Refactoring Laws for Colorful Alloy

The refactored laws of our colorful Alloy is present in the form of an equation of two Alloy template. we can apply a refactoring whenever either side template is matched by a piece of Alloy code and when it satisfies the preconditions. A matching is an assignment of all the variables in the left/right hand side templates to concrete values from the source annotated Alloy code.

Restriction of Colorful Alloy:

 $(a) \cap (b) = \bot$, which means there's no common product in (a) and (b).

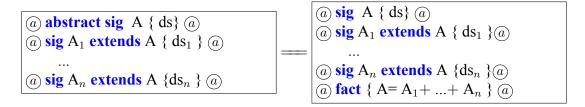
The meaning of Symbols:

p denotes a set of signatures, predicates, or facts,p may contain feature annotations; ds denotes a set of Field declarations, ds may contain features;

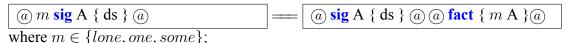
- (a), (b), (c) denote a set of features combination that can be marked on the Alloy elements;
- (k) represent a concrete feature k is selected, while (k) means the de-selection of k. k represent a Field relation.

Law 1,2,3,?? are rules for signatures.

Law 1 (Remove abstract Attribute) [1]

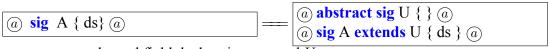


Law 2 (Remove the Multiplicity of Sig) [1]



If we have signatures with abstract and multiplicity, we can always remove them with law 1 and law 2 before the refactoring.

Law 3 (Introduce generalization) [1]

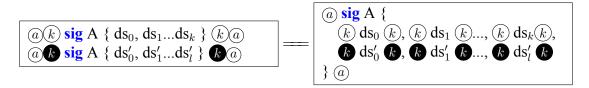


- \rightarrow no paragraphs and field declarations name \overline{dU} ;
- $\leftarrow U$ does not appear in paragraphs and Field declarations.

Law 4 (Separate feature annotations)



Law 5 (Separate feature annotations For Field)



Law 6 (Reorder) put features in the right order to merge

 \leftrightarrow (k)not appear in (a)

our implementation does not care about the order of the feature

Law 7 (Combine Building Expressions)

Laws for relation declarations:law7-10

Law 8 (Remove disj qualifier)

Law 9 (Separate Relation Declarations) [1]

Law 10 (Remove Relation Qualifier) [1]



also apply to binary expressions such as (some-> one)

For expressions:

Law 11 ("and" expression)



References

[1] R. Gheyi. A refinement theory for alloy. 2007.