

## 1) Top section of the README (first 20-30 lines)

```
```md
```

# BreakPoint Library

Prevent bad AI releases before they hit production.

You change a model.  
The output looks fine.

But:

- Cost jumps +38%.
- A phone number slips into the response.
- The format breaks your downstream parser.

BreakPoint catches it before you deploy.

It runs locally.  
Policy evaluation is deterministic from your saved artifacts.  
It gives you one clear answer:

```
`ALLOW` . `WARN` . `BLOCK`
```

## Quick Example

```
```bash
```

```
breakpoint evaluate baseline.json candidate.json
```

```
```text
```

```
STATUS: BLOCK
```

Reasons:

- Cost increased by 38% (baseline: 1,000 tokens -> candidate: 1,380)

```
```
```

```
---
```

## 2) Current API signature for `evaluate()`

```
```python
```

```
def evaluate(  
    baseline_output: str | None = None,  
    candidate_output: str | None = None,  
    metadata: dict | None = None,  
    baseline: dict | None = None,  
    candidate: dict | None = None,  
    strict: bool = False,  
    config_path: str | None = None,  
    config_environment: str | None = None,  
    preset: str | None = None,  
) -> Decision:
```

Return structure (`Decision`):

- `schema\_version`
- `status` (`ALLOW|WARN|BLOCK`)
- `reasons`
- `reason\_codes`
- `metrics`
- `metadata`
- `details`

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### ## 3) Policy aggregator logic

```
```python
def aggregate_policy_results(results: list[PolicyResult], strict: bool = False)
-> Decision:
    reasons = []
    codes = []
    details = {}

    has_block = False
    has_warn = False
    for result in results:
        reasons.extend(result.reasons)
        codes.extend(result.codes)
        if result.status == "BLOCK":
            has_block = True
        elif result.status == "WARN":
            has_warn = True
        details[result.policy] = result.details or {}

    if has_block:
        status = "BLOCK"
    elif has_warn:
        status = "WARN"
    else:
        status = "ALLOW"

    if strict and status == "WARN":
        status = "BLOCK"
        reasons.append("Strict mode promoted WARN to BLOCK.")
        codes.append("STRICT_PROMOTED_WARN")

    reason_codes = [_to_reason_code(code) for code in codes]
    metrics = _extract_metrics(details)
    return Decision(status=status, reasons=reasons, reason_codes=reason_codes, m
etrics=metrics, details=details)
```
```

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### ## 4) Implemented policies (cost, PII, drift, etc.)

Implemented policy evaluators:

- ``evaluate_cost_policy(...)``
- ``evaluate_pii_policy(...)``
- ``evaluate_drift_policy(...)``
- ``evaluate_output_contract_policy(...)``
- ``evaluate_latency_policy(...)``

Locations:

- ``breakpoint/engine/policies/cost.py``
- ``breakpoint/engine/policies/pii.py``
- ``breakpoint/engine/policies/drift.py``
- ``breakpoint/engine/policies/output_contract.py``
- ``breakpoint/engine/policies/latency.py``

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### ## 5) CLI sample output (baseline/candidate)

Command:

```
```bash
```

```
python -m breakpoint.cli.main evaluate examples/quickstart/baseline.json example  
s/quickstart/candidate_block.json
```

Output:

```
```text
```

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BreakPoint Evaluation

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Final Decision: BLOCK

Policy Results:

- x No PII detected: Detected 1 match(es).
- ✓ Response format: No schema drift detected.
- x Cost: Delta +40.00%.
- x Latency: Delta +70.00%.
- △ Output drift: Similarity 0.052632.

Summary:

- Cost increased by 40.0% (>35%).
- Latency increased by 70.0% (>60%).
- PII detected: EMAIL(1). Total matches: 1.

1 additional non-blocking signal(s) detected.

Exit Code: 0

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```
```
```

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## 6) Default policy config (`default\_policies.json`)

```
```json
```

```
{  
  "cost_policy": {  
    "min_baseline_cost_usd": 0.01,  
    "warn_increase_pct": 15,  
    "block_increase_pct": 35,  
    "warn_delta_usd": 0.0,  
    "block_delta_usd": 0.0  
  },  
  "pii_policy": {  
    "patterns": {  
      "email": "\\b[A-Za-z0-9._%+-]+@[A-Za-z0-9.-]+\\.[A-Za-z]{2,}\\b",  
      "phone": "\\b(?:\\+?1[-.\\s]?)(?:\\((?\\d{3}\\)\\)?[-.\\s]?\\d{3}[-.\\s]?\\d{4}\\b",  
      "credit_card": "\\b(?:\\d[-]?){13,16}\\b",  
      "ssn": "\\b\\d{3}-\\d{2}-\\d{4}\\b"  
    },  
    "allowlist": []  
  },  
  "output_contract_policy": {  
    "enabled": true,  
    "block_on_invalid_json": true,  
    "warn_on_missing_keys": true,  
    "warn_on_type_mismatch": true  
  },  
  "drift_policy": {
```

```

    "warn_length_delta_pct": 75,
    "warn_short_ratio": 0.30,
    "warn_min_similarity": 0.10,
    "semantic_check_enabled": true,
    "similarity_method": "max(token_jaccard,char_3gram_jaccard)"
  },
  "latency_policy": {
    "min_baseline_latency_ms": 50,
    "warn_increase_pct": 25,
    "block_increase_pct": 60,
    "warn_delta_ms": 0.0,
    "block_delta_ms": 0.0
  },
  "model_pricing": {
    "gpt-4.1-mini": {
      "input_per_1k": 0.0004,
      "output_per_1k": 0.0016
    },
    "gpt-4.1": {
      "input_per_1k": 0.002,
      "output_per_1k": 0.008
    }
  }
}
}
}

```

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## 7) How CLI parses flags like `--fail-on` and `--config`

Parsed in `breakpoint/cli/main.py`:

- `--config`: custom config path
- `--fail-on`: `choices=["warn","block"]`
- `--strict`, `--preset`, `--env`, `--json`, `--exit-codes`, `--now`

Behavior:

- `--config` is passed to `evaluate(... config\_path=args.config ...)`
- `--fail-on warn` fails on WARN/BLOCK
- `--fail-on block` fails only on BLOCK

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## 8) Test cases included in repo

Test files:

- `tests/test\_evaluate.py`
- `tests/test\_cli.py`
- `tests/test\_cli\_metrics.py`
- `tests/test\_metrics.py`
- `tests/test\_waivers.py`
- `tests/test\_quickstart\_samples.py`
- `tests/test\_install\_worthy\_examples.py`
- `tests/test\_ci\_templates.py`
- `tests/test\_packaging.py`
- `tests/test\_baseline\_lifecycle.py`

What they cover:

- Policy behavior (cost, pii, drift, latency, output\_contract)
- Strict mode promotion
- Config/env overrides and validation
- CLI JSON/text/golden outputs and exit codes
- Metrics summarization

- Waivers
- Example reproducibility and packaging checks

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## 9) `examples/` directory structure

```text

examples/ci/github-actions-breakpoint.yml  
examples/ci/run-breakpoint-gate.sh

examples/install\_worthy/baseline.json  
examples/install\_worthy/candidate\_cost\_model\_swap.json  
examples/install\_worthy/candidate\_format\_regression.json  
examples/install\_worthy/candidate\_killer\_tradeoff.json  
examples/install\_worthy/candidate\_pii\_verbosity.json

examples/presets/chatbot.json  
examples/presets/extraction.json  
examples/presets/support.json

examples/quickstart/baseline.json  
examples/quickstart/candidate\_allow.json  
examples/quickstart/candidate\_block.json  
examples/quickstart/candidate\_warn.json  
examples/quickstart/custom\_policy.json

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## 10) Errors / edge-case checks in current code

Main validation/error points:

- Missing required outputs:
  - `Baseline output is required.`
  - `Candidate output is required.`
- Waiver time required when waivers exist:
  - requires `metadata.evaluation\_time` (ISO-8601)
- Combined CLI input validation:
  - must be object
  - must contain `baseline` and `candidate` objects
- Config validation:
  - unknown preset
  - invalid/missing environment overrides
  - non-numeric or inconsistent thresholds
  - invalid drift ranges
  - non-boolean output contract flags
  - invalid waivers schema/types
- Metrics validation:
  - requires at least one path
  - validates decision JSON schema keys and types
- CLI catches exceptions and emits:
  - JSON error payload with reason code, or
  - text `ERROR: ...`