

Machine Learning

Homework Assignment 3

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ans 1) (a) Example 1: 4 +ve / 5 -ve

Example 2: 3 +ve / 6 -ve

High entropy means that our data ^{labels} are equally distributed and ~~categorized~~ present in the examples here,

in Example 1 we see that no. of positive and negatives is almost equal as compared to example 2

Hence entropy of Example 1 is higher than entropy of Example 2.

This can be validated using the formula

$$S_1 = -\frac{4}{9} \log\left(\frac{4}{9}\right) - \frac{5}{9} \log\left(\frac{5}{9}\right)$$

$$= 0.992$$

$$S_2 = -\frac{3}{9} \log\left(\frac{3}{9}\right) - \frac{6}{9} \log\left(\frac{6}{9}\right)$$

$$= 0.917$$

$$S_1 > S_2$$

Hence Proved

(b)

Data Set

	x_1	x_2	x_3	y
x^1	F	F	F	+
x^2	T	F	T	+
x^3	F	F	T	-
x^4	F	T	F	+
x^5	T	T	F	-
x^6	+	T	T	-
x^7	F	F	F	-

we split on x_1

	x_1	x_2	x_3	y		x_1	x_2	x_3	y
x^1	F	F	F	+	x^2	F	F	T	+
x^3	F	F	T	-	x^5	T	T	F	-
x^4	F	T	F	+	x^6	T	T	T	-
x^7	F	F	F	-					

0.918

~~$P_+(s) = \frac{3}{7}$~~ $P_+(s) = \frac{3}{7}$ $P_-(s) = \frac{4}{7}$

Entropy

$$H(s) = -\frac{3}{7} \log\left(\frac{3}{7}\right) - \frac{4}{7} \log\left(\frac{4}{7}\right)$$
$$\approx 0.9863$$

$$P_-(x_{1F}) = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P_+(x_{1F}) = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P_-(x_{1T}) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$P_+(x_{1T}) = \frac{1}{3}$$

Entropy

$$E(x_{1F}) = -\frac{1}{2} \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= 1$$

$$E(x_{1T}) = -\frac{2}{3} \log\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) - \frac{1}{3} \log\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$= 0.924$$

Hence,

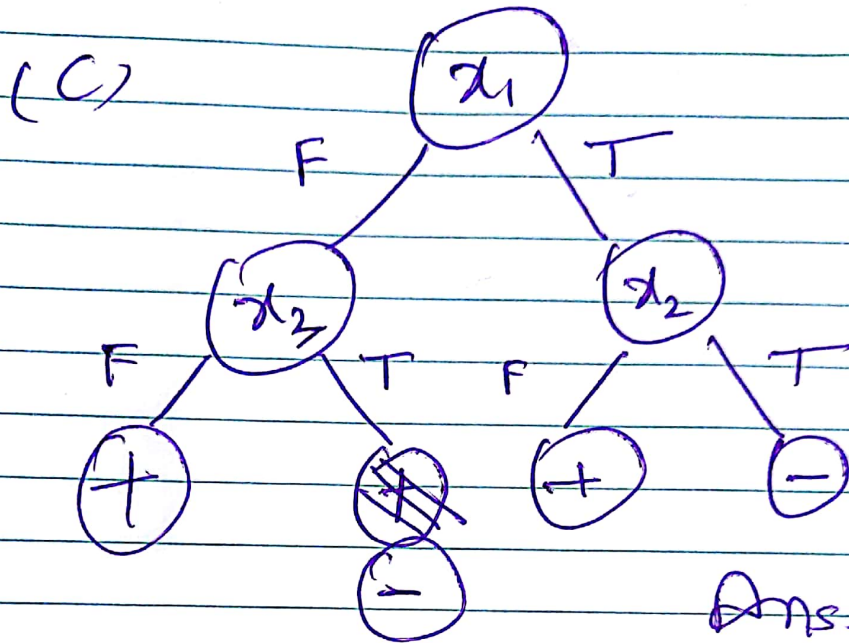
Information Gain

$$I-G = H(S) - \left[\frac{4}{7} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{3}{7} \left(-\frac{2}{3} \log \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \log \frac{1}{3} \right) \right]$$

$$= 0.9863 - 1 - 0.924$$

$$= 0.0203$$

Ans.



Ans.

• First we check the entropies on each Attribute after split & Make a split on x_1 & it gives the least entropy after split.

• For left side of x_1 , x_3 gives the lesser entropy (i.e. 0 entropy). So we Make split on x_3 .

• For right side of x_1 , x_2 gives the lesser entropy (i.e. 0 entropy). Thus we make a split on x_2 .

(0% training error is Achieved)

Note • we have used the revised dataset with no training errors

$$\begin{aligned}
 (d) H(Y) &= -P(+)\log[P(+)] - P(-)\log[P(-)] \\
 &= -\frac{3}{7}\log\left(\frac{3}{7}\right) - \frac{4}{7}\log\left(\frac{4}{7}\right) \\
 &= 0.9863
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 H(Y|X) &= \sum_{x_1} P[X=x_1] \times \left[\sum_y P[Y=y|X=x_1] \times \log P[Y=y|X=x_1] \right] \\
 &= \frac{4}{7} \left[\left(-\frac{1}{2}\log\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\log\frac{1}{2} \right) \right] + \frac{3}{7} \left[\left(-\frac{1}{3}\log\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3}\log\frac{2}{3} \right) \right] \\
 &= 0.54 + 0.396 \\
 &= 0.936
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 H(Y) - H(Y|X) &= 0.9863 - 0.936 \\
 &= 0.0503 \quad \text{Ans-}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (e) E(s) &= -\sum \frac{N_e}{N} \log\left(\frac{N_e}{N}\right) \\
 &= -\sum_{l \in L} p(l) \log p(l)
 \end{aligned}$$

Here, $p(l) = \frac{1}{Z}$ since we have Z possible labels

$$\begin{aligned}
 E(s) &= -\sum \frac{1}{Z} \log \frac{1}{Z} = \log(Z) \\
 &= Z \left[\frac{1}{Z} \log(Z) \right] \quad \text{Ans-}
 \end{aligned}$$