CertStream Developer Guide

Welcome to CertStream! Choose a section from the table of contents below to find the details on how CertStream works!

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Introduction to Certstream

CertStream is an easy-to-deploy Python Script designed for Cybersecurity Researchers. It seamlessly captures newly-registered domains that matches your capture regexes.

The CertStream User Guide acquaints you with the application's functionality, enabling you to maximize its potential.

Key Features:

- Retrieve domains from Certificate Transparency's vast network of monitors.
- Filters for domains of interest with one or more capture regexes.
- Integrates seamlessly with Group IB's Digital Risk Protection Tools.
- Stores domains of interest into a SQLite database.

© CertStream only requires one command to start. CertStream is user-friendly!

We are confident that CertStream will enhance your efficiency as Cybersecurity Researchers. Enjoy your experience with CertStream!

Setting up & Getting started

Refer to the User Guide.

Design

Architecture

Given below is a quick overview of main components and how they interact with each other.

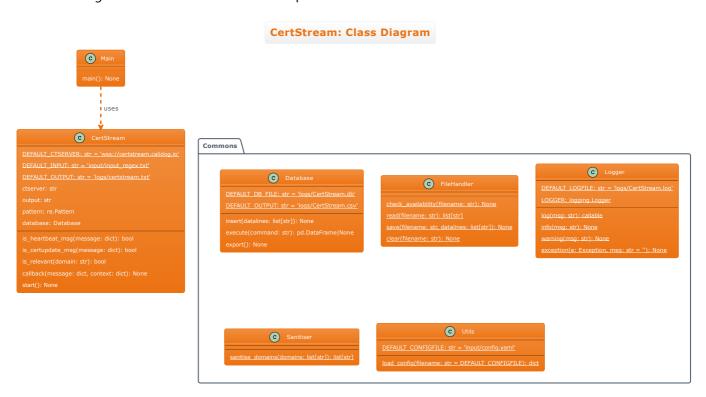
Main components of the architecture

At DomainChecker launch, Main calls CertStream to listen for Certificate Transparency logs.

Commons represents a collection of classes used by multiple other components.

How the architecture components interact with each other

The Class Diagram below shows how the components are structured.



The sections below give more details of each component.

CertStream component

API: CertStream.py

The CertStream component handles CertStream operations.

The CertStream component:

- uses Long Polling to listen for updates from Certificate Transparent monitor network (aggregated by Calidog's CertStream).
- logs each relevant domain and stores them in a SQLite database.

Design Considerations

Database: Why not use Text File as a simple datastore?

- Alternative 1 (current choice): Use a well-implemented database (i.e. SQL database).
 - o Pros: Reliable, follows ACID principles. Provides additional features like disallowing duplicates.
 - Cons: Additional overhead and performance cost.

- Alternative 2: Use a simple Text/CSV file.
 - Pros: Simple implementation, fewer bugs and higher performance.
 - Cons: Hard to manage data once it is written into the Text/CSV file. Less flexible, unless auxillary code is written.

Common classes

API: Commons.py

Classes used by multiple components are in the Commons package.

Implementation of Features

This section describes some noteworthy details on how certain features are implemented.

Running CertStream python3 Main.py

Implementation

The execution of CertStream is facilitated by Main. Main sets up the runtime environment (specifically: Change runtime working directory & Initialise logging) & initialises CertStream.

Behaviour

Given below is a scenario of how running Main.py behaves at each step.

Step 1. The user first launches CertStream by executing python3 Main.py on the Terminal/Command Prompt.

Step 2. Main calibrates the working directory to the directory where Main.py is located, and initialises CertStream.

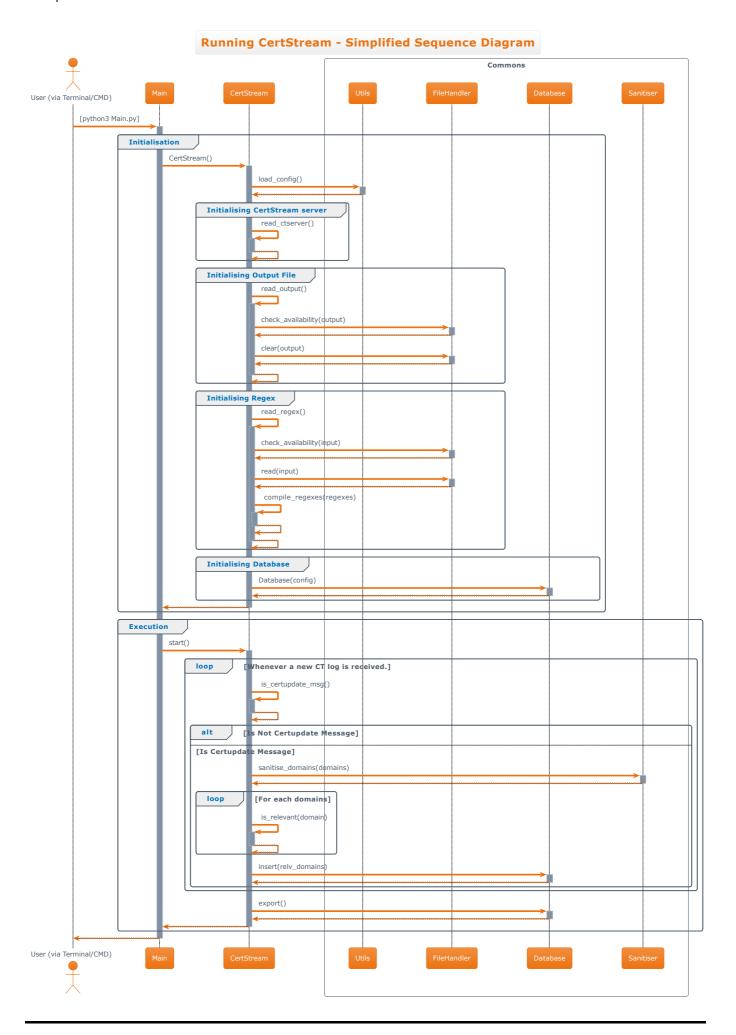
Step 3. Facade grabs the configuration fields from the configuration file (default: config.yaml), and initialises the Certificate Transparency monitor server, output filename, regexes to monitor and Database.

Step 4. Main starts Long Polling, by calling certstream.start().

Step 5. For each new CT log, certstream.callback() is called. It first verifies if the log received is a Certificate Update message. Then, it sanitises the domains, filters for relevant domains and insert these domains into the database.

Step 6. When the user terminates CertStream (e.g. CTRL+C), certstream.start() will export all stored domains in the database to an output text file. Finally, the program terminates.

The following sequence diagram shows how the CertStream runs:



Feedback

CertStream is a pilot program. Any feedback is appreciated while we develop CertStream. To deposit ideas and comments, create a new Issue on Github!

Authors

This User Guide is written by Choon Yong.