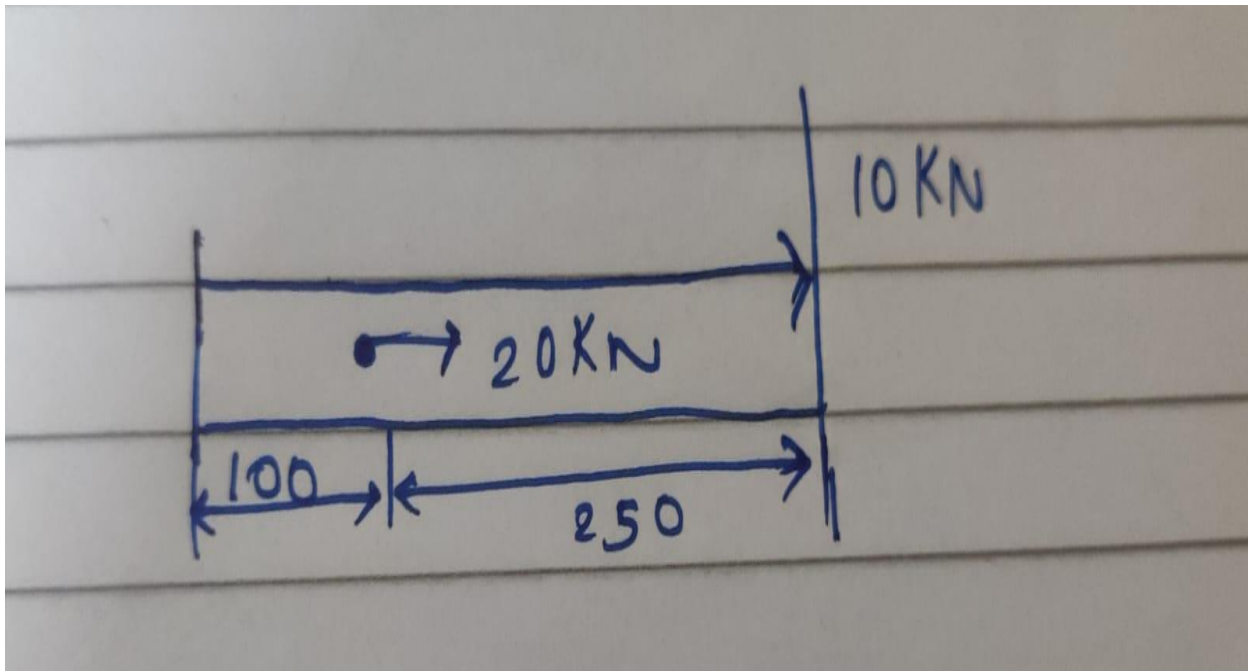


Name of Student: Aniket Patil	Class: TE MECH 2
Semester/ Year: 6 <sup>th</sup> / 3 <sup>rd</sup>	Roll No: 29
Date of performance:	Date of Submission
Examined by: Prof. B.R Pujari	Expt No: 4

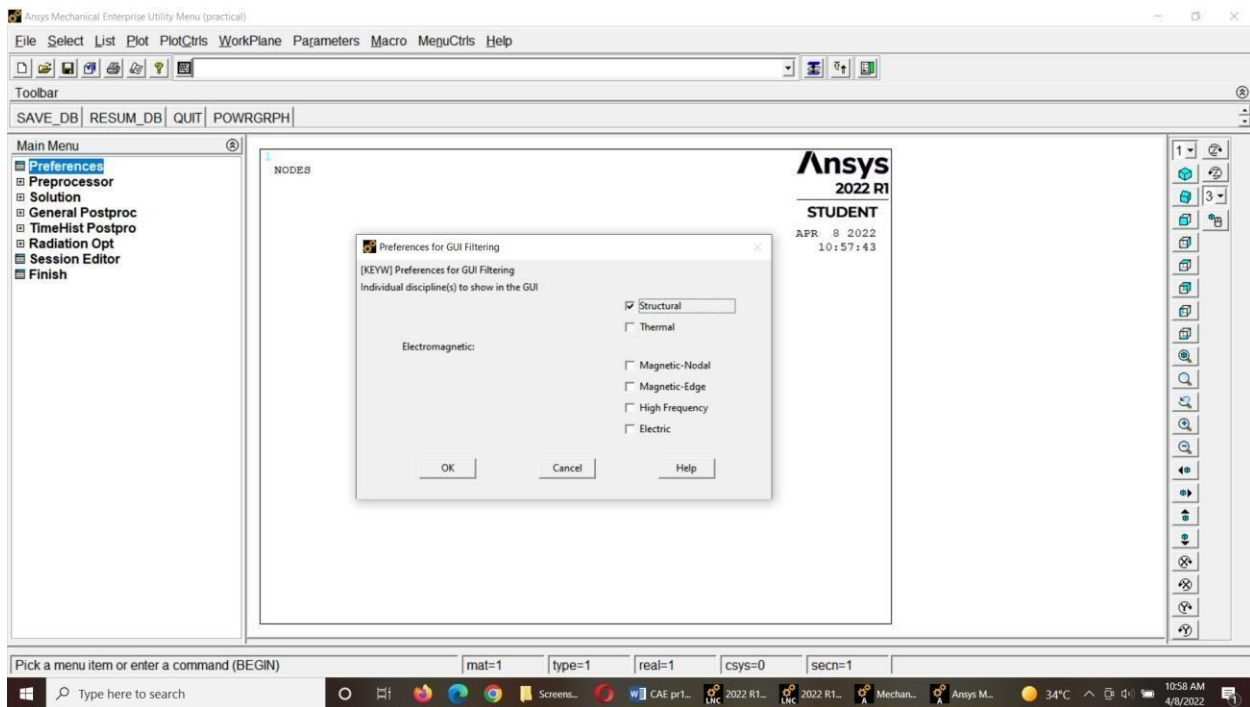
**AIM OF EXPERIMENT:-** Stress and deflection analysis of beam using finite element package. Finite Element Package: ANSYS 2022

Stress distribution in a beam with applied load.

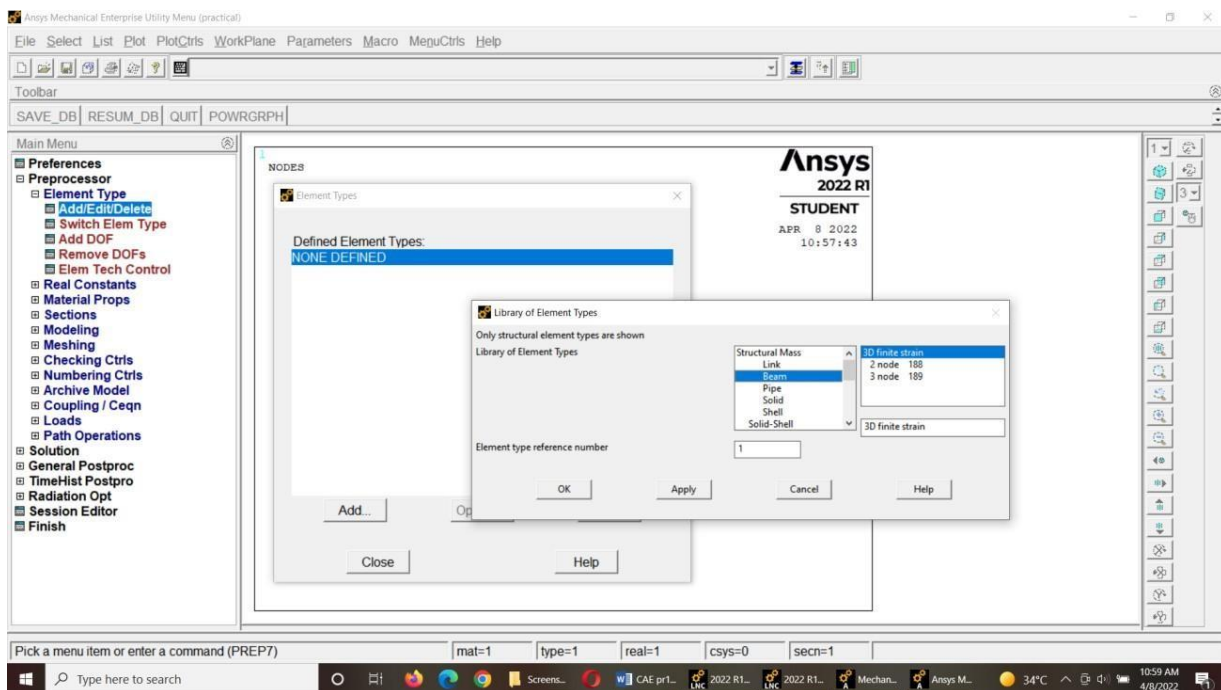
$E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ Mpa}$        $R = 25 \text{ mm}$        $\mu = 0.3$



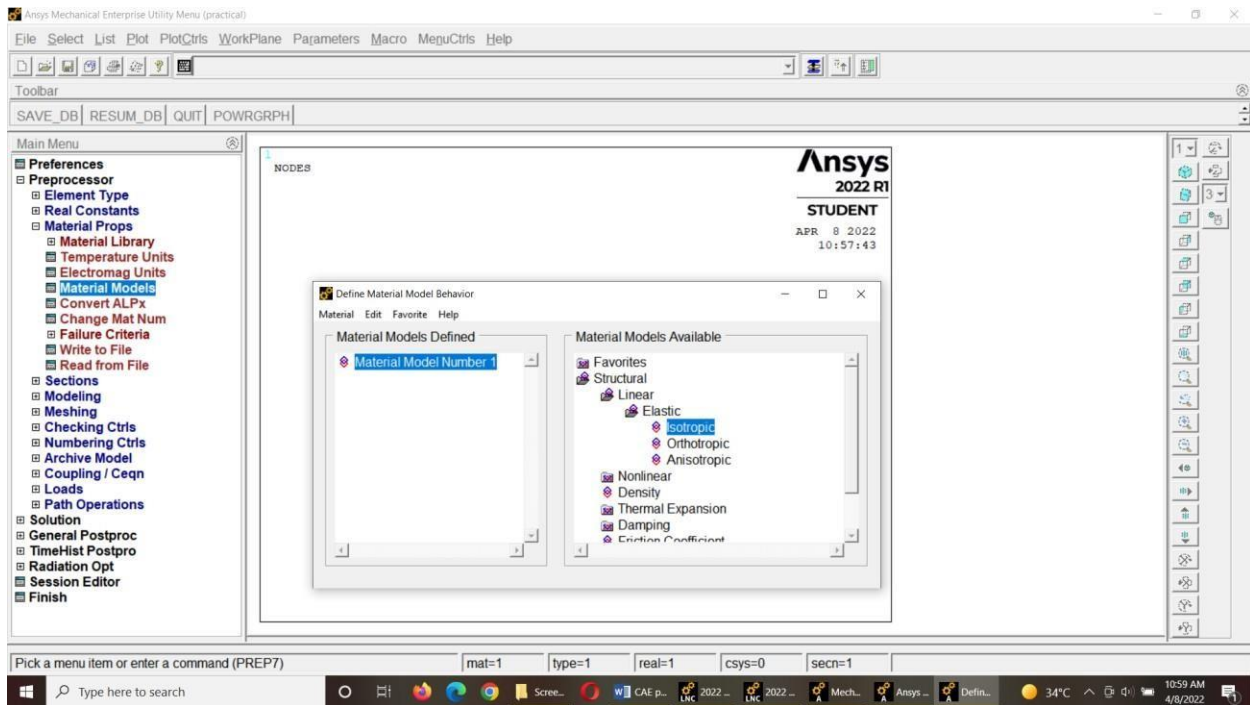
## Step 1: Select type of Analysis ----- Preferences> structural>Press Ok



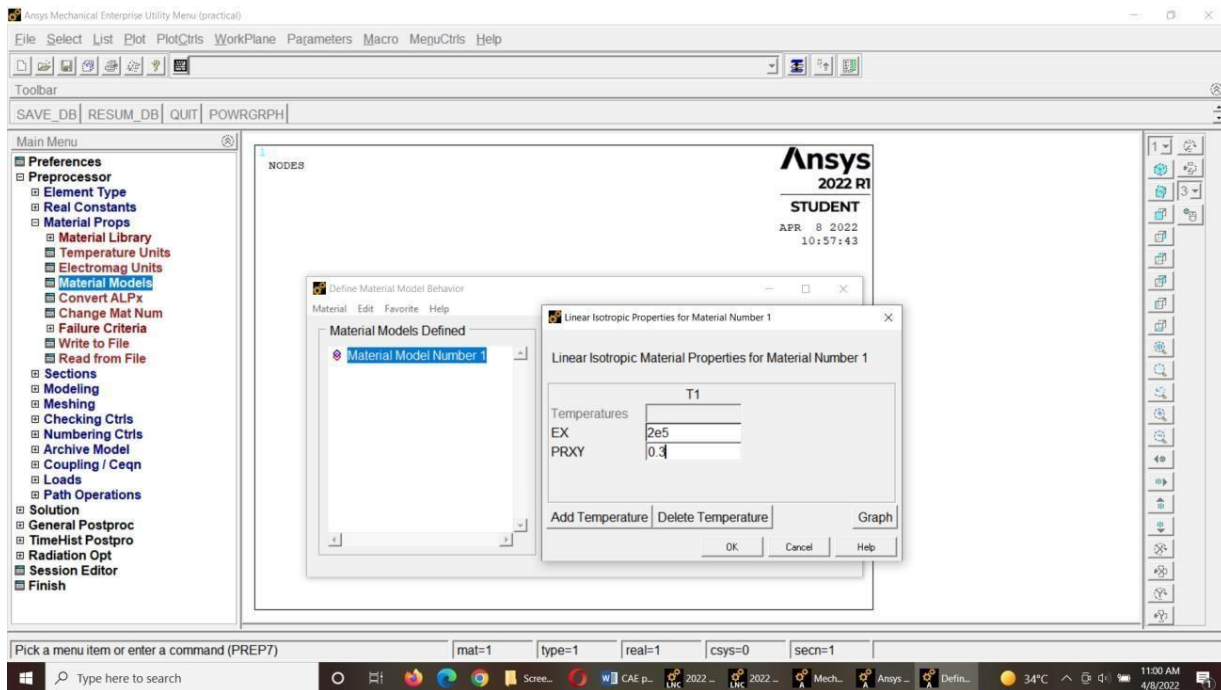
## Step 2: Add the element type.....preprocessor>element type>beam>2node 188> Press ok



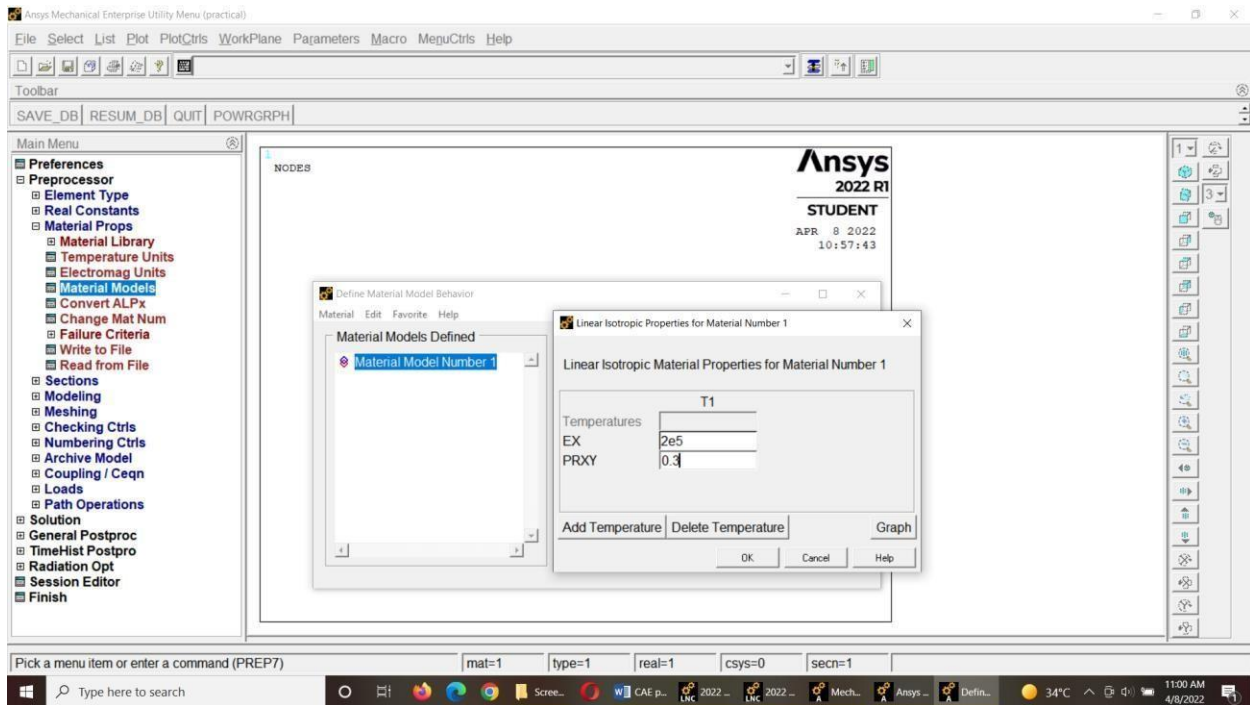
### Step 3: Preprocessor>Material prop.>Material models>Material number1



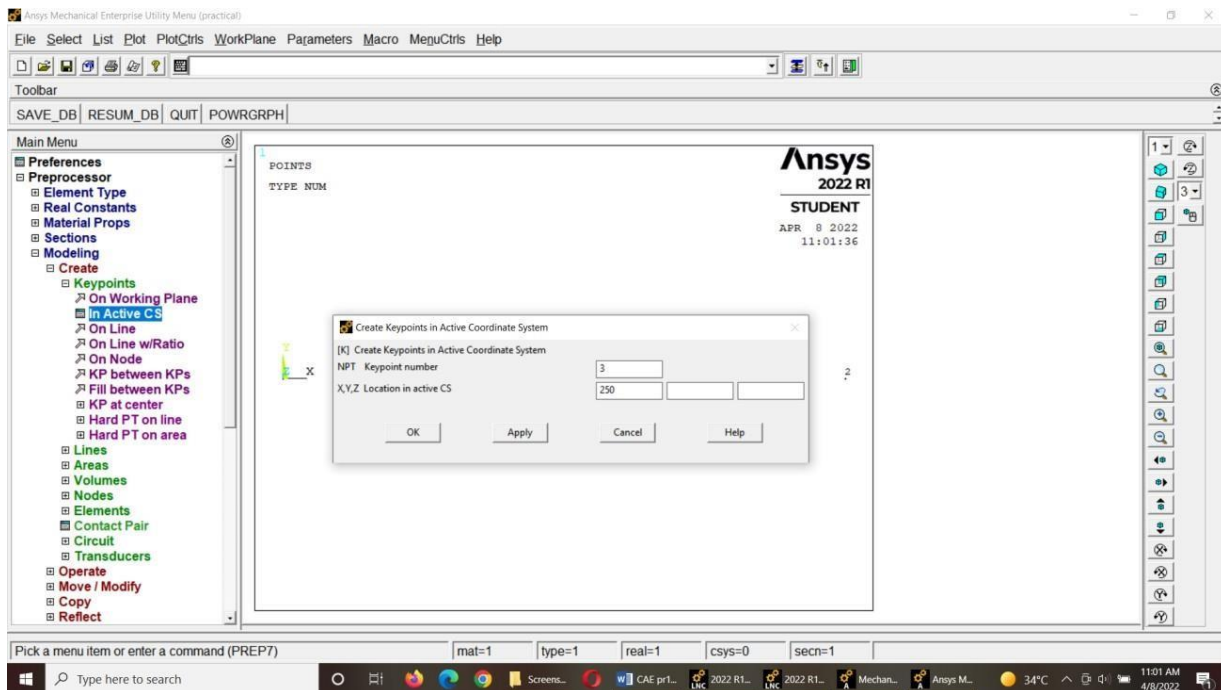
### Step 4: Material models>structural>linear>elastic>isotropic.



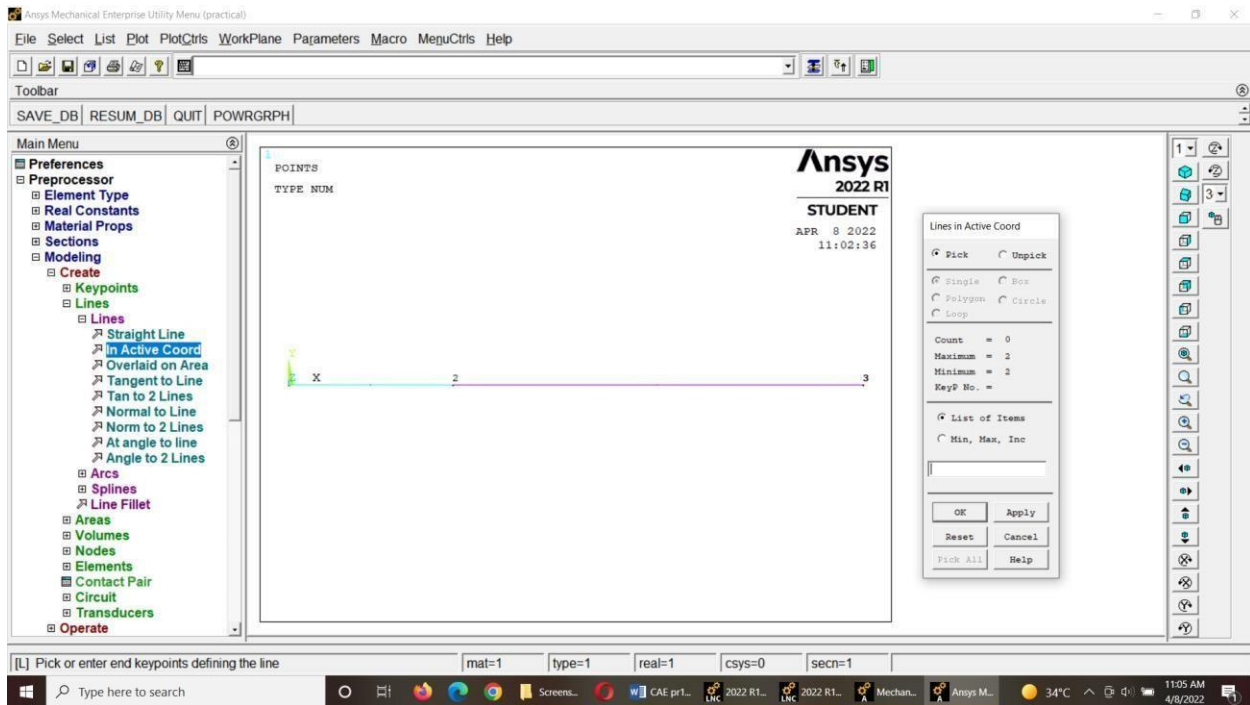
**Step 5: selecting section of beam....section>beam>common section>select section.**



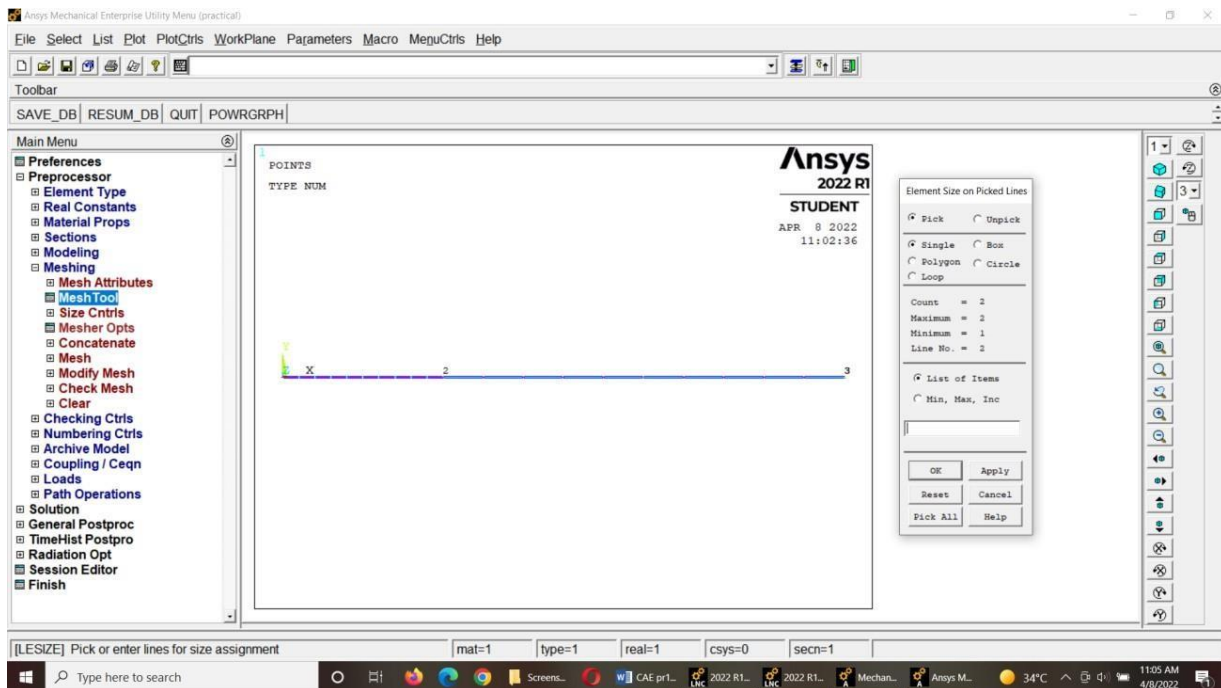
**Step6: Creating Keypoints:- modeling>create>keypoint>in active cs>select co- ordinate.**



## Step7: Lines>Lines>In active co-ordinate cs> Join Co Ordinates

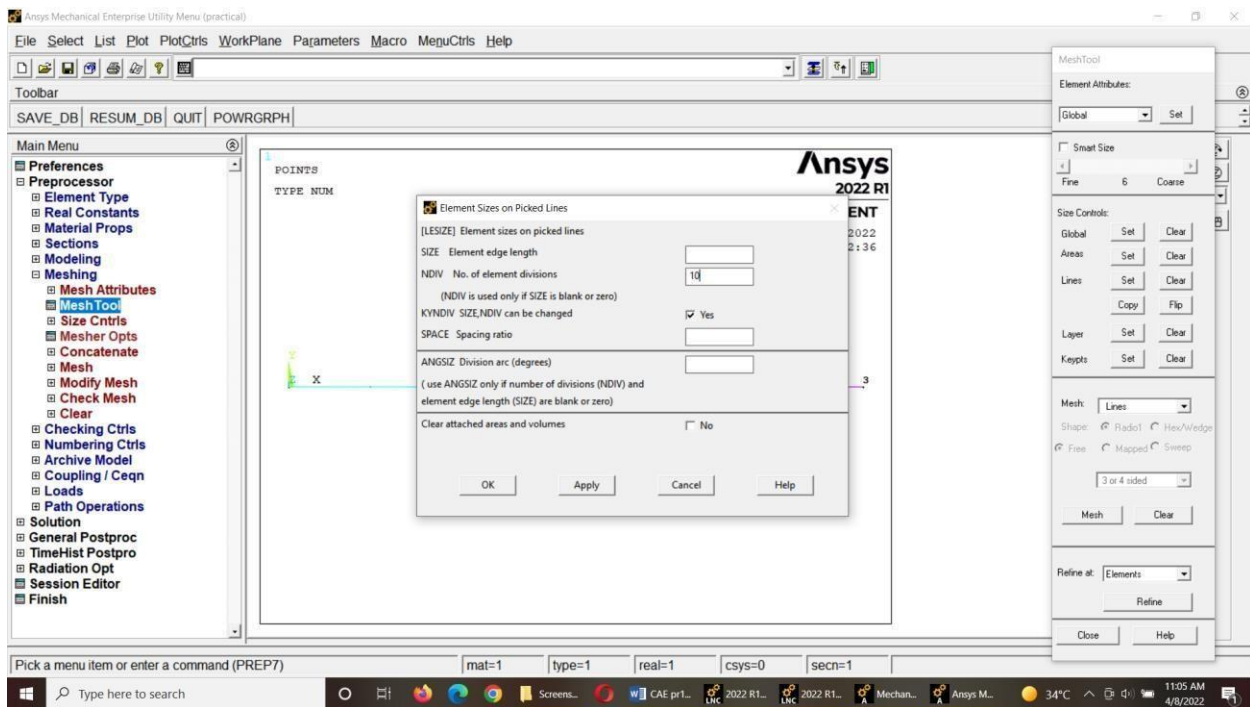


## Step8: meshing:- Meshing> meshtools>lines>Set>Select Model>Apply

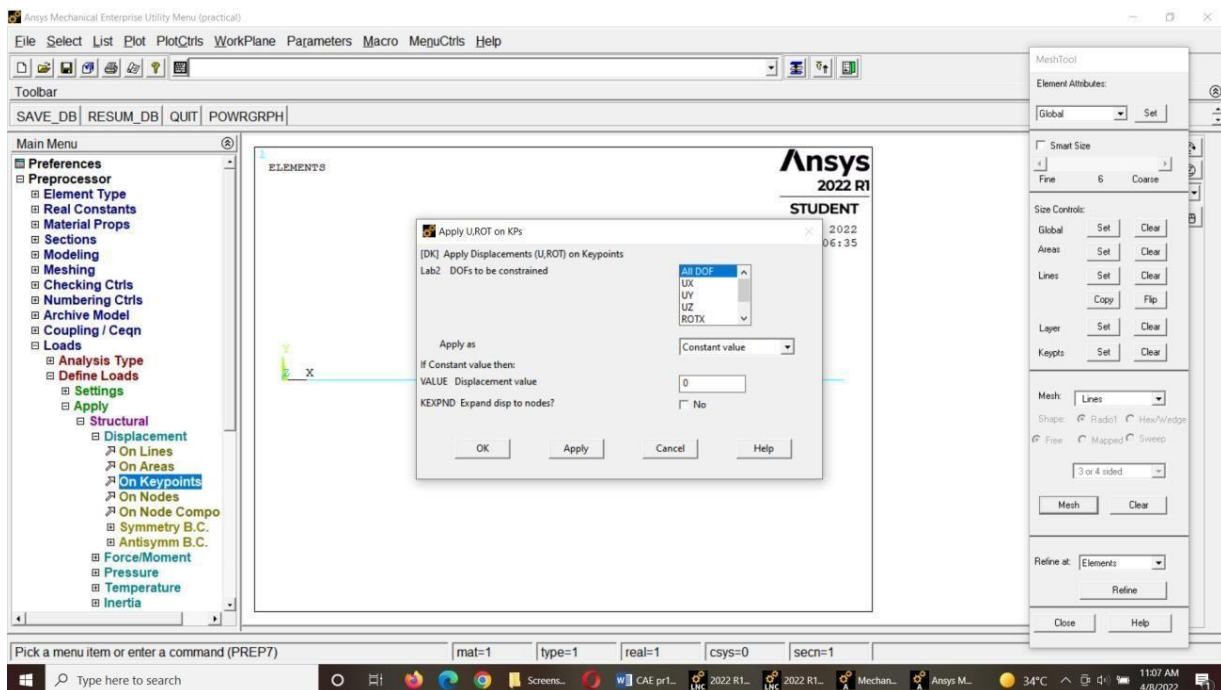




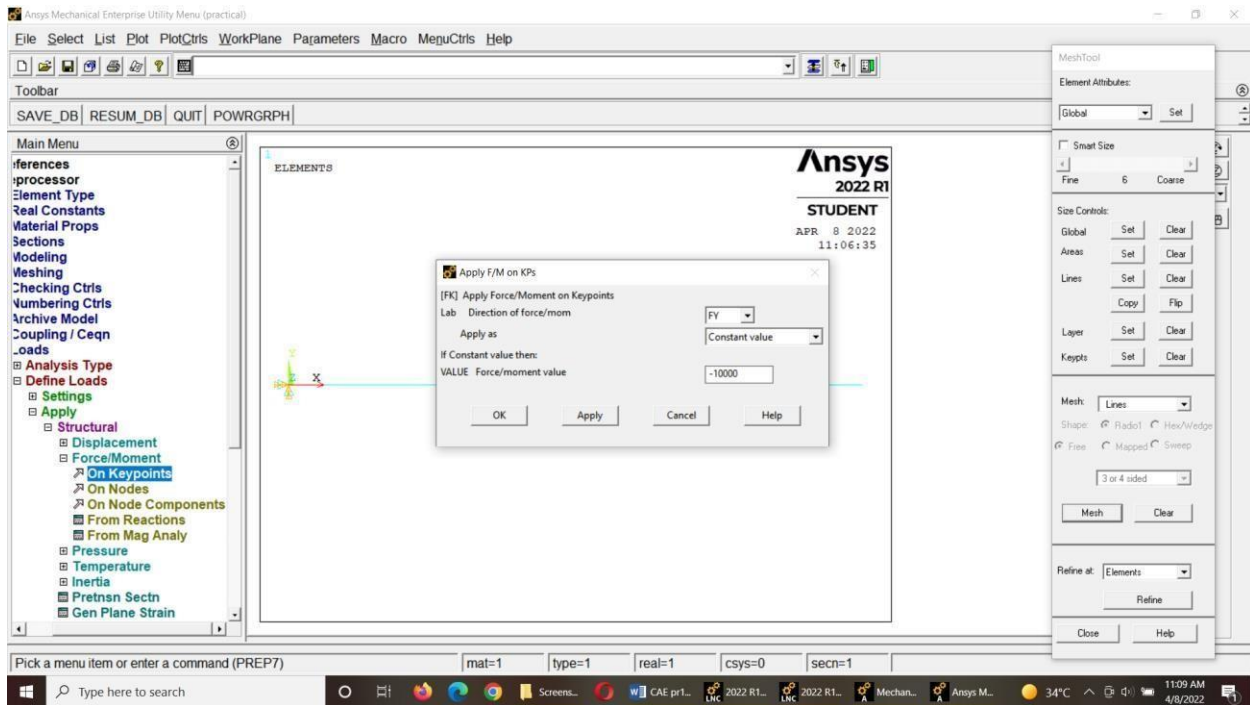
## Step9: Enter no division>ok>mesh>selectmodel>ok



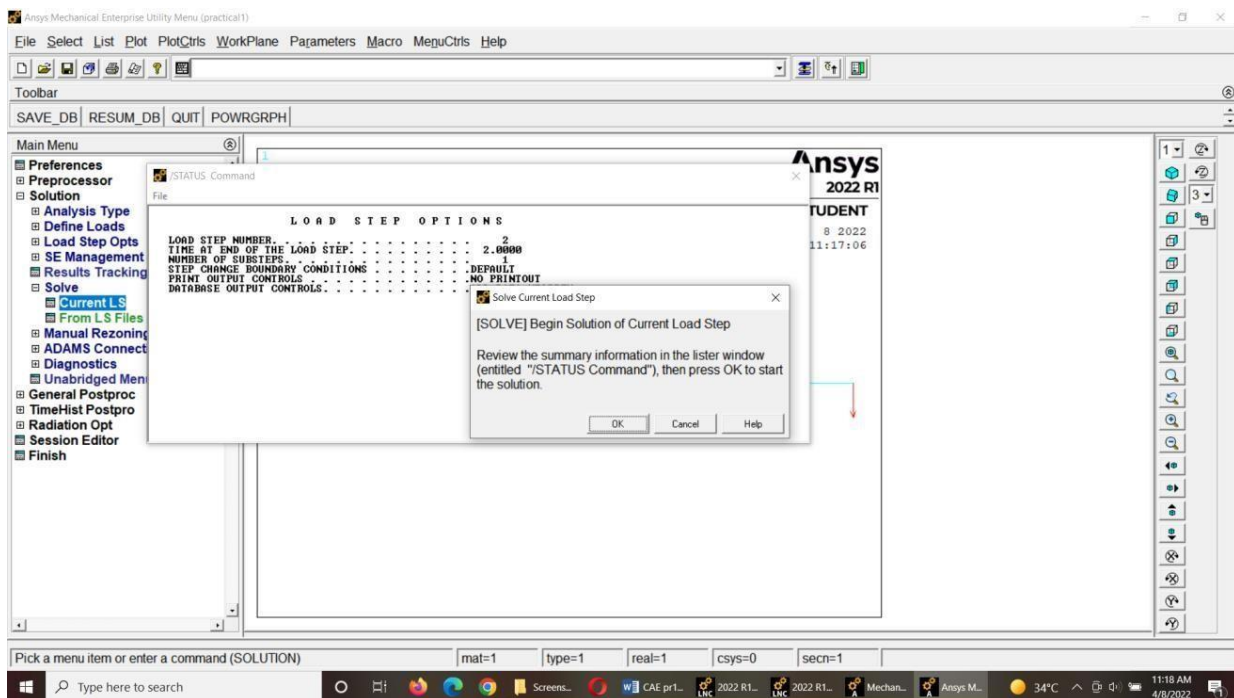
## Step10: Apply loads: Laods>define loads>apply>structural>displacement>on keypoints> All Dof>0>ok



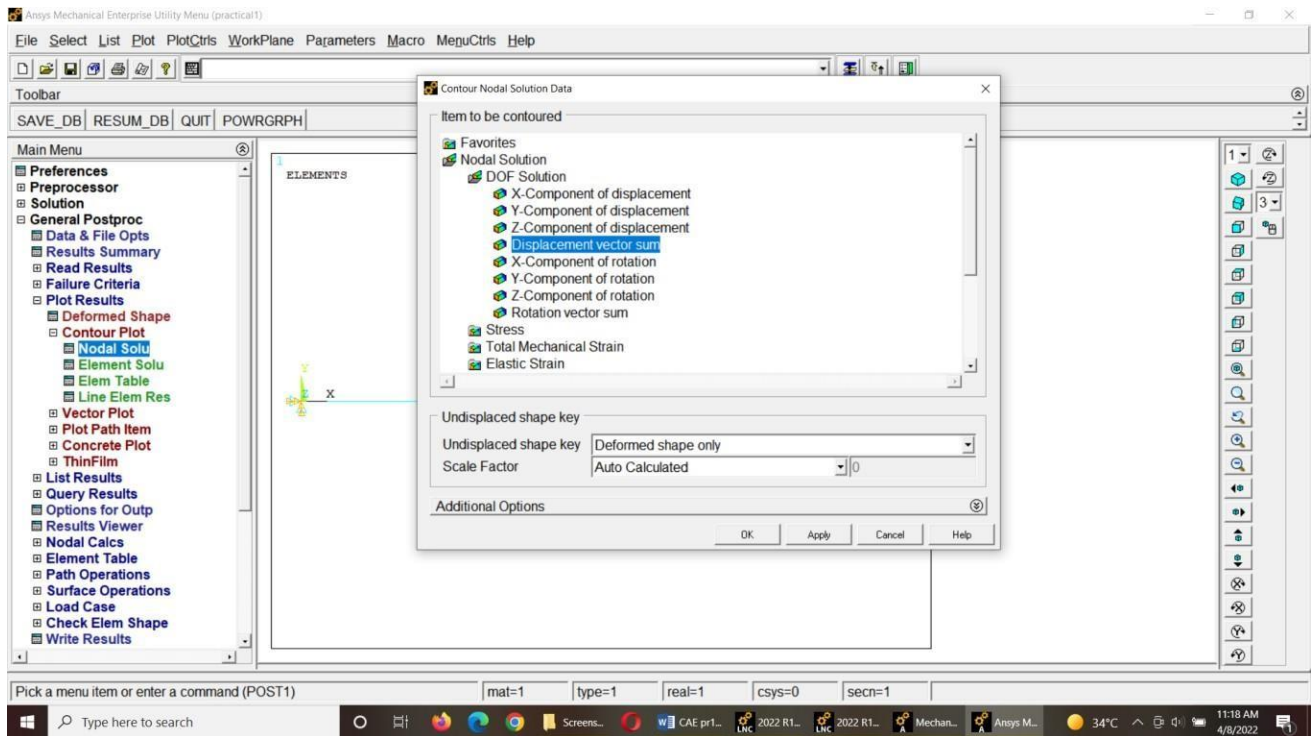
**Step11: Loads>Define loads>apply>forces>on keypoints> selecting direction of forces (here FY)>ok**



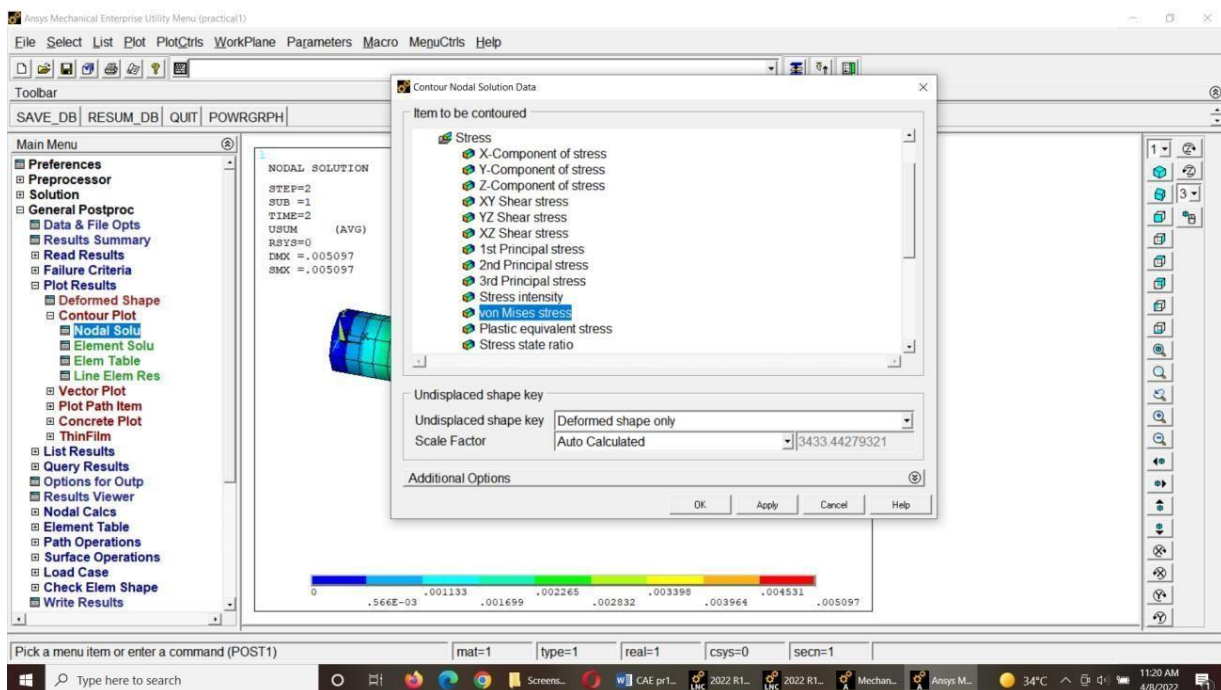
**Step12:Solution:- solution>solve>currentls> done**



**Step13: General postproc> plot result> Nodal solution> Dof >Vector sum displacement> apply.**



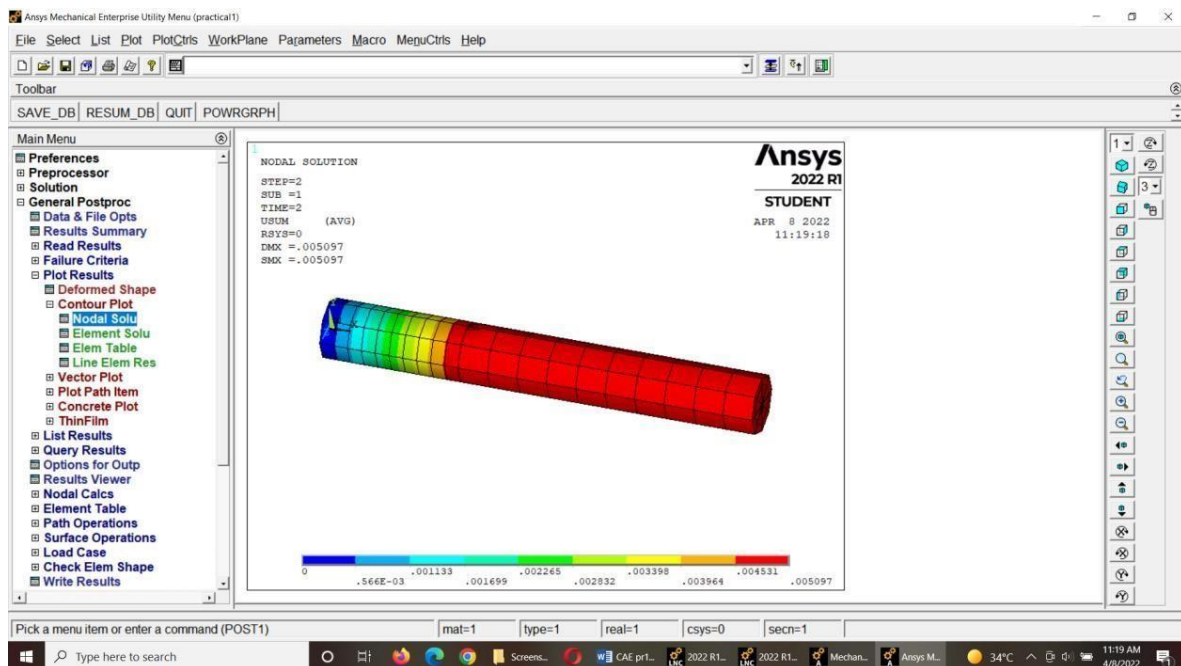
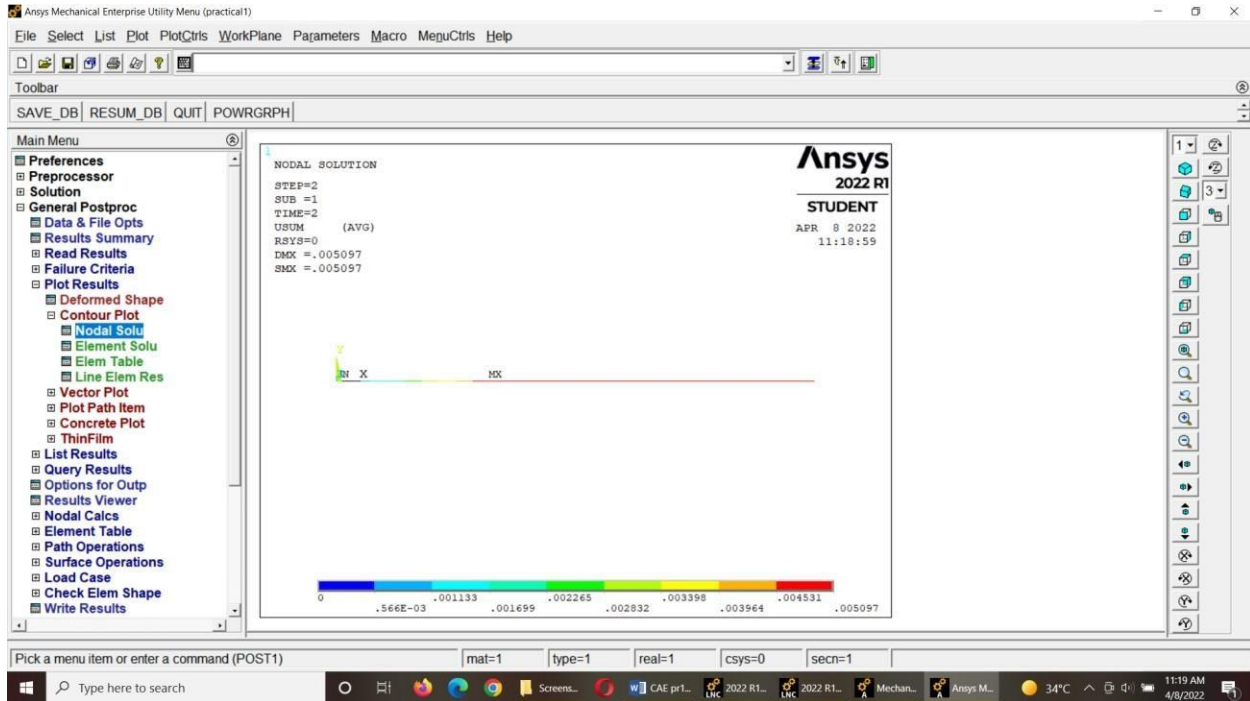
**Step14: Nodal solution> stress> von mises stress> apply**



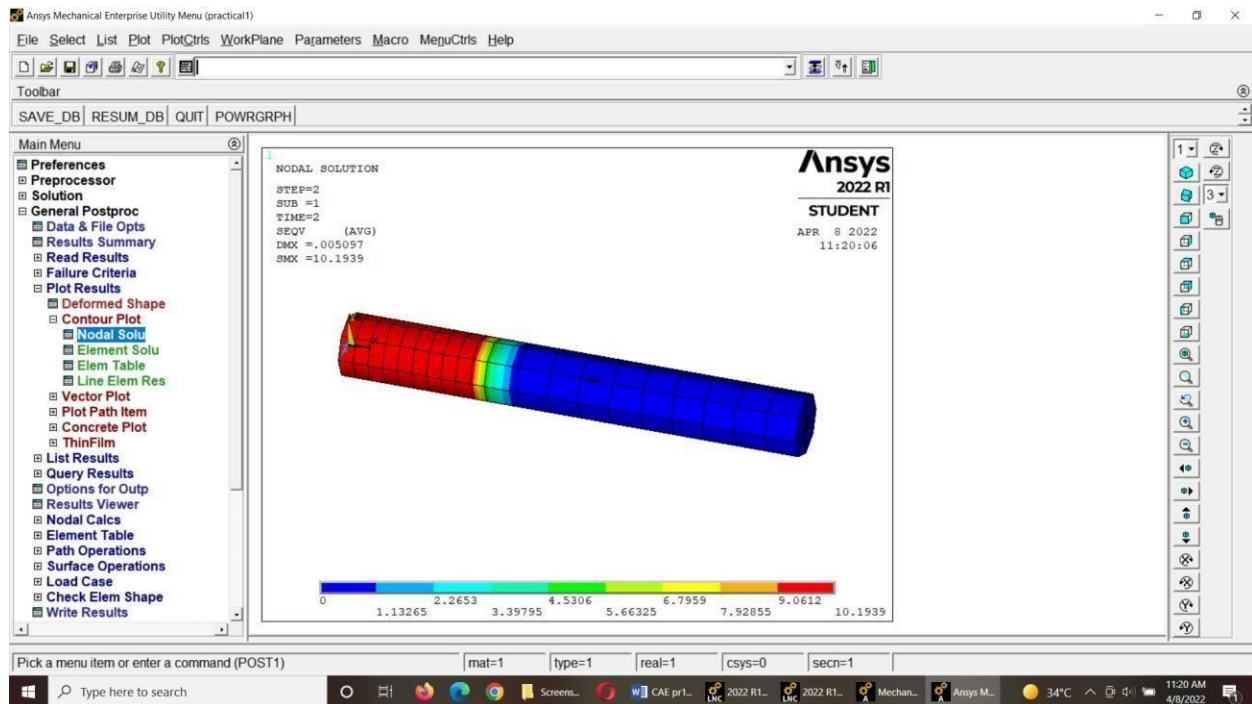


## RESULTS:-

### NODAL DISPLACEMENT:-



## STRESSES:-



SO HERE BY ANALYSIS WE HAVE GOT MAX. INDUCED STRESS IS **10.913 N/MM2** MAX.

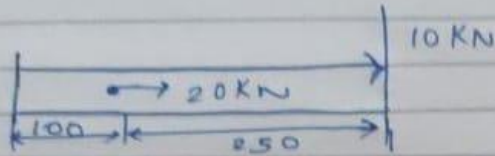
DISPLACEMENT IS **0.005 MM**

## By analytical Solution:

Name: Aniket Patil  
Roll no: 29  
Exp No: 4

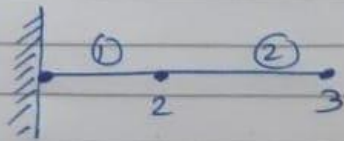
Page No.	
Date	

1)



$$E = 2 \times 10^5$$
$$\mu = 0.3$$

$$R = 25 \text{ mm}$$
$$A = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 25^2 = 490.87 \text{ mm}^2$$



Element Node

1	1-2
2	2-3

$$k_1 = \frac{A, E}{L_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{490.87 \times 2 \times 10^5}{140} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 98.17 \times 10^4 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 10^4 \begin{bmatrix} 98.17 & -98.17 \\ -98.17 & 98.17 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$K_2 = \frac{490.8 \times 2 \times 10^5}{250} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 39.26 \times 10^4 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 10^4 \begin{bmatrix} 39.26 & -39.26 \\ -39.26 & 39.26 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$K = 10^4 \begin{bmatrix} 98.17 & -98.17 & 0 \\ -98.17 & 98.17 + 39.26 & -39.26 \\ 0 & -39.26 & 39.26 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$K = 10^4 \begin{bmatrix} 98.17 & -98.17 & 0 \\ -98.17 & 137.43 & -39.26 \\ 0 & -39.26 & 39.26 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} q_1 \\ q_2 \\ q_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 20 \times 10^3 \\ 40 \times 10^3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$q_2 = 0.0101 \text{ mm}$$

$$q_3 = -0.0152 \text{ mm}$$

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{E L}{L_1} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} q_1 \\ q_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 10^5}{100} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0.0101 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sigma_1 = 20.2 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\sigma_2 = \frac{2 \times 10^5}{250} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.0101 \\ -0.0152 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sigma_2 = 4.08 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

### CONCLUSION:-

Thus by comparing analytical and software solution we have got Max. stresses:-

By ansys solution:- 10.139 N/mm<sup>2</sup> By

analytical solution:- 20.2 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

Max. displacement:-

By ansys solution:- 0.00509 mm By

analytical solution:- 0.0101 mm

Thus we have got 50% error in finding displacement and stresses.



