Classify a raster in R.

Learning Objectives

After completing this tutorial, you will be able to:

• Reclassify a raster dataset in R using a set of defined values.

What you need

You need R and RStudio to complete this tutorial. Also you should have an earth-analytics directory setup on your computer with a /data directory with it.

- How to Setup R / RStudio
- Setup your working directory
- Intro to the R & RStudio Interface

R Libraries to Install:

```
raster: install.packages("raster")rgdal: install.packages("rgdal")
```

In this lesson, we will learn how to reclassify a raster dataset in R. Previously, we plotted a raster value using break points - that is to say, we colored particular ranges of raster values using a defined set of values that we call breaks. In this lesson, we will learn how to reclassify a raster - to create a new raster object / file that we can share with colleagues and / or open in other tools such as QGIS.

When you reclassify...

Map raster values to new values

The first thing that will need to do is create a reclassification matrix. This matrix MAPS a range of values to a new defined value. Let's create a classified canopy height model where we designate short, medium and tall trees.

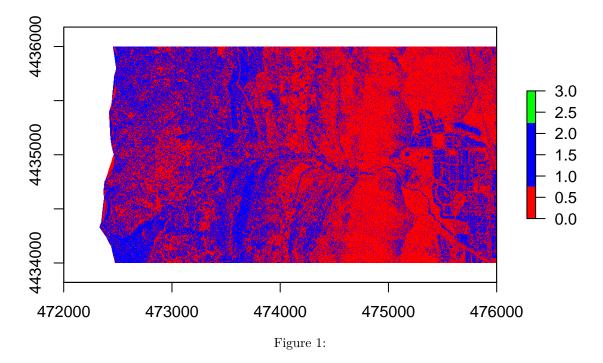
The values will be defined as follows:

```
short = 1 \text{ medium} = 2 \text{ tall} = 3
```

```
## [2,] 10 20 2
## [3,] 20 35 3
```

Reclassify raster

Next, we will reclassify the raster



Add custom legend

Finally, let's clean up our plot legend. Given we have discrete values we will create a CUSTOM legend with the 3 categories that we created in our classification matrix.

```
# plot reclassified data
plot(chm_classified,
    legend=F,
    col=c("red", "blue", "green"), axes=F,
```

```
main="Canopy Height Model - Classified: short, medium, tall trees")

legend("topright",
    legend = c("short trees", "medium trees", "tall trees"),
    fill = c("red", "blue", "green"),
    border = F,
    bty="n") # turn off legend border
```

Canopy Height Model - Classified: short, medium, tall trees

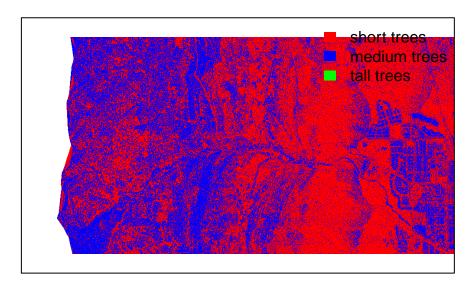


Figure 2:

Challenge - plot change over time

- 1. Create a classified raster map that shows **positive and negative change** in the canopy height model before and after the flood. To do this you will need to calculate the difference between two canopy height models.
- 2. Create a classified raster map that shows **positive and negative change** in terrain extracted from the pre and post flood Digital Terrain Models before and after the flood.

For each plot, be sure to:

- add a legend that clearly shows what each color in your classified raster represents
- use better colors that I used in my example above!.
- add a title to your plot.

You will include these plots in your final report due next week.

Check out this cheatsheet for more on colors in R.

Or type: grDevices::colors() into the r console for a nice list of colors!