

Plasma Cell Disorders

	MGUS	Multiple myeloma	Waldenstrom's Macroglobulinemia	Amyloidosis (1° or 2°)
		excessive production of kappa/lambda light chain	IgM monoclonal gammopathy	AL – monoclonal light-chain fragments AA – serum amyloid A. Assd with chronic inflammatory diseases (eg RA), infections, neoplasms
Sx	Mild sx or Asymptomatic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Anemia + bone pain with mvt Lethargy, wt loss Hypercalcemia Renal failure - Bence-Jones Lytic bone lesions Dec anion gap Infxns by encapsulated bacteria >40yo African American 2x incidence 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Anemia + bone pain Lethargy, wt loss Hyperviscosity syndrome = stroke, retinopathy, CHF, sensorimotor peripheral neuropathy Splenomegaly Coagulation abnormalities Cold agglutinin (AIHA) 	
Labs		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Urine – Bence Jones ESR >55 Rouleaux RBCs 		
Dx		+ M spike (IgG or IgA) on SPEP or + UPEP AND ↑ plasma cells in bone marrow OR Osteolytic bone lesions OR Bence-jones proteinuria	M spike (IgM) on SPEP	Congo red staining (apple green birefringence under polarized light) on tissue bx
Rx		Chemo – Metastatic Radiation - Isolated lesions BMT to prolong survival	Chemo Plasmaphoresis	Chemo

SCREENING FOR ADRENAL INSUFFICIENCY

Symptoms of Adrenal Insufficiency Fatigue, weight loss, low BP, eosinophilia, hyponatremia, brown pigmentation (especially in skin creases/oral mucous membranes)		Diagnostic Screening Tests for Adrenal Insufficiency			
		Basal Cortisol Level (early morning)	ACTH	Cortisol Response to cosyntropic	Origin of disease
Result of screening test	Primary Adrenal Insufficiency	LOW (<5ug/dL)	HIGH	Minimal Response	Adrenal gland disease/ Addison's Disease
	Secondary or tertiary adrenal insufficiency	LOW (<5ug/dL)	LOW	Minimal or suboptimal response	Pituitary or hypothalamic disease
	Unlikely to be adrenal insufficiency	>15ug/dL		Normal response >20 ug/dL	
	Indeterminate	5-15 ug/dL			

What is cosyntropic?	Cosyntropin is an ACTH synthetic analogue.
What does this test show?	Cortisol level is measured 30-60 min to help distinguish primary AI (adrenal disease/Addison's Disease) vs. central AI (pituitary/hypothalamic)
Why do this test?	Could make the diagnosis with cortisol and ACTH but the results of ACTH take