

F-test (Variance Ratio test)

* The following data is about the no of bulbs produced daily by two workers A and B.

A	B
40	39
30	38
38	41
41	33
38	32
35	39
	40
	34

$$\alpha = 0.05$$

Can we consider based on the data worker B is more stable and efficient?

* Why not mean here can be used to test?

→ Mean is same for both the samples.

So we will compare variances.

① $H_0: S_1^2 = S_2^2$, $H_A: S_1^2 \neq S_2^2$

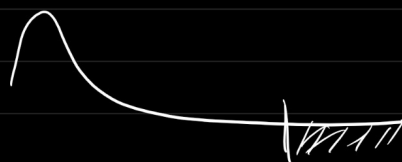
② F test, one tail test, $\alpha = 0.05$.

③ $F_{\text{statistic}} = \frac{S_1^2}{S_2^2}$

Worker A	\bar{X}_1	$(X_i - \bar{X}_1)^2$
40	37	9
30	37	49
38	37	1
41	37	16
38	37	1
35	37	4

$\bar{X}_1 = 37$ $\sum (X_i - \bar{X}_1)^2 = 80$

$$S_1^2 = \frac{80}{n-1} = \frac{80}{6-1} = \frac{80}{5} = 16$$



Worker B	\bar{X}_2	$(X_2 - \bar{X}_2)^2$
39	37	4
38	37	1
41	37	16
33	37	16
32	37	25
39	37	4
40	37	9
34	37	9

$\bar{X}_2 = 37$ $\sum X_2 - \bar{X}_2 = 84$

$$S_2^2 = \frac{84}{8-1} = \frac{84}{7} = 12$$

$$F_{\text{statistic}} = \frac{16}{12} = 1.33$$

④ $F_{\text{critical}} \alpha = 0.05$, $\text{dof}_1 = 5$ $\text{dof}_2 = 7$
 $\xrightarrow{\text{in Numerator in table}}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{Denominator in table}}$

$$F_{\text{critical}} \alpha = 0.05, \text{dof}(5, 7) = 3.97$$

⑤ Conclusion

$F_{\text{statistic}}$ is greater than 1.33,

$$1.33 < 3.97$$

we fail to

reject the H_0 (Null hypothesis)

Worker B is not more stable/effective as compared to A.

