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In [261]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from cvxopt import matrix, solvers
%matplotlib inline

# Load the wines data into a pandas dataframe
fname = r'wines.csv'
wines = pd.read_csv(fname,delimiter=';',header=0)
wines.head()
```

Out[261]:

	fixed acidity	volatile acidity	citric acid	residual sugar	chlorides	free sulfur dioxide	total sulfur dioxide	density	pH	sulphates	
0	7.4	0.70	0.00	1.9	0.076	11.0	34.0	0.9978	3.51	0.56	€
1	7.8	0.88	0.00	2.6	0.098	25.0	67.0	0.9968	3.20	0.68	€
2	7.8	0.76	0.04	2.3	0.092	15.0	54.0	0.9970	3.26	0.65	€
3	11.2	0.28	0.56	1.9	0.075	17.0	60.0	0.9980	3.16	0.58	€
4	7.4	0.70	0.00	1.9	0.076	11.0	34.0	0.9978	3.51	0.56	€

```

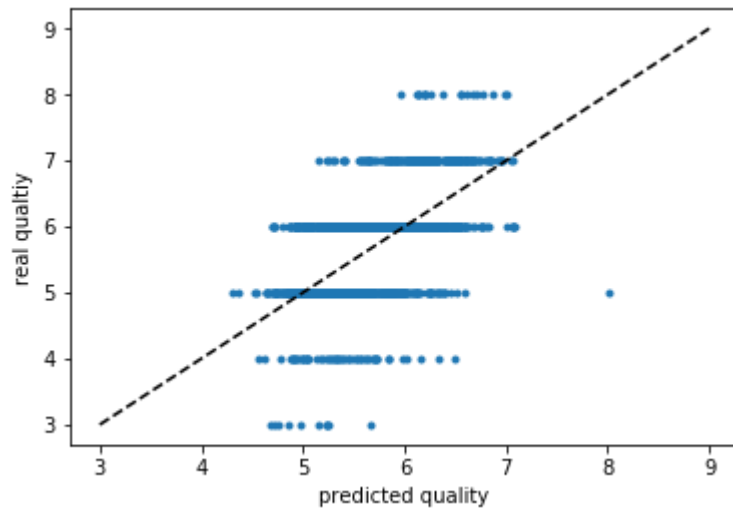
In [281]: # dimension of the data
n = wines.shape[0]
m = wines.shape[1]-1
# augment the X and parse Y
min_max_scaler = preprocessing.MinMaxScaler()
X = np.hstack((wines.iloc[:, :-1], np.ones((n, 1))))
Y = wines.iloc[:, -1].astype('double')
# c is (m+1+n)
# setting the coefficients in c corresponding to a_j and b to zeros and average the z's
c = matrix(np.hstack([np.zeros(m+1), np.ones(n)/n]))
# A is 2n by (m+1+n)
XX = np.vstack([-X, X])
I = np.vstack([-np.eye(n), -np.eye(n)])
A = np.hstack([XX, I])
# we need to format this for the solver to include the constraints on z's
G = matrix(np.vstack([A, np.hstack([np.zeros((n, m+1)), -np.eye(n)])]))
# b is 2n
b = np.hstack([-Y, Y])
# again we format the b to include constraints on the z's
h = matrix(np.hstack([b, np.zeros(n)]))
# pass the matrices to the solver
sol = solvers.lp(c, G, h, solver='soplk')

```

	pcost	dcost	gap	pres	dres	k/t
0:	0.0000e+00	6.9562e-16	4e+00	8e-01	8e-15	1e+00
1:	2.7051e-01	1.4091e-01	1e+00	2e-01	5e-15	9e-02
2:	4.0476e-01	3.6896e-01	2e-01	4e-02	7e-13	1e-02
3:	4.6439e-01	4.5069e-01	8e-02	1e-02	4e-12	4e-03
4:	4.8118e-01	4.7506e-01	3e-02	6e-03	2e-11	1e-03
5:	4.8776e-01	4.8474e-01	2e-02	3e-03	5e-12	4e-04
6:	4.9221e-01	4.9144e-01	4e-03	7e-04	1e-11	8e-05
7:	4.9331e-01	4.9310e-01	1e-03	2e-04	3e-12	1e-05
8:	4.9357e-01	4.9349e-01	4e-04	7e-05	3e-11	4e-06
9:	4.9369e-01	4.9367e-01	1e-04	2e-05	2e-11	9e-08
10:	4.9374e-01	4.9373e-01	3e-05	5e-06	3e-11	2e-08
11:	4.9375e-01	4.9375e-01	1e-06	2e-07	8e-12	7e-10
12:	4.9375e-01	4.9375e-01	1e-08	2e-09	3e-11	7e-12

Optimal solution found.

```
In [283]: d = np.asarray(sol['x'][:12])
plt.plot(X.dot(d),Y, '.')
plt.plot([3,9],[3,9], 'k--')
plt.xlabel('predicted quality')
plt.ylabel('real quality')
plt.show()
```



```
In [287]: print('The average L1 loss is:')
sol['primal objective']
```

Out[287]: 0.4937487285454359