha)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s,1}} + \|T_{\geq 2}\phi_\alpha\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (937)$$

$$\leq \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s,1}} + b(2, s) \left(\|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi_\alpha\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|\phi_\alpha\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \right) \quad (938)$$

$$\leq \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s,1}} + b(2, s) \left(\|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}} + \|\phi\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{s+1,1}} \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \right). \quad (939)$$

Note that

$$T_{\geq 2}(\alpha) = \int_0^\alpha U_{\geq 2}(\eta) d\eta + \int_0^\alpha \phi_\alpha(\eta) U_{\geq 1}(\eta) d\eta \quad (940)$$

$$- \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi U_{\geq 2}(\eta) d\eta - \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^\pi \phi_\alpha(\eta) U_{\geq 1}(\eta) d\eta \quad (941)$$

$$= \mathcal{M}(U_{\geq 2})(\alpha) + \mathcal{M}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1})(\alpha). \quad (942)$$

Hence for $s \geq 1$, using Proposition 3, we obtain

$$\|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} = \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s |\mathcal{F}(T_{\geq 2})(k)| \quad (943)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(U_{\geq 2}))(k)| \quad (944)$$

$$+ \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1}))(k)| \quad (945)$$

$$= \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^{s-1} |\mathcal{F}(U_{\geq 2})(k)| \quad (946)$$

$$+ \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^{s-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1})(k)| \quad (947)$$

$$= \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s-1,1}} + \|\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s-1,1}} \quad (948)$$

$$\leq \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s-1,1}} + b(2, s-1)(\|\phi_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s-1,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s-1,1}} \|\phi_\alpha\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \quad (949)$$

$$= \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s-1,1}} + b(2, s-1)(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s-1,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{1,1}}). \quad (950)$$

Moreover,

$$\|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(T_{\geq 2})(k)| \quad (951)$$

$$= \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(U_{\geq 2}))(k)| + \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1}))(k)| \quad (952)$$

$$= |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(U_{\geq 2}))(0)| + |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1}))(0)| \quad (953)$$

$$+ \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(U_{\geq 2}))(k)| + \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1}))(k)| \quad (954)$$

$$\leq |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(U_{\geq 2}))(0)| + |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1}))(0)| \quad (955)$$

$$+ \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(U_{\geq 2})(k)| + \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1})(k)| \quad (956)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j \neq 0} |j|^{-1} |\mathcal{F}(U_{\geq 2})(j)| + \sum_{j \neq 0} |j|^{-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1})(j)| \quad (957)$$

$$+ \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(U_{\geq 2})(k)| + \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1})(k)| \quad (958)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|j|} |\mathcal{F}(U_{\geq 2})(j)| + \sum_{j \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|j|} |\mathcal{F}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1})(j)| \quad (959)$$

$$+ \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(U_{\geq 2})(k)| + \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1})(k)| \quad (960)$$

$$= 2 \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + 2 \|\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}. \quad (961)$$

Using Proposition 3, we obtain that

$$\|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \leq 2 \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + 2 \|\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (962)$$

$$\leq 2 \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + 2(\|\phi_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|\phi_\alpha\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}) \quad (963)$$

$$= 2 \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + 2(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}). \quad (964)$$

Now, let us consider the case in which $0 \leq s < 1$. Then

$$\|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} = \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s |\mathcal{F}(T_{\geq 2})(k)| \quad (965)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(U_{\geq 2}))(k)| \quad (966)$$

$$+ \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1}))(k)| \quad (967)$$

$$= \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^{s-1} |\mathcal{F}(U_{\geq 2})(k)| \quad (968)$$

$$+ \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^{s-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1})(k)| \quad (969)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(U_{\geq 2})(k)| \quad (970)$$

$$+ \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1})(k)| \quad (971)$$

$$= \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}. \quad (972)$$

Using Proposition 3, we obtain that

$$\|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (973)$$

$$\leq \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + b(2, s) \left(\|\phi_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|\phi_\alpha\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \right) \quad (974)$$

$$\leq \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + b(2, s) \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \right). \quad (975)$$

■

11.2 Estimating $T_1(\alpha)\phi_\alpha(\alpha)$

We prove the following estimate.

Lemma 2. For $s \geq 1$,

$$\|T_1 \phi_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq b(2, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s-1,1}} + b(2, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} 2 \|U_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}. \quad (976)$$

For $0 \leq s < 1$,

$$\|T_1 \phi_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq b(2, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + b(2, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} 2 \|U_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}. \quad (977)$$

Proof. Using Proposition 3, we obtain that for $s \geq 0$,

$$\|T_1 \phi_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq b(2, s) \left(\|T_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi_\alpha\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|\phi_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \right) \quad (978)$$

$$= b(2, s) \left(\|T_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} \|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \right). \quad (979)$$

Recall that $T_1(\alpha) = \mathcal{M}(U_1)(\alpha)$. Then for $s \geq 1$,

$$\|T_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} = \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s |\mathcal{F}(T_1)(k)| \quad (980)$$

$$= \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(U_1))(k)| \quad (981)$$

$$= \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^{s-1} |\mathcal{F}(U_1)(k)| \quad (982)$$

$$= \|U_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s-1,1}}. \quad (983)$$

Moreover,

$$\|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(T_1)(k)| \quad (984)$$

$$= \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(U_1))(k)| \quad (985)$$

$$= |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(U_1))(0)| + \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(U_1))(k)| \quad (986)$$

$$= \left| \sum_{j \neq 0} \frac{i}{j} \mathcal{F}(U_1)(j) \right| + \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^{-1} |\mathcal{F}(U_1)(k)| \quad (987)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|j|} |\mathcal{F}(U_1)(j)| + \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(U_1)(k)| \quad (988)$$

$$= 2 \|U_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}. \quad (989)$$

Now, let us consider the case in which $0 \leq s < 1$. Then

$$\|T_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} = \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s |\mathcal{F}(T_1)(k)| \quad (990)$$

$$= \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(U_1))(k)| \quad (991)$$

$$= \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^{s-1} |\mathcal{F}(U_1)(k)| \quad (992)$$

$$\leq \|U_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}. \quad (993)$$

■

12 Estimating U_1

To estimate the $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ and $\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}$ norms of U_1 , we first estimate the Fourier modes of U_1 .

12.1 Estimating Fourier Modes of U_1

For any norm $\|\cdot\|$, we can estimate (327) as

$$\|U_1\| \leq \left\| ie^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \mathfrak{L}(\alpha) \right\|. \quad (994)$$

To estimate the $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ and $\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}$ norms of (994), we can write

$$ie^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \mathfrak{L}(\alpha) = \sum_{j=1}^7 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_j(\alpha, \beta) d\beta, \quad (995)$$

where

$$E_1(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{-e^{i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})(i(-1 + e^{i\beta}) + \beta(1 + e^{i\beta}))}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds, \quad (996)$$

$$E_2(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{i(-1 - 2i\beta + e^{2i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds, \quad (997)$$

$$E_3(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})\beta e^{i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds, \quad (998)$$

$$E_4(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})\beta(1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds, \quad (999)$$

$$E_5(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})i\beta e^{i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds, \quad (1000)$$

$$E_6(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})i(-\beta)(1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds, \quad (1001)$$

$$E_7(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})i(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \phi(\alpha - \beta). \quad (1002)$$

First, we compute the Fourier modes of $E_1(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(E_1)(k, \beta) = \frac{-e^{i\beta}(i(-1 + e^{i\beta}) + \beta(1 + e^{i\beta}))}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k). \quad (1003)$$

Since

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-e^{i\beta}}{2(-1+e^{i\beta})} (i(-1+e^{i\beta}) + \beta(1+e^{i\beta})) \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right| \quad (1004)$$

$$= \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-ie^{i\beta}}{2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right. \right. \quad (1005)$$

$$\left. + \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-\beta e^{i\beta}(1+e^{i\beta})}{2(-1+e^{i\beta})} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right) \Big| \quad (1006)$$

$$= \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-ie^{i\beta}}{2} e^{-i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} d\beta ds \right. \right. \quad (1007)$$

$$\left. + \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-\beta e^{i\beta}(1+e^{i\beta})}{2(-1+e^{i\beta})} e^{-i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} d\beta ds \right) \Big| \quad (1008)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} d\beta ds \right. \quad (1009)$$

$$\left. + \left| \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left(\frac{i\beta}{-1+e^{i\beta}} - 1 + 1 \right) \frac{ie^{i\beta}(1+e^{i\beta})}{2} e^{-i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} d\beta ds \right| \right) \quad (1010)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\pi + \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} - 1 \right| \cdot \frac{1}{2} d\beta ds + \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} d\beta ds \right) \quad (1011)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\pi + \int_0^1 \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |\beta| \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} d\beta ds + \pi \right) \quad (1012)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2\pi + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \pi^2 \right), \quad (1013)$$

we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_1)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2\pi + \frac{\pi^2}{4} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \right) |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k)|. \quad (1014)$$

Next, we compute the Fourier modes of $E_2(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(E_2)(k, \beta) = \frac{i(-1 - 2i\beta + e^{2i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds. \quad (1015)$$

Since

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{i(-1 - 2i\beta + e^{2i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right| \quad (1016)$$

$$= \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{i(-1 + e^{2i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right. \quad (1017)$$

$$\left. + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{i(-2i\beta)}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right| \quad (1018)$$

$$= \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{i(e^{i\beta} + 1)}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right. \quad (1019)$$

$$\left. + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{i(-2i\beta)\beta}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \frac{1}{\beta} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right| \quad (1020)$$

$$= \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{i\beta(e^{i\beta} + 1)}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \frac{1}{\beta} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right. \quad (1021)$$

$$\left. + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \right)^2 \frac{-1}{\beta} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right| \quad (1022)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} - 1 + 1 \right| \left| \frac{e^{i\beta} + 1}{-2} \right| \frac{1}{|\beta|} d\beta + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \right)^2 - 1 + 1 \right| \frac{1}{|\beta|} d\beta \quad (1023)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} d\beta + \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{|\beta|} d\beta \right) \quad (1024)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} d\beta + \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{|\beta|} d\beta \right) \quad (1025)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot 2\pi + \pi^2 \right) + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot 2\pi + \pi^2 \right), \quad (1026)$$

we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_2)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1027)$$

$$\leq \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot 2\pi + \pi^2 \right) + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot 2\pi + \pi^2 \right) \right) |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k)|. \quad (1028)$$

Next, we compute the Fourier modes of $E_3(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(E_3)(k, \beta) = \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})\beta e^{i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}(-1 + s)e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k). \quad (1029)$$

Since

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})\beta e^{i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}(-1 + s)e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right| \quad (1030)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{|\beta|}{2} d\beta = \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{2}, \quad (1031)$$

we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_3)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k)|. \quad (1032)$$

Next, we compute the Fourier modes of $E_4(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(E_4)(k, \beta) = \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})\beta(1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}(-1 + s)e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k). \quad (1033)$$

Since

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})\beta(1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}(-1 + s)e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right| \quad (1034)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} - 1 + 1 \right| \left| \frac{i(1 + e^{i\beta})}{-2} \right| d\beta \quad (1035)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |\beta| \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} d\beta + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} d\beta \quad (1036)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot 2\pi, \quad (1037)$$

we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_4)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right) |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k)|. \quad (1038)$$

Next, we compute the Fourier modes of $E_5(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(E_5)(k, \beta) \quad (1039)$$

$$= \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})i\beta e^{i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}(-1 + s)e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds \cdot ik\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k). \quad (1040)$$

Since

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})i\beta e^{i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}(-1 + s)e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right| \quad (1041)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{|\beta|}{2} d\beta = \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{2}, \quad (1042)$$

we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_5)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{2} |k| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k)|. \quad (1043)$$

Next, we compute the Fourier modes of $E_6(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(E_6)(k, \beta) \quad (1044)$$

$$= \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})i(-\beta)(1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}(-1 + s)e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds \cdot ik\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k). \quad (1045)$$

Since

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})i(-\beta)(1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}(-1 + s)e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right| \quad (1046)$$

$$= \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} - 1 + 1 \right) \frac{1 + e^{i\beta}}{-2} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}(-1 + s)e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds d\beta \right| \quad (1047)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} - 1 + 1 \right| d\beta \quad (1048)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |\beta| \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} d\beta + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} d\beta \quad (1049)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right), \quad (1050)$$

we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_6)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right) |k| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k)|. \quad (1051)$$

Lastly, we compute the Fourier modes of $E_7(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(E_7)(k, \beta) = \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})i(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} e^{-ik\beta} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k). \quad (1052)$$

Since

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})i(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} e^{-ik\beta} d\beta \right| \quad (1053)$$

$$= \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} - 1 + 1 \right) \frac{(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})e^{-ik\beta}}{2\beta} d\beta \right| \quad (1054)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |\beta| \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{3}{2|\beta|} d\beta + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left| \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-ik\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{2\beta} d\beta \right| \quad (1055)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot 2\pi + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left| \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-ik\beta}(-1 + 2e^{i\beta} + e^{2i\beta})}{\beta} d\beta \right| \quad (1056)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot 2\pi + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 \cdot 5, \quad (1057)$$

we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_7)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot 2\pi + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \right) |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k)|. \quad (1058)$$

12.2 Estimating $\|U_1\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}$

In Section 12.1, we observed that

$$\|U_1\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \leq \sum_{j=1}^7 \left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_j(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}. \quad (1059)$$

Since

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_1)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1060)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2\pi + \frac{\pi^2}{4} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (1061)$$

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_2)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1062)$$

$$\leq \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot 2\pi + \pi^2 \right) \right. \quad (1063)$$

$$\left. + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot 2\pi + \pi^2 \right) \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (1064)$$

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_3(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_3)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1065)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{2} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (1066)$$

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_4(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_4)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1067)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (1068)$$

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_5(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_5)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1069)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{2} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{1,1}} \quad (1070)$$

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_6(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_6)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1071)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{1,1}} \quad (1072)$$

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_7(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(E_7)(k, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1073)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot 2\pi + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}, \quad (1074)$$

we obtain

$$\|U_1\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \leq H_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{1,1}}, \quad (1075)$$

where H_3 and H_4 are constants.

12.3 Estimating $\|U_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}$

In Section 12.1, we observed that

$$\|U_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \sum_{j=1}^7 \left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_j(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}. \quad (1076)$$

Since

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2\pi + \frac{\pi^2}{4} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \right) \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k)| \quad (1077)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2\pi + \frac{\pi^2}{4} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (1078)$$

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot 2\pi + \pi^2 \right) \right. \quad (1079)$$

$$\left. + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot 2\pi + \pi^2 \right) \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (1080)$$

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_3(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{2} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (1081)$$

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_4(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (1082)$$

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_5(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{2} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} \quad (1083)$$

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_6(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} \quad (1084)$$

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_7(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot 2\pi + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}, \quad (1085)$$

we obtain

$$\|U_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq H_1 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} + H_2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}}, \quad (1086)$$

where H_1 and H_2 are constants.

13 Estimating $U_{\geq 2}$

For any norm $\|\cdot\|$, we can estimate (328) as

$$\|U_{\geq 2}\| \leq \left\| ie^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \left(\mathfrak{L}(\alpha)(e^{i\phi(\alpha)} - 1) + \mathfrak{N}(\alpha)e^{i\phi(\alpha)} \right) \right\| \quad (1087)$$

$$\leq \left\| ie^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \left(e^{i\phi(\alpha)} (\mathfrak{L}(\alpha) + \mathfrak{N}(\alpha)) - \mathfrak{L}(\alpha) \right) \right\|. \quad (1088)$$

To estimate the $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ and $\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}$ norms of (1088), we can write

$$ie^{i\alpha}e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)}\left(e^{i\phi(\alpha)}(\mathfrak{L}(\alpha)+\mathfrak{N}(\alpha))-\mathfrak{L}(\alpha)\right)=\sum_{j=1}^{16}\frac{\gamma}{4\pi}\int_{-\pi}^{\pi}B_j(\alpha,\beta)d\beta, \quad (1089)$$

where

$$B_1(\alpha,\beta)=-\frac{e^{i(\beta+\phi(\alpha))}e^{-i\phi(\alpha-\beta)}}{2\int_0^1e^{-i(\beta s+\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)))}ds}\cdot\int_0^1e^{-i(\beta s+\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)))}(-1+s)ds \quad (1090)$$

$$B_2(\alpha,\beta)=-\frac{e^{i(\beta+\phi(\alpha))}e^{-i\phi(\alpha-\beta)}}{2\int_0^1e^{-i(\beta s+\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)))}ds} \quad (1091)$$

$$\cdot\int_0^1e^{-i(\beta s+\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)))}(-1+s)\phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))ds \quad (1092)$$

$$B_3(\alpha,\beta)=\frac{e^{i(\beta+\phi(\alpha)+\phi(\alpha-\beta))}}{2\left(\int_0^1e^{i(\beta s+\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)))}ds\right)^2}\int_0^1e^{-i(\beta s+\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)))}ds \quad (1093)$$

$$\cdot\int_0^1e^{i(\beta s+\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)))}(-1+s)ds \quad (1094)$$

$$B_4(\alpha,\beta)=\frac{e^{i(\beta+\phi(\alpha)+\phi(\alpha-\beta))}}{2\left(\int_0^1e^{i(\beta s+\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)))}ds\right)^2}\int_0^1e^{-i(\beta s+\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)))}ds \quad (1095)$$

$$\cdot\int_0^1e^{i(\beta s+\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)))}(-1+s)\phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))ds \quad (1096)$$

$$B_5(\alpha,\beta)=\frac{e^{i(\beta+\phi(\alpha))}e^{i\phi(\alpha-\beta)}}{2\int_0^1e^{i(\beta s+\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)))}ds}\int_0^1e^{-i(\beta s+\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)))}(-1+s)ds \quad (1097)$$

$$B_6(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{e^{i(\beta+\phi(\alpha))} e^{-i\phi(\alpha-\beta)}}{2 \int_0^1 e^{i(\beta s + \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)))} ds} \int_0^1 e^{i(\beta s + \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)))} (-1+s) ds \quad (1098)$$

$$B_7(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{e^{i(\beta+\phi(\alpha))} e^{i\phi(\alpha-\beta)}}{2 \int_0^1 e^{i(\beta s + \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)))} ds} \quad (1099)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i(\beta s + \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)))} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (1100)$$

$$B_8(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{e^{i(\beta+\phi(\alpha))} e^{-i\phi(\alpha-\beta)}}{2 \int_0^1 e^{i(\beta s + \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)))} ds} \quad (1101)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i(\beta s + \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)))} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (1102)$$

$$B_9(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{e^{i\beta}}{2(-1+e^{i\beta})} \cdot (i(-1+e^{i\beta}) + \beta(1+e^{i\beta})) \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (1103)$$

$$B_{10}(\alpha, \beta) = -\frac{2\beta + i(-1+e^{2i\beta})}{2(-1+e^{i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (1104)$$

$$B_{11}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{\beta e^{i\beta}}{2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (1105)$$

$$B_{12}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{\beta(1+e^{i\beta})}{2(-1+e^{i\beta})} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1+s) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (1106)$$

$$B_{13}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{-i(-2e^{i\beta} + 2e^{2i\beta}) e^{i\phi(\alpha)} e^{-i\phi(\alpha-\beta)}}{2\beta(-1+e^{i\beta})} \quad (1107)$$

$$B_{14}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{i\beta e^{i\beta}}{2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (1108)$$

$$B_{15}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{-i\beta(1+e^{i\beta})}{2(-1+e^{i\beta})} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (1109)$$

$$B_{16}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{-i(\beta - 2\beta e^{i\beta} - \beta e^{2i\beta})}{2\beta(-1+e^{i\beta})} \phi(\alpha - \beta). \quad (1110)$$

Using the Taylor expansion, we write

$$B_1(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, n \geq 0} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta} (-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{1-e^{i\beta} 2^{j_1} j_2! j_3!} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1111)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (1112)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1113)$$

$$B_2(\alpha, \beta) = \quad (1114)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, n \geq 0} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta} (-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{1 - e^{i\beta} j_1! j_2! j_3!} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1115)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (1116)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1117)$$

$$B_3(\alpha, \beta) = \quad (1118)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, j_4, n \geq 0} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1119)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_4} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1120)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} e^{-i\alpha} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^m ds \right)^n \quad (1121)$$

$$B_4(\alpha, \beta) = \quad (1122)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, j_4, n \geq 0} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1123)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} ds \quad (1124)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_4} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (1125)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} e^{-i\alpha} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^m ds \right)^n \quad (1126)$$

$$B_5(\alpha, \beta) = \quad (1127)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, n \geq 0} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1128)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1129)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1130)$$

$$B_6(\alpha, \beta) = \quad (1131)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, n \geq 0} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1132)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1133)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1134)$$

$$B_7(\alpha, \beta) = \quad (1135)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, n \geq 0} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} 0 \quad (1136)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (1137)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1138)$$

$$B_8(\alpha, \beta) = \quad (1139)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, n \geq 0} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1140)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (1141)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1142)$$

$$B_{13}(\alpha, \beta) = \quad (1143)$$

$$\frac{-i(-2e^{i\beta} + 2e^{2i\beta})}{2\beta(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \sum_{j_1, j_2 \geq 0} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2}(-1)^{j_2}}{j_1!j_2!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2}. \quad (1144)$$

For ease of notation, let $B(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^{16} B_j(\alpha, \beta)$. We show that the parts of $B(\alpha, \beta)$ which are constant or linear in ϕ are both zero. We observe that for $i \in \{9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16\}$, $B_i(\alpha, \beta)$ is an expression linear in ϕ . To prove that $B(\alpha, \beta)$ has no part linear in ϕ , we first extract terms from $B_i(\alpha, \beta)$ for $i \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 13\}$ which contain the integrals that appear in $B_i(\alpha, \beta)$ for $i \in \{9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15\}$. We first collect all terms containing $\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds$. In B_4 , when $j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = j_4 = n = 0$, we have

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds. \quad (1145)$$

In B_8 , when $j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = n = 0$, we have

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds. \quad (1146)$$

Next, we collect all terms containing $\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}(-1+s)\phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))ds$. In B_2 , when $j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = n = 0$, we have

$$-\frac{1-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{2(1-e^{i\beta})} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}(-1+s)\phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))ds. \quad (1147)$$

In B_7 , when $j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = n = 0$, we have

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}(-1+s)\phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))ds. \quad (1148)$$

Next, we collect all terms containing $\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}(-1+s)\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))ds$. In B_3 , when $j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = n = 0$ and $j_4 = 1$, we have

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \frac{i}{1} \int_0^1 \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))(-1+s)ds. \quad (1149)$$

In B_6 , when $j_1 = j_2 = n = 0$ and $j_3 = 1$, we have

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i}{1} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))ds. \quad (1150)$$

Next, we collect all terms containing $\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}(-1+s)\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))ds$. In B_1 , when $j_1 = j_2 = n = 0$ and $j_3 = 1$, we have

$$-\frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \frac{(-1)i}{2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))(-1+s)ds. \quad (1151)$$

Inside B_5 , when $j_1 = j_2 = n = 0$ and $j_3 = 1$, we have

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i(-1)}{1} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))(-1+s)ds. \quad (1152)$$

Next, we collect all terms containing $\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))ds$. In B_3 , when $j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = j_4 = 0$ and $n = 1$, we have

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1+s)ds. \quad (1153)$$

$$\left(-ie^{-i\alpha} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)ds \right. \quad (1154)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} e^{-i\alpha} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)^m ds \right). \quad (1155)$$

In B_5 , when $j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = 0$ and $n = 1$, we have

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \left(\frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \right. \quad (1156)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right), \quad (1157)$$

Inside B_6 , when $j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = 0$ and $n = 1$, we have (1158)

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \left(\frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \right. \quad (1159)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s+1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right). \quad (1160)$$

Lastly, we collect all terms containing $\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds$. In B_1 , when $j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = 0$ and $n = 1$, we have

$$-\frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} (-i)\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) d\beta \right. \quad (1161)$$

$$\left. + \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right). \quad (1162)$$

In B_3 , when $j_1 = j_2 = j_4 = n = 0$ and $j_3 = 1$, we have

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \frac{i(-1)}{1} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds. \quad (1163)$$

When added with $B_i(\alpha, \beta)$ for $i \in \{9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15\}$, the terms extracted above containing $\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds$, $\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds$, $\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds$, $\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds$, $\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds$, and $\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds$ vanish. To complete the proof that $B(\alpha, \beta)$ has no parts that are constant or linear in ϕ , we collect all terms constant or linear in $\phi(\alpha)$ or $\phi(\alpha - \beta)$. From B_1 , we have

$$-\left(\frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \right. \quad (1164)$$

$$\left. + \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)i}{2} \cdot \phi(\alpha - \beta) \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds + \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i}{2} \cdot \phi(\alpha) \cdot \right. \quad (1165)$$

$$\left. \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \right). \quad (1166)$$

From B_3 , we have

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds + \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i}{1} \cdot \phi(\alpha) \cdot \right. \quad (1167)$$

$$\left. \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \right. \quad (1168)$$

$$\left. + \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i}{1} \cdot \phi(\alpha - \beta) \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \right). \quad (1169)$$

From B_5 , we have

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds + \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i}{1} \cdot \phi(\alpha) \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \right. \quad (1170)$$

$$\left. + \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i}{1} \cdot \phi(\alpha - \beta) \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \right). \quad (1171)$$

From B_6 , we have

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds + \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i}{1} \cdot \phi(\alpha) \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \right. \quad (1172)$$

$$\left. + \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i(-1)}{1} \cdot \phi(\alpha - \beta) \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \right). \quad (1173)$$

From B_{13} , we have

$$\frac{-i(-2e^{i\beta} + 2e^{2i\beta})}{2\beta(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \left(1 + \frac{i}{1} \phi(\alpha) + \frac{i(-1)}{1} \phi(\alpha - \beta) \right). \quad (1174)$$

From B_{16} , we have

$$\frac{-i(\beta - 2\beta e^{i\beta} - \beta e^{2i\beta})}{2\beta(-1 + e^{i\beta})} \cdot \phi(\alpha - \beta). \quad (1175)$$

Of these terms, those linear in $\phi(\alpha - \beta)$ add up to 0. When integrated with respect to β , the terms which are constant and linear in $\phi(\alpha)$ become 0. Setting zero all but summation variables j_1 and j_2 in $B_i(\alpha, \beta)$ for $i \in \{1, 3, 5, 6, 13, 16\}$, we obtain a smaller sum $\sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 0}$. Each of the above terms that are constant or linear in $\phi(\alpha)$ or $\phi(\alpha - \beta)$ belongs to one of these smaller sums. From these smaller sums, we take out these terms and add them up to obtain

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2}}{j_1! j_2!} \left((-1)^{j_2} \cdot \frac{e^{i\beta}(1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})} - \frac{1}{2} \right). \quad (1176)$$

Observe that

$$B_1 = - \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, n \geq 0} = - \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 = n = 0}} - \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 + n \geq 1}} = - \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 = n = 0}} - \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 = 1 \\ n \geq 0}} - \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ n = 1 \\ j_3 \geq 0}} \quad (1177)$$

$$= - \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 = n = 0}} - \sum_{\substack{j_1 = j_2 = n = 0 \\ j_3 = 1}} - \sum_{\substack{j_1 + j_2 + n \geq 1 \\ j_3 = 1}} - \sum_{\substack{j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = 0 \\ n = 1}} - \sum_{\substack{j_1 + j_2 + j_3 \geq 1 \\ n = 1}}, \quad (1178)$$

$$B_2 = -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, n \geq 0} = -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = n = 0} -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1 + j_2 + j_3 + n \geq 1}, \quad (1179)$$

$$B_3 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, j_4, n \geq 0} \quad (1180)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 = j_4 = n = 0}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 + j_4 + n \geq 1}} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 = j_4 = n = 0}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 = j_2 = 0 \\ j_3 + j_4 + n \geq 1}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 + j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3 + j_4 + n \geq 1}} \quad (1181)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 = j_4 = n = 0}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 = j_2 = 0 \\ j_3 + j_4 + n = 1}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 = j_2 = 0 \\ j_3 + j_4 + n \geq 2}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 + j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3 + j_4 + n \geq 1}}, \quad (1182)$$

$$B_4 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, j_4, n \geq 0} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = j_4 = n = 0} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1 + j_2 + j_3 + j_4 + n \geq 1}, \quad (1183)$$

$$B_5 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, n \geq 0} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 = n = 0}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 + n \geq 1}} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 = n = 0}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 = j_2 = 0 \\ j_3 + n \geq 1}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 + j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3 + n \geq 1}} \quad (1184)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 = n = 0}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 = j_2 = 0 \\ j_3 + n = 1}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 = j_2 = 0 \\ j_3 + n \geq 2}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 + j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3 + n \geq 1}}, \quad (1185)$$

$$B_6 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, n \geq 0} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 = n = 0}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 + n \geq 1}} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 = n = 0}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 = j_2 = 0 \\ j_3 + n \geq 1}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 + j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3 + n \geq 1}} \quad (1186)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 = n = 0}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 = j_2 = 0 \\ j_3 + n = 1}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 = j_2 = 0 \\ j_3 + n \geq 2}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1 + j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3 + n \geq 1}}, \quad (1187)$$

$$B_7 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, n \geq 0} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = n = 0} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1 + j_2 + j_3 + n \geq 1}, \quad (1188)$$

$$B_8 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1, j_2, j_3, n \geq 0} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1 = j_2 = j_3 = n = 0} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1 + j_2 + j_3 + n \geq 1}, \quad (1189)$$

$$B_{13} = \sum_{j_1, j_2 \geq 0} = \sum_{j_1 + j_2 = 0} + \sum_{j_1 + j_2 = 1} + \sum_{j_1 + j_2 \geq 2}. \quad (1190)$$

From these expressions for B_i for $i \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 13\}$, we take out all the terms that are either constant or linear in $\phi(\alpha)$ or $\phi(\alpha - \beta)$, or contain the integrals involving ϕ that had been identified earlier because they have been shown to vanish. Once they are taken out, we add all the smaller sums of the form $\sum_{j_1 + j_2 \geq 2}$ with that of B_{13} , which is equal to (1176). Then we can write

$$ie^{i\alpha} e^{i\hat{\theta}(0)} \left(e^{i\phi(\alpha)} (\mathfrak{L}(\alpha) + \mathfrak{N}(\alpha)) - \mathfrak{L}(\alpha) \right) = \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B(\alpha, \beta) d\beta, \quad (1191)$$

where $B(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^8 \widetilde{B}_j(\alpha, \beta) + \widetilde{B}_{13}(\alpha, \beta)$, in which

$$\widetilde{B}_1(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1 \\ j_3=1}} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1192)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (1193)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1194)$$

$$- \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1 \\ n=1}} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1195)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (1196)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1197)$$

$$- \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) ds \quad (1198)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \quad (1199)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_2(\alpha, \beta) = - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1200)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (1201)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1202)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_3(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1=j_2=0 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 2}} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1203)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds \quad (1204)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} e^{-i\alpha} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^m ds \right)^n \quad (1205)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1206)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds \quad (1207)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} e^{-i\alpha} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^m ds \right)^n \quad (1208)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1+s) ds \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} e^{-i\alpha} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \quad (1209)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^m ds \quad (1210)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_4(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1211)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \quad (1212)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (1213)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} e^{-i\alpha} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^m ds \right)^n \quad (1214)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_5(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1=j_2=0 \\ j_3+n \geq 2}} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (1215)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (1216)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1217)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (1218)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (1219)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1220)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) ds \quad (1221)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \quad (1222)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_6(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1=j_2=0 \\ j_3+n \geq 2}} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (1223)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (1224)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1225)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (1226)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (1227)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1228)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1+s) ds \quad (1229)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \quad (1230)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_7(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (1231)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (1232)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1233)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_8(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (1234)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (1235)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1236)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_{13}(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2}}{j_1!j_2!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \left((-1)^{j_2} \frac{e^{i\beta}(1+e^{i\beta})}{2(-1+e^{i\beta})} - \frac{1}{2} \right). \quad (1237)$$

13.1 Estimating Fourier Modes of $U_{\geq 2}$

In our calculations, we adopt the notational convention that any product \prod in which the upper bound is strictly less than the lower bound is defined to be 1. To compute the Fourier modes of $U_{\geq 2}$, we frequently use the identity

$$\mathcal{F}(g_1 g_2 \cdots g_n)(k_1) = \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_n \in \mathbb{Z}} \left(\prod_{d=1}^{n-1} \mathcal{F}(g_d)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \right) \mathcal{F}(g_n)(k_n). \quad (1238)$$

We define

$$P(k) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k), \quad (1239)$$

$$\widetilde{P}(k) = \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k), \quad (1240)$$

$$Q(k) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k), \quad (1241)$$

$$\widetilde{Q}(k) = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{i^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k). \quad (1242)$$

For $n \geq 0$, let

$$I_n(k_1, k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n}, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) \quad (1243)$$

$$= \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{i\beta e^{i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds \right) \cdot e^{-i\beta(k_1 - k_{j_1+1})} \quad (1244)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1245)$$

and

$$C_n = \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left((n+1) \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^n \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi} \right). \quad (1246)$$

The following estimate is used frequently.

Lemma 3. For $n \geq 0$,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_n(k_1, k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n}, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right| \leq C_n. \quad (1247)$$

Proof. We note that

$$\int_0^1 e^{-is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta k} ds = \begin{cases} \frac{i(e^{-i\beta} - e^{-i\beta k})}{\beta(1-k)} & \text{if } k \neq 1, \\ e^{-i\beta} & \text{if } k = 1. \end{cases} \quad (1248)$$

First let $n \geq 1$. Suppose that $0 \leq l \leq n$ and l elements of $\{k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}\}_{d=1}^n$ satisfy $k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1} = 1$. Reordering the subscripts such that $k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1} \neq 1$ for $d = 1, \dots, n-l$, we obtain

$$I_n = e^{-i\beta(k_1 - k_{j_1+1})} \prod_{d=1}^{n-l} \frac{-(1 - e^{-i\beta(-1+k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})})}{(1 - e^{i\beta})(1 - k_{j_1+j_2+d} + k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \right)^l \quad (1249)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}} (-1 + s) ds. \quad (1250)$$

If $k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1} > 1$, then

$$\frac{-(1 - e^{-i\beta(-1+k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})})}{1 - e^{i\beta}} = e^{-i\beta} \sum_{r_d=0}^{-2+k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}} (e^{-i\beta})^{r_d}. \quad (1251)$$

If $k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1} < 1$, then

$$\frac{-(1 - e^{-i\beta(-1+k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})})}{1 - e^{i\beta}} = - \sum_{r_d=0}^{-(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} (e^{i\beta})^{r_d}. \quad (1252)$$

Suppose that $k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1} < 1$ only for $d = w, \dots, n-l$. Then

$$\prod_{d=1}^{n-l} \frac{-(1 - e^{-i\beta(-1+k_{j_1+j_2+d}-k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})})}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \quad (1253)$$

$$= e^{-i\beta} \sum_{r_1=0}^{-2+k_{j_1+j_2+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+2}} (e^{-i\beta})^{r_1} \dots e^{-i\beta} \sum_{r_{w-1}=0}^{-2+k_{j_1+j_2+w-1}-k_{j_1+j_2+w}} (e^{-i\beta})^{r_{w-1}} \quad (1254)$$

$$\cdot (-1) \sum_{r_w=0}^{-(k_{j_1+j_2+w}-k_{j_1+j_2+w+1})} (e^{i\beta})^{r_w} \dots (-1) \sum_{r_{n-l}=0}^{-(k_{j_1+j_2+n-l}-k_{j_1+j_2+n-l+1})} (e^{i\beta})^{r_{n-l}} \quad (1255)$$

$$= \sum_{r_1=0}^{-2+k_{j_1+j_2+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+2}} \dots \sum_{r_{w-1}=0}^{-2+k_{j_1+j_2+w-1}-k_{j_1+j_2+w}} \quad (1256)$$

$$\sum_{r_w=0}^{-(k_{j_1+j_2+w}-k_{j_1+j_2+w+1})} \dots \sum_{r_{n-l}=0}^{-(k_{j_1+j_2+n-l}-k_{j_1+j_2+n-l+1})} \quad (1257)$$

$$(e^{-i\beta})^{w-1} (-1)^{n-l-w+1} (e^{-i\beta})^{r_1+\dots+r_{w-1}} (e^{i\beta})^{r_w+\dots+r_{n-l}}. \quad (1258)$$

Hence,

$$I_n = \prod_{d=1}^{n-l} \frac{1}{1 - k_{j_1+j_2+d} + k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}}. \quad (1259)$$

$$\sum_{r_1=0}^{-2+k_{j_1+j_2+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+2}} \dots \sum_{r_{w-1}=0}^{-2+k_{j_1+j_2+w-1}-k_{j_1+j_2+w}} \quad (1260)$$

$$\sum_{r_w=0}^{-(k_{j_1+j_2+w}-k_{j_1+j_2+w+1})} \dots \sum_{r_{n-l}=0}^{-(k_{j_1+j_2+n-l}-k_{j_1+j_2+n-l+1})} \quad (1261)$$

$$(-1)^{n-l-w+1} (e^{-i\beta})^{w-1} (e^{-i\beta})^{r_1+\dots+r_{w-1}} (e^{i\beta})^{r_w+\dots+r_{n-l}} \quad (1262)$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \right)^l \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}} (-1+s) ds \cdot e^{-i\beta(k_1-k_{j_1+1})}. \quad (1263)$$

Let

$$J_n = \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (e^{-i\beta})^{w-1+r_1+\dots+r_{w-1}-(r_w+\dots+r_{n-l})} \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \right)^l e^{-i\beta(k_1-k_{j_1+1})} \quad (1264)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}} (-1+s) ds \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta. \quad (1265)$$

For all $l \geq 0$,

$$\left| \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \right)^l - 1 \right| \leq |\beta| \cdot l \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{l-1} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}}. \quad (1266)$$

Then

$$|J_n| \leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \right)^{l+1} - 1 \right| d\beta + 2\pi \right) \quad (1267)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left((l+1) \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^l \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4} \cdot \pi^2} + 2\pi \right) \quad (1268)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left((n+1) \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^n \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4} \cdot \pi^2} + 2\pi \right) \quad (1269)$$

$$= C_n. \quad (1270)$$

Thus,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_n(k_1, k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n}, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (1271)$$

$$\leq \prod_{d=1}^{n-l} \frac{1}{|1 - k_{j_1+j_2+d} + k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}|} \cdot \sum_{r_1=0}^{-2+k_{j_1+j_2+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+2}} \cdots \sum_{r_{w-1}=0}^{-2+k_{j_1+j_2+w-1}-k_{j_1+j_2+w}} \quad (1272)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{r_w=0}^{-(k_{j_1+j_2+w}-k_{j_1+j_2+w+1})} \cdots \sum_{r_{n-l}=0}^{-(k_{j_1+j_2+n-l}-k_{j_1+j_2+n-l+1})} |J_n| \quad (1273)$$

$$\leq C_n. \quad (1274)$$

If $n = 0$, then

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_0(k_1, k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \beta) \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (1275)$$

$$\leq \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{-i\beta(k_1-k_{j_1+1})} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}} (-1+s) ds \cdot (-e^{2i\beta}) \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} - 1 + 1 \right) d\beta \right| \quad (1276)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |\beta| \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} d\beta + 2\pi \right) \quad (1277)$$

$$= C_0, \quad (1278)$$

where

$$C_0 = \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} + 2\pi \right). \quad (1279)$$

■

Let us compute the Fourier modes of $\widetilde{B}_1(\alpha, \beta)$. Let $\widetilde{B}_1 = \sum_{j=1}^3 \widetilde{B}_{1,j}$, where

$$\widetilde{B}_{1,1}(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1 \\ j_3=1}} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1280)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (1281)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1282)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_{1,2}(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1 \\ n=1}} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1283)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (1284)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1285)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_{1,3}(\alpha, \beta) = - \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) ds \quad (1286)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds. \quad (1287)$$

First, we compute the Fourier modes of $\widetilde{B}_{1,1}(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B}_{1,1})(k_1, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \frac{(-1)^{j_1+1} i^{j_1+j_2+1}}{2j_1!j_2!}. \quad (1288)$$

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \cdot \right. \quad (1289)$$

$$\left. \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \right)(k_1). \quad (1290)$$

We can write

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))(-1 + s) ds\right) \quad (1291)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n (k_1) \quad (1292)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \left(\prod_{d=1}^{j_1} \mathcal{F}(\phi(\alpha - \beta))(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^{j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+d} - k_{j_1+d+1}) \right) \quad (1293)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right) \quad (1294)$$

$$(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1295)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))(-1 + s) ds \right) (k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1296)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{-i\beta(k_1 - k_{j_1+1})} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{i\beta e^{i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \right) \quad (1297)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds \cdot \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1298)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) e^{ik_{j_1+j_2+n+1}\beta(-1+s)} ds \quad (1299)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1300)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n P(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \cdot I_n(k_1, k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n}, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta). \quad (1301)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \quad (1302)$$

$$= - \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{(-1)^{j_1+1} i^{j_1+j_2+1}}{2j_1! j_2!} \quad (1303)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1304)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n P(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \quad (1305)$$

$$\cdot I_n(k_1, k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n}, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) d\beta. \quad (1306)$$

By Lemma 3,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1307)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})| \quad (1308)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n |P(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})|. \quad (1309)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_{1,2}}(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,2}})(k_1, \beta) \quad (1310)$$

$$= - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta} (-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{1 - e^{i\beta} 2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \quad (1311)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \right. \quad (1312)$$

$$\left. \cdot \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right) (k_1). \quad (1313)$$

We can write

$$\mathcal{F} \left(\phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \right. \quad (1314)$$

$$\left. \cdot \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right) (k_1) \quad (1315)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \left(\prod_{d=1}^{j_1} \mathcal{F}(\phi(\alpha - \beta))(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^{j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+d} - k_{j_1+d+1}) \right. \quad (1316)$$

$$\left. \cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right) (k_{j_1+j_2+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+2}) \right) \quad (1317)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \right) (k_{j_1+j_2+2}) \quad (1318)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} I_1(k_1, k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+2}, \beta) \quad (1319)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+2}) P(k_{j_1+j_2+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+2}). \quad (1320)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \quad (1321)$$

$$= - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \quad (1322)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+2}) P(k_{j_1+j_2+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+2}) \quad (1323)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} I_1(k_1, k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+2}, \beta) d\beta. \quad (1324)$$

By Lemma 3,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1325)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{C_1}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+2})| \quad (1326)$$

$$\cdot |P(k_{j_1+j_2+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+2})|. \quad (1327)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_{1,3}}(\alpha, \beta)$. We can write

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,3}})(k_1, \beta) \quad (1328)$$

$$= \frac{i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1329)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)(k_1) \quad (1330)$$

$$= \frac{i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \cdot \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta e^{i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_1) \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta k_1} ds \quad (1331)$$

$$= \frac{i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \cdot \frac{i\beta e^{i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta k_1} ds \cdot \tilde{P}(k_1). \quad (1332)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,3}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \quad (1333)$$

$$= \tilde{P}(k_1) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{3i\beta} \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \right)^2 \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta k_1} ds d\beta. \quad (1334)$$

It follows that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,3}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1335)$$

$$\leq \frac{|\widetilde{P}(k_1)|}{2} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \left(\frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \right)^2 - 1 + 1 \right| d\beta \quad (1336)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi} \right) |\widetilde{P}(k_1)|. \quad (1337)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B}_2(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B}_2)(k_1, \beta) \quad (1338)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (1339)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \right) \quad (1340)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n (k_1) \quad (1341)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (1342)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1} \mathcal{F}(\phi(\alpha - \beta))(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1343)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^{j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+d} - k_{j_1+d+1}) \quad (1344)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \mathcal{F} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right) (k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1345)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \right) (k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}). \quad (1346)$$

We can write

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B}_2)(k_1, \beta) \quad (1347)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (1348)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1349)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{i\beta e^{i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds \right) \quad (1350)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n P(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot e^{-i\beta(k_1 - k_{j_1+1})} \quad (1351)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}} (-1+s) ds \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}). \quad (1352)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B}_2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \quad (1353)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1354)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n P(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1355)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{i\beta e^{i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds \right) \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} e^{-i\beta(k_1 - k_{j_1+1})} \quad (1356)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}} (-1+s) ds d\beta. \quad (1357)$$

By Lemma 3,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B}_2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1358)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (1359)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n |P(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (1360)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B}_3(\alpha, \beta)$. Let $\widetilde{B}_3 = \sum_{j=1}^3 \widetilde{B}_{3,j}$, where

$$\widetilde{B}_{3,1}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1=j_2=0 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 2}} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1361)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds \quad (1362)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} e^{-i\alpha} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^m ds \right)^n \quad (1363)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_{3,2}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1364)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds \quad (1365)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} e^{-i\alpha} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^m ds \right)^n \quad (1366)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_{3,3}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1+s) ds \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} e^{-i\alpha} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \quad (1367)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^m ds. \quad (1368)$$

First, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B}_{3,1}(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B}_{3,1})(k_1, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \frac{i^{j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_3! j_4!} \quad (1369)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds \right) \quad (1370)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta(s-1)} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n (k_1). \quad (1371)$$

We can write

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds\right) \quad (1372)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta(s-1)} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)^n (k_1) \quad (1373)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta(s-1)} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right) (k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1374)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds\right) (k_{n+1} - k_{n+2}) \quad (1375)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds\right) (k_{n+2}) \quad (1376)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_d - k_{d+1})} ds \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_d - k_{d+1})\right) \quad (1377)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1} - k_{n+2}) \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i(k_{n+1} - k_{n+2})\beta(-1+s)} ds \quad (1378)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{n+2}) \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1+s) e^{ik_{n+2}\beta(-1+s)} ds \quad (1379)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_d - k_{d+1})} ds\right) \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1380)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1} - k_{n+2}) \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{n+2}) \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i(k_{n+1} - k_{n+2})\beta(-1+s)} ds \quad (1381)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1+s) e^{ik_{n+2}\beta(-1+s)} ds \quad (1382)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \tilde{I}_n(k_1, \dots, k_{n+2}, \beta) \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1383)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1} - k_{n+2}) \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{n+2}), \quad (1384)$$

where

$$\tilde{I}_n(k_1, \dots, k_{n+2}, \beta) \quad (1385)$$

$$= \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_d - k_{d+1})} ds\right) \cdot e^{i\beta p} \quad (1386)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)(k_{n+1} - k_{n+2})} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{ik_{n+2}\beta(-1+s)} (-1+s) ds. \quad (1387)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \quad (1388)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{i^{j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_3! j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_d - k_{d+1}) \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1} - k_{n+2}) \quad (1389)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{n+2}) \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{I}_n(k_1, \dots, k_{n+2}, \beta) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} d\beta. \quad (1390)$$

Using an argument similar to Lemma 3, we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_3! j_4!} \quad (1391)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1} - k_{n+2})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{n+2})|. \quad (1392)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_{3,2}}(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,2}})(k_1, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \quad (1393)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} ds \right) \quad (1394)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_4} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1395)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} e^{-i\alpha} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^m ds \right)^n (k_1). \quad (1396)$$

We can write

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\phi(\alpha)^{j_1}\phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2}\right) \quad (1397)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds \quad (1398)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} e^{-i\alpha} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^m ds \right)^n (k_1) \quad (1399)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^{j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi(\alpha - \beta))(k_{j_1+d} - k_{j_1+d+1}) \quad (1400)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1401)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds\right)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \quad (1402)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds\right)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \quad (1403)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+1})} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \right) \quad (1404)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d}-k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds \quad (1405)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})} ds \quad (1406)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}} (-1+s) ds \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \quad (1407)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \tilde{I}_n(k_1, \dots, k_{n+2}, \beta) \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d}) \quad (1408)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}), \quad (1409)$$

where \tilde{I}_n is defined in (1385). Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \quad (1410)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d}) \quad (1411)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \quad (1412)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \tilde{I}_n(k_1, \dots, k_{n+2}, \beta) d\beta. \quad (1413)$$

Using an argument similar to Lemma 3, we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (1414)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d})| \quad (1415)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (1416)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_{3,3}}(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,3}})(k_1, \beta) = \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1417)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta(s-1)} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)(k_1) \quad (1418)$$

$$= \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1419)$$

$$\cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta k_1} ds \cdot \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{i^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_1). \quad (1420)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,3}}) d\beta = \widetilde{Q}(k_1) \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{-2i\beta} \left(\frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \right)^3 \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} ds \quad (1421)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta k_1} ds d\beta. \quad (1422)$$

It follows that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,3}}) d\beta \right| \leq |\widetilde{Q}(k_1)| \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \left(\frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \right)^3 - 1 \right| d\beta + 2\pi \right) \quad (1423)$$

$$\leq |\widetilde{Q}(k_1)| \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(3 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right). \quad (1424)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_4}(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_4})(k_1, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (1425)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} ds \right. \quad (1426)$$

$$\cdot \left. \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_4} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \right) \quad (1427)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^m ds \right)^n (k_1). \quad (1428)$$

We can write

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\phi(\alpha)^{j_1}\phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2}\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3}ds\right) \quad (1429)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_4}(-1+s)\phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))ds \quad (1430)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i^m}{m!} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta}\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)^m ds\right)^n(k_1) \quad (1431)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^{j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi(\alpha-\beta))(k_{j_1+d} - k_{j_1+d+1}) \quad (1432)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1433)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3}ds\right)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \quad (1434)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_4}(-1+s)\phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))ds\right)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \quad (1435)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+1})} \quad (1436)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})\right) \quad (1437)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d}-k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \quad (1438)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})\beta(-1+s)} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}}(-1+s)ds \quad (1439)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \quad (1440)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \tilde{I}_n(k_1, \dots, k_{n+2}, \beta) \cdot \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1441)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \quad (1442)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}). \quad (1443)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B}_4)(k_1, \beta) d\beta = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \quad (1444)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1445)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \quad (1446)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2}) \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1 - e^{-i\beta})^2} \widetilde{I}_n(k_1, \dots, k_{n+2}, \beta) d\beta, \quad (1447)$$

where \widetilde{I}_n is defined in (1385). Using an argument similar to Lemma 3, we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B}_4)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \quad (1448)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})| \quad (1449)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (1450)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B}_5(\alpha, \beta)$. We will write $\widetilde{B}_5 = \sum_{j=1}^3 \widetilde{B}_{5,j}$, where

$$\widetilde{B}_{5,1}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1=j_2=0 \\ j_3+n \geq 2}} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1451)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1452)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1453)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_{5,2}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1454)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1455)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1456)$$

$$\widetilde{B}_{5,3}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1457)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds. \quad (1458)$$

First, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_{5,1}}(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,1}})(k_1, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{j_3!} \quad (1459)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3}(-1+s) ds\right) \quad (1460)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)^n (k_1). \quad (1461)$$

We can write

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3}(-1+s) ds\right) \quad (1462)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)^n (k_1) \quad (1463)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right) (k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1464)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3}(-1+s) ds\right) (k_{n+1}) \quad (1465)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_d - k_{d+1})} ds\right) \quad (1466)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{n+1}}(-1+s) ds \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1}) \quad (1467)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_d - k_{d+1}) \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_d - k_{d+1})} ds\right) \quad (1468)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{n+1}}(-1+s) ds \quad (1469)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} I_{n,1}(k_1, \dots, k_{n+1}, \beta) \cdot \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_d - k_{d+1}) \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1}) \quad (1470)$$

$$(1471)$$

where

$$I_{n,1}(k_1, \dots, k_{n+1}, \beta) = \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_d - k_{d+1})} ds\right) \quad (1472)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{n+1}}(-1+s) ds. \quad (1473)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{i^{j_3} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_3!} \quad (1474)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_d - k_{d+1}) \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1}) \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,1}(k_1, \dots, k_{n+1}, \beta) \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} d\beta. \quad (1475)$$

Using an argument similar to Lemma 3, we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,1}(k_1, \dots, k_{n+1}, \beta) \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (1476)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left((n+1) \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^n \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi} \right) \quad (1477)$$

$$= C_n. \quad (1478)$$

It follows that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1479)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1})|. \quad (1480)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_{5,2}}(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,2}})(k_1, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (1481)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \right) \quad (1482)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n (k_1). \quad (1483)$$

We can write

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\phi(\alpha)^{j_1}\phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2}\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3}(-1+s)ds\right) \quad (1484)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)^n (k_1) \quad (1485)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^{j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi(\alpha-\beta))(k_{j_1+d} - k_{j_1+d+1}) \quad (1486)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1487)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3}(-1+s)ds\right)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1488)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+1})} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1489)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})\right) \quad (1490)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d}-k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds \quad (1491)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}}(-1+s)ds \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1492)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1493)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1494)$$

$$\cdot e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+1})} \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d}-k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds\right) \quad (1495)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}}(-1+s)ds \quad (1496)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1497)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \cdot I_{n,2}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta), \quad (1498)$$

where

$$I_{n,2}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) \quad (1499)$$

$$= e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+1})} \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d}-k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds \right) \quad (1500)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}} (-1+s) ds. \quad (1501)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (1502)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1503)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1504)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,2}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} d\beta. \quad (1505)$$

Using an argument similar to Lemma 3, we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,2}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (1506)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left((n+1) \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^n \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right) \quad (1507)$$

$$= C_n. \quad (1508)$$

It follows that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (1509)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})| \quad (1510)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (1511)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_{5,3}}(\alpha, \beta)$. We can write

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,3}})(k_1, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) ds \quad (1512)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right) (k_1) \quad (1513)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) ds \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta k_1} ds \cdot \widetilde{Q}(k_1). \quad (1514)$$

Then

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,3}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{1}{2} \cdot |\widetilde{Q}(k_1)| \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \left(\frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \right)^2 - 1 + 1 \right| d\beta \quad (1515)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \cdot |\widetilde{Q}(k_1)| \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right). \quad (1516)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_6}(\alpha, \beta)$. We will write $\widetilde{B_6} = \sum_{j=1}^3 \widetilde{B_{6,j}}$, where

$$\widetilde{B_{6,1}}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1=j_2=0 \\ j_3+n \geq 2}} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (-1)^{j_2}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1517)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1518)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1519)$$

$$\widetilde{B_{6,2}}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (-1)^{j_2}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (1520)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1521)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1522)$$

$$\widetilde{B_{6,3}}(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1523)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds. \quad (1524)$$

First, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_{6,1}}(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,1}})(k_1, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_3}}{j_3!} \mathcal{F} \left(\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) ds \right) \quad (1525)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n (k_1). \quad (1526)$$

We can write

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds\right) \quad (1527)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)^n (k_1) \quad (1528)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right) (k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1529)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds\right) (k_{n+1}) \quad (1530)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^m}{m!} \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_d - k_{d+1})} ds\right) \quad (1531)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{n+1}} (-1+s) ds \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1}) \quad (1532)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} Q(k_d - k_{d+1}) \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_d - k_{d+1})} ds\right) \quad (1533)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{n+1}} (-1+s) ds \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1}) \quad (1534)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_d - k_{d+1}) \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1}) I_{n,3}(k_1 \dots, k_{n+1}, \beta), \quad (1535)$$

where

$$I_{n,3}(k_1 \dots, k_{n+1}, \beta) \quad (1536)$$

$$= \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_d - k_{d+1})} ds\right) \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{n+1}} (-1+s) ds. \quad (1537)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{i^{j_3}}{j_3!} \quad (1538)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_d - k_{d+1}) \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1}) \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,3}(k_1 \dots, k_{n+1}, \beta) \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} d\beta. \quad (1539)$$

Using an argument similar to Lemma 3, we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,3}(k_1 \dots, k_{n+1}, \beta) \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (1540)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left((n+1) \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^n \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right) \quad (1541)$$

$$= C_n. \quad (1542)$$

It follows that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} \quad (1543)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1})|. \quad (1544)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_{6,2}}(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,2}})(k_1, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (-1)^{j_2}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (1545)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) ds \right) \quad (1546)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n (k_1). \quad (1547)$$

We can write

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\phi(\alpha)^{j_1}\phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2}\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3}(-1+s)ds\right) \quad (1548)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)^n (k_1) \quad (1549)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^{j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi(\alpha-\beta))(k_{j_1+d} - k_{j_1+d+1}) \quad (1550)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1551)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3}(-1+s)ds\right)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1552)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+1})} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1553)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d}-k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds\right) \quad (1554)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{d=1}^{\infty} \frac{i^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1555)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}}(-1+s)ds \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1556)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1557)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \cdot I_{n,4}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta), \quad (1558)$$

where

$$I_{n,4}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) = e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+1})} \quad (1559)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d}-k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds\right) \quad (1560)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}}(-1+s)ds. \quad (1561)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (-1)^{j_2}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (1562)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1563)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,4}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} d\beta. \quad (1564)$$

Using an argument similar to Lemma 3, we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,4}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (1565)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left((n+1) \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^n \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi} \right) \quad (1566)$$

$$= C_n. \quad (1567)$$

It follows that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (1568)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})| \quad (1569)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (1570)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_{6,3}}(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,3}})(k_1, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1571)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right) (k_1). \quad (1572)$$

We can write

$$\mathcal{F} \left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right) (k_1) \quad (1573)$$

$$= \frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta k_1} ds \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{i^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_1) \quad (1574)$$

$$= \frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta k_1} ds \cdot \widetilde{Q}(k_1). \quad (1575)$$

It follows that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,3}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{1}{2} \cdot |\widetilde{Q}(k_1)| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \left(\frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \right)^2 - 1 + 1 \right| d\beta \quad (1576)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \cdot |\widetilde{Q}(k_1)| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2 \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right). \quad (1577)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_7}(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_7})(k_1, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \quad (1578)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \right) \quad (1579)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n (k_1). \quad (1580)$$

We can write

$$\mathcal{F} \left(\phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \right) \quad (1581)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n (k_1) \quad (1582)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^{j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi(\alpha - \beta))(k_{j_1+d} - k_{j_1+d+1}) \quad (1583)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \mathcal{F} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right) (k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1584)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \right) (k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1585)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+1})} \quad (1586)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^m}{m!} \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \right) \quad (1587)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds \quad (1588)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}} (-1 + s) ds \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1589)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1590)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) I_{n,5}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta), \quad (1591)$$

where

$$I_{n,5}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) \quad (1592)$$

$$= e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+1})} \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d}-k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds \right) \quad (1593)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}} (-1+s) ds. \quad (1594)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_7})(k_1, \beta) d\beta = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (-1)^{j_3}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (1595)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1596)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,5}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} d\beta. \quad (1597)$$

Using an argument similar to Lemma 3, we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,5}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (1598)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left((n+1) \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^n \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right) \quad (1599)$$

$$= C_n. \quad (1600)$$

It follows that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_7})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (1601)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})| \quad (1602)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (1603)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_8}(\alpha, \beta)$.

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_8})(k_1, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (-1)^{j_2}}{j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (1604)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \right) \quad (1605)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n (k_1). \quad (1606)$$

We can write

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\phi(\alpha)^{j_1}\phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2}\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3}(-1+s)\phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))ds\right) \quad (1607)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)^n (k_1) \quad (1608)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^{j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi(\alpha-\beta))(k_{j_1+d} - k_{j_1+d+1}) \quad (1609)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1610)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s}\phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3}(-1+s)\phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))ds\right)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1611)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+1})} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1612)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^m}{m!} \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d}-k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds\right) \quad (1613)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}}(-1+s)ds \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (1614)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1615)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \cdot I_{n,6}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta), \quad (1616)$$

where

$$I_{n,6}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) = e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2+1})} \quad (1617)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^n \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{-i\beta}}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_{j_1+j_2+d}-k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})} ds\right) \quad (1618)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}}(-1+s)ds. \quad (1619)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_8})(k_1, \beta) d\beta = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \quad (1620)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^n Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1}) \quad (1621)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,6}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} d\beta. \quad (1622)$$

Using an argument similar to Lemma 3, we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,6}(k_{j_1+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+1}, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}, \beta) \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (1623)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left((n+1) \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^n \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 2\pi \right) \quad (1624)$$

$$= C_n. \quad (1625)$$

It follows that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_8})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \quad (1626)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})| \quad (1627)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (1628)$$

Next, let us compute the Fourier coefficient of $\widetilde{B_{13}}(\alpha, \beta)$. We can write

$$\mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{13}})(k_1, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2}}{j_1!j_2!} \left((-1)^{j_2} \frac{e^{i\beta}(1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2})(k_1) \quad (1629)$$

$$= \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2}}{j_1!j_2!} \left((-1)^{j_2} \frac{e^{i\beta}(1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \quad (1630)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \prod_{d=1}^{j_2-1} \mathcal{F}(\phi(\alpha - \beta))(k_{j_1+d} - k_{j_1+d+1}) \quad (1631)$$

$$\mathcal{F}(\phi(\alpha - \beta))(k_{j_1+j_2}) \quad (1632)$$

$$= \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2}}{j_1!j_2!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \left((-1)^{j_2} \frac{e^{i\beta}(1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})} - \frac{1}{2} \right) e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1} - k_{j_1+j_2})} e^{-i\beta k_{j_1+j_2}} \quad (1633)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+j_2}) \quad (1634)$$

$$= \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2}}{j_1!j_2!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2} \in \mathbb{Z}} I_{n,7}(k_{j_1+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2}, \beta) \cdot \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (1635)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+j_2}), \quad (1636)$$

where

$$I_{n,7}(k_{j_1+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2}, \beta) = \left((-1)^{j_2} \frac{e^{i\beta}(1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})} - \frac{1}{2} \right) e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1} - k_{j_1+j_2})} e^{-i\beta k_{j_1+j_2}}. \quad (1637)$$

Then

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{13}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta = \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{j_1+j_2}{j_1!j_2!} \quad (1638)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+j_2}) \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,7}(k_{j_1+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2}, \beta) d\beta. \quad (1639)$$

We note that for $l \in \mathbb{Z}$,

$$\frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{-i\beta \cdot l}}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} d\beta = 1_{l \leq 0}(l) - 1_{l \geq 1}(l). \quad (1640)$$

For proof, see (5.9) in [1]. Then

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} I_{n,7}(k_{j_1+1}, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2}, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1641)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left| \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{(-1)^{j_2} e^{i\beta} e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2})} e^{-i\beta k_{j_1+j_2}} (1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})} d\beta \right| \quad (1642)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left| \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2})} e^{-i\beta k_{j_1+j_2}} d\beta \right| \quad (1643)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left| \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{i\beta(1-(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2})-k_{j_1+j_2})}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta + \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{i\beta(2-(k_{j_1+1}-k_{j_1+j_2})-k_{j_1+j_2})}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (1644)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \pi \quad (1645)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (1 + \pi). \quad (1646)$$

It follows that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{13}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1647)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (1 + \pi) \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{1}{j_1!j_2!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+j_2})|. \quad (1648)$$

13.2 Estimating $\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}$

We prove the following estimate for $\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}$.

Lemma 4.

$$\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \leq D_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}, \quad (1649)$$

where D_1 and D_2 are monotone increasing functions of $\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}$.

Before commencing the proof of Lemma 4, let us introduce the setup for the proof. For ease of notation, we define the l_ν^1 norm of a sequence $a = a(k)$ defined on \mathbb{Z} by

$$\|a\|_{l_\nu^1} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |a(k)|. \quad (1650)$$

The following estimate of the l_ν^1 norm of the convolution is frequently used.

Proposition 10. *If a_1, \dots, a_n are sequences on \mathbb{Z} whose l_ν^1 norms are finite, then*

$$\|a_1 * \dots * a_n\|_{l_\nu^1} \leq \prod_{j=1}^n \|a_j\|_{l_\nu^1}. \quad (1651)$$

Proof. It suffices to show the case of $n = 2$ because the general case follows from repeated applications of this case. Indeed, we have

$$\|a * b\|_{l_\nu^1} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |(a * b)(k)| \quad (1652)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k-j|} e^{\nu(t)|j|} |a(k-j)| |b(j)| \quad (1653)$$

$$= \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|j|} |b(j)| \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k-j|} |a(k-j)| \quad (1654)$$

$$= \|a\|_{l_\nu^1} \|b\|_{l_\nu^1}, \quad (1655)$$

as needed. ■

We note that

$$\|P\|_{l_\nu^1} \leq \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^m}{m!} = e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1, \quad (1656)$$

$$\|\tilde{P}\|_{l_\nu^1} \leq \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^m}{m!} = e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} - 1, \quad (1657)$$

$$\|Q\|_{l_\nu^1} \leq \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^m}{m!} = e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1, \quad (1658)$$

$$\|\tilde{Q}\|_{l_\nu^1} \leq \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^m}{m!} = e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} - 1. \quad (1659)$$

To begin the proof of Lemma 4, we observe that

$$\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \leq \sum_{j=1}^8 \left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B}_j(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B}_{13}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}. \quad (1660)$$

This means that it suffices to estimate each of the $\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}$ norms on the right hand side. By Proposition 10 and (1656), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1661)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)|)(k_1) \quad (1662)$$

$$= \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)|\|_{l_\nu^1} \quad (1663)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+1} \|P\|_{l_\nu^1}^n \quad (1664)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (1665)$$

By Propositions 2 and 10 and (1656), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1666)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{C_1}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})|)(k_1) \quad (1667)$$

$$= \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{C_1}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})|\|_{l_\nu^1} \quad (1668)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{C_1}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1). \quad (1669)$$

By (1657), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,3}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{C_2}{2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} - 1). \quad (1670)$$

By Propositions 2 and 10 and (1656), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_2})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1671)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \quad (1672)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')|)(k_1) \quad (1673)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')|\|_{l_\nu^1} \quad (1674)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}. \quad (1675)$$

By Propositions 2 and 10 and (1658), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1676)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_3!j_4!} (|Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})|)(k_1) \quad (1677)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_3!j_4!} \|Q\|_{l_\nu^1}^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3+j_4} \quad (1678)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_3!j_4!} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3+j_4}. \quad (1679)$$

Next, recalling that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{\widetilde{C}_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (1680)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})| \quad (1681)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|, \quad (1682)$$

By Propositions 2 and 10 and (1658), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1683)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (1684)$$

$$\cdot (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})|)(k_1) \quad (1685)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (1686)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})| \right\|_{l_\nu^1} \quad (1687)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} \|Q\|_{l_\nu^1}^n \quad (1688)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} \frac{(n+1)C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (1689)$$

By (1659), we have

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,3}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq C_3 (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} - 1). \quad (1690)$$

By Propositions 2 and 10 and (1658), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_4})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1691)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \quad (1692)$$

$$\cdot (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4}\phi')|)(k_1) \quad (1693)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (1694)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4}\phi')| \right\|_{l_v^1} \quad (1695)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_v^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_v^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{l_v^1}^n \quad (1696)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_v^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_v^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_v^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (1697)$$

By Propositions 2 and 10 and (1658), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1698)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} (|Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})|)(k_1) \quad (1699)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} \|\phi\|_{l_v^1}^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_v^{0,1}}^{j_3} \quad (1700)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_v^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_v^{0,1}}^{j_3}. \quad (1701)$$

By Propositions 2 and 10 and (1658), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1702)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \quad (1703)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \cdot (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})|)(k_1) \quad (1704)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\phi\|_{l_v^1}^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_v^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} \quad (1705)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_v^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_v^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3}. \quad (1706)$$

By (1659), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,3}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{C_1}{2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} - 1). \quad (1707)$$

By Propositions 2 and 10 and (1658), we have

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1708)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} (|Q| * \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})|)(k_1) \quad (1709)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} \|Q\|_{l_\nu^1}^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \quad (1710)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3}. \quad (1711)$$

By Propositions 2 and 10 and (1658), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1712)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})|)(k_1) \quad (1713)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} \|Q\|_{l_\nu^1}^n \quad (1714)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (1715)$$

By (1659), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,3}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{C_1}{2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} - 1). \quad (1716)$$

By Propositions 2 and 10 and (1658), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_7})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1717)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \quad (1718)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')|)(k_1) \quad (1719)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} \|Q\|_{l_\nu^1}^n \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (1720)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}. \quad (1721)$$

By Propositions 2 and 10 and (1658), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_8})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1722)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \quad (1723)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')|)(k_1) \quad (1724)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} \|Q\|_{l_\nu^1}^n \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (1725)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}. \quad (1726)$$

Lastly, recalling that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{13}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1727)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (1 + \pi) \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{1}{j_1!j_2!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+j_2})|, \quad (1728)$$

we have

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{13}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1729)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (1 + \pi) \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{1}{j_1!j_2!} \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)|)(k_1) \quad (1730)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (1 + \pi) \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{1}{j_1!j_2!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2}. \quad (1731)$$

This completes the proof of Lemma 4.

13.3 Estimating $\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}$

We prove the following estimate for $\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}$, $s > 0$.

Lemma 5. *For $s > 0$,*

$$\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq F_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} + F_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (1732)$$

$$+ F_3(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} + F_4(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}, \quad (1733)$$

where F_1, F_2, F_3 , and F_4 are monotone increasing functions of $\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}$.

Before commencing the proof of Lemma 5, let us introduce the setup for the proof. For ease of notation, we define the l_ν^s norm of a sequence $a = a(k)$ defined on \mathbb{Z} by

$$\|a\|_{l_\nu^s} = \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s |a_k|. \quad (1734)$$

The following estimate of the l_ν^s norm of the convolution is frequently used.

Proposition 11. *Let $s > 0$. If a_1, \dots, a_n are sequences on \mathbb{Z} whose l_ν^s norms are finite, then*

$$\|a_1 * \dots * a_n\|_{l_\nu^s} \leq b(n, s) \sum_{j=1}^n \|a_j\|_{l_\nu^s} \prod_{\substack{k=1 \\ k \neq j}}^n \|a_k\|_{l_\nu^1}. \quad (1735)$$

Proof. We note that for any $k_1, \dots, k_n \in \mathbb{Z}$,

$$|k_1|^s \leq b(n, s)(|k_1 - k_2|^s + |k_2 - k_3|^s + \dots + |k_{n-1} - k_n|^s + |k_n|^s), \quad (1736)$$

which follows from convexity of the function $|\cdot|^s$ for $s \geq 1$ and the triangle inequality for $0 < s < 1$. Then, using (1238), we obtain

$$\|a_1 * \dots * a_n\|_{l_\nu^s} = \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s |(a_1 * \dots * a_n)(k_1)| \quad (1737)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_n \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \prod_{d=1}^{n-1} |a_d(k_d - k_{d+1})| |a_n(k_n)| \quad (1738)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j=2}^n \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_n \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} b(n, s) |k_{j-1} - k_j|^s \quad (1739)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=1}^{n-1} |a_d(k_d - k_{d+1})| |a_n(k_n)| \quad (1740)$$

$$+ \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_n \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} b(n, s) |k_n|^s \prod_{d=1}^{n-1} |a_d(k_d - k_{d+1})| |a_n(k_n)|. \quad (1741)$$

For $j \in \{2, \dots, n\}$, we have

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_n \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} b(n, s) |k_{j-1} - k_j|^s \prod_{d=1}^{n-1} |a_d(k_d - k_{d+1})| |a_n(k_n)| \quad (1742)$$

$$\leq b(n, s) \sum_{k_n \in \mathbb{Z}} |a_n(k_n)| e^{\nu(t)|k_n|} \sum_{k_{n-1} \in \mathbb{Z}} |a_{n-1}(k_{n-1} - k_n)| e^{\nu(t)|k_{n-1} - k_n|} \quad (1743)$$

$$\dots \sum_{k_{j-1} \in \mathbb{Z}} |k_{j-1} - k_j|^s |a_{j-1}(k_{j-1} - k_j)| e^{\nu(t)|k_{j-1} - k_j|} \quad (1744)$$

$$\dots \sum_{k_2 \in \mathbb{Z}} |a_2(k_2 - k_3)| e^{\nu(t)|k_2 - k_3|} \sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} |a_1(k_1 - k_2)| e^{\nu(t)|k_1 - k_2|}. \quad (1745)$$

Changing the summation variables

$$k'_1 = k_1 - k_2 \quad (1746)$$

$$k'_2 = k_2 - k_3 \quad (1747)$$

$$\vdots \quad (1748)$$

$$k'_{n-1} = k_{n-1} - k_n \quad (1749)$$

in that order, we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_n \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} b(n, s) |k_{j-1} - k_j|^s \prod_{d=1}^{n-1} |a_d(k_d - k_{d+1})| |a_n(k_n)| \quad (1750)$$

$$\leq b(n, s) \|a_{j-1}\|_{l^s_\nu} \prod_{\substack{k=1 \\ k \neq j}}^n \|a_k\|_{l^1_\nu}. \quad (1751)$$

Similarly,

$$\sum_{k_1 \in \mathbb{Z}} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_n \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} b(n, s) |k_n|^s \prod_{d=1}^{n-1} |a_d(k_d - k_{d+1})| |a_n(k_n)| \quad (1752)$$

$$\leq b(n, s) \|a_n\|_{l^s_\nu} \prod_{k=1}^{n-1} \|a_k\|_{l^1_\nu}. \quad (1753)$$

This completes the proof. ■

We note that

$$\|P\|_{l_\nu^s} = \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s |P(k_1)| \leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{|\mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_1)|}{m!} \quad (1754)$$

$$= \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{m!} \|\phi^m\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}, \quad (1755)$$

$$\|\tilde{P}\|_{l_\nu^s} = \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s |\tilde{P}(k_1)| \leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{|\mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_1)|}{m!} \quad (1756)$$

$$= \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{m!} \|\phi^m\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}, \quad (1757)$$

$$\|Q\|_{l_\nu^s} = \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s |Q(k_1)| \leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{|\mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_1)|}{m!} \quad (1758)$$

$$= \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{m!} \|\phi^m\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}, \quad (1759)$$

$$\|\tilde{Q}\|_{l_\nu^s} = \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s |\tilde{Q}(k_1)| \leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{|\mathcal{F}(\phi^m)(k_1)|}{m!} \quad (1760)$$

$$= \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{m!} \|\phi^m\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}. \quad (1761)$$

To begin the proof of Lemma 5, we observe that

$$\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \sum_{j=1}^8 \left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B}_j(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} + \left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B}_{13}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}. \quad (1762)$$

This means that it suffices to estimate each of the $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ norms on the right hand side. By

Proposition 11 and (1755), we obtain

$$\sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1763)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P|)(k_1) \quad (1764)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P|\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (1765)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (1766)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|P\|_{l_\nu^1}^n (j_1 + j_2 + 1) + \|P\|_{l_\nu^s} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+1} \|P\|_{l_\nu^1}^{n-1} \cdot n \right) \quad (1767)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \cdot \quad (1768)$$

$$\left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n (j_1 + j_2 + 1) \right) \quad (1769)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \cdot n \Big). \quad (1770)$$

By Proposition 11 and (1755), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B_{1,2}}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} = \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1771)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{C_1}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})|)(k_1) \quad (1772)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{C_1}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + 2, s) \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|P\|_{l_\nu^1} \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \right. \quad (1773)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|P\|_{l_\nu^1} + \|P\|_{l_\nu^s} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \right) \quad (1774)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{C_1}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + 2, s) \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1) \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \right. \quad (1775)$$

$$\left. + b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot j_3 \cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1) \right) \quad (1776)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} \Big). \quad (1777)$$

By (1757), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B_{1,3}}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} = \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{1,3}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1778)$$

$$\leq \frac{C_1}{2} \left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}}. \quad (1779)$$

By Proposition 11 and (1755), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B_2}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} = \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_2})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1780)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \quad (1781)$$

$$\prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot \prod_{d=1}^n |P(k_{j_1+j_2+d} - k_{j_1+j_2+d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})| \quad (1782)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \dots * \mathcal{F}(\phi) * |P| * \dots * |P| * \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')\|_{l_{\nu}^s} \quad (1783)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (1784)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|P\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \|\phi^{j_3}\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} (j_1 + j_2) \right) \quad (1785)$$

$$+ \|P\|_{l_{\nu}^s} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|\phi^{j_3}\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \|P\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^{n-1} \cdot n \quad (1786)$$

$$+ \|\phi^{j_3}\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|P\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \quad (1787)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (1788)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} (j_1 + j_2) \right) \quad (1789)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \cdot n \quad (1790)$$

$$+ b(j_3 + 1, s) (\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \cdot j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3}) \quad (1791)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (1792)$$

By Proposition 11 and (1759), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B_{3,1}}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \quad (1793)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1794)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_3!j_4!} \quad (1795)$$

$$\cdot (|Q| * \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})|)(k_1) \quad (1796)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_3!j_4!} \| |Q| * \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})| \|_{l_{\nu}^s} \quad (1797)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_3!j_4!} b(n+2, s) \left(\|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^s} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^{n-1} \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \|\phi^{j_4}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \cdot n \quad (1798)$$

$$+ \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \|\phi^{j_4}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} + \|\phi^{j_4}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \right) \quad (1799)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_3!j_4!} b(n+2, s) \quad (1800)$$

$$\cdot \left(\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3+j_4} \cdot n \quad (1801)$$

$$+ b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \cdot j_3 \cdot (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_4} \quad (1802)$$

$$+ b(j_4, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \cdot j_4 \cdot (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3} \Big). \quad (1803)$$

By Proposition 11 and (1759), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B_{3,2}}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \quad (1804)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1805)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (1806)$$

$$\cdot (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})|)(k_1) \quad (1807)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} \frac{(n+1)C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (1808)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})| \right\|_{l_{\nu}^s} \quad (1809)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} \frac{(n+1)C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \cdot b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) \quad (1810)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \|\phi^{j_4}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} (j_1 + j_2) \right. \quad (1811)$$

$$+ \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^s} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \|\phi^{j_4}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^{n-1} \cdot n \quad (1812)$$

$$+ \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \|\phi^{j_4}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \quad (1813)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi^{j_4}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \right) \quad (1814)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} \frac{(n+1)C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \cdot b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) \quad (1815)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n (j_1 + j_2) \right. \quad (1816)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \cdot n \quad (1817)$$

$$+ b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \cdot j_3 \cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (1818)$$

$$\left. + b(j_4, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \cdot j_4 \cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \right). \quad (1819)$$

By (1761), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B_{3,3}}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \quad (1820)$$

$$= \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{3,3}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1821)$$

$$\leq C_2 \left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}}. \quad (1822)$$

By Proposition 11 and (1759), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B}_4(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \quad (1823)$$

$$= \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B}_4)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1824)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} \frac{(n+1)C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (1825)$$

$$\cdot (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4}\phi')|)(k_1) \quad (1826)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} \frac{(n+1)C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (1827)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4}\phi')| \right\|_{l_{\nu}^s} \quad (1828)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} \frac{(n+1)C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) \quad (1829)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \|\phi^{j_4}\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} (j_1 + j_2) \right. \quad (1830)$$

$$+ \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^s} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^{n-1} \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \|\phi^{j_4}\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \cdot n \quad (1831)$$

$$+ \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \|\phi^{j_4}\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \quad (1832)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi^{j_4}\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \right) \quad (1833)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} \frac{(n+1)C_{n+1}}{j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) \quad (1834)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3+j_4} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \right. \quad (1835)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \cdot n \quad (1836)$$

$$+ b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \cdot j_3 \cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \quad (1837)$$

$$+ b(j_4 + 1, s) \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \cdot j_4 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_4} \right) \quad (1838)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \Big). \quad (1839)$$

By Proposition 11 and (1759), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B_{5,1}}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \quad (1840)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1841)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1})| \quad (1842)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} \| |Q| * \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \|_{l_{\nu}^s} \quad (1843)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} b(n+1, s) \left(\|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^s} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^{n-1} \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \cdot n + \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \right) \quad (1844)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} b(n+1, s) \quad (1845)$$

$$\cdot \left(\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3} \cdot n \right) \quad (1846)$$

$$+ b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \cdot j_3 (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \Big). \quad (1847)$$

By Proposition 11 and (1759), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B_{5,2}}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \quad (1848)$$

$$= \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1849)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \quad (1850)$$

$$\cdot (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})|)(k_1) \quad (1851)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_{\nu}^s} \quad (1852)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (1853)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \right) \quad (1854)$$

$$+ \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^s} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^{n-1} \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \cdot n \quad (1855)$$

$$+ \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \Big) \quad (1856)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (1857)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \right) \quad (1858)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \cdot n \quad (1859)$$

$$+ b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \cdot j_3 \cdot (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \Big). \quad (1860)$$

By (1761), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B_{5,3}}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \quad (1861)$$

$$= \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{5,3}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1862)$$

$$\leq \frac{C_1}{2} \left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}}. \quad (1863)$$

By Proposition 11 and (1759), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B_{6,1}}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \quad (1864)$$

$$= \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,1}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1865)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1})| \quad (1866)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s (|Q| * \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})|)(k_1) \quad (1867)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} \| |Q| * \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \|_{l_{\nu}^s} \quad (1868)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} b(n+1, s) \left(\|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^s} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^{n-1} \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \cdot n + \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \right) \quad (1869)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{C_n}{j_3!} b(n+1, s) \quad (1870)$$

$$\cdot \left(\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3} \cdot n \right) \quad (1871)$$

$$+ b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \cdot j_3 \cdot (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (1872)$$

By Proposition 11 and (1759), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B_{6,2}}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \quad (1873)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,2}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1874)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \quad (1875)$$

$$\cdot (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})|)(k_1) \quad (1876)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_{\nu}^s} \quad (1877)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (1878)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \right. \quad (1879)$$

$$\left. + \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^s} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}} \cdot n \right. \quad (1880)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi^{j_3}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|Q\|_{l_{\nu}^1}^n \right) \quad (1881)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (1882)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \right. \quad (1883)$$

$$\left. + \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} \cdot n \right. \quad (1884)$$

$$\left. + b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \cdot j_3 \cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \right). \quad (1885)$$

By (1761), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B_{6,3}}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}} \quad (1886)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{6,3}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1887)$$

$$\leq \frac{C_1}{2} \left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_{\nu}^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{s,1}}. \quad (1888)$$

By Proposition 11 and (1759), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B}_7(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (1889)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B}_7)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1890)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \quad (1891)$$

$$\cdot (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')|)(k_1) \quad (1892)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| \dots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (1893)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (1894)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|Q\|_{l_\nu^1}^n \|\phi^{j_3}\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \right. \quad (1895)$$

$$\left. + \|Q\|_{l_\nu^s} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|Q\|_{l_\nu^1}^{n-1} \|\phi^{j_3}\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot n + \|\phi^{j_3}\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|Q\|_{l_\nu^1}^n \right) \quad (1896)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (1897)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \right. \quad (1898)$$

$$\left. + \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot n \right. \quad (1899)$$

$$\left. + b(j_3 + 1, s) (\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3}) \right. \quad (1900)$$

$$\left. \cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \right). \quad (1901)$$

By Proposition 11 and (1759), we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B}_8(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (1902)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B}_8)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1903)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \quad (1904)$$

$$\cdot (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')|)(k_1) \quad (1905)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (1906)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (1907)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|Q\|_{l_\nu^1}^n \|\phi^{j_3}\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \right. \quad (1908)$$

$$\left. + \|Q\|_{l_\nu^s} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|Q\|_{l_\nu^1}^{n-1} \|\phi^{j_3}\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot n + \|\phi^{j_3}\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|Q\|_{l_\nu^1}^n \right) \quad (1909)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (1910)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \right. \quad (1911)$$

$$\left. + \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot n \right. \quad (1912)$$

$$\left. + b(j_3 + 1, s) (\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3}) \right. \quad (1913)$$

$$\left. \cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \right). \quad (1914)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B_{13}}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (1915)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(\widetilde{B_{13}})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \quad (1916)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (1 + \pi) \sum_{k_1 \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k_1|} |k_1|^s \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{1}{j_1!j_2!} (|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)|)(k_1) \quad (1917)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (1 + \pi) \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{1}{j_1!j_2!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \cdots * \mathcal{F}(\phi)\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (1918)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (1 + \pi) \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{1}{j_1!j_2!} b(j_1 + j_2, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \quad (1919)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} (1 + \pi) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{b(j_1 + j_2, s)}{j_1!j_2!} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \cdot (j_1 + j_2). \quad (1920)$$

This completes the proof of Lemma 5.

14 Estimating $(U_{\geq 2})_\alpha$

In Section 13, we derived that

$$U_{\geq 2}(\alpha) = \operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right), \quad (1921)$$

where

$$B(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^8 \widetilde{B_j}(\alpha, \beta) + \widetilde{B_{13}}(\alpha, \beta). \quad (1922)$$

To estimate the $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ norm of $(U_{\geq 2})_\alpha$, we differentiate the right hand side with respect to α . Recalling that

$$\widetilde{B_1}(\alpha, \beta) = \widetilde{B_{1,1}}(\alpha, \beta) + \widetilde{B_{1,2}}(\alpha, \beta) + \widetilde{B_{1,3}}(\alpha, \beta), \quad (1923)$$

we note that

$$(\widetilde{B_{1,1}})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^4 B_{1,1}^j(\alpha, \beta), \quad (1924)$$

$$(\widetilde{B_{1,2}})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^4 B_{1,2}^j(\alpha, \beta), \quad (1925)$$

where

$$B_{1,1}^1(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+1} i^{j_1+j_2+1}}{2j_1!j_2!} j_1 \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha - \beta) \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1926)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (1927)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (1928)$$

$$B_{1,1}^2(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+1} i^{j_1+j_2+1}}{2j_1!j_2!} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} j_2 \phi(\alpha)^{j_2-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha) \quad (1929)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (1930)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (1931)$$

$$B_{1,1}^3(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+1} i^{j_1+j_2+1}}{2j_1!j_2!} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1932)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (1933)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (1934)$$

$$B_{1,1}^4(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+1} i^{j_1+j_2+1}}{2j_1!j_2!} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1935)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (1936)$$

$$\cdot n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1} \quad (1937)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \right) \quad (1938)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{m(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^{m-1} (-i)\phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)}{m!} ds \quad (1939)$$

and

$$B_{1,2}^1(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} j_1 \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha - \beta) \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1940)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1941)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right), \quad (1942)$$

$$B_{1,2}^2(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} j_2 \phi(\alpha)^{j_2-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha) \quad (1943)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1944)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right), \quad (1945)$$

$$B_{1,2}^3(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1946)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) (-1 + s) ds \quad (1947)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right), \quad (1948)$$

$$B_{1,2}^4(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1949)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1950)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \right) \quad (1951)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{m(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^{m-1} (-i)\phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)}{m!} ds \Big). \quad (1952)$$

Moreover,

$$(\widetilde{B_{1,3}})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = - \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) ds \quad (1953)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{m(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^{m-1} (-i)\phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)}{m!} ds \right). \quad (1954)$$

We note that

$$(\widetilde{B_2})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^5 B_2^j(\alpha, \beta), \quad (1955)$$

where

$$B_2^1(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} j_1 \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha - \beta) \quad (1956)$$

$$\cdot \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (1957)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (1958)$$

$$B_2^2(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} j_2 \phi(\alpha)^{j_2-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha) \quad (1959)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (1960)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (1961)$$

$$B_2^3(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1962)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) \quad (1963)$$

$$\cdot (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (1964)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (1965)$$

$$B_2^4(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1966)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi''(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (1967)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (1968)$$

$$B_2^5(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (1969)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (1970)$$

$$\cdot n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1} \quad (1971)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \quad (1972)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{m(-i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^{m-1} (-i)\phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)}{m!} ds \Bigg). \quad (1973)$$

Recalling that

$$\widetilde{B}_3(\alpha, \beta) = \widetilde{B}_{3,1}(\alpha, \beta) + \widetilde{B}_{3,2}(\alpha, \beta) + \widetilde{B}_{3,3}(\alpha, \beta), \quad (1974)$$

we note that

$$(\widetilde{B}_{3,1})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^3 B_{3,1}^j(\alpha, \beta), \quad (1975)$$

$$(\widetilde{B}_{3,2})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^5 B_{3,2}^j(\alpha, \beta), \quad (1976)$$

where

$$B_{3,1}^1(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_3+j_4}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_3!j_4!} \quad (1977)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (1978)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds \quad (1979)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (1980)$$

$$B_{3,1}^2(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_3+j_4}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_3!j_4!} \quad (1981)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \quad (1982)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} j_4 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (1983)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (1984)$$

$$B_{3,1}^3(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_3+j_4}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_3!j_4!} \quad (1985)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \quad (1986)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds \quad (1987)$$

$$\cdot n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1} \quad (1988)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \right) \quad (1989)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{i^m \cdot m \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^{m-1}}{m!} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds, \quad (1990)$$

and

$$B_{3,2}^1(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (1991)$$

$$\cdot j_1 \phi(\alpha)^{j_1-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha) \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (1992)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \quad (1993)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds \quad (1994)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (1995)$$

$$B_{3,2}^2(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \quad (1996)$$

$$\cdot j_2 \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha-\beta) \quad (1997)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \quad (1998)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds \quad (1999)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2000)$$

$$B_{3,2}^3(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2001)$$

$$\cdot \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2002)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2003)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds \quad (2004)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2005)$$

$$B_{3,2}^4(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2}. \quad (2006)$$

$$\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds. \quad (2007)$$

$$\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} j_4 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds. \quad (2008)$$

$$\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2009)$$

$$B_{3,2}^5(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2010)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) ds \quad (2011)$$

$$\cdot n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1} \quad (2012)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \quad (2013)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{i^m \cdot m \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^{m-1}}{m!} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \Big). \quad (2014)$$

Moreover,

$$(\widetilde{B_{3,3}})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} ds \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1+s) ds \quad (2015)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{i^m \cdot m \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^{m-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)}{m!} ds \right). \quad (2016)$$

We note that

$$(\widetilde{B_4})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^6 B_4^j(\alpha, \beta), \quad (2017)$$

where

$$B_4^1(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2018)$$

$$\cdot j_1 \phi(\alpha)^{j_1-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha) \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (2019)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \quad (2020)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2021)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2022)$$

$$B_4^2(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \quad (2023)$$

$$\cdot j_2 \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha - \beta) \quad (2024)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \quad (2025)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2026)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2027)$$

$$B_4^3(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2028)$$

$$\cdot \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (2029)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2030)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds. \quad (2031)$$

$$\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2032)$$

$$B_4^4(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2033)$$

$$\cdot \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \quad (2034)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} j_4 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) \quad (2035)$$

$$\cdot (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2036)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2037)$$

$$B_4^5(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2038)$$

$$\cdot \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \quad (2039)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) \phi''(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2040)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2041)$$

$$B_4^6(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \quad (2042)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \quad (2043)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2044)$$

$$\cdot n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1} \quad (2045)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \quad (2046)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{i^m \cdot m \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^{m-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)}{m!} ds \Big). \quad (2047)$$

Recalling that

$$\widetilde{B}_5(\alpha, \beta) = \widetilde{B}_{5,1}(\alpha, \beta) + \widetilde{B}_{5,2}(\alpha, \beta) + \widetilde{B}_{5,3}(\alpha, \beta), \quad (2048)$$

we note that

$$(\widetilde{B_{5,1}})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^2 B_{5,1}^j(\alpha, \beta), \quad (2049)$$

$$(\widetilde{B_{5,2}})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^4 B_{5,2}^j(\alpha, \beta), \quad (2050)$$

where

$$B_{5,1}^1(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_3!} \quad (2051)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (2052)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2053)$$

$$B_{5,1}^2(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_3!} \quad (2054)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3}(-1+s) ds \quad (2055)$$

$$\cdot n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1} \quad (2056)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \right) \quad (2057)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{i^m \cdot m \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^{m-1}}{m!} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds, \quad (2058)$$

and

$$B_{5,2}^1(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} j_1\phi(\alpha)^{j_1-1}\phi_\alpha(\alpha)\phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2059)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (2060)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2061)$$

$$B_{5,2}^2(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} j_2\phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2-1}\phi_\alpha(\alpha-\beta) \quad (2062)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (2063)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2064)$$

$$B_{5,2}^3(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2065)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} j_3\phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3-1}\phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (2066)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2067)$$

$$B_{5,2}^4(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2068)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (2069)$$

$$\cdot n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1} \quad (2070)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \right) \quad (2071)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{i^m \cdot m\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^{m-1}}{m!} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds. \quad (2072)$$

Moreover,

$$(\widetilde{B_{5,3}})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) ds \quad (2073)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{i^m \cdot m\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^{m-1}}{m!} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \right). \quad (2074)$$

Recalling that

$$\widetilde{B}_6(\alpha, \beta) = \widetilde{B}_{6,1}(\alpha, \beta) + \widetilde{B}_{6,2}(\alpha, \beta) + \widetilde{B}_{6,3}(\alpha, \beta), \quad (2075)$$

we note that

$$(\widetilde{B}_{6,1})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^2 B_{6,1}^j(\alpha, \beta), \quad (2076)$$

$$(\widetilde{B}_{6,2})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^4 B_{6,2}^j(\alpha, \beta), \quad (2077)$$

where

$$B_{6,1}^1(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_3}}{2j_3!} \quad (2078)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))(-1 + s) ds \quad (2079)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2080)$$

$$B_{6,1}^2(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_3}}{2j_3!} \quad (2081)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3}(-1 + s) ds \quad (2082)$$

$$\cdot n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1} \quad (2083)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1 - e^{-i\beta}} \quad (2084)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{i^m \cdot m \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^{m-1}}{m!} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \right), \quad (2085)$$

and

$$B_{6,2}^1(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} j_1 \phi(\alpha)^{j_1-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha) \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2086)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (2087)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2088)$$

$$B_{6,2}^2(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} j_2 \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha-\beta) \quad (2089)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (2090)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2091)$$

$$B_{6,2}^3(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2092)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) (-1+s) ds \quad (2093)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2094)$$

$$B_{6,2}^4(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2095)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) ds \quad (2096)$$

$$\cdot n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1} \quad (2097)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \right) \quad (2098)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{i^m \cdot m \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^{m-1}}{m!} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds. \quad (2099)$$

Moreover,

$$(\widetilde{B_{6,3}})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1+s) ds \quad (2100)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{i^m \cdot m \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^{m-1}}{m!} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta) ds \right). \quad (2101)$$

We note that

$$(\widetilde{B_7})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^5 B_7^j(\alpha, \beta), \quad (2102)$$

where

$$B_7^1(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} j_1 \phi(\alpha)^{j_1-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha) \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2103)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2104)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2105)$$

$$B_7^2(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} j_2 \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha-\beta) \quad (2106)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2107)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2108)$$

$$B_7^3(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2109)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) \quad (2110)$$

$$\cdot (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2111)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2112)$$

$$B_7^4(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2113)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) \phi''(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2114)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2115)$$

$$B_7^5(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2116)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2117)$$

$$\cdot n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1} \quad (2118)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \right) \quad (2119)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{i^m \cdot m \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^{m-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)}{m!} ds \Big). \quad (2120)$$

We note that

$$(\widetilde{B}_8)_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^5 B_8^j(\alpha, \beta), \quad (2121)$$

where

$$B_8^1(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} j_1 \phi(\alpha)^{j_1-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha) \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2122)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2123)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2124)$$

$$B_8^2(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} j_2 \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha-\beta) \quad (2125)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2126)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2127)$$

$$B_8^3(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2128)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) \quad (2129)$$

$$\cdot (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2130)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2131)$$

$$B_8^4(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2132)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) \phi''(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2133)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2134)$$

$$B_8^5(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2135)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} (-1+s) \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2136)$$

$$\cdot n \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1} \quad (2137)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \quad (2138)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{i^m \cdot m \phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)^{m-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha + (s-1)\beta)}{m!} ds \Big). \quad (2139)$$

Lastly, we note that

$$(\widetilde{B_{13}})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^2 B_{13}^j(\alpha, \beta), \quad (2140)$$

where

$$B_{13}^1(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2}}{j_1!j_2!} j_1 \phi(\alpha)^{j_1-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha) \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2} \left((-1)^{j_2} \frac{e^{i\beta}(1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})} - \frac{1}{2} \right), \quad (2141)$$

$$B_{13}^2(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{i^{j_1+j_2}}{j_1!j_2!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} j_2 \phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_2-1} \phi_\alpha(\alpha - \beta) \left((-1)^{j_2} \frac{e^{i\beta}(1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})} - \frac{1}{2} \right). \quad (2142)$$

Of these terms, B_2^4 , B_4^5 , B_7^4 , and B_8^4 contain the second derivative of ϕ , which need to be re-expressed in terms of lower-order derivatives of ϕ for the resulting estimate of the $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ norm of $(U_{\geq 2})_\alpha$ to be useful. To re-express these terms, we use integration by parts to obtain

$$\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi''(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (2143)$$

$$= \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left(\phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} \frac{\phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))}{\beta} \right) \right) \quad (2144)$$

$$- j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3-1} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^2 ds \quad (2145)$$

$$= \int_0^1 \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left(e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} \frac{\phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))}{\beta} \right) \right) \quad (2146)$$

$$- \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left(e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) \right) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} \frac{\phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))}{\beta} ds \quad (2147)$$

$$- \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3-1} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^2 ds \quad (2148)$$

$$= \frac{\phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha - \beta)}{\beta} + i \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (2149)$$

$$- \int_0^1 \frac{e^{-i\beta s}}{\beta} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (2150)$$

$$- \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1 + s) j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3-1} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^2 ds \quad (2151)$$

and

$$\int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} (-1 + s) \phi''(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (2152)$$

$$= \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left(\phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} \frac{\phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))}{\beta} \right) \right) \quad (2153)$$

$$- j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3-1} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^2 \Big) ds \quad (2154)$$

$$= \int_0^1 \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left(e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} \frac{\phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))}{\beta} \right) \right) \quad (2155)$$

$$- \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left(e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) \right) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} \frac{\phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))}{\beta} \Big) ds \quad (2156)$$

$$- \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3-1} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^2 ds \quad (2157)$$

$$= \frac{\phi(\alpha - \beta)^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha - \beta)}{\beta} - i \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (2158)$$

$$- \int_0^1 \frac{e^{i\beta s}}{\beta} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds \quad (2159)$$

$$- \int_0^1 e^{i\beta s} (-1 + s) j_3 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^{j_3-1} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))^2 ds. \quad (2160)$$

Then we can write $B_2^4(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^4 B_2^{4,j}(\alpha, \beta)$, where

$$B_2^{4,1}(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (2161)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha-\beta)}{\beta} \quad (2162)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2163)$$

$$B_2^{4,2}(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (2164)$$

$$\cdot i \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2165)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2166)$$

$$B_2^{4,3}(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (2167)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 \frac{-e^{-i\beta s}}{\beta} \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2168)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2169)$$

$$B_2^{4,4}(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+j_3} i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (2170)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 -e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) j_3 \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3-1} \phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^2 ds \quad (2171)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n. \quad (2172)$$

Moreover, we can write $B_4^5(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^4 B_4^{5,j}(\alpha, \beta)$, where

$$B_4^{5,1}(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2173)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \frac{\phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_4} \phi'(\alpha-\beta)}{\beta} \quad (2174)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2175)$$

$$B_4^{5,2}(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2176)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \quad (2177)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 -ie^{i\beta s} (-1+s) \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2178)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2179)$$

$$B_4^{5,3}(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2180)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \quad (2181)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 \frac{-e^{i\beta s}}{\beta} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2182)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2183)$$

$$B_4^{5,4}(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{-\beta^2 e^{-i\beta}}{(1-e^{-i\beta})^2} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2184)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_3} ds \quad (2185)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 -e^{i\beta s} (-1+s) j_4 \phi(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^{j_4-1} \phi'(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))^2 ds. \quad (2186)$$

$$\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n. \quad (2187)$$

Moreover, we can write $B_7^4(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^4 B_7^{4,j}(\alpha, \beta)$, where

$$B_7^{4,1}(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2188)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha-\beta)}{\beta} \quad (2189)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2190)$$

$$B_7^{4,2}(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2191)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 i e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2192)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2193)$$

$$B_7^{4,3}(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2194)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 \frac{-e^{-i\beta s}}{\beta} \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2195)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2196)$$

$$B_7^{4,4}(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_3}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2197)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 -e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) j_3 \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3-1} \phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^2 ds \quad (2198)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n. \quad (2199)$$

Lastly, we can write $B_8^4(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j=1}^4 B_8^{4,j}(\alpha, \beta)$, where

$$B_8^{4,1}(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2200)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha-\beta)}{\beta} \quad (2201)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2202)$$

$$B_8^{4,2}(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2203)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 -ie^{i\beta s}(-1+s) \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2204)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2205)$$

$$B_8^{4,3}(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2206)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 \frac{-e^{i\beta s}}{\beta} \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3} \phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s)) ds \quad (2207)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (2208)$$

$$B_8^{4,4}(\alpha, \beta) = \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \cdot \frac{i^{j_1+j_2+j_3}(-1)^{j_2}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \phi(\alpha)^{j_1} \phi(\alpha-\beta)^{j_2} \quad (2209)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 -e^{i\beta s}(-1+s)j_3 \phi(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^{j_3-1} \phi'(\alpha+\beta(-1+s))^2 ds \quad (2210)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{-i\beta}{1-e^{-i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(i\phi(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n. \quad (2211)$$

14.1 Estimating Fourier Modes of $(U_{\geq 2})_\alpha$

We use arguments as in Section 13.1 to estimate the Fourier modes of $(U_{\geq 2})_\alpha$. First,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{1,1}^1)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2212)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1} - k_{j_1+1})| \quad (2213)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |P(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2214)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{1,1}^2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2215)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2} - k_{j_1+j_2+1})| \quad (2216)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |P(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2217)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{1,1}^3)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2218)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1! j_2!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2219)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |P(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2220)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{1,1}^4)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2221)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{n C_n}{2j_1! j_2!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2222)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n-1} |P(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{m(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \right| \quad (2223)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2224)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{1,2}^1)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2225)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_1}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1} - k_{j_1+1})| \quad (2226)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |P(k_{j_1+j_2+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+2})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+2})|. \quad (2227)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{1,2}^2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2228)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_1}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2} - k_{j_1+j_2+1})| \quad (2229)$$

$$\cdot |P(k_{j_1+j_2+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+2})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+2})|. \quad (2230)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{1,2}^3)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2231)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_1}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2232)$$

$$\cdot |P(k_{j_1+j_2+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+2})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+2})|. \quad (2233)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{1,2}^4)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2234)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{C_1}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2235)$$

$$\cdot \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{m(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+2}) \right| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+2})|. \quad (2236)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}((\widetilde{B_{1,3}})_\alpha)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{C_1}{2} \left| \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{m(-i)^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1}\phi')(k_1) \right|. \quad (2237)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_2^1)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2238)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1} - k_{j_1+1})| \quad (2239)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |P(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2240)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_2^2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2241)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2242)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2} - k_{j_1+j_2+1})| \quad (2243)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |P(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2244)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_2^3)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2245)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2246)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |P(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1} \phi'^2)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2247)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_2^5)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2248)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{n C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2249)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n-1} |P(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{m(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \right| \quad (2250)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2251)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{3,1}^1)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2252)$$

$$\sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_3! j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1} \phi')(k_{n+1} - k_{n+2})| \quad (2253)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{n+2})|. \quad (2254)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{3,1}^2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2255)$$

$$\sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4-1}\phi')(k_{n+1} - k_{n+2})| \quad (2256)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+2})|. \quad (2257)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{3,1}^3)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2258)$$

$$\sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{n C_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{n-1} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2259)$$

$$\cdot \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{m i^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1}\phi')(k_n - k_{n+1}) \right| \quad (2260)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{n+1} - k_{n+2})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+2})|. \quad (2261)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{3,2}^1)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2262)$$

$$\sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_1 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2263)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1} - k_{j_1+1})| \quad (2264)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2265)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (2266)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{3,2}^2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2267)$$

$$\sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2268)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2} - k_{j_1+j_2+1})|. \quad (2269)$$

$$\prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (2270)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{3,2}^3)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2271)$$

$$\sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2272)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| \quad (2273)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (2274)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{3,2}^4)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2275)$$

$$\sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2276)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4-1}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| \quad (2277)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (2278)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{3,2}^5)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2279)$$

$$\sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{n C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2280)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n-1} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{m i^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \right| \quad (2281)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (2282)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}((\widetilde{B_{3,3}})_\alpha)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq C_2 \left| \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{m i^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1}\phi')(k_1) \right|. \quad (2283)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_4^1)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2284)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_1 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2285)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1} - k_{j_1+1})| \quad (2286)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2287)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (2288)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_4^2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2289)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2290)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2} - k_{j_1+j_2+1})| \cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2291)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (2292)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_4^3)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2293)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2294)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2295)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (2296)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_4^4)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2297)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2298)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2299)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4-1} \phi'^2)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (2300)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_4^6)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2301)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2302)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{mi^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \right| \quad (2303)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| \cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (2304)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{5,1}^1)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{j_3C_n}{2j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2305)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi')(k_{n+1})|. \quad (2306)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{5,1}^2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{nC_n}{2j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{n-1} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2307)$$

$$\cdot \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{mi^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1}\phi')(k_n - k_{n+1}) \right| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1})|. \quad (2308)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{5,2}^1)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2309)$$

$$\sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_1C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1} - k_{j_1+1})| \quad (2310)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2311)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{5,2}^2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2312)$$

$$\sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_2C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2} - k_{j_1+j_2+1})| \quad (2313)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2314)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{5,2}^3)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2315)$$

$$\sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2316)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2317)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{5,2}^4)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2318)$$

$$\sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{n C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2319)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n-1} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{m i^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \right| \quad (2320)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2321)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}((\widetilde{B_{5,3}})_\alpha)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{1}{2} C_1 \left| \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{m i^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1}\phi')(k_1) \right|. \quad (2322)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{6,1}^1)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^n |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2323)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi')(k_{n+1})|. \quad (2324)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{6,1}^2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{n C_n}{2j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{n-1} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2325)$$

$$\cdot \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{m i^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1}\phi')(k_n - k_{n+1}) \right| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{n+1})|. \quad (2326)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{6,2}^1)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2327)$$

$$\sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1} - k_{j_1+1})| \quad (2328)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2329)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{6,2}^2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2330)$$

$$\sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2} - k_{j_1+j_2+1})| \quad (2331)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2332)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{6,2}^3)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2333)$$

$$\sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2334)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2335)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_{6,2}^4)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2336)$$

$$\sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{n C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2337)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n-1} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{m i^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \right| \quad (2338)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2339)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}((\widetilde{B_{6,3}})_\alpha)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \frac{1}{2} C_1 \left| \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{m i^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1} \phi')(k_1) \right| \quad (2340)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_7^1)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2341)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1} - k_{j_1+1})| \quad (2342)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2343)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_7^2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2344)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2345)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2} - k_{j_1+j_2+1})| \quad (2346)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2347)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_7^3)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2348)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2349)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1} \phi'^2)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2350)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_7^5)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2351)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{n C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2352)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n-1} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{m i^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \right| \quad (2353)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2354)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_8^1)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2355)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1} - k_{j_1+1})| \quad (2356)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2357)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_8^2)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2358)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2359)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2} - k_{j_1+j_2+1})| \quad (2360)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2361)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_8^3)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2362)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2363)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1} \phi'^2)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2364)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_8^5)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2365)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{n C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2366)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n-1} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \cdot \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{m i^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \right| \quad (2367)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2368)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}((\widetilde{B_{13}})_\alpha)(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{j_2}{j_1! j_2!} \quad (2369)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2-1} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2})| \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 3\pi \right). \quad (2370)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_2^{4,1})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2371)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2372)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+j_3+1}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+n} |P(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1})|, \quad (2373)$$

where

$$D_n = \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(D + (n+1) \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^n \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot 2\pi \right) \quad (2374)$$

with D being an upper bound of $\left| \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{i\beta x}}{\beta} d\beta \right|$, taken as a function of x . Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_2^{4,2})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2375)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |P(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2376)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2377)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_2^{4,3})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2378)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |P(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2379)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2380)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_2^{4,4})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2381)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |P(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2382)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1} \phi'^2)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2383)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_4^{5,1})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2384)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{D_{n+1}}{2j_1 j_2! j_3! j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+j_4+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2+j_4} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2385)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+j_4+1}^{j_1+j_2+j_4+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2386)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+j_4+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+j_4+n+2})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+j_4+n+2})|. \quad (2387)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_4^{5,2})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2388)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{2j_1 j_2! j_3! j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2389)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2390)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (2391)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_4^{5,3})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2392)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{D_{n+1}}{2j_1 j_2! j_3! j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2393)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2394)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (2395)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_4^{5,4})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2396)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1 j_2! j_3! j_4!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+2} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2397)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2398)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4-1} \phi'^2)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+2})|. \quad (2399)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_7^{4,1})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2400)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1j_2!j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2401)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+j_3+1}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2402)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1})|. \quad (2403)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_7^{4,2})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2404)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1j_2!j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2405)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2406)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_7^{4,3})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2407)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1j_2!j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2408)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2409)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_7^{4,4})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2410)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1j_2!j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2411)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi'^2)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2412)$$

Next,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_8^{4,1})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2413)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1j_2!j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2414)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+j_3+1}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| |\mathcal{F}(\phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1})|. \quad (2415)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_8^{4,2})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2416)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1 j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2417)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2418)$$

Moreover,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_8^{4,3})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2419)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1 j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2420)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2421)$$

Lastly,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(B_8^{4,4})(k_1, \beta) d\beta \right| \leq \quad (2422)$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1 j_2! j_3!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1+j_2} |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k_d - k_{d+1})| \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} |Q(k_d - k_{d+1})| \quad (2423)$$

$$\cdot |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1} \phi'^2)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1})|. \quad (2424)$$

14.2 Estimating $\|(U_{\geq 2})_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}$

We prove the following estimate for $\|(U_{\geq 2})_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}$, $s > 0$.

Lemma 6. *For $s > 0$,*

$$\|(U_{\geq 2})_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq R_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} + R_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2425)$$

$$+ R_3(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} + R_4(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2426)$$

$$+ R_5(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}, \quad (2427)$$

where R_1, R_2, R_3, R_4 , and R_5 are monotone increasing functions of $\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}$.

We use estimates from Section 14.1 to prove Lemma 6. We take the notational convention that if a convolution of sequences on \mathbb{Z} contains a sequence of the form $|\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})|$ in which $j_3 = 0$, then we simply ignore that sequence in the convolution. For example, in (2460), if $j_3 = 0$, then

$$|\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \quad (2428)$$

$$= |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |P|. \quad (2429)$$

We define

$$R(k) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{m(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1}\phi')(k), \quad (2430)$$

$$S(k) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{mi^{m-1}}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\phi^{m-1}\phi')(k), \quad (2431)$$

and

$$D_n = \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(D + (n+1) \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^n \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot 2\pi \right), \quad (2432)$$

where D is an upper bound of $\left| \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{e^{i\beta x}}{\beta} d\beta \right|$, uniform in $x \in \mathbb{R}$. First,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,1}^1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2433)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')|\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2434)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (2435)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n (j_1 + j_2) \right) \quad (2436)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2437)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \cdot n. \quad (2438)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,1}^2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2439)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')|\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2440)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (2441)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n (j_1 + j_2) \right) \quad (2442)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2443)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \cdot n. \quad (2444)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,1}^3(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2445)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')|\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2446)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (2447)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n (j_1 + j_2) \right. \quad (2448)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \right. \quad (2449)$$

$$\left. + \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \cdot n \right). \quad (2450)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,1}^4(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2451)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |R|\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2452)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (2453)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} (j_1 + j_2 + 1) \right. \quad (2454)$$

$$\left. + \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \right. \quad (2455)$$

$$\left. \cdot \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} (n-1) \right. \quad (2456)$$

$$\left. + \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-2)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \right. \quad (2457)$$

$$\left. \cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \right). \quad (2458)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,2}^1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2459)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_1}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2460)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_1}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + 2, s) \quad (2461)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \right. \quad (2462)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \quad (2463)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \quad (2464)$$

$$+ b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \cdot j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1) \Big). \quad (2465)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,2}^2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2466)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_1}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2467)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_1}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + 2, s) \quad (2468)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \right. \quad (2469)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \quad (2470)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \quad (2471)$$

$$+ b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \cdot j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1) \Big). \quad (2472)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,2}^3(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2473)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_1}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2474)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_1}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + 2, s) \quad (2475)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_1 + j_2) \right) \quad (2476)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2477)$$

$$+ b(j_3, s) \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_3 - 1) + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \right) \quad (2478)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1). \quad (2479)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,2}^4(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2480)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3 \geq 1} \frac{C_1}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |R| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2481)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1, j_2 \geq 0 \\ j_3 \geq 1}} \frac{C_1}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + 2, s) \quad (2482)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} (j_1 + j_2) \right) \quad (2483)$$

$$+ \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-2)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \quad (2484)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \quad (2485)$$

$$+ b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}}. \quad (2486)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} ((\widetilde{B_{1,3}})_\alpha)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2487)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} C_1 \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)(m-1)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} \right. \quad (2488)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right). \quad (2489)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_2^1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2490)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (2491)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2492)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (2493)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \right. \quad (2494)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \right) \quad (2495)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2496)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot n \quad (2497)$$

$$+ b(j_3 + 1, s) \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \quad (2498)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \Big). \quad (2499)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_2^2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2500)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (2501)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2502)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (2503)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \right) \quad (2504)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2505)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2506)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot n \quad (2507)$$

$$+ b(j_3 + 1, s) \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \quad (2508)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \Big). \quad (2509)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_2^3(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2510)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi'^2)| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2511)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (2512)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2513)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (2514)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) n (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} \quad (2515)$$

$$+ \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) b(j_3+1, s)(j_3-1) \quad (2516)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2517)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) b(j_3+1, s) \quad (2518)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2519)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_2^5(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2520)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |R| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2521)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (2522)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2523)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \quad (2524)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(n-1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \quad (2525)$$

$$+ \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-2)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \quad (2526)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2527)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)b(j_3+1, s) \quad (2528)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1}. \quad (2529)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{3,1}^1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2530)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} \| |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi')| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})| \|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2531)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2532)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} b(n+2, s) n (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3+j_4-1} \quad (2533)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} b(n+2, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2534)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_3-1) + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \right) (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4} \quad (2535)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} b(n+2, s) b(j_4, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \quad (2536)$$

$$\cdot j_4 (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1}. \quad (2537)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{3,1}^2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2538)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} \| |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4-1}\phi')| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2539)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2540)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} b(n+2, s) n (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3+j_4-1} \quad (2541)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} b(n+2, s) b(j_4, s) \quad (2542)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_4-1) + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \right) (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \quad (2543)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} b(n+2, s) b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \quad (2544)$$

$$\cdot (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1}. \quad (2545)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{3,1}^3(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2546)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} \| |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |S| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2547)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \quad (2548)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} b(n+2, s)(n-1)(e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3+j_4} \quad (2549)$$

$$+ \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-2)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \quad (2550)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} b(n+2, s)(e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3+j_4} \quad (2551)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} b(n+2, s)b(j_4, s) \quad (2552)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} j_4 (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \quad (2553)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{j_3+j_4+n \geq 2} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_3!j_4!} b(n+2, s)b(j_3, s) \quad (2554)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4} . \quad (2555)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{3,2}^1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2556)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \quad (2557)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2558)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \quad (2559)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2560)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) \quad (2561)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2562)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2563)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) n \quad (2564)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2565)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) b(j_4, s) \quad (2566)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} j_4 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2567)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2568)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2569)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{3,2}^2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2570)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \quad (2571)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2572)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \quad (2573)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2574)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) \quad (2575)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2576)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2577)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) n \quad (2578)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2579)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) b(j_4, s) \quad (2580)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} j_4 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2581)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2582)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2583)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{3,2}^3(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2584)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \quad (2585)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2586)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s)(j_1 + j_2) \quad (2587)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2588)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2589)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} n(n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) \quad (2590)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2591)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) b(j_4, s) \quad (2592)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} j_4 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2593)$$

$$+ \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2594)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_3 - 1) + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2595)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{3,2}^4(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2596)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} \quad (2597)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4-1}\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2598)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s)(j_1 + j_2) \quad (2599)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2600)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2601)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} n(n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) \quad (2602)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2603)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2604)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2605)$$

$$+ \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1! j_2! j_3! j_4!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 2, s) b(j_4, s) \quad (2606)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_4 - 1) + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2607)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{3,2}^5(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2608)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2609)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |S| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2610)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (2611)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2612)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \quad (2613)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)(n-1) \quad (2614)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \quad (2615)$$

$$+ \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-2)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \quad (2616)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2617)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_4, s) \quad (2618)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} j_4 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2619)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+j_4+n \geq 1}} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_3, s) \quad (2620)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1}. \quad (2621)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B_{3,3}})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2622)$$

$$\leq C_2 \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)(m-1)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right). \quad (2623)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_4^1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2624)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_1 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2625)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4} \phi')| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2626)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_1 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)(j_1+j_2-1) \quad (2627)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2628)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_1 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s) \quad (2629)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2630)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (2631)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_1 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)n \quad (2632)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2633)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_1 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_4+1, s) \quad (2634)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_4 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2635)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_1 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_3, s) \quad (2636)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2637)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_4^2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2638)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2639)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4} \phi')| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2640)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)(j_1+j_2-1) \quad (2641)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2642)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s) \quad (2643)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2644)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (2645)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)n \quad (2646)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2647)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_4+1, s) \quad (2648)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_4 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2649)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_2 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_3, s) \quad (2650)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2651)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_4^3(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2652)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2653)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4} \phi')| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1} \phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2654)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (2655)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2656)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (2657)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)n \quad (2658)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2659)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_4+1, s) \quad (2660)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} j_4 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2661)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_3 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_3, s) \quad (2662)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-2} \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_3-1) + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2663)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_4^4(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2664)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2665)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4-1}\phi'^2)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2666)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (2667)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2668)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (2669)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)n \quad (2670)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2671)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_4+1, s) \quad (2672)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 (j_4-1) + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot 2 \right) \quad (2673)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2674)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_3, s) \quad (2675)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2676)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_4^6(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2677)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2678)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |S| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4}\phi')| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2679)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 e^{\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}} \quad (2680)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (2681)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2682)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 e^{\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}} \quad (2683)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)(n-1) \quad (2684)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \quad (2685)$$

$$+ \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-2)!} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \quad (2686)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!k_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s) \quad (2687)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2688)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}} \quad (2689)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_4+1, s) \quad (2690)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} j_4 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2691)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 e^{\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{nC_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_3, s) \quad (2692)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1}. \quad (2693)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{5,1}^1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2694)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_3!} \| |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1} \phi')| \|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2695)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2696)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_3!} b(n+1, s) n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2697)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_3!} b(n+1, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2698)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_3-1) + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \right) \quad (2699)$$

$$\cdot (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2700)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{5,1}^2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2701)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{n C_n}{2j_3!} \| |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |S| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2702)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \quad (2703)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{n C_n}{2j_3!} b(n+1, s) (n-1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \quad (2704)$$

$$+ \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-2)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \quad (2705)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{n C_n}{2j_3!} b(n+1, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2706)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{n C_n}{2j_3!} b(n+1, s) b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1}. \quad (2707)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{5,2}^1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2708)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2709)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2710)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2711)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2712)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2713)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2714)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2715)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2716)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{5,2}^2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2717)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2718)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2719)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2720)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2721)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2722)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2723)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2724)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2725)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{5,2}^3(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2726)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2727)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2728)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s)(j_1 + j_2) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2729)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s)n \quad (2730)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2731)$$

$$+ \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s)b(j_3, s) \quad (2732)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_3 - 1) + \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2733)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{5,2}^4(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2734)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |S| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2735)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s)(j_1 + j_2) \quad (2736)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2737)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \quad (2738)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s)(n-1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \quad (2739)$$

$$+ \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-2)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \quad (2740)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2741)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2742)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1}. \quad (2743)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B_{5,3}})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2744)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} C_1 \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)(m-1)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} \right. \quad (2745)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right). \quad (2746)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{6,1}^1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2747)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_3!} \| |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1} \phi')| \|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2748)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2749)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_3!} b(n+1, s) n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2750)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_3!} b(n+1, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2751)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_3-1) + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \right) \quad (2752)$$

$$\cdot (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2753)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{6,1}^2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2754)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{n C_n}{2j_3!} \| |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |S| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2755)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \quad (2756)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{n C_n}{2j_3!} b(n+1, s) (n-1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \quad (2757)$$

$$+ \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-2)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \quad (2758)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{n C_n}{2j_3!} b(n+1, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2759)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{j_3+n \geq 2} \frac{n C_n}{2j_3!} b(n+1, s) b(j_3, s) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1}. \quad (2760)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{6,2}^1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2761)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2762)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2763)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2764)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2765)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2766)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2767)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2768)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2769)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{6,2}^2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2770)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2771)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2772)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2773)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2774)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2775)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2776)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2777)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2778)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{6,2}^3(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2779)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1} \phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2780)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2781)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s)(j_1 + j_2) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2782)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s)n \quad (2783)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2784)$$

$$+ \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2785)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_3 - 1) + \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2786)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{6,2}^4(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2787)$$

$$\leq \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |S| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2788)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s)(j_1 + j_2) \quad (2789)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2790)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \quad (2791)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s)(n-1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \quad (2792)$$

$$+ \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-2)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \quad (2793)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2794)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{\substack{j_1+j_2 \geq 1 \\ j_3+n \geq 1}} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) b(j_3, s) \quad (2795)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1}. \quad (2796)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B_{6,3}})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2797)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} C_1 \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)(m-1)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} \right. \quad (2798)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right). \quad (2799)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_7^1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2800)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (2801)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2802)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (2803)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \right) \quad (2804)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2805)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2806)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot n \quad (2807)$$

$$+ b(j_3 + 1, s) \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \quad (2808)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \Big). \quad (2809)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_7^2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2810)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (2811)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2812)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (2813)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \right) \quad (2814)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2815)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2816)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot n \quad (2817)$$

$$+ b(j_3 + 1, s) \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \quad (2818)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \Big). \quad (2819)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_7^3(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2820)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi'^2)| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2821)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (2822)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2823)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (2824)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) n (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} \quad (2825)$$

$$+ \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) b(j_3+1, s)(j_3-1) \quad (2826)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2827)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) b(j_3+1, s) \quad (2828)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2829)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_7^5(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2830)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |S| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2831)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (2832)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2833)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \quad (2834)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(n-1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \quad (2835)$$

$$+ \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-2)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \quad (2836)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) \quad (2837)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2838)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)b(j_3+1, s) \quad (2839)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1}. \quad (2840)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_8^1(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2841)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (2842)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2843)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (2844)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \right) \quad (2845)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2846)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2847)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot n \quad (2848)$$

$$+ b(j_3 + 1, s) \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \quad (2849)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \Big). \quad (2850)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_8^2(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2851)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} \quad (2852)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2853)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_2 C_n}{2j_1! j_2! j_3!} b(j_1 + j_2 + n + 1, s) \quad (2854)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \right) \quad (2855)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2856)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2857)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot n \quad (2858)$$

$$+ b(j_3 + 1, s) \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \quad (2859)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \Big). \quad (2860)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_8^3(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2861)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi'^2)| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2862)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (2863)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2864)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (2865)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) n (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} \quad (2866)$$

$$+ \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) b(j_3+1, s)(j_3-1) \quad (2867)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2868)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) b(j_3+1, s) \quad (2869)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2870)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_8^5(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2871)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |S| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2872)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (2873)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2874)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \quad (2875)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(n-1) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \quad (2876)$$

$$+ \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{m=2}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-2)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-2} + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \quad (2877)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2878)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{nC_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) b(j_3+1, s) \quad (2879)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1}. \quad (2880)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B_{13}})_\alpha(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2881)$$

$$\leq \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 3\pi \right) \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{j_2}{j_1!j_2!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2882)$$

$$\leq \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 3\pi \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{j_2}{j_1!j_2!} b(j_1+j_2, s)(j_1+j_2-1) \quad (2883)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-2} \quad (2884)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \pi^2 + 3\pi \right) \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2 \geq 2} \frac{j_2}{j_1!j_2!} b(j_1+j_2, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1}. \quad (2885)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_2^{4,1}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2886)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| \|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2887)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2+j_3) \quad (2888)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2889)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2890)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1, s)n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2891)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2892)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_2^{4,2}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2893)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')| \|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2894)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2895)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2896)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2897)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2898)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)b(j_3+1, s) \quad (2899)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2900)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_2^{4,3}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2901)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3} \phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2902)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2903)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2904)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2905)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2906)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)b(j_3+1, s) \quad (2907)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2908)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_2^{4,4}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2909)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |P| * \cdots * |P| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1} \phi'^2)| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2910)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (2911)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2912)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (2913)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)n (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} \quad (2914)$$

$$+ \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)b(j_3+1, s)(j_3-1) \quad (2915)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2916)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)b(j_3+1, s) \quad (2917)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2918)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_4^{5,1}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2919)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{D_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2920)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2921)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{D_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+j_4+n+2, s)(j_1+j_2+j_4) \quad (2922)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2923)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{D_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2924)$$

$$\cdot b(j_1+j_2+j_4+n+2, s)n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2925)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{D_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+j_4+n+2, s)b(j_3, s) \quad (2926)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2927)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{D_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+j_4+n+2, s) \quad (2928)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2929)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_4^{5,2}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2930)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2931)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4}\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2932)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (2933)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2934)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2935)$$

$$\cdot b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2936)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_3, s) \quad (2937)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2938)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_4+1, s) \quad (2939)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_4 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2940)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_4^{5,3}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2941)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{D_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2942)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4}\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2943)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{D_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (2944)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2945)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{D_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2946)$$

$$\cdot b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2947)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{D_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_3, s) \quad (2948)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2949)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{D_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_4+1, s) \quad (2950)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_4 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2951)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_4^{5,4}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2952)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2953)$$

$$\cdot \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_4-1}\phi'^2)| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2954)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (2955)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2956)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} \quad (2957)$$

$$\cdot b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2958)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_3, s) \quad (2959)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} j_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_4-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2960)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+j_4+n \geq 1} (n+1) \frac{j_4 C_{n+1}}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!j_4!} b(j_1+j_2+n+2, s)b(j_4+1, s) \quad (2961)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 (j_4-1) + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_4-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot 2 \right) \quad (2962)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2963)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_7^{4,1}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2964)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \cdots * \mathcal{F}(\phi) * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi')|\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2965)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2+j_3) \quad (2966)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2967)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2968)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1, s) n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2969)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1, s) \quad (2970)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2971)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_7^{4,2}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2972)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \cdots * \mathcal{F}(\phi) * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')|\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2973)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (2974)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2975)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2976)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2977)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) b(j_3+1, s) \quad (2978)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2979)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_7^{4,3}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2980)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2981)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (2982)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2983)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (2984)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2985)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)b(j_3+1, s) \quad (2986)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2987)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_7^{4,4}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2988)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi'^2)| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2989)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (2990)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (2991)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (2992)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (2993)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)b(j_3+1, s) \quad (2994)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 (j_3-1) + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot 2 \right) \quad (2995)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (2996)$$

Next,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_8^{4,1}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (2997)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \cdots * \mathcal{F}(\phi) * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * \mathcal{F}(\phi')\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (2998)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2+j_3) \quad (2999)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (3000)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (3001)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1, s) n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (3002)$$

$$+ \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+j_3+n+1, s) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} \quad (3003)$$

$$\cdot (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (3004)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_8^{4,2}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (3005)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \|\mathcal{F}(\phi) * \cdots * \mathcal{F}(\phi) * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * \mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (3006)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (3007)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (3008)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (3009)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (3010)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s) b(j_3+1, s) \quad (3011)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (3012)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_8^{4,3}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (3013)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3}\phi')| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (3014)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (3015)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (3016)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \quad (3017)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (3018)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{D_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)b(j_3+1, s) \quad (3019)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} j_3 + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3} \right) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (3020)$$

Lastly,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_8^{4,4}(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (3021)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} \left\| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi)| * |Q| * \cdots * |Q| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi^{j_3-1}\phi'^2)| \right\|_{l_\nu^s} \quad (3022)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)(j_1+j_2) \quad (3023)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (3024)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{b(m, s)}{(m-1)!} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{m-1} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 \quad (3025)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)n \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2+j_3-1} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (3026)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+j_3+n \geq 1} \frac{j_3 C_n}{2j_1!j_2!j_3!} b(j_1+j_2+n+1, s)b(j_3+1, s) \quad (3027)$$

$$\cdot \left(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-2} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 (j_3-1) + \|\phi'\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_3-1} \|\phi'\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \cdot 2 \right) \quad (3028)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} (e^{\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (3029)$$

This completes the proof of Lemma 6.

15 Proof of the Main Theorem

15.1 Proof of the Main *a priori* Estimate

To complete the estimate for the $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ norm of $\tilde{\mathcal{N}}$, we let $s = 1$. Recalling (928), we can use Lemmas 1 and 2 and the estimates of the $\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}$ norm of U_1 and $U_{\geq 2}$ in Sections 12.2 and 13.2, respectively, to obtain

$$\|\tilde{\mathcal{N}}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \leq \|(U_{\geq 2})_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + \|T_{\geq 2}(1 + \phi_\alpha)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + \|T_1\phi_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \quad (3030)$$

$$\leq \|(U_{\geq 2})_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + (H_3 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}})(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}}) \quad (3031)$$

$$+ (D_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}})(1 + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3032)$$

$$\cdot (1 + \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}}) \quad (3033)$$

$$+ 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} (H_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \cdot (1 + \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}}). \quad (3034)$$

Using Lemma 6 and Proposition 1, we obtain

$$\|\tilde{\mathcal{N}}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \leq R_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + R_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} \quad (3035)$$

$$+ R_3(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + R_4(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \quad (3036)$$

$$+ R_5(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} \quad (3037)$$

$$+ (H_3 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) (\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}}) \quad (3038)$$

$$+ \left(D_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right) (1 + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3039)$$

$$\cdot (1 + \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}}) \quad (3040)$$

$$+ 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} (H_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) (1 + \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}}) \quad (3041)$$

$$\leq \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} \left(R_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + R_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \right. \quad (3042)$$

$$+ R_3(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + R_4(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 \quad (3043)$$

$$+ R_5(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \quad (3044)$$

$$+ 3 (H_3 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3045)$$

$$+ 3 \left(D_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right) (1 + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3046)$$

$$+ (D_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + D_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) (1 + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3047)$$

$$+ 6 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} (H_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3048)$$

$$+ 2 (H_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \Big). \quad (3049)$$

Using this estimate for the $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}$ norm of $\tilde{\mathcal{N}}$, we obtain from (925)

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \quad (3050)$$

$$\leq \left(\nu'(t) - \frac{1}{2 \left(C_I(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + 1 \right)} \pi \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} A(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} \quad (3051)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{R} \frac{1}{A_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}})} \left(R_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + R_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \right. \quad (3052)$$

$$+ R_3(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + R_4(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}}^2 \quad (3053)$$

$$+ R_5(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \quad (3054)$$

$$+ 3 \left(H_3 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3055)$$

$$+ 3 \left(D_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right) (1 + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3056)$$

$$+ \left(D_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + D_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \right) (1 + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3057)$$

$$+ 6 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \left(H_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3058)$$

$$+ 2 \left(H_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}}. \quad (3059)$$

Since C_I , A , A_1^{-1} , R_1 , R_2 , R_3 , R_4 , R_5 , D_1 , and D_2 are all monotone increasing, we can use Proposition 1 to obtain

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \leq - \left(\Lambda(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(t) \right) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}}, \quad (3060)$$

where

$$\Lambda(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) = \frac{1}{2 \left(C_I(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + 1 \right)} \pi \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} A(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \quad (3061)$$

$$- \frac{1}{R} \frac{1}{A_1(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}})} \left(R_1(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + R_2(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right. \quad (3062)$$

$$+ R_3(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 + R_4(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 \quad (3063)$$

$$+ R_5(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \quad (3064)$$

$$+ 3 \left(H_3 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3065)$$

$$+ 3 \left(D_1(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 \right) (1 + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3066)$$

$$+ \left(D_1(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + D_2(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right) (1 + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3067)$$

$$+ 6 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \left(H_3 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3068)$$

$$+ 2 \left(H_3 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right). \quad (3069)$$

Integrating (3060) with respect to time, we obtain

$$\|\phi(t)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}} + \int_0^t (\Lambda(\|\phi(\tau)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\tau)) \|\phi(\tau)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \leq \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}}. \quad (3070)$$

We choose the initial datum such that $\Lambda(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}}) > 0$. Then we let $\nu_0 \in (0, \Lambda(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}}))$. From (9), it follows that for all $\tau \geq 0$,

$$0 < \nu'(\tau) = \frac{\nu_0}{(1 + \tau)^2} \leq \nu_0. \quad (3071)$$

Then

$$\Lambda(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}}) - \nu'(0) > 0. \quad (3072)$$

Let

$$T_1 = \sup \left\{ t_1 : \Lambda(\|\phi(\tau)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\tau) > 0 \text{ for all } \tau \in [0, t_1] \right\}. \quad (3073)$$

Since $\Lambda(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}}) - \nu'(0) > 0$ and $\Lambda(\|\phi(\cdot)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\cdot)$ is a continuous function, we have $T_1 > 0$. For any $t_1 \in [0, T_1]$,

$$\Lambda(\|\phi(\tau)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\tau) > 0 \text{ for all } \tau \in [0, t_1]. \quad (3074)$$

Then by (3070) for all $t \in [0, t_1]$,

$$\|\phi(t)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}} \leq \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}}. \quad (3075)$$

Fix $t_1 \in [0, T_1)$ and $t_2 \in [t_1, T_1)$. Then

$$\|\phi(t_2)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}} + \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \left(\Lambda(\|\phi(\tau)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\tau) \right) \|\phi(\tau)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \leq \|\phi(t_1)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}. \quad (3076)$$

Since

$$\int_{t_1}^{t_2} \left(\Lambda(\|\phi(\tau)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\tau) \right) \|\phi(\tau)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau > 0, \quad (3077)$$

it follows from (3639) that $\|\phi(t_2)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}} \leq \|\phi(t_1)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}$. Since Λ is a monotone decreasing function of $\|\phi\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}$, this means that $\Lambda(\|\phi(t_2)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}) \geq \Lambda(\|\phi(t_1)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}})$, i.e., $\Lambda(\|\phi(\cdot)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}})$ is a monotone increasing function on $[0, T_1]$. Suppose for contradiction that $T_1 < \infty$. We note that $\Lambda(\|\phi(T_1)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(T_1) = 0$. Since $\Lambda(\|\phi(\cdot)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}})$ is monotone increasing on $[0, T_1]$ and is continuous on $[0, T_1]$, it is monotone increasing on $[0, T_1]$. Then

$$\nu_0 = \nu'(0) < \Lambda(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}}) \leq \Lambda(\|\phi(T_1)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}) = \nu'(T_1) = \frac{\nu_0}{(1 + T_1)^2}, \quad (3078)$$

which is a contradiction. Hence, $T_1 = \infty$. Then for all $t \in [0, \infty)$,

$$\|\phi(t)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}} \leq \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} - \int_0^t \left(\Lambda(\|\phi(\tau)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\tau) \right) \|\phi(\tau)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3079)$$

$$\leq \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} - \int_0^t \left(\Lambda(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \|\phi(\tau)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau. \quad (3080)$$

Therefore, for all $t \in [0, \infty)$,

$$\|\phi(t)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}} + \left(\Lambda(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \int_0^t \|\phi(\tau)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \leq \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}}. \quad (3081)$$

15.2 Boundedness of $\mathcal{F}(\theta)(0)$

Using the *a priori* estimate for ϕ derived in Section 15.1, we now show that $\hat{\theta}(0)$ is bounded in time. To that end, we first take the zeroth Fourier mode of (46). Plugging into it

$$\mathcal{F}(U_\alpha)(0) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} U_\alpha(\alpha) d\alpha = \frac{1}{2\pi} (U(\pi) - U(-\pi)) = 0, \quad (3082)$$

we obtain

$$\mathcal{F}(\theta)_t(0) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} (\mathcal{F}(T) * \mathcal{F}(1 + \theta_\alpha))(0). \quad (3083)$$

Recalling that $T = T_1 + T_{\geq 2}$, we obtain

$$\hat{\theta}(0) - \hat{\theta}_0(0) = \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \mathcal{F}\left(T_1(\alpha)(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha))\right)(0) d\tau \quad (3084)$$

$$+ \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \mathcal{F}\left(T_{\geq 2}(\alpha)(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha))\right)(0) d\tau. \quad (3085)$$

Using that

$$\left| \mathcal{F}\left(T_1(\alpha)(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha))\right)(0) \right| \quad (3086)$$

$$= \left| \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{F}(T_1)(k) \mathcal{F}(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha))(-k) \right| \quad (3087)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(T_1)(k)| |\mathcal{F}(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha))(-k)| \quad (3088)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(T_1)(k)| \right) \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha))(-k)| \right) \quad (3089)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(T_1)(k)| \right) \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha))(k)| \right) \quad (3090)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(T_1)(k)| \right) \left(1 + \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(\theta_\alpha)(k)| \right) \quad (3091)$$

$$= \|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \left(1 + \sum_{k \neq 0} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\phi)(k)| \right) \quad (3092)$$

$$= \|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} (1 + \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}}), \quad (3093)$$

we obtain

$$|\mathcal{F}(\theta)(0)| \quad (3094)$$

$$= \left| \mathcal{F}(\theta_0)(0) + \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \mathcal{F}\left(T_1(\alpha)(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha))\right)(0) d\tau \right. \quad (3095)$$

$$\left. + \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \mathcal{F}\left(T_{\geq 2}(\alpha)(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha))\right)(0) d\tau \right| \quad (3096)$$

$$\leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta_0)(0)| + \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \left| \mathcal{F}\left(T_1(\alpha)(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha))\right)(0) \right| d\tau \quad (3097)$$

$$+ \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \left| \mathcal{F}\left(T_{\geq 2}(\alpha)(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha))\right)(0) \right| d\tau \quad (3098)$$

$$\leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta_0)(0)| + \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} (1 + \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}) d\tau \quad (3099)$$

$$+ \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} (1 + \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}) d\tau \quad (3100)$$

$$\leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta_0)(0)| + \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} d\tau + \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3101)$$

$$+ \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} d\tau + \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} d\tau. \quad (3102)$$

Recall that

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \geq \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \geq \frac{2\pi}{L(t)}. \quad (3103)$$

Hence,

$$|\mathcal{F}(\theta)(0)| \leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta_0)(0)| + \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} d\tau + \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3104)$$

$$+ \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} d\tau + \int_0^t \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3105)$$

$$\leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta_0)(0)| \quad (3106)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \int_0^t \|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3107)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \int_0^t \|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3108)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \int_0^t \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3109)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \int_0^t \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} d\tau. \quad (3110)$$

Using that

$$\|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \leq 2 \|U_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \leq 2 \|U_1\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \leq 2(H_3 + H_4) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \quad (3111)$$

and that

$$\|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \leq \|\mathcal{M}(U_{\geq 2})\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|\mathcal{M}(\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1})\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3112)$$

$$\leq 2 \left(\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|\phi_\alpha U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \right) \quad (3113)$$

$$\leq 2 \left(\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} + \left(\|\phi_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + \|\phi_\alpha\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \right) \right) \quad (3114)$$

$$\leq 2 \left(\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_{\geq 1}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \right) \quad (3115)$$

$$\leq 2 \left(\|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_1\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \|U_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \right) \quad (3116)$$

$$\leq 2 \left(D_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3117)$$

$$+ 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \left(H_3 \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3118)$$

$$+ 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \left(D_1(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3119)$$

$$\leq 2 \left(D_1(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 \right) \quad (3120)$$

$$+ 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \left(H_3 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3121)$$

$$+ 2 \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \left(D_1(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 \right), \quad (3122)$$

we obtain

$$|\mathcal{F}(\theta)(0)| \leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta_0)(0)| \quad (3123)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \int_0^t \|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3124)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \int_0^t \|T_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{J}^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3125)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \int_0^t \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3126)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \int_0^t \|T_{\geq 2}\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi\|_{\dot{J}^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3127)$$

$$\leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta_0)(0)| \quad (3128)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} 2(H_3 + H_4) \int_0^t \|\phi\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3129)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \cdot 2(H_3 + H_4) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \int_0^t \|\phi\|_{\dot{J}^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3130)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \quad (3131)$$

$$\cdot 2 \left(D_1(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} + D_2(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3132)$$

$$+ 2 \left(H_3 \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3133)$$

$$+ 2 \left(D_1(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}^2 \right) \quad (3134)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^t \|\phi\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3135)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \quad (3136)$$

$$\cdot 2 \left(D_1(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}^2 \right) \quad (3137)$$

$$+ 2 \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \left(H_3 \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3138)$$

$$+ 2 \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \left(D_1(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}^2 \right) \quad (3139)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^t \|\phi\|_{\dot{J}^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3140)$$

$$\leq Y(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}), \quad (3141)$$

where

$$Y(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \quad (3142)$$

$$= |\mathcal{F}(\theta_0)(0)| \quad (3143)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} 2(H_3 + H_4) \cdot \frac{\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}}{\Lambda(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0} \quad (3144)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \cdot 2(H_3 + H_4) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \cdot \frac{\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}}{\Lambda(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0} \quad (3145)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \quad (3146)$$

$$\cdot 2 \left(D_1(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} + D_2(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3147)$$

$$+ 2 \left(H_3 \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3148)$$

$$+ 2 \left(D_1(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}^2 \right) \quad (3149)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}}{\Lambda(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0} \quad (3150)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi}{2}(e^{2\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}} - 1)}}{R} \quad (3151)$$

$$\cdot 2 \left(D_1(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}^2 \right) \quad (3152)$$

$$+ 2 \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \left(H_3 \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3153)$$

$$+ 2 \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \left(D_1(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}^2 \right) \quad (3154)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}}{\Lambda(\|\phi_0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0}. \quad (3155)$$

Hence, $\mathcal{F}(\theta)(0)$ is bounded in time.

15.3 Regularization Argument

In this Section, we present the details of the regularization argument that is necessary to construct a proof of our main theorem. First of all, based on the original equations for the dynamics of the interface, we define a collection of regularized equations for the dynamics of the interface, which is indexed by \mathbb{N} . The sequence of solutions to these regularized equations produces what turns out to be a solution to the original evolution equation for the interface. To obtain solutions to the regularized equations for the dynamics of the interface, we leverage Picard's theorem in the Banach space setting as stated in [3], i.e.,

Theorem 2. *Let $O \subseteq B$ be an open subset of a Banach space B with norm $\|\cdot\|_B$ and let $F : O \rightarrow B$ be a nonlinear operator satisfying the following conditions:*

1. *F maps O into B .*
2. *F is locally Lipschitz continuous, i.e., for any $X \in O$ there exists $L > 0$ and an open neighborhood $U_X \subseteq O$ of X such that*

$$\|F(\tilde{X}) - F(\hat{X})\|_B \leq L \|\tilde{X} - \hat{X}\|_B \quad (3156)$$

for all $\tilde{X}, \hat{X} \in U_X$.

Then for any $X_0 \in O$, there exists a time T such that the ordinary differential equation

$$\frac{dX}{dt} = F(X) \quad (3157)$$

$$X(0) = X_0 \in O \quad (3158)$$

has a unique local solution $X \in C^1((-T, T); O)$. If F does not depend explicitly on time, then solutions to the above ODE can be continued until they leave the set O .

To obtain a candidate for a solution to the original equation for the dynamics of the interface, we use the Aubin-Lions lemma as stated in [1], i.e.,

Lemma 7. *Let X_0 , X , and X_1 be Banach spaces such that*

$$X_0 \subseteq X \subseteq X_1, \quad (3159)$$

with compact embedding $X_0 \hookrightarrow X$, and let $p \in (1, \infty]$. Let G be a set of functions mapping $[0, T]$ into X_1 such that G is bounded in $L^p([0, T]; X) \cap L^1_{loc}([0, T]; X_0)$ and $\partial_t G$ is bounded in $L^1_{loc}([0, T]; X_1)$. Then G is relatively compact in $L^q([0, T]; X)$, where $q \in [1, p)$.

15.3.1 Regularized Equations for Interface Dynamics

For each $N \in \mathbb{N}$, let us define regularized equations for the dynamics of the interface. We recall that, under the HLS parametrization, the dynamics of the interface are governed by

$$\theta_t(\alpha) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} (U_\alpha(\theta)(\alpha) + T(\theta)(\alpha)(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha))), \quad (3160)$$

$$L(t) = 2\pi R \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^\alpha e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta(\alpha) - \theta(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}, \quad (3161)$$

as long as $\|\phi(t)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}$ is sufficiently small for all $t \geq 0$, as indicated in the Remark for Proposition 7. As mentioned before, since the equations are written in terms of the HLS parametrization, they satisfy the identity

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i(\alpha+\phi(\alpha,t))} d\alpha = 0, \quad (3162)$$

which constrains $\phi(\alpha, t)$ to have its ± 1 Fourier modes be completely determined by the rest of its nonzero Fourier modes at any given time. Therefore, we seek from the outset for a solution whose ± 1 Fourier modes remain zero in time. Throughout the rest of this Section, we exploit the fact that the analytical expressions for U and T written in terms of $\phi = \theta - \hat{\theta}(0)$ are identical to their respective analytical expressions written in terms of θ . This means that the analytical expressions for U and T in terms of θ are obtained by simply replacing ϕ with θ in the respective analytical expressions for U and T in terms of ϕ . For any fixed $N \in \mathbb{N}$, we define the regularized ordinary differential equation for the interface

$$\frac{d\theta_N}{dt} = (\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N)(\theta_N). \quad (3163)$$

Here, \mathcal{J}_N^1 is the high frequency cut-off operator introduced in (32) and

$$G_N(\theta_N) = R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \text{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N(\alpha) - \theta_N(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (3164)$$

$$\cdot \left((U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N) + T_N(\theta_N) \left(1 + (\theta_N)_{\alpha} \right) \right), \quad (3165)$$

where

$$(U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N)(\alpha) = (\mathcal{J}_N \circ \text{Re}) \left(W(\theta_N)(\alpha) \right), \quad (3166)$$

$$U_N(\theta_N)(\alpha) = (\mathcal{J}_N \circ \text{Re}) \left(V(\theta_N)(\alpha) \right), \quad (3167)$$

$$T_N(\theta_N)(\alpha) = \mathcal{M} \left(\left(1 + (\theta_N)_{\alpha}(\alpha) \right) U_N(\theta_N)(\alpha) \right). \quad (3168)$$

Here, \mathcal{J}_N is the high frequency cut-off operator defined in (31). Recalling (327) and (328) as well as (995) and (1191), we define

$$V(\theta_N)(\alpha) = \sum_{j=1}^7 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_j(\theta_N)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \quad (3169)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^8 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B}_j(\theta_N)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B}_{13}(\theta_N)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta. \quad (3170)$$

Lastly, we define

$$W(\theta_N)(\alpha) = V_{\alpha}(\theta_N)(\alpha) \quad (3171)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^7 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (E_j)_{\alpha}(\theta_N)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \quad (3172)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^8 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B}_j)_{\alpha}(\theta_N)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B}_{13})_{\alpha}(\theta_N)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta. \quad (3173)$$

In the expressions $(E_5)_\alpha(\theta_N)(\alpha, \beta)$ and $(E_6)_\alpha(\theta_N)(\alpha, \beta)$, the second derivative of θ_N shows up. We replace them with lower-order derivatives of θ_N by applying integration by parts. For example, recall that

$$(E_5)_\alpha(\theta_N)(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{-(-1 + e^{i\beta})i\beta e^{i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \quad (3174)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}(-1 + s)(\theta_N)_{\alpha\alpha}(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))ds. \quad (3175)$$

Using integration by parts, we obtain

$$\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s}(-1 + s)(\theta_N)_{\alpha\alpha}(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))ds \quad (3176)$$

$$= \frac{(\theta_N)_\alpha(\alpha - \beta)}{\beta} - \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\beta}(e^{-i\beta s}(-i\beta)(-1 + s) + e^{-i\beta s})(\theta_N)_\alpha(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))ds. \quad (3177)$$

15.3.2 Applying Picard's Theorem

We now specify an appropriate Banach space for Picard's theorem. For any $N \in \mathbb{N}$, let

$$H_N^m = \left\{ f \in H^m([-\pi, \pi]) : \text{supp}(\hat{f}) \subseteq [-N, N], \hat{f}(\pm 1) = 0, \text{Im}(f) = 0 \right\}. \quad (3178)$$

The space H_N^m contains the requirement that the ± 1 Fourier modes be zero, because we intend to find a candidate for a solution to the original equations for the dynamics of the interface with this property. The following proposition states that H_N^m is indeed a Banach space.

Proposition 12. H_N^m is a Banach space.

Proof. It suffices to show that H_N^m is a closed \mathbb{R} -subspace of $H^m([-\pi, \pi])$. It is straightforward to check that H_N^m , which is nonempty because $0 \in H_N^m$, is closed under addition and scalar multiplication. To check that the subspace is closed in $H^m([-\pi, \pi])$, consider a sequence $\{f_n\}$ in H_N^m converging to f in the H^m norm. We show that $f \in H_N^m$. Since

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (1 + |k|^2)^m |\mathcal{F}(f_n - f)(k)|^2 = 0, \quad (3179)$$

there exists a (non-relabeled) subsequence such that for all $k \in \mathbb{Z}$,

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathcal{F}(f_n)(k) = \mathcal{F}(f)(k), \quad (3180)$$

which implies that $\text{supp}(\hat{f}) \subseteq [-N, N]$ and $\hat{f}(\pm 1) = 0$. For any $\alpha \in [-\pi, \pi)$,

$$|f_n(\alpha) - f(\alpha)| = \left| \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{F}(f_n - f)(k) e^{ik\alpha} \right| \leq \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(f_n - f)(k)| \quad (3181)$$

$$= \sum_{|k| \leq N} |\mathcal{F}(f_n - f)(k)| \leq \sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m |\mathcal{F}(f_n - f)(k)| \quad (3182)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m |\mathcal{F}(f_n - f)(k)|^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (3183)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \|f_n - f\|_{H^m}, \quad (3184)$$

which shows that f_n converges to f pointwise. Thus,

$$\text{Im}(f) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \text{Im}(f_n) = 0. \quad (3185)$$

Therefore, H_N^m is a closed \mathbb{R} -subspace of H_N^m , as needed. ■

For any $M > 0$, let

$$O^M = \{f \in H_N^m : \|f\|_{H^m} < M\}. \quad (3186)$$

We want to apply Picard's theorem by setting $B = H_N^m$, $O = O^M$, and $F = \mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N$. To check the first condition that $\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N$ maps O^M into H_N^m , let $f \in O^M$. It is immediate from the definition of the regularized equations that $\text{supp } \mathcal{F}((\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N)(f)) \subseteq [-N, N]$ and $\mathcal{F}((\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N)(f))(\pm 1) = 0$. Since $G_N(f)$ is real,

$$(\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N)(f)(\alpha) = \sum_{\substack{|k| \leq N \\ |k| \neq 1}} \mathcal{F}(G_N(f))(k) e^{ik\alpha} \quad (3187)$$

$$= \mathcal{F}(G_N(f))(0) + \sum_{j=2}^N \sum_{|k|=j} \mathcal{F}(G_N(f))(k) e^{ik\alpha} \quad (3188)$$

$$= \mathcal{F}(G_N(f))(0) + \sum_{j=2}^N \left(\mathcal{F}(G_N(f))(-j) e^{-ij\alpha} + \mathcal{F}(G_N(f))(j) e^{ij\alpha} \right) \quad (3189)$$

$$= \mathcal{F}(G_N(f))(0) + \sum_{j=2}^N \left(\overline{\mathcal{F}(G_N(f))(j) e^{ij\alpha}} + \mathcal{F}(G_N(f))(j) e^{ij\alpha} \right), \quad (3190)$$

which is real. Hence, $\text{Im}(\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N)(f) = 0$. To check that $(\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N)(f) \in H^m([-\pi, \pi))$, we note that it suffices to check the second condition that $\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N$ is locally Lipschitz continuous. In particular, we show that one can choose $U_X = O^M$ for any $X \in O^M$. Let

$\theta_N^1, \theta_N^2 \in O^M$. Then

$$G_N(\theta_N^1) - G_N(\theta_N^2) \quad (3191)$$

$$= R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (3192)$$

$$\cdot \left((U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^1) + T_N(\theta_N^1) \left(1 + (\theta_N^1)_{\alpha} \right) \right) \quad (3193)$$

$$- R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (3194)$$

$$\cdot \left((U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^2) + T_N(\theta_N^2) \left(1 + (\theta_N^2)_{\alpha} \right) \right) \quad (3195)$$

$$= R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (3196)$$

$$\cdot \left((U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^1) + T_N(\theta_N^1) \left(1 + (\theta_N^1)_{\alpha} \right) \right) \quad (3197)$$

$$- R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (3198)$$

$$\cdot \left((U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^2) + T_N(\theta_N^2) \left(1 + (\theta_N^2)_{\alpha} \right) \right) \quad (3199)$$

$$+ R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (3200)$$

$$\cdot \left((U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^2) + T_N(\theta_N^2) \left(1 + (\theta_N^2)_{\alpha} \right) \right) \quad (3201)$$

$$- R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (3202)$$

$$\cdot \left((U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^2) + T_N(\theta_N^2) \left(1 + (\theta_N^2)_{\alpha} \right) \right) \quad (3203)$$

$$= R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (3204)$$

$$\cdot \left((U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^1) - (U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^2) + T_N(\theta_N^1) \left(1 + (\theta_N^1)_{\alpha} \right) - T_N(\theta_N^2) \left(1 + (\theta_N^2)_{\alpha} \right) \right) \quad (3205)$$

$$+ \left(R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right. \quad (3206)$$

$$\left. - R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) \quad (3207)$$

$$\cdot \left((U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^2) + T_N(\theta_N^2) \left(1 + (\theta_N^2)_{\alpha} \right) \right). \quad (3208)$$

Thus,

$$\|G_N(\theta_N^1) - G_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m} \quad (3209)$$

$$\leq R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (3210)$$

$$\cdot \left\| (U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^1) - (U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^2) + T_N(\theta_N^1) \left(1 + (\theta_N^1)_{\alpha} \right) - T_N(\theta_N^2) \left(1 + (\theta_N^2)_{\alpha} \right) \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3211)$$

$$+ \left(R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right. \quad (3212)$$

$$\left. - R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) \quad (3213)$$

$$\cdot \left\| (U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^2) + T_N(\theta_N^2) \left(1 + (\theta_N^2)_{\alpha} \right) \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3214)$$

$$\leq R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (3215)$$

$$\cdot \left(\left\| (U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^1) - (U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^2) \right\|_{H^m} + \left\| T_N(\theta_N^1) - T_N(\theta_N^2) \right\|_{H^m} \right. \quad (3216)$$

$$\left. + \left\| T_N(\theta_N^1)((\theta_N^1)_{\alpha} - (\theta_N^2)_{\alpha}) \right\|_{H^m} + \left\| (T_N(\theta_N^1) - T_N(\theta_N^2))(\theta_N^2)_{\alpha} \right\|_{H^m} \right) \quad (3217)$$

$$+ \left(R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right. \quad (3218)$$

$$\left. - R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) \quad (3219)$$

$$\cdot \left(\left\| (U_{\alpha})_N(\theta_N^2) \right\|_{H^m} + \left\| T_N(\theta_N^2) \right\|_{H^m} + \left\| T_N(\theta_N^2)(\theta_N^2)_{\alpha} \right\|_{H^m} \right). \quad (3220)$$

To check the local Lipschitz continuity of $\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N$, we need to derive an appropriate estimate for the upper bound for $\|G_N(\theta_N^1) - G_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m}$, shown in (3215) through (3220). We present in detail the process of deriving such estimates for a select few terms in this upper bound, which are typical of the terms making up the upper bound. These derivations will showcase all the techniques that are necessary to derive estimates for the rest of the terms in the upper bound. First of all, we consider the term $\|(U_\alpha)_N(\theta_N^1) - (U_\alpha)_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m}$, which appears in (3216). Using the definition of $(U_\alpha)_N$ in (3166), we obtain

$$\|(U_\alpha)_N(\theta_N^1) - (U_\alpha)_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m} \quad (3221)$$

$$\leq \left\| \mathcal{J}_N \left(W(\theta_N^1)(\alpha) - W(\theta_N^2)(\alpha) \right) \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3222)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j=1}^7 \left\| \mathcal{J}_N \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (E_j)_\alpha(\theta_N^1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (E_j)_\alpha(\theta_N^2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3223)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^8 \left\| \mathcal{J}_N \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B}_j)_\alpha(\theta_N^1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B}_j)_\alpha(\theta_N^2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3224)$$

$$+ \left\| \mathcal{J}_N \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B}_{13})_\alpha(\theta_N^1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B}_{13})_\alpha(\theta_N^2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \right\|_{H^m}. \quad (3225)$$

To obtain an appropriate estimate, it is necessary to build some groundwork. For any $m > 0$, we define for a sequence a defined on $k \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$\|a\|_{h^m} = \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (1 + |k|^2)^m |a(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2}. \quad (3226)$$

Lemma 8. *Let $N \in \mathbb{N}$ and $m \geq 1$. If a and b are sequences on \mathbb{Z} , then*

$$\|1_{|\cdot| \leq N}(a * b)\|_{h^m} \quad (3227)$$

$$\leq r(m, N) \|1_{|\cdot| \leq N}a\|_{h^m} \|1_{|\cdot| \leq N}b\|_{h^m}, \quad (3228)$$

where

$$r(m, N) = 2^{2m} (1 + N^2)^{m/2} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2}. \quad (3229)$$

Proof.

$$\|1_{|\cdot| \leq N}(a * b)\|_{h^m} \quad (3230)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m |(a * b)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3231)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \left| \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} |a(k - j)| |b(j)| \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3232)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} \left| \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} (1 + |k|^2)^m |a(k - j)| |b(j)| \right|^2 \right)^{1/2}. \quad (3233)$$

Since $m \geq 1$, for any $k, j \in \mathbb{Z}$,

$$(1 + |k|^2)^m \leq \left(1 + 2|k - j|^2 + 2|j|^2\right)^m \quad (3234)$$

$$\leq \left(2(1 + |k - j|^2) + 2(1 + |j|^2)\right)^m \quad (3235)$$

$$\leq 2^{m-1} \left(\left(2(1 + |k - j|^2)\right)^m + \left(2(1 + |j|^2)\right)^m \right) \quad (3236)$$

$$= 2^{2m-1} \left((1 + |k - j|^2)^m + (1 + |j|^2)^m \right). \quad (3237)$$

Then

$$\left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} \left| \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} (1 + |k|^2)^m |a(k - j)| |b(j)| \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3238)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} \left| \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} 2^{2m-1} \left((1 + |k - j|^2)^m + (1 + |j|^2)^m \right) |a(k - j)| |b(j)| \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3239)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} \left| \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} 2^{2m-1} (1 + |k - j|^2)^m |a(k - j)| |b(j)| \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3240)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} \left| \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} 2^{2m-1} (1 + |j|^2)^m |a(k - j)| |b(j)| \right|^2 \right)^{1/2}. \quad (3241)$$

Letting $(\mathfrak{F}a)(k) = (1 + |k|^2)^m \cdot a(k)$, we obtain

$$\left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} \left| \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} 2^{2m-1} (1 + |k - j|^2)^m |a(k - j)| |b(j)| \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3242)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} \left| \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} 2^{2m-1} (1 + |j|^2)^m |a(k - j)| |b(j)| \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3243)$$

$$\leq 2^{2m-1} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} |(\mathfrak{F}|a| * |b|)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} + 2^{2m-1} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} |(\mathfrak{F}|b| * |a|)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2}. \quad (3244)$$

By Young's inequality,

$$2^{2m-1} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} |(\mathfrak{F}|a| * |b|)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} + 2^{2m-1} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} |(\mathfrak{F}|b| * |a|)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3245)$$

$$\leq 2^{2m-1} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} |(\mathfrak{F}|a|)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \cdot \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} |b(k)| \right) \quad (3246)$$

$$+ 2^{2m-1} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} |(\mathfrak{F}|b|)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \cdot \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} |a(k)| \right) \quad (3247)$$

$$= 2^{2m-1} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^{2m} |a(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \cdot \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m |b(k)| \right) \quad (3248)$$

$$+ 2^{2m-1} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^{2m} |b(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \cdot \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m |a(k)| \right) \quad (3249)$$

$$\leq 2^{2m-1} (1 + N^2)^{m/2} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m |a(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \cdot \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} \quad (3250)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m |b(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3251)$$

$$+ 2^{2m-1} (1 + N^2)^{m/2} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m |b(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \cdot \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} \quad (3252)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m |a(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3253)$$

$$= 2^{2m} (1 + N^2)^{m/2} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} \|1_{|\cdot| \leq N} a\|_{h^m} \|1_{|\cdot| \leq N} b\|_{h^m}, \quad (3254)$$

as needed. ■

Lemma 9. *Let $m \geq 0$. If f is a periodic function such that $\text{supp } \mathcal{F}(f) \subseteq [-M, M]$, then*

$$\|f_\alpha\|_{H^m} \leq \tilde{r}(M) \|f\|_{H^m}, \quad (3255)$$

where

$$\tilde{r}(M) = (1 + M^2)^{1/2}. \quad (3256)$$

Proof.

$$\|f_\alpha\|_{H^m} \leq \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (1 + |k|^2)^{m+1} |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3257)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{|k| \leq M} (1 + |k|^2)^{m+1} |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3258)$$

$$\leq (1 + M^2)^{1/2} \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (1 + |k|^2)^m |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3259)$$

$$= (1 + M^2)^{1/2} \|f\|_{H^m}, \quad (3260)$$

as needed. ■

Using these lemmas, we present the derivation of an estimate for

$$\left\| \mathcal{J}_N \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,1}^1(\theta_N^1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,1}^1(\theta_N^2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \right\|_{H^m}, \quad (3261)$$

which is one of the terms making up the first term in the sum appearing in (3224). We recall that

$$B_{1,1}^1(\theta_N)(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+1} i^{j_1+j_2+1}}{2j_1!j_2!} j_1 \theta_N(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1} \quad (3262)$$

$$\cdot (\theta_N)_\alpha(\alpha - \beta) \theta_N(\alpha)^{j_2}. \quad (3263)$$

$$\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))(-1 + s) ds \quad (3264)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n. \quad (3265)$$

Using the telescoping sum, we obtain

$$B_{1,1}^1(\theta_N^1)(\alpha, \beta) - B_{1,1}^1(\theta_N^2)(\alpha, \beta) \quad (3266)$$

$$= - \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \left(\frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+1} i^{j_1+j_2+1}}{2j_1!j_2!} j_1 \theta_N^1(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1} \right. \quad (3267)$$

$$\cdot (\theta_N^1)_\alpha(\alpha - \beta) \theta_N^1(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (3268)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N^1(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (3269)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (3270)$$

$$- \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+1} i^{j_1+j_2+1}}{2j_1!j_2!} j_1 \theta_N^2(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1} \quad (3271)$$

$$\cdot (\theta_N^2)_\alpha(\alpha - \beta) \theta_N^2(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (3272)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N^2(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (3273)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^2(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (3274)$$

$$= - \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+1} i^{j_1+j_2+1}}{2j_1!j_2!} j_1 \quad (3275)$$

$$\cdot \left((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(\alpha - \beta) \theta_N^1(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-2} (\theta_N^1)_\alpha (\alpha - \beta) \theta_N^1(\alpha)^{j_2} \right. \quad (3276)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N^1(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (3277)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (3278)$$

$$+ \dots \quad (3279)$$

$$+ \theta_N^2(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-2} (\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(\alpha - \beta) (\theta_N^1)_\alpha (\alpha - \beta) \theta_N^1(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (3280)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N^1(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (3281)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (3282)$$

$$+ \theta_N^2(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1} ((\theta_N^1)_\alpha - (\theta_N^2)_\alpha) (\alpha - \beta) \theta_N^1(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (3283)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N^1(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (3284)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (3285)$$

$$+ \theta_N^2(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1} (\theta_N^2)_\alpha (\alpha - \beta) (\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(\alpha) \theta_N^1(\alpha)^{j_2-1} \quad (3286)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N^1(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (3287)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (3288)$$

$$+ \dots \quad (3289)$$

$$+ \theta_N^2(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1} (\theta_N^2)_\alpha (\alpha - \beta) \theta_N^2(\alpha)^{j_2-1} (\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(\alpha) \quad (3290)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N^1(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (3291)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (3292)$$

$$+ \theta_N^2(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1} (\theta_N^2)_\alpha (\alpha - \beta) \theta_N^2(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (3293)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (3294)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n \quad (3295)$$

$$+ \theta_N^2(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1}(\theta_N^2)_\alpha(\alpha - \beta)\theta_N^2(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (3296)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N^2(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (3297)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m - (-i\theta_N^2(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right) \quad (3298)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1} \quad (3299)$$

$$+ \dots \quad (3300)$$

$$+ \theta_N^2(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1}(\theta_N^2)_\alpha(\alpha - \beta)\theta_N^2(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (3301)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N^2(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (3302)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^2(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1} \quad (3303)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m - (-i\theta_N^2(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right) \Bigg). \quad (3304)$$

Let us consider the term starting in (3276), defined as

$$S_1(\alpha, \beta) = (\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(\alpha - \beta)\theta_N^1(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-2}(\theta_N^1)_\alpha(\alpha - \beta)\theta_N^1(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (3305)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N^1(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds \quad (3306)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n. \quad (3307)$$

Then

$$\mathcal{F}(S_1(\cdot, \beta))(k_1) \quad (3308)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(\cdot - \beta))(k_1 - k_2) \prod_{d=2}^{j_1-1} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1(\cdot - \beta))(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (3309)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1)_\alpha(\cdot - \beta))(k_{j_1} - k_{j_1+1}) \prod_{d=j_1+1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (3310)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\cdot + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (3311)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N^1(\cdot + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds\right)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (3312)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(k_1 - k_2) \prod_{d=2}^{j_1-1} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (3313)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1)_\alpha)(k_{j_1} - k_{j_1+1}) \prod_{d=j_1+1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (3314)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1)^m)(k_d - k_{d+1})\right) \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (3315)$$

$$\cdot e^{-i\beta(k_1-k_2)} e^{-i\beta(k_2-k_{j_1})} e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1}-k_{j_1+1})} \quad (3316)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} \left(\frac{i\beta e^{i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_d-k_{d+1})} ds\right) \quad (3317)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}} ds. \quad (3318)$$

We use arguments as in Section 13.1 to obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(S_1(\cdot, \beta))(k_1) \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (3319)$$

$$\leq C_n \left(|\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)| * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)| * |\mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1)_\alpha)| \right. \quad (3320)$$

$$\left. * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)| * |P(\theta_N^1)| * \dots * |P(\theta_N^1)| * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)| \right)(k_1). \quad (3321)$$

Hence,

$$\left\| \mathcal{J}_N \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} S_1(\cdot, \beta) \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right) \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3322)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} 1_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(S_1(\cdot, \beta))(k) \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3323)$$

$$\leq C_n \left\| 1_{|\cdot| \leq N} |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)| * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)| * |\mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1)_\alpha)| \right. \quad (3324)$$

$$\left. * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)| * |P(\theta_N^1)| * \cdots * |P(\theta_N^1)| * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)| \right\|_{h^m}. \quad (3325)$$

We can apply Lemma 8 to obtain

$$\left\| \mathcal{J}_N \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} S_1(\cdot, \beta) \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right) \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3326)$$

$$\leq C_n \cdot r(m, N)^{j_1 + j_2 + n} \quad (3327)$$

$$\cdot \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^m} \|\theta_N^1\|_{H^m}^{j_1 + j_2 - 1} \|(\theta_N^1)_\alpha\|_{H^m} \|1_{|\cdot| \leq N} P(\theta_N^1)\|_{h^m}^n. \quad (3328)$$

Using Lemma 9, we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} S_1(\cdot, \beta) \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3329)$$

$$\leq C_n \cdot r(m, N)^{j_1 + j_2 + n} \cdot \tilde{r}(N) \quad (3330)$$

$$\cdot \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^m} \|\theta_N^1\|_{H^m}^{j_1 + j_2} \|1_{|\cdot| \leq N} P(\theta_N^1)\|_{h^m}^n. \quad (3331)$$

Now, let us consider the term starting in (3299), defined as

$$S_7(\alpha, \beta) \quad (3332)$$

$$= \theta_N^2(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1 - 1} (\theta_N^2)_\alpha(\alpha - \beta) \theta_N^2(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (3333)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N^2(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s))(-1 + s) ds \quad (3334)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right. \quad (3335)$$

$$\left. - \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^2(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right) \quad (3336)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1}. \quad (3337)$$

We note that

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right) \quad (3338)$$

$$-\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \Big)(k_1) \quad (3339)$$

$$=\mathcal{F}\left(\frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} (e^{-i\theta_N^1(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} - 1) ds\right) \quad (3340)$$

$$-\frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} (e^{-i\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} - 1) ds \Big)(k_1) \quad (3341)$$

$$=\mathcal{F}\left(\frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} (e^{-i\theta_N^1(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} - e^{-i\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)}) ds \right)(k_1), \quad (3342)$$

where

$$\mathcal{F}\left(e^{-i\theta_N^1(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} - e^{-i\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)}\right)(k_1) \quad (3343)$$

$$=\mathcal{F}\left(e^{-i\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)} \left(e^{-i(\theta_N^1(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)-\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))} - 1\right)\right)(k_1) \quad (3344)$$

$$=\sum_{k_2 \in \mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{F}\left(e^{-i\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)}\right)(k_1 - k_2) \mathcal{F}\left(e^{-i(\theta_N^1(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)-\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))} - 1\right)(k_2). \quad (3345)$$

We have

$$\mathcal{F}\left(e^{-i\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)}\right)(k_1) \quad (3346)$$

$$=\mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!}\right)(k_1) \quad (3347)$$

$$=\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m(k_1) \quad (3348)$$

$$=\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_m \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{m-1} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))(k_d - k_{d+1}) \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))(k_m) \quad (3349)$$

$$=\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_m \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_1 - k_m)} \prod_{d=1}^{m-1} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \cdot e^{i(s-1)\beta k_m} \cdot \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)(k_m) \quad (3350)$$

$$=e^{i(s-1)\beta k_1} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)^m)(k_1) \quad (3351)$$

and

$$\mathcal{F}\left(e^{-i(\theta_N^1(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)-\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))} - 1\right)(k_1) \quad (3352)$$

$$= \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-i\left(\theta_N^1(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)-\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)\right)\right)^m}{m!}\right)(k_1) \quad (3353)$$

$$= \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}\left(\left(\theta_N^1(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)-\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)\right)^m\right)(k_1) \quad (3354)$$

$$= \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_m \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{m-1} \mathcal{F}\left(\theta_N^1(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)-\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)\right)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (3355)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\theta_N^1(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)-\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta)\right)(k_m) \quad (3356)$$

$$= \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_m \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{m-1} \left(e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_d - k_{d+1})} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \right. \quad (3357)$$

$$\left. - e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_d - k_{d+1})} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \right) \cdot e^{i(s-1)\beta k_m} \cdot (\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1)(k_m) - \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)(k_m)) \quad (3358)$$

$$= \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} e^{i(s-1)\beta k_1} \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_m \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{m-1} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \cdot \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(k_m) \quad (3359)$$

$$= e^{i(s-1)\beta k_1} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)^m)(k_1). \quad (3360)$$

Hence,

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right. \quad (3361)$$

$$\left. - \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^2(\alpha+(s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)(k_1) \quad (3362)$$

$$= \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \left(\sum_{k_2 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_1 - k_2)} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)^m)(k_1 - k_2) \right. \quad (3363)$$

$$\left. \cdot e^{i(s-1)\beta k_2} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)^m)(k_2) \right) ds \quad (3364)$$

$$= \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta k_1} ds \quad (3365)$$

$$\cdot \left(\left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)^m) \right) \right)(k_1). \quad (3366)$$

Then

$$\mathcal{F}(S_7(\cdot, \beta))(k_1) \quad (3367)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1-1} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2(\cdot - \beta))(k_d - k_{d+1}) \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)_\alpha(\cdot - \beta))(k_{j_1} - k_{j_1+1}) \quad (3368)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (3369)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right) \quad (3370)$$

$$- \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^2(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \quad (3371)$$

$$(k_{j_1+j_2+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+2}) \quad (3372)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+2}^{j_1+j_2+n} \mathcal{F}\left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\theta_N^1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds\right) (k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (3373)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}\left(\int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \theta_N^2(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s) ds\right) (k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (3374)$$

$$= \sum_{k_2, \dots, k_{j_1+j_2+n+1} \in \mathbb{Z}} \prod_{d=1}^{j_1-1} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)_\alpha)(k_{j_1} - k_{j_1+1}) \quad (3375)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+1}^{j_1+j_2} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \quad (3376)$$

$$\cdot \left(\left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)^m) \right) \right) (k_{j_1+j_2+1} - k_{j_1+j_2+2}) \quad (3377)$$

$$\cdot \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+2}^{j_1+j_2+n} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1)^m)(k_d - k_{d+1}) \right) \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)(k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}) \quad (3378)$$

$$\cdot e^{-i\beta(k_1-k_{j_1})} e^{-i\beta(k_{j_1}-k_{j_1+1})} \prod_{d=j_1+j_2+1}^{j_1+j_2+n} \frac{i\beta e^{i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-is\beta} e^{i(s-1)\beta(k_d-k_{d+1})} ds \quad (3379)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} (-1+s) e^{i\beta(-1+s)k_{j_1+j_2+n+1}} ds. \quad (3380)$$

Then

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(S_7(\cdot, \beta))(k_1) \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (3381)$$

$$\leq C_n \left(|\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)| * |\mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)_\alpha)| * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)| \right) \quad (3382)$$

$$* \left| \left(\left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)^m) \right) \right) \right| \quad (3383)$$

$$* |P(\theta_N^1)| * \cdots * |P(\theta_N^1)| * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)| \Big)(k_1). \quad (3384)$$

Hence,

$$\left\| \mathcal{J}_N \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} S_7(\cdot, \beta) \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right) \right\|_{H^{m'}} \quad (3385)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} 1_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^{m'} \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(S_7(\cdot, \beta))(k) \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3386)$$

$$\leq C_n \left\| 1_{|\cdot| \leq N} |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)| * |\mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)_\alpha)| * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)| \right\| \quad (3387)$$

$$* \left| \left(\left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)^m) \right) \right) \right| \quad (3388)$$

$$* |P(\theta_N^1)| * \cdots * |P(\theta_N^1)| * |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)| \Big\|_{h^{m'}} \quad (3389)$$

$$\leq C_n \cdot r(m', N)^{j_1+j_2+n} \|\theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}}^{j_1+j_2} \|(\theta_N^2)_\alpha\|_{H^{m'}} \quad (3390)$$

$$\cdot \left\| 1_{|\cdot| \leq N} \cdot \left(\left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)^m) \right) \right) (\cdot) \right\|_{h^{m'}} \quad (3391)$$

$$\cdot \|1_{|\cdot| \leq N} P(\theta_N^1)\|_{h^{m'}}^{n-1} \quad (3392)$$

$$\leq C_n \cdot r(m', N)^{j_1+j_2+n} \cdot \tilde{r}(N) \|\theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}}^{j_1+j_2+1} \quad (3393)$$

$$\cdot \left\| 1_{|\cdot| \leq N} \cdot \left(\left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)^m) \right) \right) (\cdot) \right\|_{h^{m'}} \quad (3394)$$

$$\cdot \|1_{|\cdot| \leq N} P(\theta_N^1)\|_{h^{m'}}^{n-1}. \quad (3395)$$

We note that

$$\|1_{|\cdot| \leq N} P(\theta_N^1)\|_{h^{m'}} \quad (3396)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^{m'} |P(\theta_N^1)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3397)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^{m'} \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1)^m)(k) \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3398)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^{m'} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{|\mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1)^m)(k)|}{m!} \right)^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3399)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(m!)^2} \sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^{m'} |\mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1)^m)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3400)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(m!)^2} \|1_{|\cdot| \leq N} (\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1) * \dots * \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1))\|_{h^{m'}}^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3401)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(m!)^2} \left(r(m', N)^{m-1} \|\theta_N^1\|_{H^{m'}}^m \right)^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3402)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(m!)^2} \left(r(m', N)^{m-1} M^m \right)^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3403)$$

$$\leq \left(\frac{1}{r(m', N)^2} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(M \cdot r(m', N))^{2m}}{m!} \right)^{1/2} \quad (3404)$$

$$= \frac{(e^{(M \cdot r(m', N))^2} - 1)^{1/2}}{r(m', N)}. \quad (3405)$$

Moreover,

$$\left\| 1_{|\cdot| \leq N} \cdot \left(\left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)^m) \right) \right) (\cdot) \right\|_{h^{m'}} \quad (3406)$$

$$\leq r(m', N) \left\| 1_{|\cdot| \leq N} \left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)^m) (\cdot) \right) \right\|_{h^{m'}} \quad (3407)$$

$$\cdot \left\| 1_{|\cdot| \leq N} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)^m) (\cdot) \right) \right\|_{h^{m'}}. \quad (3408)$$

We note that

$$\left\| 1_{|\cdot| \leq N} \left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)^m)(\cdot) \right) \right\|_{h^{m'}} \quad (3409)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^{m'} \left| \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)^m)(k) \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3410)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(m!)^2} \left(r(m', N)^{m-1} \|\theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}}^m \right)^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3411)$$

$$\leq \frac{(e^{M^2 r(m', N)^2})^{1/2}}{r(m', N)} \quad (3412)$$

and

$$\left\| 1_{|\cdot| \leq N} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)^m)(\cdot) \right) \right\|_{h^{m'}} \quad (3413)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^{m'} \left| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)^m)(k) \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3414)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(m!)^2} \left(r(m', N)^{m-1} \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}}^m \right)^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3415)$$

$$= \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{r(m', N) \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}}^{m-1}}{m!} \right)^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3416)$$

$$\leq \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}} \frac{1}{r(m', N) \cdot 2M} \left(e^{r(m', N)^2 (2M)^2} - 1 \right)^{1/2}. \quad (3417)$$

Hence,

$$\left\| 1_{|\cdot| \leq N} \cdot \left(\left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)^m) \right) \right) (\cdot) \right\|_{h^{m'}} \quad (3418)$$

$$\leq r(m', N) \cdot \frac{(e^{M^2 r(m', N)^2})^{1/2}}{r(m', N)} \cdot \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}} \frac{1}{r(m', N) \cdot 2M} \left(e^{r(m', N)^2 (2M)^2} - 1 \right)^{1/2}. \quad (3419)$$

Thus,

$$\left\| \mathcal{J}_N \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} S_7(\cdot, \beta) \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right) \right\|_{H^{m'}} \quad (3420)$$

$$\leq C_n \cdot r(m', N)^{j_1 + j_2 + n} \cdot \tilde{r}(N) \|\theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}}^{j_1 + j_2 + 1} \cdot \left(\frac{(e^{M \cdot r(m', N)^2} - 1)^{1/2}}{r(m', N)} \right)^{n-1} \quad (3421)$$

$$\cdot r(m', N) \cdot \frac{(e^{M^2 r(m', N)^2})^{1/2}}{r(m', N)} \cdot \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}} \frac{1}{r(m', N) \cdot 2M} \quad (3422)$$

$$\cdot \left(e^{r(m', N)^2 (2M)^2} - 1 \right)^{1/2}. \quad (3423)$$

Therefore,

$$\left\| \mathcal{J}_N \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,1}^1(\theta_N^1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,1}^1(\theta_N^2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \right\|_{H^{m'}} \quad (3424)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1}{2j_1!j_2!} \left(\left\| \mathcal{J}_N \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} S_1(\cdot, \beta) \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right) \right\|_{H^{m'}} + \dots \right. \quad (3425)$$

$$\left. + \left\| \mathcal{J}_N \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} S_7(\cdot, \beta) \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right) \right\|_{H^{m'}} + \dots \right) \quad (3426)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1}{2j_1!j_2!} C_n \cdot r(m', N)^{j_1+j_2+n} \cdot \tilde{r}(N) \quad (3427)$$

$$\cdot \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}} \|\theta_N^1\|_{H^{m'}}^{j_1+j_2} \|1_{|\cdot| \leq N} P(\theta_N^1)\|_{h^{m'}}^n \quad (3428)$$

$$+ \dots \quad (3429)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1}{2j_1!j_2!} C_n \cdot r(m', N)^{j_1+j_2+n} \cdot \tilde{r}(N) \|\theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}}^{j_1+j_2+1} \quad (3430)$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{(e^{(M \cdot r(m', N))^2} - 1)^{1/2}}{r(m', N)} \right)^{n-1} \quad (3431)$$

$$\cdot r(m', N) \cdot \frac{(e^{M^2 r(m', N)^2})^{1/2}}{r(m', N)} \cdot \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}} \frac{1}{r(m', N) \cdot 2M} \left(e^{r(m', N)^2 (2M)^2} - 1 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3432)$$

$$+ \dots \quad (3433)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1}{2j_1!j_2!} C_n \cdot r(m', N)^{j_1+j_2+n} \cdot \tilde{r}(N) \quad (3434)$$

$$\cdot \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}} M^{j_1+j_2} \left(\frac{(e^{(M \cdot r(m', N))^2} - 1)^{1/2}}{r(m', N)} \right)^n \quad (3435)$$

$$+ \dots \quad (3436)$$

$$+ \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1}{2j_1!j_2!} C_n \cdot r(m', N)^{j_1+j_2+n} \cdot \tilde{r}(N) \cdot M^{j_1+j_2+1} \quad (3437)$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{(e^{(M \cdot r(m', N))^2} - 1)^{1/2}}{r(m', N)} \right)^{n-1} \quad (3438)$$

$$\cdot r(m', N) \cdot \frac{(e^{M^2 r(m', N)^2})^{1/2}}{r(m', N)} \cdot \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^{m'}} \frac{1}{r(m', N) \cdot 2M} \left(e^{r(m', N)^2 (2M)^2} - 1 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3439)$$

$$+ \dots \quad (3440)$$

We choose M sufficiently small so that all the geometric series contained in the expression above converge. We can similarly derive estimates for the rest of the terms represented by the \dots above. In fact, using the techniques that have been showcased here, one can derive estimates for the rest of the terms making up the sum in (3224) and the term in (3225).

Next, we present the derivation of an estimate for

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (E_1)_\alpha(\theta_N^1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (E_1)_\alpha(\theta_N^2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{H^m}, \quad (3441)$$

which is one of the terms making up the sum in (3223). Recalling (996), we have

$$(E_1)_\alpha(\theta_N^1)(\alpha, \beta) - (E_1)_\alpha(\theta_N^2)(\alpha, \beta) \quad (3442)$$

$$= \frac{-e^{i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})(i(-1 + e^{i\beta}) + \beta(1 + e^{i\beta}))}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \quad (3443)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} ((\theta_N^1)_\alpha - (\theta_N^2)_\alpha)(\alpha + \beta(-1 + s)) ds. \quad (3444)$$

Then

$$\mathcal{F}((E_1)_\alpha(\theta_N^1)(\cdot, \beta) - (E_1)_\alpha(\theta_N^2)(\cdot, \beta))(k) \quad (3445)$$

$$= \frac{-e^{i\beta}(-1 + e^{i\beta})(i(-1 + e^{i\beta}) + \beta(1 + e^{i\beta}))}{2(-1 + e^{i\beta})^2} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} e^{ik\beta(-1+s)} ds \quad (3446)$$

$$\cdot \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1)_\alpha - (\theta_N^2)_\alpha)(k). \quad (3447)$$

Using the estimate in (1004), we obtain

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}((E_1)_\alpha(\theta_N^1)(\cdot, \beta) - (E_1)_\alpha(\theta_N^2)(\cdot, \beta))(k) d\beta \right| \quad (3448)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2\pi + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \pi^2 \right) |\mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1)_\alpha - (\theta_N^2)_\alpha)(k)|. \quad (3449)$$

Therefore,

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (E_1)_\alpha(\theta_N^1)(\cdot, \beta) - (E_1)_\alpha(\theta_N^2)(\cdot, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3450)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (1 + |k|^2)^m \left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}((E_1)_\alpha(\theta_N^1)(\cdot, \beta) - (E_1)_\alpha(\theta_N^2)(\cdot, \beta))(k) d\beta \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3451)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2\pi + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \pi^2 \right) \|(\theta_N^1)_\alpha - (\theta_N^2)_\alpha\|_{H^m} \quad (3452)$$

$$\leq \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(2\pi + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \pi^2 \right) \tilde{r}(N) \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^m}. \quad (3453)$$

We can similarly derive estimates for the rest of the terms in the sum in (3223). To derive estimates for the rest of the terms appearing in the upper bound shown in (3215) through (3220), the following lemmas are helpful.

Lemma 10. *If θ_N has finite support, then $T_N(\theta_N)$ has finite support.*

Proof. Using (30), we obtain that for $k \neq 0$,

$$\mathcal{F}(T_N(\theta_N))(k) = \mathcal{F}\left(\mathcal{M}\left((1 + (\theta_N)_\alpha)U_N(\theta_N)\right)\right)(k) \quad (3454)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{k}\mathcal{F}\left((1 + (\theta_N)_\alpha)U_N(\theta_N)\right)(k) \quad (3455)$$

$$= -\frac{i}{k}\left(\mathcal{F}(U_N(\theta_N))(k) + \mathcal{F}((\theta_N)_\alpha U_N(\theta_N))(k)\right). \quad (3456)$$

Since θ_N and $U_N(\theta_N)$ have finite support, the product $(\theta_N)_\alpha \cdot U_N(\theta_N)$ has finite support. Therefore, $T_N(\theta_N)$ has finite support as well, as needed. \blacksquare

Lemma 11. *If f is a periodic function such that $\text{supp } \hat{f} \subseteq [-M, M]$, then*

$$\|\mathcal{M}(f)\|_{H^m} \leq 2^M \|f\|_{H^m}. \quad (3457)$$

Proof.

$$\|\mathcal{M}(f)\|_{H^m} \quad (3458)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (1 + |k|^2)^m |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(f))(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3459)$$

$$= \left(\left| \sum_{j \neq 0} \frac{i}{j} \mathcal{F}(f)(j) \right|^2 + \sum_{k \neq 0} (1 + |k|^2)^m \left| -\frac{i}{k} \mathcal{F}(f)(k) \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3460)$$

$$\leq \left(\left(\sum_{k \neq 0} \frac{1}{|k|} |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)| \right)^2 + \sum_{k \neq 0} (1 + |k|^2)^{m-1} \left(\frac{1}{|k|^2} + 1 \right) |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3461)$$

$$= \left(\left(\sum_{\substack{|k| \leq M \\ k \neq 0}} \frac{1}{|k|} |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)| \right)^2 + \sum_{\substack{|k| \leq M \\ k \neq 0}} (1 + |k|^2)^{m-1} \left(\frac{1}{|k|^2} + 1 \right) |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3462)$$

$$\leq \left(2^{2M-1} \sum_{\substack{|k| \leq M \\ k \neq 0}} \frac{1}{|k|^2} |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)|^2 + \sum_{\substack{|k| \leq M \\ k \neq 0}} (1 + |k|^2)^m |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3463)$$

$$\leq \left(2^{2M} \sum_{|k| \leq M} (1 + |k|^2)^m |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3464)$$

$$= 2^M \|f\|_{H^m}. \quad (3465)$$

\blacksquare

Now, we consider the term $\|T_N(\theta_N^1) - T_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m}$, which appears in (3216). Using these

lemmas, we observe that

$$\|T_N(\theta_N^1) - T_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m} \quad (3466)$$

$$= \left\| \mathcal{M} \left((1 + (\theta_N^1)_\alpha) U_N(\theta_N^1) \right) - \mathcal{M} \left((1 + (\theta_N^2)_\alpha) U_N(\theta_N^2) \right) \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3467)$$

$$= \left\| \mathcal{M} \left(U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2) \right) + \mathcal{M} \left((\theta_N^1)_\alpha U_N(\theta_N^1) - (\theta_N^2)_\alpha U_N(\theta_N^2) \right) \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3468)$$

$$\leq \left\| \mathcal{M} \left(U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2) \right) \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3469)$$

$$+ \left\| \mathcal{M} \left((\theta_N^1)_\alpha U_N(\theta_N^1) - (\theta_N^1)_\alpha U_N(\theta_N^2) + (\theta_N^1)_\alpha U_N(\theta_N^2) - (\theta_N^2)_\alpha U_N(\theta_N^2) \right) \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3470)$$

$$\leq \left\| \mathcal{M} \left(U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2) \right) \right\|_{H^m} + \left\| \mathcal{M} \left((\theta_N^1)_\alpha (U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2)) \right) \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3471)$$

$$+ \left\| \mathcal{M} \left(((\theta_N^1)_\alpha - (\theta_N^2)_\alpha) U_N(\theta_N^2) \right) \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3472)$$

$$\leq 2^N \|U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m} + 2^{l(N)} \|(\theta_N^1)_\alpha (U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2))\|_{H^m} \quad (3473)$$

$$+ 2^{l(N)} \|((\theta_N^1)_\alpha - (\theta_N^2)_\alpha) U_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m} \quad (3474)$$

$$\leq 2^N \|U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m} + 2^{l(N)} r(m, N) \tilde{r}(N) \|\theta_N^1\|_{H^m} \|U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m} \quad (3475)$$

$$\leq 2^N \|U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m} + 2^{l(N)} r(m, N) \tilde{r}(N) M \|U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m} \quad (3476)$$

for some function $l(N)$ of N . Hence, it suffices to find an estimate for $\|U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m}$. To do so, we first observe that for any periodic function f ,

$$\mathcal{F}(\operatorname{Re}(f))(k) = \mathcal{F} \left(\frac{1}{2} (f + \bar{f}) \right) (k) \quad (3477)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\mathcal{F}(f)(k) + \mathcal{F}(\bar{f})(k) \right) \quad (3478)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\mathcal{F}(f)(k) + \overline{\mathcal{F}(f)(-k)} \right). \quad (3479)$$

Then

$$\left| \mathcal{F} \left(\operatorname{Re}(V(\theta_N^1)) - \operatorname{Re}(V(\theta_N^2)) \right) (k) \right| \quad (3480)$$

$$= \left| \frac{1}{2} \left(\mathcal{F}(V(\theta_N^1))(k) + \overline{\mathcal{F}(V(\theta_N^1))(-k)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\mathcal{F}(V(\theta_N^2))(k) + \overline{\mathcal{F}(V(\theta_N^2))(-k)} \right) \right| \quad (3481)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} \left(|\mathcal{F}(V(\theta_N^1) - V(\theta_N^2))(k)| + |\mathcal{F}(V(\theta_N^1) - V(\theta_N^2))(-k)| \right). \quad (3482)$$

Hence,

$$\left| \mathcal{F} \left(\operatorname{Re}(V(\theta_N^1)) - \operatorname{Re}(V(\theta_N^2)) \right) (k) \right|^2 \quad (3483)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(|\mathcal{F}(V(\theta_N^1) - V(\theta_N^2))(k)|^2 + |\mathcal{F}(V(\theta_N^1) - V(\theta_N^2))(-k)|^2 \right). \quad (3484)$$

Thus,

$$\|U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m} \quad (3485)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (1 + |k|^2)^m \left| \mathcal{F} \left(U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2) \right) (k) \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3486)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \left| \mathcal{F} \left(\operatorname{Re}(V(\theta_N^1)) - \operatorname{Re}(V(\theta_N^2)) \right) (k) \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3487)$$

$$\leq \left(\frac{1}{2} \sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \left| \mathcal{F}(V(\theta_N^1) - V(\theta_N^2))(k) \right|^2 \right. \quad (3488)$$

$$\left. + \left| \mathcal{F}(V(\theta_N^1) - V(\theta_N^2))(-k) \right|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3489)$$

$$\leq \|V(\theta_N^1) - V(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m} \quad (3490)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j=1}^7 \left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_j(\theta_N^1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_j(\theta_N^2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3491)$$

$$+ \sum_{j=1}^8 \left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B}_j(\theta_N^1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B}_j(\theta_N^2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{H^m} \quad (3492)$$

$$+ \left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B}_{13}(\theta_N^1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \widetilde{B}_{13}(\theta_N^2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{H^m}. \quad (3493)$$

The derivation of an appropriate estimate for $\|U_N(\theta_N^1) - U_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m}$ can be completed using the techniques that had been introduced earlier for $\|(U_\alpha)_N(\theta_N^1) - (U_\alpha)_N(\theta_N^2)\|_{H^m}$. Moreover, we note that using the techniques introduced thus far, appropriate estimates for the terms $\|T_N(\theta_N^1)((\theta_N^1)_\alpha - (\theta_N^2)_\alpha)\|_{H^m}$ and $\|(T_N(\theta_N^1) - T_N(\theta_N^2))(\theta_N^2)_\alpha\|_{H^m}$ in (3217) and the terms in (3220) can be derived. Lastly, we derive an appropriate estimate for

$$R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^\alpha e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (3494)$$

$$- R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^\alpha e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}. \quad (3495)$$

which appears in (3218) through (3219). We note that for a concave function f ,

$$f(y) - f(x) \leq f'(x)(y - x) \quad (3496)$$

for all $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$. If $y > x$, then

$$\frac{f(y) - f(x)}{y - x} \leq f'(x). \quad (3497)$$

If f is also monotone, then

$$\left| \frac{f(y) - f(x)}{y - x} \right| \leq f'(x). \quad (3498)$$

Without loss of generality, we let

$$\operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \quad (3499)$$

$$> \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha. \quad (3500)$$

Since the square root function is concave and monotone,

$$|y^{1/2} - x^{1/2}| \leq \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} |y - x| \quad (3501)$$

for $y > x$. In particular,

$$R^{-1} \left| \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{1/2} \right. \quad (3502)$$

$$\left. - \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{1/2} \right| \quad (3503)$$

$$\leq R^{-1} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{-1/2} \quad (3504)$$

$$\cdot \left| \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} e^{i(\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))} d\eta d\alpha \right. \quad (3505)$$

$$\left. - \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} e^{i(\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))} d\eta d\alpha \right| \quad (3506)$$

$$\leq R^{-1} \cdot \frac{1}{4\pi} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{-1/2} \quad (3507)$$

$$\cdot \left| \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} (e^{i(\theta_N^1(\alpha) - \theta_N^1(\eta))} - e^{i(\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))}) d\eta d\alpha \right|. \quad (3508)$$

We note that

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} (e^{i(\theta_N^1(\alpha)-\theta_N^1(\eta))} - e^{i(\theta_N^2(\alpha)-\theta_N^2(\eta))}) d\eta d\alpha \quad (3509)$$

$$= \frac{1}{i} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha} (e^{i\alpha}) \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} (e^{i(\theta_N^1(\alpha)-\theta_N^1(\eta))} - e^{i(\theta_N^2(\alpha)-\theta_N^2(\eta))}) d\eta d\alpha \quad (3510)$$

$$= \frac{1}{i} \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha} \left(e^{i\alpha} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{-i\eta} (e^{i(\theta_N^1(\alpha)-\theta_N^1(\eta))} - e^{i(\theta_N^2(\alpha)-\theta_N^2(\eta))}) d\eta \right) d\alpha \right. \quad (3511)$$

$$\left. - \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (e^{i(\theta_N^1(\alpha)-\theta_N^1(\alpha))} - e^{i(\theta_N^2(\alpha)-\theta_N^2(\alpha))}) d\alpha \right) \quad (3512)$$

$$= \frac{1}{i} \left(e^{i\pi} \int_0^{\pi} e^{-i\eta} (e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi)-\theta_N^1(\eta))} - e^{i(\theta_N^2(\pi)-\theta_N^2(\eta))}) d\eta \right. \quad (3513)$$

$$\left. - e^{-i\pi} \int_0^{-\pi} e^{-i\eta} (e^{i(\theta_N^1(-\pi)-\theta_N^1(\eta))} - e^{i(\theta_N^2(-\pi)-\theta_N^2(\eta))}) d\eta \right) \quad (3514)$$

$$= i \left(\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{-i\eta} (e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi)-\theta_N^1(\eta))} - e^{i(\theta_N^2(\pi)-\theta_N^2(\eta))}) d\eta \right) \quad (3515)$$

$$= 2\pi i \cdot \mathcal{F} \left(e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi)-\theta_N^1(\eta))} - e^{i(\theta_N^2(\pi)-\theta_N^2(\eta))} \right) (1) \quad (3516)$$

$$= 2\pi i \mathcal{F} \left(e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi)-\theta_N^1(\eta))} - e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi)-\theta_N^2(\eta))} + e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi)-\theta_N^2(\eta))} - e^{i(\theta_N^2(\pi)-\theta_N^2(\eta))} \right) (1) \quad (3517)$$

$$= 2\pi i \mathcal{F} \left(e^{i\theta_N^1(\pi)} \left(e^{-i\theta_N^1(\eta)} - e^{-i\theta_N^2(\eta)} \right) + e^{-i\theta_N^2(\eta)} \left(e^{i\theta_N^1(\pi)} - e^{i\theta_N^2(\pi)} \right) \right) (1) \quad (3518)$$

$$= 2\pi i \mathcal{F} \left(e^{i\theta_N^1(\pi)} e^{-i\theta_N^2(\eta)} \left(e^{-i(\theta_N^1(\eta)-\theta_N^2(\eta))} - 1 \right) \right) (1) \quad (3519)$$

$$+ 2\pi i \mathcal{F} \left(e^{-i\theta_N^2(\eta)} e^{i\theta_N^2(\pi)} \left(e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi)-\theta_N^2(\pi))} - 1 \right) \right) (1), \quad (3520)$$

where

$$\left| \mathcal{F} \left(e^{i\theta_N^1(\pi)} e^{-i\theta_N^2(\eta)} \left(e^{-i(\theta_N^1(\eta)-\theta_N^2(\eta))} - 1 \right) \right) (1) \right| \quad (3521)$$

$$= \left| \sum_{k_2, k_3 \in \mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{F}(e^{i\theta_N^1(\pi)})(1 - k_2) \mathcal{F}(e^{-i\theta_N^2(\eta)})(k_2 - k_3) \mathcal{F}(e^{-i(\theta_N^1(\eta)-\theta_N^2(\eta))} - 1)(k_3) \right| \quad (3522)$$

$$= \left| \sum_{k_3 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{i\theta_N^1(\pi)} \mathcal{F}(e^{-i\theta_N^2(\eta)})(1 - k_3) \mathcal{F}(e^{-i(\theta_N^1(\eta)-\theta_N^2(\eta))} - 1)(k_3) \right| \quad (3523)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_3 \in \mathbb{Z}} \left| \mathcal{F}(e^{-i(\theta_N^1(\eta)-\theta_N^2(\eta))} - 1)(k_3) \right| \quad (3524)$$

and

$$\left| \mathcal{F}\left(e^{-i\theta_N^2(\eta)} e^{i\theta_N^2(\pi)} \left(e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi) - \theta_N^2(\pi))} - 1\right)\right)(1) \right| \quad (3525)$$

$$= \left| \sum_{k_2, k_3 \in \mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{F}(e^{i\theta_N^2(\pi)})(1 - k_2) \mathcal{F}(e^{-i\theta_N^2(\eta)})(k_2 - k_3) \mathcal{F}(e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi) - \theta_N^2(\pi))} - 1)(k_3) \right| \quad (3526)$$

$$= \left| \sum_{k_3 \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{i\theta_N^2(\pi)} \mathcal{F}(e^{-i\theta_N^2(\eta)})(1 - k_3) \mathcal{F}(e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi) - \theta_N^2(\pi))} - 1)(k_3) \right| \quad (3527)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k_3 \in \mathbb{Z}} \left| \mathcal{F}(e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi) - \theta_N^2(\pi))} - 1)(k_3) \right|. \quad (3528)$$

Since

$$\mathcal{F}(e^{-i(\theta_N^1(\eta) - \theta_N^2(\eta))} - 1)(k) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (e^{-i(\theta_N^1(\eta) - \theta_N^2(\eta))} - 1) e^{-ik\eta} d\eta \quad (3529)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\eta) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n e^{-ik\eta} d\eta \quad (3530)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^n}{n!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1(\eta) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n)(k), \quad (3531)$$

and

$$\mathcal{F}(e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi) - \theta_N^2(\pi))} - 1)(k) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi) - \theta_N^2(\pi))} - 1) e^{-ik\eta} d\eta \quad (3532)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^1(\pi) - \theta_N^2(\pi))^n e^{-ik\eta} d\eta \quad (3533)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{i^n}{n!} \mathcal{F}((\theta_N^1(\pi) - \theta_N^2(\pi))^n)(k), \quad (3534)$$

we have

$$\left| \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} (e^{i(\theta_N^1(\alpha)-\theta_N^1(\eta))} - e^{i(\theta_N^2(\alpha)-\theta_N^2(\eta))}) d\eta d\alpha \right| \quad (3535)$$

$$\leq 2\pi \left| \mathcal{F} \left(e^{i\theta_N^1(\pi)} e^{-i\theta_N^2(\eta)} \left(e^{-i(\theta_N^1(\eta)-\theta_N^2(\eta))} - 1 \right) \right) (1) \right| \quad (3536)$$

$$+ 2\pi \left| \mathcal{F} \left(e^{-i\theta_N^2(\eta)} e^{i\theta_N^2(\pi)} \left(e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi)-\theta_N^2(\pi))} - 1 \right) \right) (1) \right| \quad (3537)$$

$$\leq 2\pi \sum_{k_3 \in \mathbb{Z}} \left| \mathcal{F}(e^{-i(\theta_N^1(\eta)-\theta_N^2(\eta))} - 1)(k_3) \right| \quad (3538)$$

$$+ 2\pi \sum_{k_3 \in \mathbb{Z}} \left| \mathcal{F}(e^{i(\theta_N^1(\pi)-\theta_N^2(\pi))} - 1)(k_3) \right| \quad (3539)$$

$$\leq 2\pi \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^n}{n!} + 2\pi \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\theta_N^1(\pi) - \theta_N^2(\pi)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^n}{n!} \quad (3540)$$

$$\leq 2\pi \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\|\theta_N^1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|\theta_N^2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}})^{n-1}}{n!} \quad (3541)$$

$$+ 2\pi \|\theta_N^1(\pi) - \theta_N^2(\pi)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\|\theta_N^1(\pi)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|\theta_N^2(\pi)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}})^{n-1}}{n!}. \quad (3542)$$

Since

$$\|\theta_N^2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)(k)| \quad (3543)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} 1_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)(k)| \quad (3544)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \left(1_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^{m/2} \right)^2 \right)^{1/2} \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \left((1 + |k|^2)^{m/2} |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^2)(k)| \right)^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3545)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} \|\theta_N^2\|_{H^m} \quad (3546)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} M, \quad (3547)$$

and

$$\|\theta_N^1(\pi) - \theta_N^2(\pi)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1(\pi) - \theta_N^2(\pi))(k)| \quad (3548)$$

$$= |\theta_N^1(\pi) - \theta_N^2(\pi)| \quad (3549)$$

$$= \left| \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(k) e^{ik\pi} \right| \quad (3550)$$

$$\leq \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}, \quad (3551)$$

we have

$$\left| \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} (e^{i(\theta_N^1(\alpha)-\theta_N^1(\eta))} - e^{i(\theta_N^2(\alpha)-\theta_N^2(\eta))}) d\eta d\alpha \right| \quad (3552)$$

$$\leq 2\pi \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(2 \cdot \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} M \right)^{n-1}}{n!} \quad (3553)$$

$$+ 2\pi \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(2 \cdot \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} M \right)^{n-1}}{n!}. \quad (3554)$$

We note that

$$\|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(k)| \quad (3555)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (1 + |k|^2)^m |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(k)| \quad (3556)$$

$$\leq \sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(k)| \quad (3557)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2)(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3558)$$

$$\leq \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^m}. \quad (3559)$$

Hence,

$$\left| \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} (e^{i(\theta_N^1(\alpha)-\theta_N^1(\eta))} - e^{i(\theta_N^2(\alpha)-\theta_N^2(\eta))}) d\eta d\alpha \right| \quad (3560)$$

$$\leq 2\pi \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^m} \quad (3561)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(2 \cdot \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} M \right)^{n-1}}{n!} \quad (3562)$$

$$+ 2\pi \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} \|\theta_N^1 - \theta_N^2\|_{H^m} \quad (3563)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(2 \cdot \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} M \right)^{n-1}}{n!}. \quad (3564)$$

As for

$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{-1/2}, \quad (3565)$$

which appears in (3507), we use the estimate in (845) to obtain

$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{-1/2} \quad (3566)$$

$$\leq \left(1 - \frac{\pi}{2} \left(e^{2\|\theta_N^2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1 \right) \right)^{-1/2}. \quad (3567)$$

Using the estimate in (3543), we obtain

$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta_N^2(\alpha) - \theta_N^2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{-1/2} \quad (3568)$$

$$\leq \left(1 - \frac{\pi}{2} \left(e^{2 \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1+|k|^2)^m \right)^{1/2} M} - 1 \right) \right)^{-1/2}. \quad (3569)$$

We choose M sufficiently small so that (3569) is well-defined. We note that an appropriate estimate for the expression in (3215) can be derived similarly. This completes the proof that the operator $\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N$ is indeed locally Lipschitz continuous. Therefore, by Picard's theorem, for any $\theta_{N,0} \in O^M$, there exists a time $T_N > 0$ such that the ordinary differential equation

$$\frac{d\theta_N}{dt} = (\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N)(\theta_N), \quad (3570)$$

$$\theta_N(0) = \theta_{N,0} \in O^M \quad (3571)$$

has a unique local solution $\theta_N \in C^1([0, T_N]; O^M)$.

15.3.3 Derivation of an *a priori* Estimate

For every $n \in \mathbb{N}$, define $\phi_N(\alpha, t) = \theta_N(\alpha, t) - \hat{\theta}_N(0, t)$. We let

$$(U_\alpha)_N(\theta_N) = (U_\alpha)_{N,0}(\theta_N) + (U_\alpha)_{N,1}(\theta_N) + (U_\alpha)_{N,2}(\theta_N), \quad (3572)$$

$$T_N(\theta_N) = T_{N,0}(\theta_N) + T_{N,1}(\theta_N) + T_{N,2}(\theta_N), \quad (3573)$$

where $(U_\alpha)_{N,0}(\theta_N)$, $(U_\alpha)_{N,1}(\theta_N)$, and $(U_\alpha)_{N,2}(\theta_N)$ are the parts of $(U_\alpha)_N(\theta_N)$ that are constant, linear, and superlinear in the variable θ_N ; and $T_{N,0}(\theta_N)$, $T_{N,1}(\theta_N)$, and $T_{N,2}(\theta_N)$ are the parts of $T_N(\theta_N)$ that are constant, linear, and superlinear in the variable θ_N . We note that

$$\frac{d\theta_N}{dt} = \mathcal{L}_N(\theta_N) + \mathcal{N}_N(\theta_N), \quad (3574)$$

where $\mathcal{L}_N(\theta_N)$ and $\mathcal{N}_N(\theta_N)$ are the parts of the right hand side of (3570) which are linear and superlinear in the variable θ_N . In particular,

$$\mathcal{L}_N(\theta_N) = \frac{2\pi}{L(\theta_N)(t)} \left((U_\alpha)_{N,1}(\theta_N) + T_{N,0}(\theta_N) \cdot (\theta_N)_\alpha + T_{N,1}(\theta_N) \right) \quad (3575)$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{L(\theta_N)(t)} \left((U_\alpha)_{N,1}(\theta_N) + T_{N,1}(\theta_N) \right) \quad (3576)$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{L(\theta_N)(t)} \left((U_\alpha)_{N,1}(\theta_N) + \mathcal{M} \left(U_{N,1}(\theta_N)(\alpha) \right) \right) \quad (3577)$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{L(\theta_N)(t)} \left((\mathcal{J}_N \circ \text{Re}) \left(\sum_{j=1}^7 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (E_j)_\alpha(\theta_N)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \right) \quad (3578)$$

$$+ \mathcal{M} \left((\mathcal{J}_N \circ \text{Re}) \left(\sum_{j=1}^7 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_j(\theta_N)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \right) \quad (3579)$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_N)(t)} \left((\mathcal{J}_N \circ \text{Re}) \left(\sum_{j=1}^7 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (E_j)_\alpha(\phi_N)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \right) \quad (3580)$$

$$+ \mathcal{M} \left((\mathcal{J}_N \circ \text{Re}) \left(\sum_{j=1}^7 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_j(\phi_N)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \right). \quad (3581)$$

Hence, for $k \neq 0$,

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L}_N(\phi_N))(k) = \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_N)(t)} \left(1_{|k| \leq N} \cdot \mathcal{F} \left(\text{Re} \left(\sum_{j=1}^7 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (E_j)_\alpha(\phi_N)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \right) (k) \right) \quad (3582)$$

$$- 1_{|k| \leq N} \cdot \frac{i}{k} \mathcal{F} \left(\text{Re} \left(\sum_{j=1}^7 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} E_j(\phi_N)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \right) (k). \quad (3583)$$

We note that this expression differs from that of $\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L})(k)$ in (349) only by the presence of $1_{|k| \leq N}$. This means that for $1 \leq |k| \leq N$, the analogue of the expression in (817) holds, i.e.,

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{L}_N(\phi_N))(k) = \begin{cases} 0 & |k| > N, \\ -\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_N)(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi_N)(k) \pi |k| & 1 < |k| \leq N, \\ 0 & |k| = 1. \end{cases} \quad (3584)$$

Defining

$$\tilde{\mathcal{L}}_N(\theta_N) = \frac{L(\theta_N)(t)}{2\pi} \mathcal{L}_N(\theta_N), \quad (3585)$$

$$\tilde{\mathcal{N}}_N(\theta_N) = \frac{L(\theta_N)(t)}{2\pi} \mathcal{N}_N(\theta_N), \quad (3586)$$

we note that

$$\tilde{\mathcal{N}}_N(\phi_N) = (U_\alpha)_{N,2}(\phi_N) + T_{N,2}(\phi_N)(1 + (\phi_N)_\alpha) + T_{N,1}(\phi_N) \cdot (\phi_N)_\alpha. \quad (3587)$$

The analogues of Lemmas 1 and 2 hold for $T_{N,2}(\phi_N)(1 + (\phi_N)_\alpha)$ and $T_{N,1}(\phi_N) \cdot (\phi_N)_\alpha$, respectively. Hence, it suffices to derive estimates for the $\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}$ and $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ norms of $U_{N,1}(\phi_N)$ and $U_{N,2}(\phi_N)$, as well as the $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ norm of $(U_\alpha)_{N,2}(\phi_N)$. For these norms, we can use the estimates presented in Sections 12, 13, and 14. Using (3584), we obtain for $0 < |k| \leq N$,

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathcal{F}(\phi_N)(k) = \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi_N)(k) (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \mathcal{F}(\tilde{\mathcal{N}}_N(\phi_N))(k), \quad (3588)$$

where J_1 and J_2 are the same as in (859). Since ϕ_N is real-valued, for $k > 0$,

$$\left| \hat{\phi}_N(-k) \right| = \left| \overline{\hat{\phi}_N(k)} \right| = \left| \hat{\phi}_N(k) \right|. \quad (3589)$$

Then for $s > 0$,

$$\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} = \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k|^s \left| \hat{\phi}_N(k) \right| = 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \left| \hat{\phi}_N(k) \right|. \quad (3590)$$

The norm $\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}$ is differentiable with respect to time with

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} = 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} \nu'(t) k \cdot k^s \left| \hat{\phi}_N(k) \right| + e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left| \hat{\phi}_N(k) \right| \quad (3591)$$

$$= 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} \nu'(t) k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}_N(k) \right| \quad (3592)$$

$$+ e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \frac{1}{\left| \hat{\phi}_N(k) \right|} \frac{1}{2} \left(\hat{\phi}_N(k) \overline{\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}_N(k)} + \overline{\hat{\phi}_N(k)} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}_N(k) \right) \quad (3593)$$

$$= 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} \nu'(t) k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}_N(k) \right| \quad (3594)$$

$$+ 2 \sum_{k \geq 1} e^{\nu(t)k} k^s \frac{\hat{\phi}_N(k) \overline{\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}_N(k)} + \overline{\hat{\phi}_N(k)} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}_N(k)}{2 \left| \hat{\phi}_N(k) \right|}, \quad (3595)$$

where $\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\phi}_N(k)$ is given in (3588). In particular, $\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}$ is continuous with respect to time. We can use the calculations presented in Section 10 to obtain

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \nu'(t) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} - \pi \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}_N(k) \right| + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \left\| \tilde{\mathcal{N}}_N \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (3596)$$

$$+ 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} A \|\phi_N\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{k \geq 2} e^{\nu(t)k} k^{s+1} \left| \hat{\phi}_N(k) \right|. \quad (3597)$$

Since $\hat{\phi}_N(1) = 0$, this is equal to

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \leq \nu'(t) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} - \pi \frac{1}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} + \frac{2\pi}{L(t)} \|\tilde{\mathcal{N}}_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}} \quad (3598)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} A \|\phi_N\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} \quad (3599)$$

$$\leq \left(\nu'(t) - \pi \frac{1}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} A \|\phi_N\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \right) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s+1,1}} \quad (3600)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{R} \frac{1}{A_1} \|\tilde{\mathcal{N}}_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}}. \quad (3601)$$

Now, setting $s = 1$ and using the estimates for the $\mathcal{F}_\nu^{0,1}$ and $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ norms of $U_{N,1}(\phi_N)$ and $U_{N,2}(\phi_N)$, as well as the $\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{s,1}$ norm of $(U_\alpha)_{N,2}(\phi_N)$, we obtain

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \leq - \left(\Lambda(\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(t) \right) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}}, \quad (3602)$$

where

$$\Lambda(\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) = \pi \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} A(\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \quad (3603)$$

$$- \frac{1}{R} \frac{1}{A_1(\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}})} \quad (3604)$$

$$\cdot \left(R_1(\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + R_2(\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \right. \quad (3605)$$

$$+ R_3(\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 + R_4(\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 \quad (3606)$$

$$+ R_5(\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \quad (3607)$$

$$+ 3(H_3 \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3608)$$

$$+ 3 \left(D_1(\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 \right) \quad (3609)$$

$$\cdot (1 + 2 \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3610)$$

$$+ (D_1(\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + D_2(\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3611)$$

$$\cdot (1 + 2 \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3612)$$

$$+ 6 \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} (H_3 \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \quad (3613)$$

$$+ 2 (H_3 \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) \Big). \quad (3614)$$

We note that the above expression is well-defined only when $\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}$ is small enough for all the geometric series with respect to n contained in this expression to converge. To ensure that this expression is well-defined for all time, we need to choose an appropriate initial

datum. We let $\theta^0 \in \dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}$, $\text{Im}(\theta^0) = 0$, such that $\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) > 0$, where

$$\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) = \pi \frac{2}{R} \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} A(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}} \quad (3615)$$

$$- \frac{1}{R} \frac{1}{A_1(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}})} \left(R_1(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}} + R_2(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}} \right. \quad (3616)$$

$$+ R_3(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}^2 + R_4(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}^2 \quad (3617)$$

$$+ R_5(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}} \quad (3618)$$

$$+ 3 (H_3 \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \quad (3619)$$

$$+ 3 \left(D_1(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}^2 + D_2(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}^2 \right) (1 + 2 \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \quad (3620)$$

$$+ (D_1(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}} + D_2(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) (1 + 2 \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \quad (3621)$$

$$+ 6 \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}} (H_3 \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \quad (3622)$$

$$+ 2 (H_3 \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}} + H_4 \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}) \Big). \quad (3623)$$

To make $\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}})$ well-defined, we choose $\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}$ small enough so that all of the geometric series with respect to n contained in this expression converge. We further require that

$$|\mathcal{F}(\theta^0)(0)| + Y\left(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}}\right) + 2^{1/2} \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{1,1}} < M, \quad (3624)$$

where the function Y is defined in (3142). For each $N \in \mathbb{N}$, let $\theta_{N,0} = \mathcal{J}_N^1 \theta^0 \in H_N^m$. Then

$$\|\theta_{N,0}\|_{H^m} = \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (1 + |k|^2)^m |\mathcal{F}(\theta_{N,0})(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3625)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^m |\mathcal{F}(\theta_{N,0})(k)|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (3626)$$

$$\leq \sum_{|k| \leq N} (1 + |k|^2)^{m/2} |\mathcal{F}(\theta_{N,0})(k)| \quad (3627)$$

$$\leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta_{N,0})(0)| + 2^{m/2} \sum_{1 \leq |k| \leq N} |k|^m |\mathcal{F}(\theta_{N,0})(k)| \quad (3628)$$

$$\leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta^0)(0)| + 2^{m/2} \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{m,1}} \quad (3629)$$

$$\leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta^0)(0)| + Y\left(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{m,1}}\right) + 2^{m/2} \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{J}}^{m,1}}. \quad (3630)$$

Choosing $m = 1$, we obtain

$$\|\theta_{N,0}\|_{H^1} < M, \quad (3631)$$

which ensures that the initial datum $\theta_{N,0}$ lies in O^M as prescribed by Picard's theorem. Let

$$\phi^0 = \theta^0 - \hat{\theta}^0(0), \quad (3632)$$

$$\phi_{N,0} = \theta_{N,0} - \hat{\theta}_{N,0}(0). \quad (3633)$$

We note that $\|\phi_{N,0}\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \leq \|\phi^0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}$. Since $\Lambda(\cdot)$ is monotone decreasing, for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$,

$$0 < \Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) = \Lambda(\|\phi^0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \leq \Lambda(\|\phi_{N,0}\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}). \quad (3634)$$

We choose ν_0 such that $0 < \nu_0 < \Lambda(\|\phi^0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) < \Lambda(\|\phi_{N,0}\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}})$. From (9), it follows that for all $\tau \geq 0$,

$$0 < \nu'(\tau) = \frac{\nu_0}{(1+\tau)^2} \leq \nu_0. \quad (3635)$$

Then

$$\Lambda(\|\phi_{N,0}\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) - \nu'(0) > 0. \quad (3636)$$

Let

$$T_{N,1} = \sup \left\{ t_1 \in [0, T_N] : \Lambda(\|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\tau) > 0 \text{ for all } \tau \in [0, t_1] \right\}. \quad (3637)$$

Since $\Lambda(\|\phi_{N,0}\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) - \nu'(0) > 0$ and $\Lambda(\|\phi_N(\cdot)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\cdot)$ is a continuous function of time, we have $T_{N,1} > 0$. For any $\tau \in [0, T_{N,1}]$,

$$\Lambda(\|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\tau) > 0. \quad (3638)$$

If $t_1 \in [0, T_{N,1}]$ and $t_2 \in [t_1, T_{N,1}]$, then

$$\|\phi_N(t_2)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}} + \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \left(\Lambda(\|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\tau) \right) \|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \leq \|\phi_N(t_1)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}. \quad (3639)$$

Since

$$\int_{t_1}^{t_2} \left(\Lambda(\|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\tau) \right) \|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau > 0, \quad (3640)$$

it follows from (3639) that $\|\phi_N(t_2)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}} \leq \|\phi_N(t_1)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}$. Since Λ is a monotone decreasing function of $\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}$, this means that $\Lambda(\|\phi_N(t_2)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}) \geq \Lambda(\|\phi_N(t_1)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}})$, i.e., $\Lambda(\|\phi_N(\cdot)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}})$ is a monotone increasing function on $[0, T_{N,1}]$. Suppose for contradiction that $T_{N,1} < T_N$. If $\Lambda(\|\phi_N(T_{N,1})\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(T_{N,1}) \leq 0$, then since $\Lambda(\|\phi_N(\cdot)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}})$ is monotone increasing on $[0, T_{N,1}]$,

$$\nu_0 = \nu'(0) < \Lambda(\|\phi_{N,0}\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) \leq \Lambda(\|\phi_N(T_{N,1})\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}) \leq \nu'(T_{N,1}) = \frac{\nu_0}{(1+T_{N,1})^2} < \nu_0, \quad (3641)$$

which is a contradiction. If on the other hand $\Lambda(\|\phi_N(T_{N,1})\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(T_{N,1}) > 0$, then the function $\Lambda(\|\phi_N(\cdot)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\cdot)$ is discontinuous at $T_{N,1} \in (0, T_N)$, a contradiction as well. Hence, we conclude that $T_{N,1} = T_N$. Thus, for all $t \in [0, T_N]$,

$$\|\phi_N(t)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}} \leq \|\phi_{N,0}\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} - \int_0^t \left(\Lambda(\|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(\tau) \right) \|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3642)$$

$$\leq \|\phi_{N,0}\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} - \int_0^t \left(\Lambda(\|\phi_{N,0}\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3643)$$

$$\leq \|\phi_{N,0}\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} - \int_0^t \left(\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3644)$$

$$\leq \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} - \int_0^t \left(\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{J}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau. \quad (3645)$$

Therefore, for all $t \in [0, T_N)$,

$$\|\phi_N(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + \left(\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \int_0^t \|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \leq \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}. \quad (3646)$$

Moreover, for all $t \in [0, T_N)$,

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \leq - \left(\Lambda(\|\phi_N(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu'(t) \right) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} \quad (3647)$$

$$\leq - \left(\Lambda(\|\phi_{N,0}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} \quad (3648)$$

$$\leq - \left(\Lambda(\|\phi_{N,0}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}, \quad (3649)$$

from which we deduce that $\|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}$ decays exponentially on $[0, T_N)$.

15.3.4 A Remark on the Solution Being Global in Time

The global-in-time nature of the solution to the original equations for the dynamics of the interface is inherited from that of the solutions to the regularized equations. The latter is a consequence of the continuation property of Picard's theorem in the Banach space setting and the fact that the zeroth Fourier mode of θ_N is bounded in time. We fix $\epsilon > 0$ to be arbitrarily small and let $0_{new} = T_N - \epsilon$ be the new initial time. Then

$$\|\theta_{N,0_{new}}\|_{H^1} \leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta_{N,0_{new}})(0)| + 2^{1/2} \|\theta_{N,0_{new}}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3650)$$

$$= |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N(T_N - \epsilon))(0)| + 2^{1/2} \|\theta_N(T_N - \epsilon)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3651)$$

$$\leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N(T_N - \epsilon))(0)| + 2^{1/2} \|\theta_{N,0}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3652)$$

$$\leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N(T_N - \epsilon))(0)| + 2^{1/2} \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3653)$$

$$\leq Y \left(\|\theta_{N,0}\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \right) + 2^{1/2} \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3654)$$

$$\leq Y \left(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \right) + 2^{1/2} \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3655)$$

$$\leq |\mathcal{F}(\theta^0)(0)| + Y \left(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \right) + 2^{1/2} \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3656)$$

$$< M. \quad (3657)$$

This shows that the solution $\theta_N \in C^1([0, T_N); O^M)$ can be continued in time indefinitely due to the continuation property of Picard's theorem in the Banach space setting.

15.3.5 Applying Aubin-Lions' Lemma

To apply Aubin-Lions' lemma, we set $X_0 = \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}$, $X = \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}$, $X_1 = \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}$, $p = \infty$, and let

$$G = \{\theta_N : N \in \mathbb{N}\}. \quad (3658)$$

Let $T > 0$. To show that G is uniformly bounded in $L^\infty([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}) \cap L_{loc}^1([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1})$, we recall (3646), i.e., for all $t \in [0, T]$,

$$\|\theta_N(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + \left(\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \int_0^t \|\theta_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3659)$$

$$= \|\phi_N(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + \left(\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \int_0^t \|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3660)$$

$$\leq \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}. \quad (3661)$$

To show that $\partial_t G$ is uniformly bounded in $L_{loc}^1([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1})$, we observe that

$$\int_0^T \|(\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N)(\theta_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3662)$$

$$= \int_0^T \|\mathcal{J}_N^1(G_N(\theta_N))\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3663)$$

$$\leq \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \left\| \mathcal{J}_N^1 \left((U_\alpha)_N(\theta_N) \right) \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3664)$$

$$+ \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \left\| \mathcal{J}_N^1 \left(T_N(\theta_N) \right) \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3665)$$

$$+ \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \left\| \mathcal{J}_N^1 \left(T_N(\theta_N) \cdot (\theta_N)_\alpha \right) \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3666)$$

$$\leq \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|(U_\alpha)_N(\phi_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3667)$$

$$+ \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|T_N(\phi_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3668)$$

$$+ \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|T_N(\phi_N) \cdot (\phi_N)_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3669)$$

$$\leq \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|W(\phi_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3670)$$

$$+ \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \left\| \left(1 + (\phi_N)_\alpha \right) U_N(\phi_N) \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3671)$$

$$+ \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \left\| \left(1 + (\phi_N)_\alpha \right) U_N(\phi_N) \cdot (\phi_N)_\alpha \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3672)$$

$$\leq \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|W(\phi_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3673)$$

$$+ \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|V(\phi_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3674)$$

$$+ \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|(\phi_N)_\alpha \cdot U_N(\phi_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3675)$$

$$+ \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|U_N(\phi_N) \cdot (\phi_N)_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3676)$$

$$+ \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|U_N(\phi_N) \cdot (\phi_N)_\alpha^2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau. \quad (3677)$$

Since

$$\|U_N(\phi_N) \cdot (\phi_N)_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \leq \|V(\phi_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \quad (3678)$$

$$\|U_N(\phi_N) \cdot (\phi_N)_\alpha^2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \leq \|V(\phi_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2, \quad (3679)$$

we obtain

$$\int_0^T \|(\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N)(\theta_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3680)$$

$$\leq \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|W(\phi_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3681)$$

$$+ \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|V(\phi_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3682)$$

$$+ 2 \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|V(\phi_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} d\tau \quad (3683)$$

$$+ \int_0^T \frac{2\pi}{L(\tau)} \|V(\phi_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{0,1}} \|\phi_N\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}^2 d\tau. \quad (3684)$$

Using estimates from Sections 12, 13, and 14 and then (3646), we see that

$$\|\partial_t \theta_N\|_{L_{loc}^1([0, T_N]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1})} = \int_0^T \|(\mathcal{J}_N^1 \circ G_N)(\theta_N)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}} d\tau \quad (3685)$$

is indeed uniformly bounded. Therefore, by Aubin-Lions' lemma, G is relatively compact in $L^2([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1})$. This means that there exists a subsequence convergent in $L^2([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1})$. For notational convenience, we will continue to use θ_N to denote the subsequence. That is, there exists $\theta \in L^2([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1})$ such that $\theta_N \rightarrow \theta$ in $L^2([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1})$ as $N \rightarrow \infty$. It is crucial to bring to our attention that even though our application of Aubin-Lions' lemma provides a candidate for a solution to the original problem, it remains silent on the dynamics of $\mathcal{F}(\theta(t))(0)$. Part of our task to show that θ is a solution is to specify its dynamics. We first articulate the sense in which θ is to become a solution.

Definition 1. We say that $\theta \in L^\infty([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}) \cap L^1([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1})$ is a weak solution of (3160) through (3162) if $\mathcal{F}(\theta(t))(\pm 1) = 0$ for almost every $t \in [0, T]$ and for any $\psi \in C_0^\infty([-\pi, \pi) \times [0, T])$,

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \theta(\alpha, T) \psi(\alpha, T) d\alpha - \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \theta(\alpha, 0) \psi(\alpha, 0) d\alpha - \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^T \theta(\alpha, t) \psi_t(\alpha, t) dt d\alpha \quad (3686)$$

$$= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^T R^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^\alpha e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\theta(\alpha, t) - \theta(\eta, t))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{1/2} \quad (3687)$$

$$\cdot \left(U_\alpha(\theta)(\alpha, t) + T(\theta)(\alpha, t)(1 + \theta_\alpha(\alpha, t)) \right) \psi(\alpha, t) dt d\alpha. \quad (3688)$$

To show that θ is a solution to the original problem in the sense of Definition 1, we use the following standard lemma from real analysis frequently.

Lemma 12. For any sequence of measurable functions on a measure space, L^p convergence, $p \geq 1$, implies the existence of a subsequence convergent almost everywhere.

Applying Lemma 12 to the fact that $\|\theta_N(\cdot) - \theta(\cdot)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} \rightarrow 0$ in L^2 , we obtain a (non-relabeled) subsequence such that for almost every $t \in [0, T]$, $\lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \|\theta_N(t) - \theta(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} = 0$. That is, for almost every $t \in [0, T]$, $\lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N(t) - \theta(t))(k)| = 0$. Applying Lemma 12 again to the fact that $a(k, t) = |k| |\mathcal{F}(\theta_N(t) - \theta(t))(k)| \rightarrow 0$ in l^2 for almost every $t \in [0, T]$, we obtain a (non-relabeled) subsequence such that for all $k \in \mathbb{Z} \setminus \{0\}$, $\lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N(t))(k) = \mathcal{F}(\theta(t))(k)$ for almost every $t \in [0, T]$. In particular, for almost every $t \in [0, T]$,

$$\mathcal{F}(\theta(t))(\pm 1) = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \mathcal{F}(\theta_N(t))(k) = 0. \quad (3689)$$

Let $\phi(t) = \theta(t) - \mathcal{F}(\theta(t))(0)$. Let us specify the dynamics of $\mathcal{F}(\theta)(0)$ by requiring that

$$\frac{d}{dt} \mathcal{F}(\theta)(0) = \mathcal{J}^1 \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi)} \left(U_\alpha(\phi) + T(\phi)(1 + \phi_\alpha) \right) \right) - \frac{d}{dt} \phi \quad (3690)$$

with the initial condition $\mathcal{F}(\theta(0))(0) = \mathcal{F}(\theta^0)(0)$. The initial condition is chosen this way because for all $N \in \mathbb{N}$, $\mathcal{F}(\theta_{N,0})(0) = \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{J}_N^1 \theta^0)(0) = \mathcal{F}(\theta^0)(0)$. The dynamics equation (3690) for $\mathcal{F}(\theta)(0)$ is equivalent to

$$\frac{d}{dt} \theta = \mathcal{J}^1 \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi)} \left(U_\alpha(\phi) + T(\phi)(1 + \phi_\alpha) \right) \right), \quad (3691)$$

which implies that θ is indeed a solution to the original problem in the sense of Definition 1.

15.3.6 Inheritance of the *a priori* Estimate

At the end of Section 15.3.3, we have obtained that for all $t \in [0, T]$,

$$\|\phi_N(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + \left(\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \int_0^t \|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \leq \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}. \quad (3692)$$

By Fatou's lemma, for any $t \in [0, T]$,

$$\int_0^t \liminf_{N \rightarrow \infty} \|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \leq \liminf_{N \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^t \|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau. \quad (3693)$$

Then, using that

$$\liminf_{N \rightarrow \infty} \|\phi_N(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} = \|\phi(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}, \quad (3694)$$

$$\liminf_{N \rightarrow \infty} \|\phi_N(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} = \|\phi(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}}, \quad (3695)$$

we obtain for all $t \in [0, T]$

$$\|\phi(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + \left(\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \int_0^t \|\phi(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3696)$$

$$\leq \liminf_{N \rightarrow \infty} \|\phi_N(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + \left(\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \liminf_{N \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^t \|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \quad (3697)$$

$$\leq \liminf_{N \rightarrow \infty} \left(\|\phi_N(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}} + \left(\Lambda(\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}) - \nu_0 \right) \int_0^t \|\phi_N(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}} d\tau \right) \quad (3698)$$

$$\leq \|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}. \quad (3699)$$

In words, ϕ inherits the *a priori* estimate uniformly held for ϕ_N . As a consequence,

$$\theta \in L^\infty([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}) \cap L^1([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{2,1}) \quad (3700)$$

and $\|\phi(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}$ decays exponentially on $[0, T]$.

15.3.7 Continuity in Time

Now, we show that in fact $\theta \in C([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1})$. That is, letting $\mathfrak{G}(t) = \|\theta(t)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_\nu^{1,1}}$, we show that \mathfrak{G} is continuous on $[0, T]$. We assume that $T > 0$ is arbitrarily small. This assumption can be made without loss of generality, because since the solution θ exists globally in time, we can imagine that the solution θ is continued over intervals of some arbitrary fixed small length. Let $\tau \in [0, T]$ and fix $\epsilon > 0$. We prove the continuity of \mathfrak{G} at $\tau \in [0, T]$ by showing left- and right-continuity at that point. First, we suppose that $\tau' > \tau$. Then

$$|\mathfrak{G}(\tau') - \mathfrak{G}(\tau)| \quad (3701)$$

$$= \left| \|\theta(\tau')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} - \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau)}^{1,1}} \right| \quad (3702)$$

$$\leq \left| \|\theta(\tau')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} - \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} \right| + \left| \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} - \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau)}^{1,1}} \right| \quad (3703)$$

$$\leq \|\theta(\tau') - \theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} + \left| \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} - \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau)}^{1,1}} \right|. \quad (3704)$$

First, we consider $\|\theta(\tau') - \theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}}$. We note that

$$\|\theta(\tau') - \theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} \quad (3705)$$

$$\leq \left\| \int_{\tau}^{\tau'} \partial_t \theta(\tau'') d\tau'' \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} \quad (3706)$$

$$\leq \int_{\tau}^{\tau'} \|\partial_t \theta(\tau'')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} d\tau'' \quad (3707)$$

$$= \int_{\tau}^{\tau'} \left(\sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(\tau')|k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\partial_t \theta(\tau''))(k)| \right) d\tau'' \quad (3708)$$

$$= \int_{\tau}^{\tau'} \left(\sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu_0 \frac{\tau'}{1+\tau'} |k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\partial_t \theta(\tau''))(k)| \right) d\tau'' \quad (3709)$$

$$\leq \int_{\tau}^{\tau'} \left(\sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\tilde{\nu}_0 \frac{\tau''}{1+\tau''} |k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\partial_t \theta(\tau''))(k)| \right) d\tau'' \quad (3710)$$

$$= \int_{\tau}^{\tau'} \|\partial_t \theta(\tau'')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\tilde{\nu}(\tau'')}^{1,1}} d\tau'', \quad (3711)$$

where $\nu_0 < \tilde{\nu}_0$ such that $\nu_0 \frac{\tau'}{1+\tau'} \leq \tilde{\nu}_0 \frac{\tau}{1+\tau}$ for all $\tau' \in [\tau, T]$. Since T is arbitrarily small, $\tilde{\nu}_0$ can be chosen to be arbitrarily close to ν_0 . We note that $\partial_t \theta \in L^1([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\tilde{\nu}}^{1,1})$, in which $\tilde{\nu}$ indicates the use of $\tilde{\nu}_0$, instead of ν_0 . For $n \in \mathbb{N}$, define

$$a_n = \int_{[\tau, \tau + \frac{1}{n}]} \|\partial_t \theta(\tau'')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\tilde{\nu}(\tau'')}^{1,1}} d\tau''. \quad (3712)$$

Since

$$\left| 1_{[\tau, \tau + \frac{1}{n}]} \|\partial_t \theta\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\tilde{\nu}(\tau'')}^{1,1}} \right| \leq \|\partial_t \theta\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\tilde{\nu}(\tau'')}^{1,1}} \quad (3713)$$

and

$$\int_0^T \|\partial_t \theta\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\tilde{\nu}(\tau'')}^{1,1}} d\tau'' < \infty, \quad (3714)$$

by the dominated convergence theorem, we have

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 0. \quad (3715)$$

That is, there exists $N^* \in \mathbb{N}$ such that for all $N \geq N^*$,

$$\int_{[\tau, \tau + \frac{1}{n}]} \|\partial_t \theta\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\tilde{\nu}(\tau'')}^{1,1}} d\tau'' < \frac{\epsilon}{2}. \quad (3716)$$

Hence, there exists $\delta > 0$ such that for all $|\tau' - \tau| < \delta$,

$$\int_{\tau}^{\tau'} \|\partial_t \theta\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\tilde{\nu}(\tau'')}^{1,1}} d\tau'' < \frac{\epsilon}{2}. \quad (3717)$$

Next, we consider $\left| \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} - \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau)}^{1,1}} \right|$. We note that

$$\left| \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} - \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau)}^{1,1}} \right| \quad (3718)$$

$$= \left| \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(\tau')|k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\theta(\tau))(k)| - \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(\tau)|k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\theta(\tau))(k)| \right|. \quad (3719)$$

We define for $\tau' \in [0, T]$

$$\mathfrak{H}(\tau') = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(\tau')|k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\theta(\tau))(k)|. \quad (3720)$$

Then

$$\left| \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} - \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau)}^{1,1}} \right| = |\mathfrak{H}(\tau') - \mathfrak{H}(\tau)|. \quad (3721)$$

Let $\mathfrak{h}_k(\tau') = e^{\nu(\tau')|k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\theta(\tau))(k)|$. Since

$$|\mathfrak{h}_k(\tau')| = e^{\nu_0 \frac{\tau'}{1+\tau'} |k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\theta(\tau))(k)| \leq e^{\tilde{\nu}_0 \frac{\tau}{1+\tau} |k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\theta(\tau))(k)| \quad (3722)$$

and

$$\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\tilde{\nu}_0 \frac{\tau}{1+\tau} |k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\theta(\tau))(k)| = \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\tilde{\nu}(\tau)}^{1,1}} < \infty, \quad (3723)$$

by the Weierstrass M-test,

$$\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{\nu(\tau')|k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\theta(\tau))(k)| \quad (3724)$$

converges absolutely and uniformly with respect to $\tau' \in [0, T]$. Since for each $k \in \mathbb{Z}$,

$$\mathfrak{h}_k(\tau') = e^{\nu(\tau')|k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\theta(\tau))(k)| \quad (3725)$$

is continuous, so is $\mathfrak{H}(\tau')$ on $[0, T]$. Hence, there exists $\delta > 0$ such that $|\tau' - \tau| < \delta$ implies that

$$|\mathfrak{H}(\tau') - \mathfrak{H}(\tau)| < \frac{\epsilon}{2}. \quad (3726)$$

Now, suppose that $\tau' < \tau$. Then

$$|\mathfrak{G}(\tau') - \mathfrak{G}(\tau)| \quad (3727)$$

$$\leq \|\theta(\tau) - \theta(\tau')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} + \left| \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} - \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau)}^{1,1}} \right| \quad (3728)$$

First, we consider $\|\theta(\tau) - \theta(\tau')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}}$. We observe that

$$\|\theta(\tau) - \theta(\tau')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} \quad (3729)$$

$$= \left\| \int_{\tau'}^{\tau} \partial_t \theta(\tau'') d\tau'' \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} \quad (3730)$$

$$\leq \int_{\tau'}^{\tau} \|\partial_t \theta(\tau'')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} d\tau'' \quad (3731)$$

$$\leq \int_{\tau'}^{\tau} \|\partial_t \theta(\tau'')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau'')}^{1,1}} d\tau''. \quad (3732)$$

We note that $\partial_t \theta \in L^1([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{1,1})$. For $n \in \mathbb{N}$, define

$$b_n = \int_{[\tau - \frac{1}{n}, \tau]} \|\partial_t \theta(\tau'')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau'')}^{1,1}} d\tau''. \quad (3733)$$

Since

$$\left| 1_{[\tau - \frac{1}{n}, \tau]} \|\partial_t \theta(\tau'')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau'')}^{1,1}} \right| \leq \|\partial_t \theta(\tau'')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau'')}^{1,1}} \quad (3734)$$

and

$$\int_0^T \|\partial_t \theta(\tau'')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau'')}^{1,1}} d\tau'' < \infty, \quad (3735)$$

by the dominated convergence theorem, we have

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n = 0. \quad (3736)$$

That is, there exists $N^{**} \in \mathbb{N}$ such that for all $N \geq N^{**}$,

$$\int_{[\tau - \frac{1}{n}, \tau]} \|\partial_t \theta(\tau'')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau'')}^{1,1}} d\tau'' < \frac{\epsilon}{2}. \quad (3737)$$

Hence, there exists $\delta > 0$ such that for all $|\tau - \tau'| < \delta$,

$$\int_{\tau'}^{\tau} \|\partial_t \theta(\tau'')\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau'')}^{1,1}} d\tau'' < \frac{\epsilon}{2}. \quad (3738)$$

The second term $\left| \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau')}^{1,1}} - \|\theta(\tau)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu(\tau)}^{1,1}} \right|$ can be estimated as in the case where $\tau' > \tau$. Therefore, we conclude that $\theta \in C([0, T]; \dot{\mathcal{F}}_{\nu}^{1,1})$.

15.3.8 Instantaneous Analyticity

Now, we show that θ is instantaneously analytic. To prove this, we use the following result from standard analysis.

Lemma 13. *The function f is analytic on \mathbb{T} if and only if there exist constants $K > 0$ and $a > 0$ such that*

$$|\mathcal{F}(f)(j)| \leq K e^{-a|j|}. \quad (3739)$$

Let $t > 0$. We claim that there exist $C > 0$ and $k^* > 0$ such that for all $|k| \geq k^*$,

$$e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\phi(t))(k)| \leq C. \quad (3740)$$

Suppose the contrary for contradiction. Then, for all $k^* > 0$, there exists $|k| \geq k^*$ such that

$$e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\phi(t))(k)| > 1. \quad (3741)$$

This means that there is a sequence $\{k_j\}$ such that

$$e^{\nu(t)|k_j|} |k_j| |\mathcal{F}(\phi(t))(k_j)| > 1. \quad (3742)$$

Hence,

$$\infty > \|\phi(t)\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}} = \sum_{k \neq 0} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\phi(t))(k)| \geq \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} e^{\nu(t)|k_j|} |k_j| |\mathcal{F}(\phi(t))(k_j)| = \infty, \quad (3743)$$

a contradiction, as needed. Thus, there exist $C > 0$ and $k^* > 0$ such that for all $|k| \geq k^*$,

$$e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(\phi(t))(k)| \leq C |k|^{-1} \leq \frac{C}{k^*}. \quad (3744)$$

Hence, for all $k \in \mathbb{Z}$,

$$e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(\theta(t))(k)| \leq \max \left\{ \frac{C}{k^*}, \max_{|k| < k^*} e^{\nu(t)|k|} |\mathcal{F}(\theta(t))(k)| \right\}. \quad (3745)$$

By Lemma 13, we can then conclude that θ is analytic.

16 Uniqueness

Let θ_1 and θ_2 be two solutions to the original problem with the same initial datum, whose ± 1 Fourier modes remain zero in time. For $k > 0$,

$$\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(-k) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\theta_1 - \theta_2)(\alpha) e^{ik\alpha} d\alpha \quad (3746)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \overline{(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(\alpha)} e^{-ik\alpha} d\alpha \quad (3747)$$

$$= \overline{\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k)}. \quad (3748)$$

Hence, we may write

$$\|\theta_1 - \theta_2\|_{\dot{F}_\nu^{1,1}} = \sum_{k \neq 0} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k)| = 2 \sum_{k > 0} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k)|. \quad (3749)$$

Then

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\theta_1 - \theta_2\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \quad (3750)$$

$$= 2 \sum_{k>0} |k| \frac{d}{dt} |\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k)| \quad (3751)$$

$$= 2 \sum_{k>0} |k| \frac{d}{dt} \left(\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k) \cdot \overline{\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k)} \right)^{1/2} \quad (3752)$$

$$= \sum_{k>0} |k| \left(\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k) \cdot \overline{\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k)} \right)^{-1/2} \quad (3753)$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{d}{dt} \mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k) \cdot \overline{\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k)} + \mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k) \cdot \frac{d}{dt} \overline{\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k)} \right) \quad (3754)$$

$$= \sum_{k>0} \frac{|k|}{|\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k)|} \quad (3755)$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{d}{dt} \mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k) \cdot \overline{\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k)} + \mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k) \cdot \frac{d}{dt} \overline{\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k)} \right). \quad (3756)$$

Recalling that for a solution θ to the original problem, $\phi = \theta - \hat{\theta}(0)$ satisfies

$$\frac{d}{dt} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) = \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) + \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi)} \mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi))(k) \quad (3757)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi)(k) (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi)} \right), \quad (3758)$$

where J_1 and J_2 are the same as in (859), we have for $k > 0$

$$\frac{d}{dt}\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k) = \frac{d}{dt}\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k) \quad (3759)$$

$$= \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)(J_1(k) + J_2(k)) + \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1))(k) \quad (3760)$$

$$- \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_2))(k) \quad (3761)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi_1)(k)(J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right) \quad (3762)$$

$$- \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi_2)(k)(J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \right) \quad (3763)$$

$$= \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)(J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \quad (3764)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \right) \mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1))(k) \quad (3765)$$

$$+ \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1) - \tilde{N}(\phi_2))(k) \quad (3766)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)(J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right) \quad (3767)$$

$$- \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi_2)(k)(J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right). \quad (3768)$$

Substituting this expression into (3750), we obtain

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\theta_1 - \theta_2\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} \quad (3769)$$

$$= \sum_{k>0} \frac{|k|}{|\mathcal{F}(\theta_1 - \theta_2)(k)|} \left(\frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)|^2 (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \right) \quad (3770)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \right) \mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1))(k) \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)} \quad (3771)$$

$$+ \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1) - \tilde{N}(\phi_2))(k) \cdot \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)} \quad (3772)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)|^2 (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right) \quad (3773)$$

$$- \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \mathcal{F}(\phi_2)(k) (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right) \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)} \quad (3774)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)|^2 (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \quad (3775)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \right) \overline{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1))(k)} \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k) \quad (3776)$$

$$+ \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \overline{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1) - \tilde{N}(\phi_2))(k)} \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k) \quad (3777)$$

$$+ \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)|^2 (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right) \quad (3778)$$

$$- \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)(k)} (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right) \mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k) \quad (3779)$$

$$= 2 \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{k>0} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)| (J_1(k) + J_1(k)) \quad (3780)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \right) \quad (3781)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k>0} |k| \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1))(k) \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)} + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1))(k)} \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)}{|\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)|} \quad (3782)$$

$$+ \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \sum_{k>0} |k| \quad (3783)$$

$$\cdot \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1) - \tilde{N}(\phi_2))(k) \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)} + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1) - \tilde{N}(\phi_2))(k)} \mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)}{|\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)|} \quad (3784)$$

$$+ 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right) \sum_{k>0} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)| (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \quad (3785)$$

$$- \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right) \quad (3786)$$

$$\cdot \sum_{k>0} |k| (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \frac{\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)(k) \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)} + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)(k)} \mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)}{|\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)|}. \quad (3787)$$

We will take a closer look at each of the five terms in (3780) through (3787) one by one. Since $\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)(\pm 1) = \mathcal{F}(\phi_2)(\pm 1) = 0$, the first term can be written as

$$2 \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{k>0} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)| (J_1(k) + J_1(k)) \quad (3788)$$

$$= -\pi \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{k \geq 2} |k|^2 |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)| \quad (3789)$$

$$= -\pi \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \sum_{k>0} |k|^2 |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)| \quad (3790)$$

$$= -\pi \cdot \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{2,1}}. \quad (3791)$$

Next, the second term can be bounded above as follows.

$$\left| \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \right) \right| \quad (3792)$$

$$\cdot \left| \sum_{k>0} |k| \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1))(k) \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)} + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1))(k)} \cdot \mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)}{|\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)|} \right| \quad (3793)$$

$$\leq \left| \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \right) \right| \cdot \sum_{k>0} |k| \cdot 2 \left| \mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1))(k) \right| \quad (3794)$$

$$= \left| \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \right) \right| \cdot \left\| \tilde{N}(\phi_1) \right\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}}. \quad (3795)$$

Similarly, the third term can be bounded above as follows.

$$\left| \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \right| \cdot \left| \sum_{k>0} |k| \right| \quad (3796)$$

$$\cdot \left| \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1) - \tilde{N}(\phi_2))(k) \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)} + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1) - \tilde{N}(\phi_2))(k)} \mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)}{|\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)|} \right| \quad (3797)$$

$$\leq \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \cdot \sum_{k>0} |k| \cdot 2 \left| \mathcal{F}(\tilde{N}(\phi_1) - \tilde{N}(\phi_2))(k) \right| \quad (3798)$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \left\| \tilde{N}(\phi_1) - \tilde{N}(\phi_2) \right\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}}. \quad (3799)$$

The fourth term can be bounded above as follows.

$$\left| 2 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right) \sum_{k>0} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)| (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \right| \quad (3800)$$

$$= \left| -\pi \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right) \sum_{k \geq 2} |k|^2 |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)| \right| \quad (3801)$$

$$= \left| -\pi \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{R} + \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right) \sum_{k>0} |k|^2 |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)| \right| \quad (3802)$$

$$\leq \pi \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \frac{1}{R} \cdot A(\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}}. \quad (3803)$$

Lastly, the fifth term can be bounded above as follows.

$$\left| -\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right) \right. \quad (3804)$$

$$\left. \cdot \sum_{k>0} |k| (J_1(k) + J_2(k)) \frac{\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)(k) \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)} + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)(k)} \mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)}{|\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)|} \right| \quad (3805)$$

$$= \left| \pi \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left(\frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right) \right. \quad (3806)$$

$$\left. \cdot \sum_{k \geq 2} |k|^2 \frac{\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)(k) \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)} + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)(k)} \mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)}{|\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(k)|} \right| \quad (3807)$$

$$\leq \pi \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left| \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right| \sum_{k \geq 2} |k|^2 \cdot 2 |\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)(k)| \quad (3808)$$

$$= \pi \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left| \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right| \cdot \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}}. \quad (3809)$$

We note that for a solution θ to the original problem,

$$\tilde{N}(\phi) = (U_{\geq 2})_\alpha(\phi) + T_{\geq 2}(\phi) \cdot (1 + \phi_\alpha) + T_1(\phi) \cdot \phi_\alpha, \quad (3810)$$

where $\phi = \theta - \hat{\theta}(0)$. Hence,

$$\tilde{N}(\phi_1) - \tilde{N}(\phi_2) \quad (3811)$$

$$= (U_{\geq 2})_\alpha(\phi_1) - (U_{\geq 2})_\alpha(\phi_2) + T_{\geq 2}(\phi_1)(1 + (\phi_1)_\alpha) \quad (3812)$$

$$- T_{\geq 2}(\phi_2)(1 + (\phi_2)_\alpha) + T_1(\phi_1)(\phi_1)_\alpha - T_1(\phi_2)(\phi_2)_\alpha \quad (3813)$$

$$= \text{Re} \left(\sum_{j=1}^8 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B_j})_\alpha(\phi_1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B_{13}})_\alpha(\phi_1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \quad (3814)$$

$$- \text{Re} \left(\sum_{j=1}^8 \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B_j})_\alpha(\phi_2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta + \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B_{13}})_\alpha(\phi_2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \quad (3815)$$

$$+ T_{\geq 2}(\phi_1) - T_{\geq 2}(\phi_2) + T_{\geq 2}(\phi_1)(\phi_1)_\alpha - T_{\geq 2}(\phi_1)(\phi_2)_\alpha \quad (3816)$$

$$+ T_{\geq 2}(\phi_1)(\phi_2)_\alpha - T_{\geq 2}(\phi_2)(\phi_2)_\alpha + T_1(\phi_1)(\phi_1)_\alpha - T_1(\phi_1)(\phi_2)_\alpha \quad (3817)$$

$$+ T_1(\phi_1)(\phi_2)_\alpha - T_1(\phi_2)(\phi_2)_\alpha \quad (3818)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^8 \text{Re} \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B_j})_\alpha(\phi_1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B_j})_\alpha(\phi_2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \quad (3819)$$

$$+ \text{Re} \left(\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B_{13}})_\alpha(\phi_1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\widetilde{B_{13}})_\alpha(\phi_2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right) \quad (3820)$$

$$+ T_{\geq 2}(\phi_1) - T_{\geq 2}(\phi_2) + T_{\geq 2}(\phi_1)((\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha) + (\phi_2)_\alpha(T_{\geq 2}(\phi_1) - T_{\geq 2}(\phi_2)) \quad (3821)$$

$$+ T_1(\phi_1)((\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha) + (\phi_2)_\alpha(T_1(\phi_1) - T_1(\phi_2)). \quad (3822)$$

To derive an estimate for this expression, we present in detail the process of deriving appropriate estimates for a few select terms that make up the expression. The techniques used to estimate such terms can be applied for the rest of the terms making up the expression. First, we consider the term

$$\frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,1}^1(\phi_1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,1}^1(\phi_2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta, \quad (3823)$$

which makes up one of the terms in the sum in (3819) (to be precise, the $j = 1$ term in the sum). Let us derive an estimate for the integrand, i.e.,

$$B_{1,1}^1(\phi_1)(\alpha, \beta) - B_{1,1}^1(\phi_2)(\alpha, \beta). \quad (3824)$$

In Section 15.3.2, we derived an estimate for an analogous expression, which is shown in (3296). Borrowing notation used in that part of Section 15.3.2, we write

$$B_{1,1}^1(\phi_1)(\alpha, \beta) - B_{1,1}^1(\phi_2)(\alpha, \beta) = - \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{j_1+1} \cdot i^{j_1+j_2+1}}{2j_1!j_2!} \cdot j_1 \quad (3825)$$

$$\cdot (S_1(\alpha, \beta) + \cdots + S_3(\alpha, \beta) + \cdots + S_7(\alpha, \beta) + \cdots), \quad (3826)$$

where

$$S_1(\alpha, \beta) \quad (3827)$$

$$=(\phi_1 - \phi_2)(\alpha - \beta) \cdot \phi_1(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-2} \cdot (\phi_1)_\alpha(\alpha - \beta) \cdot \phi_1(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (3828)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi_1(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s)ds \quad (3829)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi_1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (3830)$$

$$S_3(\alpha, \beta) \quad (3831)$$

$$=\phi_2(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1} \cdot ((\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha)(\alpha - \beta) \cdot \phi_1(\alpha)^{j_2} \quad (3832)$$

$$\cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi_1(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s)ds \quad (3833)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi_1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^n, \quad (3834)$$

$$S_7(\alpha, \beta) \quad (3835)$$

$$=\phi_2(\alpha - \beta)^{j_1-1}(\phi_2)_\alpha(\alpha - \beta)\phi_2(\alpha)^{j_2} \cdot \int_0^1 e^{-i\beta s} \phi_2(\alpha + \beta(-1+s))(-1+s)ds \quad (3836)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi_1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right) \quad (3837)$$

$$- \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi_2(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \quad (3838)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{i\beta}{1-e^{i\beta}} \int_0^1 e^{-i(s-1)\beta} \frac{(-i\phi_1(\alpha + (s-1)\beta))^m}{m!} ds \right)^{n-1}, \quad (3839)$$

and the \dots represents the other finitely many terms making up $B_{1,1}^1(\phi_1)(\alpha, \beta) - B_{1,1}^1(\phi_2)(\alpha, \beta)$. First, we study $S_1(\alpha, \beta)$ and $S_7(\alpha, \beta)$ and then turn the attention to $S_3(\alpha, \beta)$. We note that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(S_1(\cdot, \beta))(k_1) \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1-e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (3840)$$

$$\leq C_n \left(|\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| * |\mathcal{F}((\phi_1)_\alpha)| \quad (3841)$$

$$* |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| * \dots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| * |P(\phi_1)| * \dots * |P(\phi_1)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| \right)(k_1). \quad (3842)$$

Then

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} S_1(\cdot, \beta) \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} \quad (3843)$$

$$\leq C_n \sum_{k \neq 0} |k| \left(|\mathcal{F}(\phi_1 - \phi_2)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| * |\mathcal{F}((\phi_1)_\alpha)| \quad (3844)$$

$$* |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| * |P(\phi_1)| * \cdots * |P(\phi_1)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| \Big)(k). \quad (3845)$$

Likewise,

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(S_7(\cdot, \beta))(k_1) \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (3846)$$

$$\leq C_n \left(|\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| * |\mathcal{F}((\phi_2)_\alpha)| \quad (3847)$$

$$* |\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| \quad (3848)$$

$$* \left| \left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_1 - \phi_2)^m) \right) \right| \quad (3849)$$

$$* |P(\phi_1)| * \cdots * |P(\phi_1)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| \Big)(k_1), \quad (3850)$$

from which we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} S_7(\cdot, \beta) \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} \quad (3851)$$

$$\leq C_n \sum_{k \neq 0} |k| \left(|\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| * |\mathcal{F}((\phi_2)_\alpha)| \quad (3852)$$

$$* |\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| \quad (3853)$$

$$* \left| \left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_1 - \phi_2)^m) \right) \right| \quad (3854)$$

$$* |P(\phi_1)| * \cdots * |P(\phi_1)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| \Big)(k). \quad (3855)$$

For a sequence a defined on \mathbb{Z} , we define for $s \geq 0$

$$\|a\|_{l^{s,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |k|^s |a(k)|. \quad (3856)$$

Lemma 14. For sequences a_1, \dots, a_n defined on \mathbb{Z} ,

$$\|a_1 * \cdots * a_n\|_{l^{1,1}} \leq \sum_{j=1}^n \|a_j\|_{l^{1,1}} \prod_{\substack{k=1 \\ k \neq j}}^n \|a_k\|_{l^{0,1}}. \quad (3857)$$

Proof. This lemma can be proved by modifying the proof of Proposition 11. ■

Using Lemma 14, we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} S_1(\cdot, \beta) \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \quad (3858)$$

$$\leq C_n \left(\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|(\phi_1)_\alpha\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}} \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{0,1}}^n \right. \quad (3859)$$

$$+ \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-2} \|(\phi_1)_\alpha\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}} \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{0,1}}^n \cdot (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \quad (3860)$$

$$+ \|(\phi_1)_\alpha\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{0,1}}^n \quad (3861)$$

$$\left. + \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{1,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|(\phi_1)_\alpha\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}} \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{0,1}}^{n-1} \cdot n \right) \quad (3862)$$

and

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} S_7(\cdot, \beta) \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \quad (3863)$$

$$\leq C_n \left(\|\phi_2\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|(\phi_2)_\alpha\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}} \right. \quad (3864)$$

$$\cdot \left\| \left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_1 - \phi_2)^m) \right) \right\|_{l^{0,1}} \quad (3865)$$

$$\cdot \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{0,1}}^{n-1} \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \quad (3866)$$

$$+ \|(\phi_2)_\alpha\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \left\| \left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_1\phi_2)^m) \right) \right\|_{l^{0,1}} \quad (3867)$$

$$\cdot \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{0,1}}^{n-1} \quad (3868)$$

$$+ \left\| \left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_1\phi_2)^m) \right) \right\|_{l^{1,1}} \quad (3869)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|(\phi_2)_\alpha\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}} \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{0,1}}^{n-1} \quad (3870)$$

$$+ \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|(\phi_2)_\alpha\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}} \quad (3871)$$

$$\cdot \left\| \left(\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_2)^m) \right) * \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_1 - \phi_2)^m) \right) \right\|_{l^{0,1}} \quad (3872)$$

$$\cdot \|P(\phi_1)\|_{\dot{J}^{0,1}}^{n-2} \cdot (n - 1) \quad (3873)$$

$$\leq C_n \left(\|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{j_1+j_2-1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} e^{\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \right) \quad (3874)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^{m-1}}{m!} \right) \cdot (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \quad (3875)$$

$$+ \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{j_1+j_2}} e^{\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^{m-1}}{m!} \right) (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (3876)$$

$$+ \left(\left\| \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_2)^m) \right\|_{l^{1,1}} \cdot \left\| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_1 - \phi_2)^m) \right\|_{l^{0,1}} \right) \quad (3877)$$

$$+ \left(\left\| \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_1 - \phi_2)^m) \right\|_{l^{1,1}} \cdot \left\| \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^m}{m!} \mathcal{F}((\phi_2)^m) \right\|_{l^{0,1}} \right) \quad (3878)$$

$$\cdot \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{j_1+j_2}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (3879)$$

$$+ \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{j_1+j_2}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} e^{\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3880)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^{m-1}}{m!} \right) \cdot (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \cdot (n-1) \quad (3881)$$

$$\leq C_n \left(\|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{j_1+j_2-1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} e^{\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^{m-1}}{m!} \right) \right) \quad (3882)$$

$$\cdot (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \quad (3883)$$

$$+ \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{j_1+j_2}} e^{\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^{m-1}}{m!} \right) (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (3884)$$

$$+ \left(\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} e^{\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^{m-1}}{m!} \right) \right) \quad (3885)$$

$$+ \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^{m-1}}{(m-1)!} \right) e^{\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{j_1+j_2}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3886)$$

$$\cdot (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (3887)$$

$$+ \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{j_1+j_2}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} e^{\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^{m-1}}{m!} \right) \quad (3888)$$

$$\cdot (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \cdot (n-1). \quad (3889)$$

Now, we consider $S_3(\alpha, \beta)$. We note that

$$\left| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \mathcal{F}(S_3(\cdot, \beta))(k_1) \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right| \quad (3890)$$

$$\leq C_n \left(|\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| * |\mathcal{F}((\phi_1)_{\alpha} - (\phi_2)_{\alpha})| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| \right) \quad (3891)$$

$$* |P(\phi_1)| * \cdots * |P(\phi_1)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| \Big)(k_1) \quad (3892)$$

Then

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} S_3(\cdot, \beta) \cdot \frac{-i\beta e^{2i\beta}}{1 - e^{i\beta}} d\beta \right\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} \quad (3893)$$

$$\leq C_n \sum_{k \neq 0} |k| \left(|\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_2)| * |\mathcal{F}((\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| * \cdots * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| \right. \quad (3894)$$

$$\left. * |P(\phi_1)| * \cdots * |P(\phi_1)| * |\mathcal{F}(\phi_1)| \right)(k) \quad (3895)$$

$$\leq C_n \left(\|\phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_1-2} \|(\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_2+1} \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{0,1}}^n \cdot (j_1 - 1) \right. \quad (3896)$$

$$\left. + \|(\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_1-1} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_2+1} \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{0,1}}^n \right. \quad (3897)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_1-1} \|(\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_2} \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{0,1}}^n \cdot (j_2 + 1) \right. \quad (3898)$$

$$\left. + \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_1-1} \|(\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_2+1} \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{0,1}}^{n-1} \cdot n \right) \quad (3899)$$

$$\leq C_n \left(\|\phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_1-2} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_2+1} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \cdot (j_1 - 1) \right. \quad (3900)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{2,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_1-1} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_2+1} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \right. \quad (3901)$$

$$\left. + \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_1-1} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_2} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \cdot (j_2 + 1) \right. \quad (3902)$$

$$\left. + \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_1-1} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{F}^{1,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{F}^{0,1}}^{j_2+1} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \cdot n \right). \quad (3903)$$

Combining these results, we obtain

$$\left\| \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,1}^1(\phi_1)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta - \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} B_{1,1}^1(\phi_2)(\alpha, \beta) d\beta \right\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3904)$$

$$\leq \sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1}{2j_1!j_2!} \left(C_n \left(\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \right. \right. \quad (3905)$$

$$+ \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-2} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \cdot (j_1 + j_2 - 1) \quad (3906)$$

$$+ \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (3907)$$

$$+ \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \cdot n \quad (3908)$$

$$+ \dots \quad (3909)$$

$$+ C_n \left(\|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_1-2} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_2+1} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \cdot (j_1 - 1) \right. \quad (3910)$$

$$+ \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_1-1} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_2+1} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \quad (3911)$$

$$+ \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_1-1} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_2} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n \cdot (j_2 + 1) \quad (3912)$$

$$+ \|P(\phi_1)\|_{l^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_1-1} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_2+1} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \cdot n \quad (3913)$$

$$+ \dots \quad (3914)$$

$$+ C_n \left(\|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2-1} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} e^{\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^{m-1}}{m!} \right) \right. \quad (3915)$$

$$\cdot \left(e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1 \right)^{n-1} \cdot (j_1 + j_2) \quad (3916)$$

$$+ \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} e^{\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^{m-1}}{m!} \right) (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (3917)$$

$$+ \left(\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} e^{\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^{m-1}}{m!} \right) \right. \quad (3918)$$

$$+ \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^{m-1}}{(m-1)!} \right) e^{\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \cdot \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-1} \quad (3919)$$

$$+ \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_1+j_2} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} e^{\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3920)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}^{m-1}}{m!} \right) (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^{n-2} \cdot (n-1) \quad (3921)$$

$$+ \dots \Big), \quad (3922)$$

where the \dots represents the finitely many terms making up $B_{1,1}^1(\phi_1)(\alpha, \beta) - B_{1,1}^1(\phi_2)(\alpha, \beta)$ besides $S_1(\alpha, \beta)$, $S_3(\alpha, \beta)$, and $S_7(\alpha, \beta)$. If we collected all the coefficients for $\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}}$

among the shown terms, then we obtain as its coefficient

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2+n \geq 1} \frac{j_1}{2j_1!j_2!} C_n \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_1-1} \|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{0,1}}^{j_2+1} (e^{\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1)^n. \quad (3923)$$

We note that if we summed the coefficients for $\|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}}$ across all the terms appearing in (3819) and (3820), then we can choose $\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}$ small enough such that the sum is smaller than $\pi \cdot \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi}$. Next, we consider the term

$$T_{\geq 2}(\phi_1) - T_{\geq 2}(\phi_2), \quad (3924)$$

where

$$T(\phi) = \mathcal{M}((1 + \phi_\alpha)U(\phi)). \quad (3925)$$

Then

$$T_{\geq 2}(\phi_1) - T_{\geq 2}(\phi_2) = \mathcal{M}\left(U_{\geq 2}(\phi_1) - U_{\geq 2}(\phi_2)\right) + \mathcal{M}\left((\phi_1)_\alpha \cdot U_{\geq 1}(\phi_1) - (\phi_2)_\alpha \cdot U_{\geq 1}(\phi_2)\right) \quad (3926)$$

$$= \mathcal{M}\left(U_{\geq 2}(\phi_1) - U_{\geq 2}(\phi_2)\right) + \mathcal{M}\left((\phi_1)_\alpha \cdot (U_{\geq 1}(\phi_1) - U_{\geq 1}(\phi_2))\right) \quad (3927)$$

$$+ \mathcal{M}\left(U_{\geq 1}(\phi_2) \cdot ((\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha)\right). \quad (3928)$$

Hence,

$$\|T_{\geq 2}(\phi_1) - T_{\geq 2}(\phi_2)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3929)$$

$$\leq \|U_{\geq 2}(\phi_1) - U_{\geq 2}(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|(\phi_1)_\alpha \cdot (U_{\geq 1}(\phi_1) - U_{\geq 1}(\phi_2))\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3930)$$

$$+ \|U_{\geq 1}(\phi_2) \cdot ((\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3931)$$

$$\leq \|U_{\geq 2}(\phi_1) - U_{\geq 2}(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3932)$$

$$+ \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} \left(\|U_1(\phi_1) - U_1(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|U_{\geq 2}(\phi_1) - U_{\geq 2}(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \right) \quad (3933)$$

$$+ \|U_{\geq 1}(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \cdot \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}}. \quad (3934)$$

Next, we consider the term

$$T(\phi_1) \cdot ((\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha). \quad (3935)$$

We have

$$\|T(\phi_1) \cdot ((\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3936)$$

$$\leq \|T(\phi_1)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \|(\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|(\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \|T(\phi_1)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3937)$$

$$\leq \|(1 + (\phi_1)_\alpha) \cdot U(\phi_1)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} + \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} \|(1 + (\phi_1)_\alpha) \cdot U(\phi_1)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3938)$$

$$\leq \left(\|U(\phi_1)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} \|U(\phi_1)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \right) \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} \quad (3939)$$

$$+ \left(\|U(\phi_1)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} \cdot \|U(\phi_1)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \right) \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}}. \quad (3940)$$

Next, we consider the term

$$(\phi_2)_\alpha \cdot (T(\phi_1) - T(\phi_2)). \quad (3941)$$

We have

$$\|(\phi_2)_\alpha \cdot (T(\phi_1) - T(\phi_2))\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \quad (3942)$$

$$\leq \|(\phi_2)_\alpha\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \|T(\phi_1) - T(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|T(\phi_1) - T(\phi_2)\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \|(\phi_2)_\alpha\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3943)$$

$$= \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{J}^{2,1}} \|T(\phi_1) - T(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|T(\phi_1) - T(\phi_2)\|_{\dot{J}^{1,1}} \|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}}. \quad (3944)$$

We note that

$$T(\phi_1) - T(\phi_2) \quad (3945)$$

$$= \mathcal{M}\left((1 + (\phi_1)_\alpha) \cdot U(\phi_1)\right) - \mathcal{M}\left((1 + (\phi_2)_\alpha) \cdot U(\phi_2)\right) \quad (3946)$$

$$= \mathcal{M}\left(U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2)\right) \quad (3947)$$

$$+ \mathcal{M}\left((\phi_1)_\alpha \cdot U(\phi_1) - (\phi_1)_\alpha \cdot U(\phi_2) + (\phi_1)_\alpha \cdot U(\phi_2) - (\phi_2)_\alpha \cdot U(\phi_2)\right) \quad (3948)$$

$$= \mathcal{M}\left(U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2)\right) + \mathcal{M}\left((\phi_1)_\alpha \cdot (U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2))\right) \quad (3949)$$

$$+ \mathcal{M}\left(U(\phi_2) \cdot ((\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha)\right). \quad (3950)$$

Since

$$\|\mathcal{M}(f)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(f))(k)| \quad (3951)$$

$$= |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(f))(0)| + \sum_{k \neq 0} |k|^{-1} |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)| \quad (3952)$$

$$= 2 \sum_{k \neq 0} |k|^{-1} |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)| \quad (3953)$$

$$\leq 2 \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)| \quad (3954)$$

$$= 2 \|f\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}, \quad (3955)$$

we have

$$\|T(\phi_1) - T(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3956)$$

$$\leq 2 \|U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + 2 \|(\phi_1)_\alpha \cdot (U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2))\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3957)$$

$$+ 2 \|U(\phi_2) \cdot ((\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3958)$$

$$\leq 2 \|U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + 2 \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} \|U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3959)$$

$$+ 2 \|U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}}. \quad (3960)$$

Moreover, since

$$\|\mathcal{M}(f)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} = \sum_{k \neq 0} |k| |\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{M}(f))(k)| \quad (3961)$$

$$= \sum_{k \neq 0} |k| \cdot |k|^{-1} |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)| \quad (3962)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |\mathcal{F}(f)(k)| \quad (3963)$$

$$= \|f\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}, \quad (3964)$$

we have

$$\|T(\phi_1) - T(\phi_2)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \leq \|U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|(\phi_1)_\alpha \cdot (U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2))\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3965)$$

$$+ \|U(\phi_2) \cdot ((\phi_1)_\alpha - (\phi_2)_\alpha)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3966)$$

$$\leq \|U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} \|U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3967)$$

$$+ \|U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}}. \quad (3968)$$

Therefore,

$$\|(\phi_2)_\alpha \cdot (T(\phi_1) - T(\phi_2))\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3969)$$

$$\leq \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} \left(2 \|U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + 2 \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} \|U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \right. \quad (3970)$$

$$\left. + 2 \|U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} \right) \quad (3971)$$

$$+ \|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} \left(\|U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} \|U(\phi_1) - U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \right. \quad (3972)$$

$$\left. + \|U(\phi_2)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}} \right). \quad (3973)$$

Now, consider the expression

$$\left| \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \right|. \quad (3974)$$

Without loss of generality, let

$$\operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\phi_1(\alpha) - \phi_1(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \quad (3975)$$

$$> \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\phi_2(\alpha) - \phi_2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha. \quad (3976)$$

Then

$$\left| \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \right| \quad (3977)$$

$$\leq R^{-1} \cdot \frac{1}{4\pi} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\phi_2(\alpha) - \phi_2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{-1/2} \quad (3978)$$

$$\cdot \left| \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} (e^{i(\phi_1(\alpha)-\phi_1(\eta))} - e^{i(\phi_2(\alpha)-\phi_2(\eta))}) d\eta d\alpha \right| \quad (3979)$$

$$\leq R^{-1} \cdot \frac{1}{4\pi} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \operatorname{Im} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha-\eta)} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{i^n}{n!} (\phi_2(\alpha) - \phi_2(\eta))^n d\eta d\alpha \right)^{-1/2} \quad (3980)$$

$$\cdot \left(2\pi \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}})^{n-1}}{n!} \right. \quad (3981)$$

$$\left. + 2\pi \|\phi_1(\pi) - \phi_2(\pi)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\|\phi_1(\pi)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|\phi_2(\pi)\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}})^{n-1}}{n!} \right) \quad (3982)$$

$$\leq R^{-1} \left(1 - \frac{\pi}{2} \left(e^{2\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1 \right) \right)^{-1/2} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}})^{n-1}}{n!}. \quad (3983)$$

Combining these results, we obtain

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\theta_1 - \theta_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3984)$$

$$\leq -\pi \cdot \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} + \left| \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \right| \|\tilde{N}(\phi_1)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3985)$$

$$+ \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} \|\tilde{N}(\phi_1) - \tilde{N}(\phi_2)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} + \pi \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{R} A(\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} \quad (3986)$$

$$+ \pi \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \left| \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_2)} - \frac{2\pi}{L(\phi_1)} \right| \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} \quad (3987)$$

$$\leq -\pi \cdot \frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} \quad (3988)$$

$$+ R^{-1} \left(1 - \frac{\pi}{2} \left(e^{2\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1 \right) \right)^{-1/2} \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}})^{n-1}}{n!} \right) \quad (3989)$$

$$\cdot \|\tilde{N}(\phi_1)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \quad (3990)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{1 + \frac{\pi}{2} \left(e^{2\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1 \right)}{R^2} \right)^{1/2} \|\tilde{N}(\phi_1) - \tilde{N}(\phi_2)\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \quad (3991)$$

$$+ \pi \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{R} A(\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}) \|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} \quad (3992)$$

$$+ \pi \cdot \frac{\gamma}{4\pi} \|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}} R^{-1} \left(1 - \frac{\pi}{2} \left(e^{2\|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}} - 1 \right) \right)^{-1/2} \quad (3993)$$

$$\cdot \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\|\phi_1\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}} + \|\phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}})^{m-1}}{m!} \right) \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{0,1}}. \quad (3994)$$

Ultimately, for sufficiently small $\|\theta^0\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}$,

$$\frac{d}{dt} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}} \leq \mathcal{E} \|\phi_1 - \phi_2\|_{\mathcal{F}^{1,1}}, \quad (3995)$$

where \mathcal{E} is a coefficient that may depend on $\|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}$, $\|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{1,1}}$, $\|\phi_1\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}}$, and $\|\phi_2\|_{\dot{\mathcal{F}}^{2,1}}$ in such a way that it is integrable in time. By Grönwall's inequality, since the two solutions share the same initial datum, $\phi_1 = \phi_2$. Since the dynamics of $\mathcal{F}(\theta_1)(0)$ and $\mathcal{F}(\theta_2)(0)$ are determined completely by ϕ_1 and ϕ_2 , respectively, with the shared initial condition $\mathcal{F}(\theta^0)(0)$, we conclude that $\mathcal{F}(\theta_1)(0) = \mathcal{F}(\theta_2)(0)$ as well.

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