Assignment 6 C/C++ Programming II

1 Exercise 1 (2 points – C Program)

Exclude any existing source code files that may already be in your IDE project and add a new one, naming it C2A6E1 GetPointers.c. Also add instructor-supplied source code file C2A6E1 main-Driver.c. Do not write a main function! main already exists in the instructor-supplied file and it will use the code you write.

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File C2A6E1 GetPointers.c must contain functions named GetPrintfPointer and GetPutsPointer.

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GetPrintfPointer syntax:

```
int (*GetPrintfPointer(void))(const char *format, ...);
```

11 Parameters: 12

none

13 Synopsis: 14

Declares a pointer named pPrintf of appropriate type to point to the standard library printf function and initializes it to point to that function.

the initialized pointer named pPrintf, which points to the standard library printf function

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GetPutsPointer syntax:

```
int (*GetPutsPointer(void))(const char *str);
```

Parameters:

none

Synopsis:

Declares a pointer named pPuts of appropriate type to point to the standard library puts function and initializes it to point to that function.

Return:

the initialized pointer named pPuts, which points to the standard library puts function

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Never explicitly write a prototype for a library function. Instead, include the appropriate standard header file, which already contains the needed prototype.

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Submitting your solution

35 Send both source code files to the Assignment Checker with the subject line C2A6E1_ID, where ID is your 9-character UCSD student ID. 36

See the course document titled "Preparing and Submitting Your Assignments" for additional exercise formatting, submission, and Assignment Checker requirements.

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Hints:

Look up the standard library printf and puts functions in your IDE's built-in help, any good C 42 43 programming text book, or online, and examine their prototypes.

Exercise 2 (4 points – C++ Program)

Exclude any existing source code files that may already be in your IDE project and add two new ones, naming them C2A6E2_GetValues.cpp and C2A6E2_SortValues.cpp. Also add instructor-supplied source code file C2A6E2_main-Driver.cpp. Do not write a main function! main already exists in the instructor-supplied file and it will use the code you write.

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File **C2A6E2_GetValues.cpp** must contain a function named **GetValues**.

GetValues syntax:

```
float *GetValues(float *first, size t elements);
```

10 Parameters:

first – a pointer to the first element of an array of floats

elements – the number of elements in that array

Synopsis:

Prompts the user to input **elements** whitespace-separated floating point values, which it then reads with **cin** and stores into the successive elements of the array in **first** starting with element 0.

Return:

a pointer to the first element of the array

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File C2A6E2_SortValues.cpp must contain a function named SortValues.

SortValues syntax:

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float *SortValues(float *first, size_t elements);
```

Parameters:

first – a pointer to the first element of an array of floats

elements – the number of elements in that array

Synopsis:

Sorts the array in first in descending order using the "bubble sort" algorithm

Return:

a pointer to the first element of the sorted array

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- Use no global variables or global information about the array in either function.
- Do <u>not</u> use the syntax **pointer[offset]** or *(**pointer + offset**) to access array elements. Use *pointer or *pointer++ instead.
- Use the following test values. Copying/pasting them from this document to the user prompt is an easy way to avoid retyping them each time:

```
1st prompt:
                    3.4
                          5
                                         8e4
                                                22.6e-4
                                                           11.22
                                                                   .00
                                                                          0.4
             1.2
                              6
                                   7.7
                        +16.8
                                 - .0003
2nd prompt:
              -20
                    4
                                          32.79
                                                   76
                                                         -6e6
3rd prompt:
             1 2 3 4 5
```

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Submitting your solution

Send all three source code files to the Assignment Checker with the subject line **C2A6E2_ID**, where **ID** is your 9-character UCSD student ID.

See the course document titled "Preparing and Submitting Your Assignments" for additional exercise formatting, submission, and Assignment Checker requirements.

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49 Hints:

Do not declare any arrays or create any dynamically.

Exclude any existing source code files that may already be in your IDE project and add a new one, naming it C2A6E3 DisplayClassStatus.c. Also add instructor-supplied source C2A6E3_main-Driver.c. Do not write a main function! main already exists in the instructor-supplied file and it will use the code you write.

A certain school keeps two sets of student names for every class taught. The first is for individuals who have registered (registrants) and the second is for individuals (registered or not) who have attended the first class meeting (attendees). This information is kept in the following standard ragged names array format:

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```
const char *names[] = { "A1", "Ned Nasty", "Sweet L. Sally", etc. };
```

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File C2A6E3_DisplayClassStatus.c must contain functions named Compare, SortStudents, and DisplayClassStatus.

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Compare syntax:

```
int Compare(const void *elemA, const void *elemB);
```

Parameters:

elemA – a pointer to an element of a names array

elemB – a pointer to an element of a names array

Synopsis:

Compares the names represented by elemA and elemB using the standard library function strcmp. Return:

<0 if the name represented by elemA is less than the name represented by elemB;

0 if the name represented by **elemA** is equal to the name represented by **elemB**;

>0 if the name represented by elemA is greater than the name represented by elemB.

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SortStudents syntax:

```
void SortStudents(const char *studentList[], size_t studentCount);
```

studentList – A pointer to the first element of a names array

studentCount - The number of elements in the array

Synopsis:

Uses the standard library asort function and the Compare function above to sort the array in studentList into alphabetical order.

Return:

void

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DisplayClassStatus syntax:

```
void DisplayClassStatus( const char *registrants[], size_t registrantCount,
                        const char *attendees[], size_t attendeeCount);
```

Parameters:

registrants – pointer to the first element of a registrants names array registrantCount – the number of elements in the registrants names array attendees – pointer to the first element of an attendees names array attendeeCount - the number of elements in the attendees names array

1. Determines and displays which of the registrants did not attend the first meeting by repeatedly calling the standard library bsearch function to search the attendees array for each name in the registrants array.

Determines and displays which of the attendees were not registered by repeatedly calling bsearch to search the registrants array for each name in the attendees array.

3. Results must be displayed in the following format, using the phrases "Not present:" and "Not registered:" as shown to differentiate the two groupings.

Not present:
 Orphan Annie
 Toto The Dog
 Madonna
Not registered:
 Little Mary
 Big John
 Tiny Tim

Return: **void**

The same comparison function must be used for both **qsort** and **bsearch**.

Submitting your solution

Send both source code files to the Assignment Checker with the subject line **C2A6E3_ID**, where **ID** is your 9-character UCSD student ID.

See the course document titled "Preparing and Submitting Your Assignments" for additional exercise formatting, submission, and Assignment Checker requirements.

Hints: The first argument of bsearch must always be the address of (a pointer to) the object to be searched for, not the value of that object.

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Exclude any existing source code files that may already be in your IDE project and add two new ones, naming them C2A6E4_OpenFile.c and C2A6E4_List.c. Also add instructor-supplied source code files C2A6E4_List-Driver.h and C2A6E4_main-Driver.c. Do not write a main function! main already exists in the instructor-supplied implementation file and it will use the code you write.

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Regarding data type List, which is used in this exercise...

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C2A6E4 List-Driver.h

This header file must be included (#include) in any file that uses this data type.

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File **C2A6E4_OpenFile.c** must contain a function named **OpenFile**.

14 **OpenFile** syntax:

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FILE *OpenFile(const char *fileName);
```

Parameters:

fileName - a pointer to the name of the file to be opened

Synopsis:

Opens the file named in **fileName** in the read-only text mode. If the open fails an error message is output to **stderr** and the program is terminated with an error exit code.

Return:

a pointer to the open file if the open succeeds; otherwise, the function does not return.

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File C2A6E4 List.c must contain functions named CreateList, PrintList, FreeList.

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CreateList syntax:

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List *CreateList(FILE *fp);
```

Parameter:

fp – a pointer to an open text file containing zero or more whitespace-separated words (strings) Synopsis:

Reads strings from the text file in **fp** and creates a new non-sorted singly-linked list in which each node represents a unique <u>case-dependent</u> string found in the file. As each string is read the current list is searched for a node that may already exist for that string. If one is found, its string occurrence count is merely incremented. If none is found, a new node is created at the head of the list (pushed) to represent the new string, and its occurrence count is set to 1. Reading of the file stops when EOF is reached.

Return:

the list's head pointer.

40 Examples:

A list with 9 nodes will be created if the file contains:

Is it the day the earth stood still? It is!

but a list with 11 nodes will be created if the file contains:

Is it the day the earth stood still ? It is !

In both cases the count in each node will be 1 except for the "the" node, which will contain a count of 2. Note that "Is" differs from "is" and "it" differs from "It" due to case, and each will get a separate node.

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PrintList syntax:

```
List *PrintList(const List *head);
```

Parameter:

head – the head pointer to the previously-described list

53 Synopsis:

Displays a non-sorted table of the data attributes from the list whose head pointer is passed to it, starting at the head of the list. The display must be in the format illustrated on the next page, in which the first character in each string is aligned and the least significant digits of the occurrence counts are aligned. There are no blank lines between entries.

Return:

head

Display Table Example:

```
the 107 ea White 25 ea White? 4 ea if 16 ea etc...
```

FreeList syntax:

```
void FreeList(List *head);
```

Parameter:

head – the head pointer to the previously-described list

Synopsis:

Frees all dynamic allocations in the list.

Return:

void

Restrictions:

The FreeList function must call no functions or macros other than the standard library free function, which it may call as needed.

- Do not sort the list; push each new node onto the top.
- Do not attempt to read the entire input file into your program at once.
- Test the program on instructor-supplied input file **TestFile1.txt**. If you have placed it in the appropriate directory the instructor-supplied implementation file will use it automatically.

Submitting your solution

Send all four source code files to the Assignment Checker with the subject line **C2A6E4_ID**, where **ID** is your 9-character UCSD student ID.

See the course document titled "Preparing and Submitting Your Assignments" for additional exercise formatting, submission, and Assignment Checker requirements.

 Hints:

Do not allocate space for a new node until you have searched the existing list and have not found an existing node for the current string. Be sure to allow space for the null terminator, '\0', when allocating space for strings. Be sure to free the string associated with a node before freeing the node itself.

Get a Consolidated Assignment Report (optional)

If you would like to receive a consolidated report containing the results of the most recent version of each exercise submitted for this assignment, send an empty email to the assignment checker with the subject line **C2A6_ID**, where **ID** is your 9-character UCSD student ID. Inspect the report carefully since it is what I will be grading. You may resubmit exercises and report requests as many times as you wish before the assignment deadline.