Assignment 2, Injury tracker

Create Tables:

```
1 • ⊖ CREATE TABLE Athlete(
         Athlete_id int PRIMARY KEY,
         Athlete_name char(30) NOT NULL,
4
         ssn int,
5
         Date_of_Birth date,
         ContactNO char(15) unique,
 7
         Team id int.
         FOREIGN KEY(Team_id) REFERENCES Team(Team_id)
8
     ) ;
  1 \bullet \ominus CREATE TABLE Team (
           Team_id int PRIMARY KEY,
  3
           Team_name char(30),
  4
           Country char(30)
       ) ;
 1 • ⊝ CREATE TABLE Injury_Type (
            Injury_id int PRIMARY KEY,
 2
            Injury_name char(50),
 3
 4
            Body part char(30)
 5
       ) ;
1 • ⊝ CREATE TABLE Injury_record (
        Record_id int PRIMARY KEY,
         Athlete id int NOT NULL,
        Injury_id int NOT NULL,
4
5
        Date_inj date,
         Injury_Status char(20),
         STAFF_in_Charge INT,
         FOREIGN KEY (STAFF_in_Charge ) REFERENCES Staff(Staff_id) ,
8
         FOREIGN KEY (Athlete_id) REFERENCES Athlete(Athlete_id),
         FOREIGN KEY (Injury_id) REFERENCES Injury_Type(Injury_id)
10
11
\textbf{1} \bullet \ominus \textbf{CREATE TABLE Short\_term(}
2
           Record_id int PRIMARY KEY,
3
           Treatment char(30),
4
           Recovery time char(30),
5
           FOREIGN KEY(Record_id) REFERENCES Injury_record(Record_id)
       ) ;
  1 • 

○ CREATE TABLE Long_term (
  2
             Record id int PRIMARY KEY,
             Long_term_effect char(100),
  3
  4
             Able to continue career bool,
             FOREIGN KEY(Record_id) REFERENCES Injury_record(Record_id)
  5
        ) ;
 1 • ⊝ CREATE TABLE Users(
 2
             User id int PRIMARY KEY,
 3
             User name char(30),
 4
              Email char(30) UNIQUE
 5
        ) ;
```

```
1 • ⊖ CREATE TABLE Public(
       User_id int PRIMARY KEY,
3
       Interest char(100),
       Team_supporting INT,
4
      FOREIGN KEY(Team_supporting) REFERENCES Team(Team_id),
5
      FOREIGN KEY(User_id) REFERENCES Users(User_id)
6
1 • ⊝ CREATE TABLE Professional (
          User id int PRIMARY KEY,
3
          Permission_code int unique,
          Staff id int,
4
          FOREIGN KEY (Staff id) REFERENCES Staff(Staff id),
5
          FOREIGN KEY(User_id) REFERENCES Users(User_id)
7)
 1 • ⊝ CREATE TABLE Staff (
          Staff id int PRIMARY KEY,
 3
          Staff name char(30),
          Year join INT
    )
 5
1 • ⊝ CREATE TABLE Coach (
        Staff_id int PRIMARY KEY,
3
        Team_id int ,
4
        Cerificate char(30),
5
        FOREIGN KEY (Team_id) REFERENCES Team(Team_id),
        FOREIGN KEY(Staff id) REFERENCES Staff (Staff id)
6
7
   )
1 • ○ CREATE TABLE Medical_team (
       Staff id int PRIMARY KEY,
        Specialization char(40),
3
        Licence number char(30),
4
        FOREIGN KEY(Staff id) REFERENCES Staff(Staff id)
   )
```

Approach:

We separated the ISA hierarchy into 3 tables, since we had relations from different entity sets referring to the subclass. Such a choice was made to minimize the data redundancy and null values.

If we create one big relation (Alt 3), there are too many null values, which we want to avoid that.

