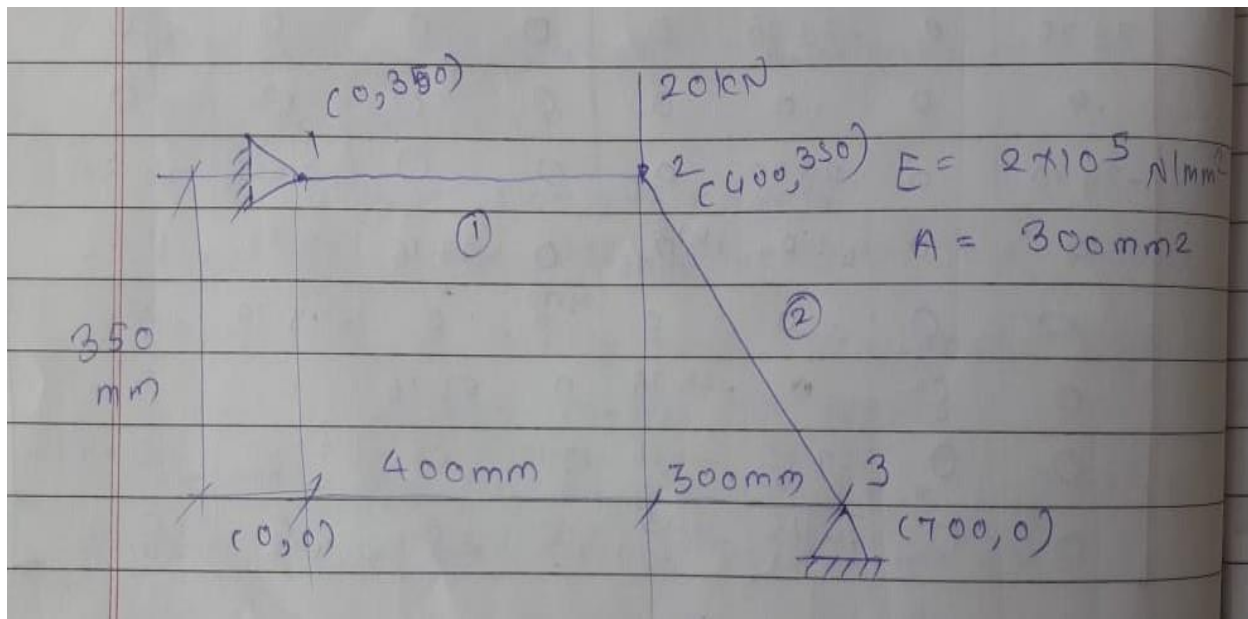


Name of Student: Aniket Patil	Class: TE MECH 2
Sem/Year: 6 th / 3 rd	Roll no: 29
Date of performance	Date of Submission:
Examined by: Prof. B.R Pujari	Expt No: 2

AIM OF EXPERIMENT:-Stress and deflection analysis of truss using finite element

package. Finite Element Package: ANSYS 2022

Stress distribution in truss with applied load.

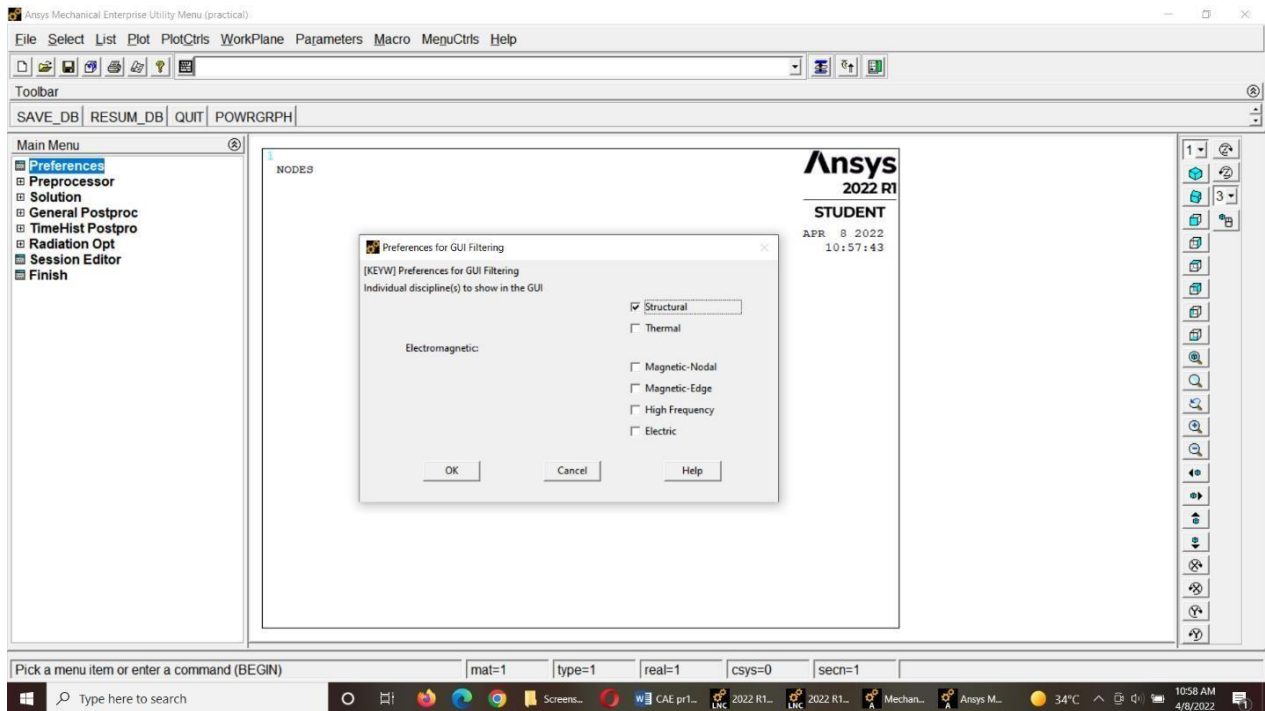


$E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ Mpa}$

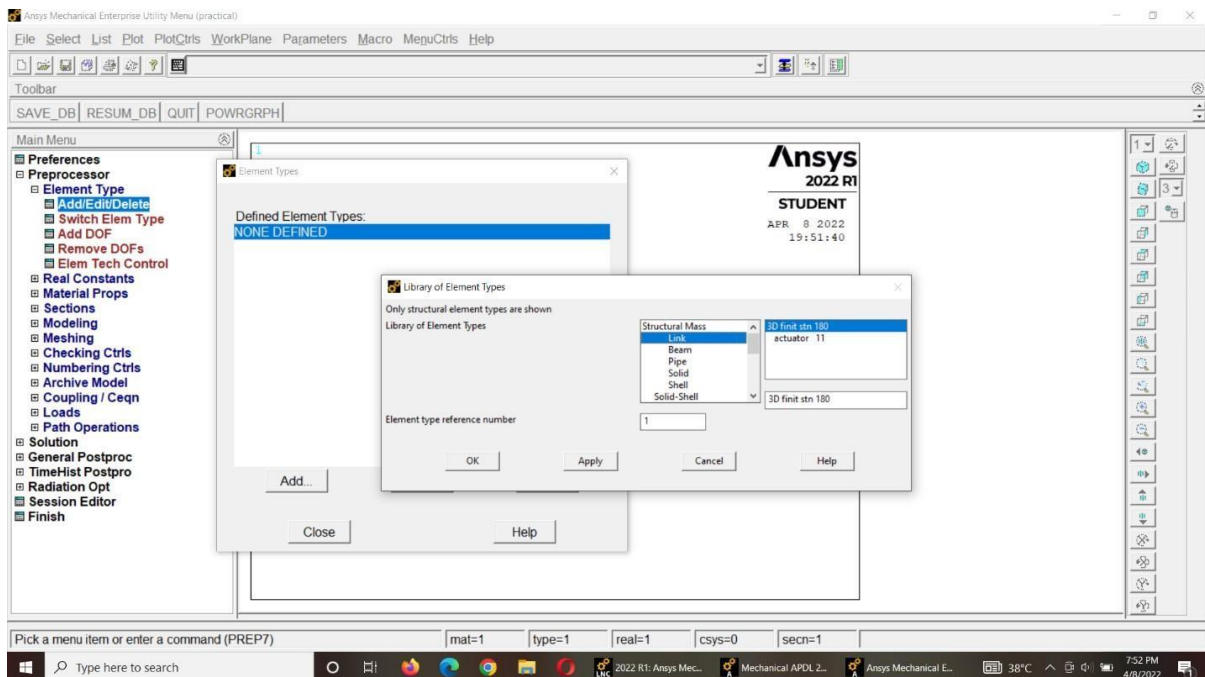
$R = 25 \text{ mm}$

$\nu = 0.3$

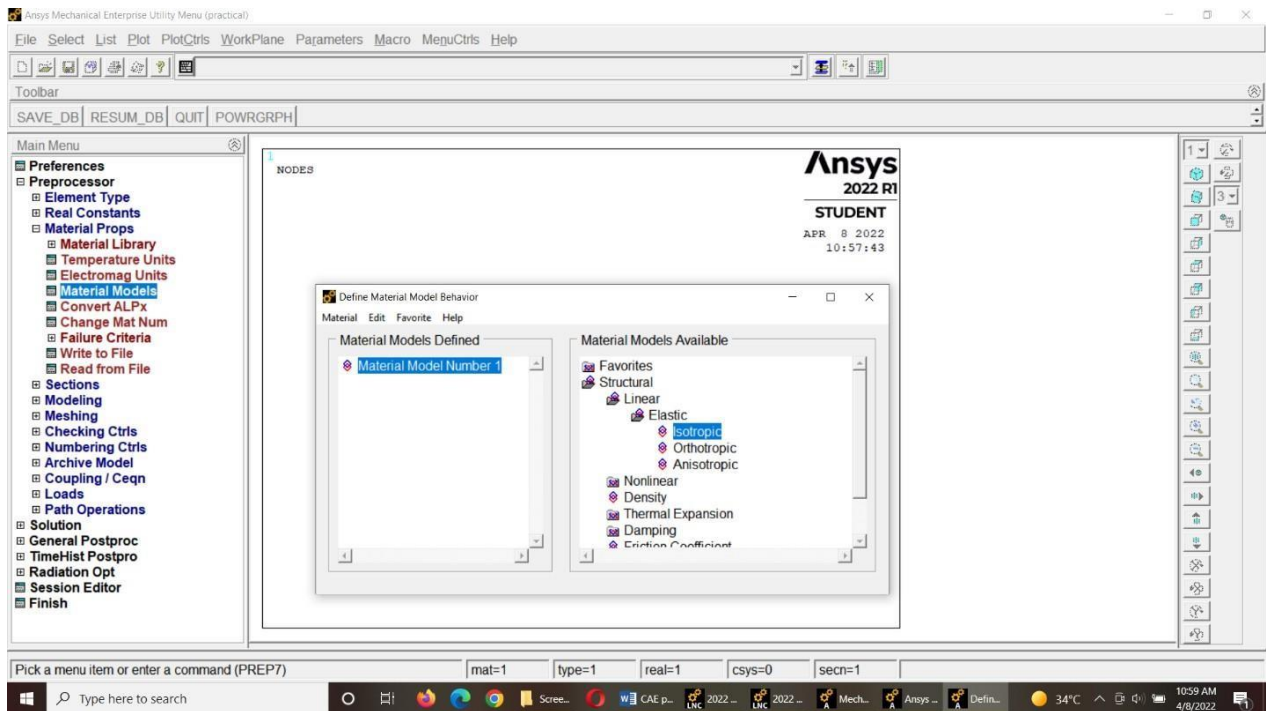
Step 1: Select type of Analysis ----- Preferences> structural>Press Ok



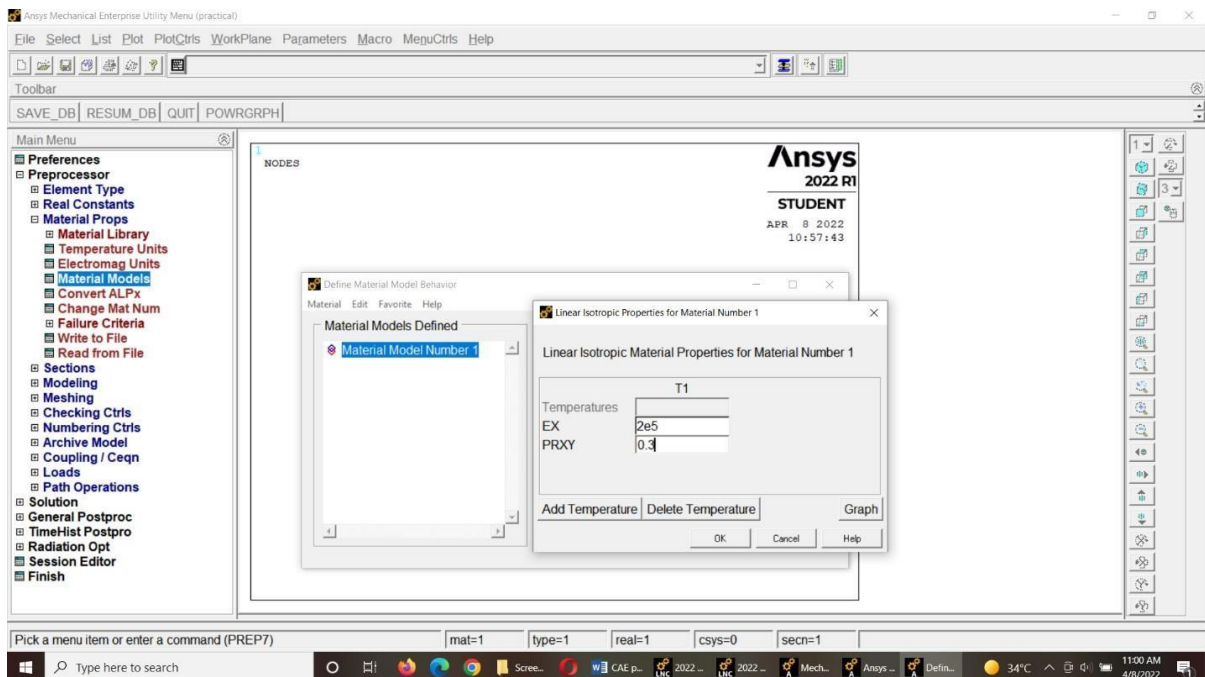
Step 2: Add the element type.....preprocessor>element type>link>3D finit 180> Press ok



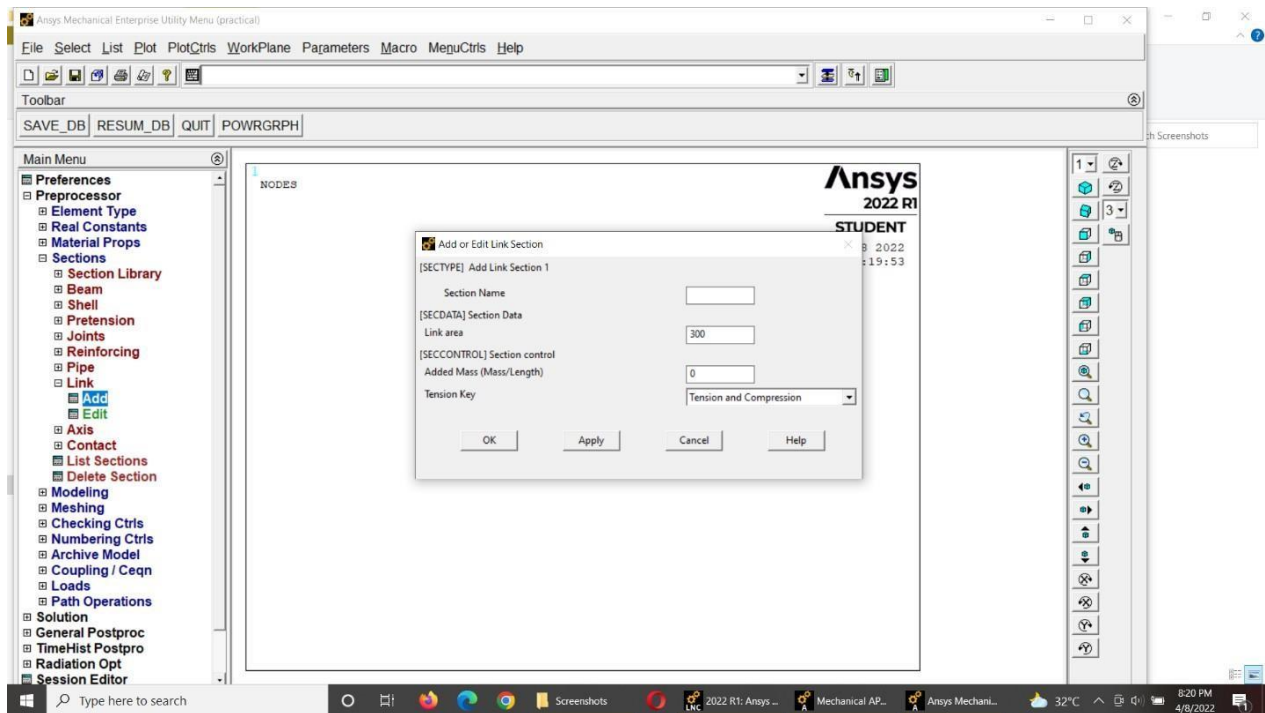
Step 3: Preprocessor>Material prop.>Material models>Material number1



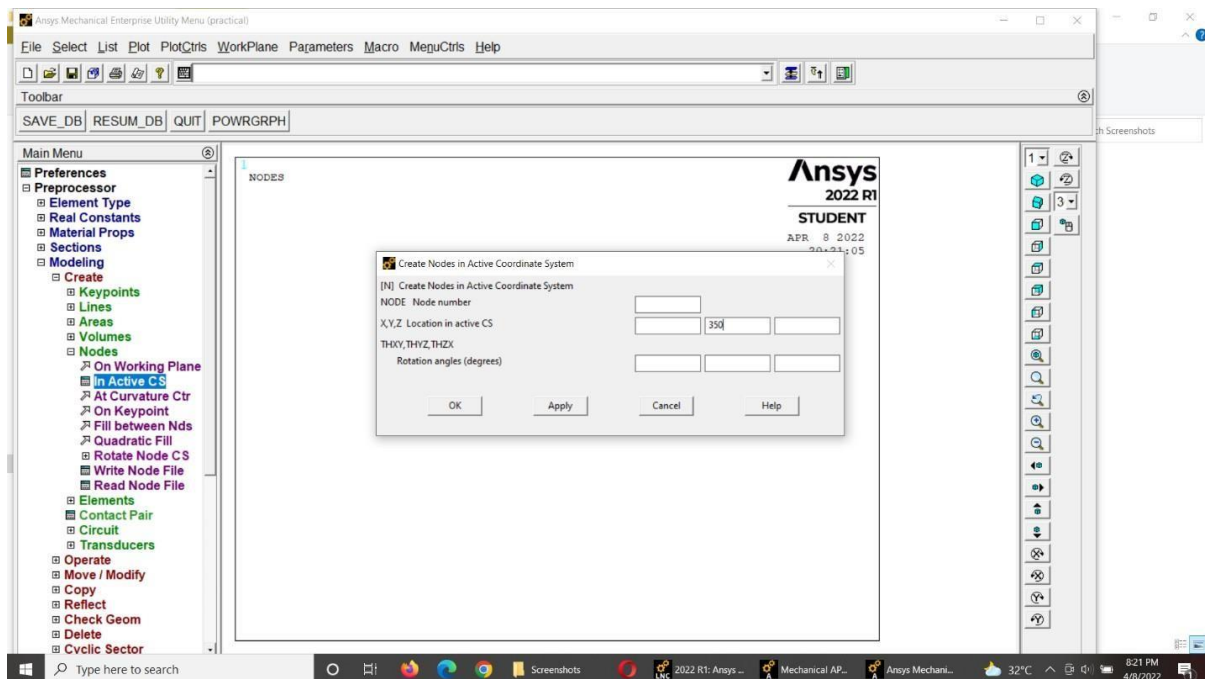
Step 4: Material models>structural>linear>elastic>isotropic.



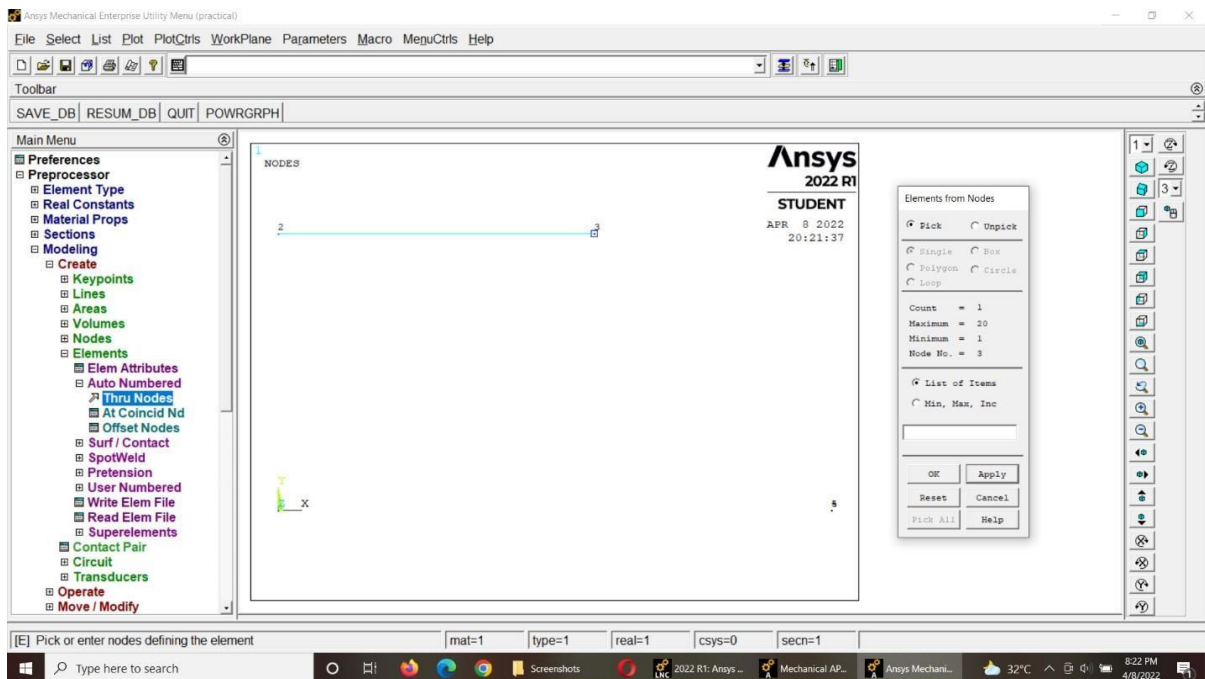
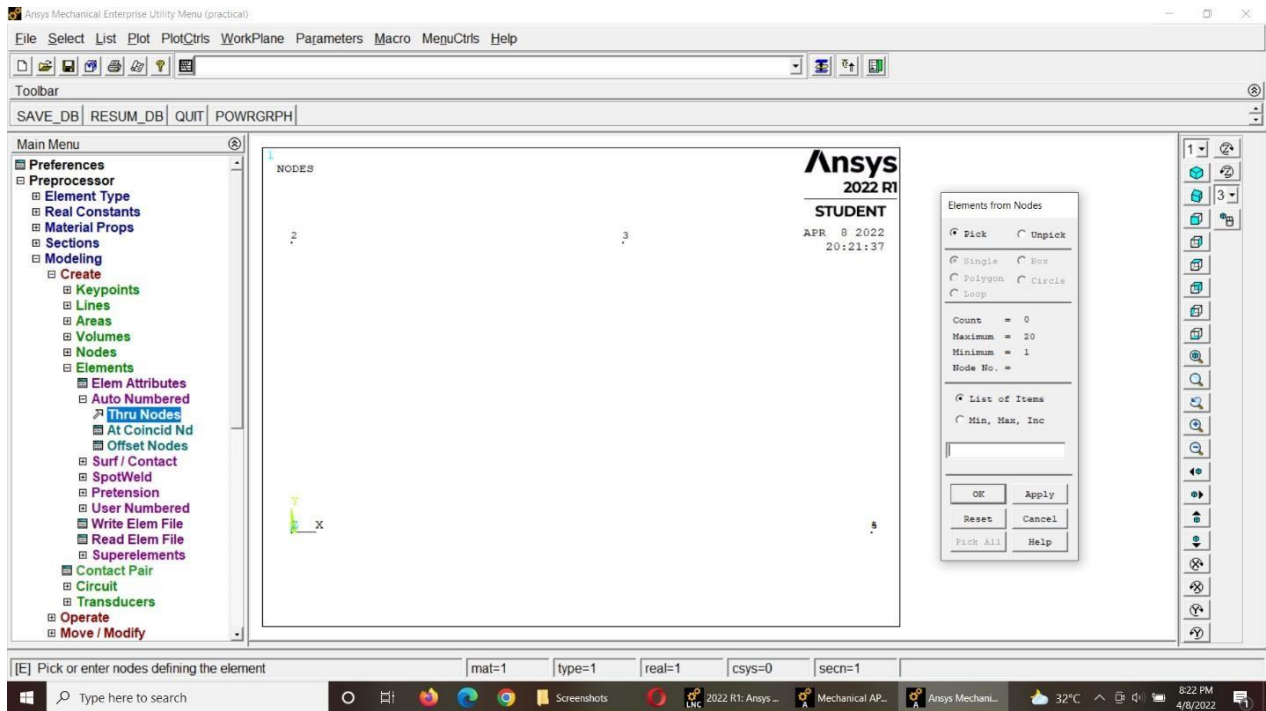
Step 5: selecting section of link....section>link>add>apply> type area of link> ok.



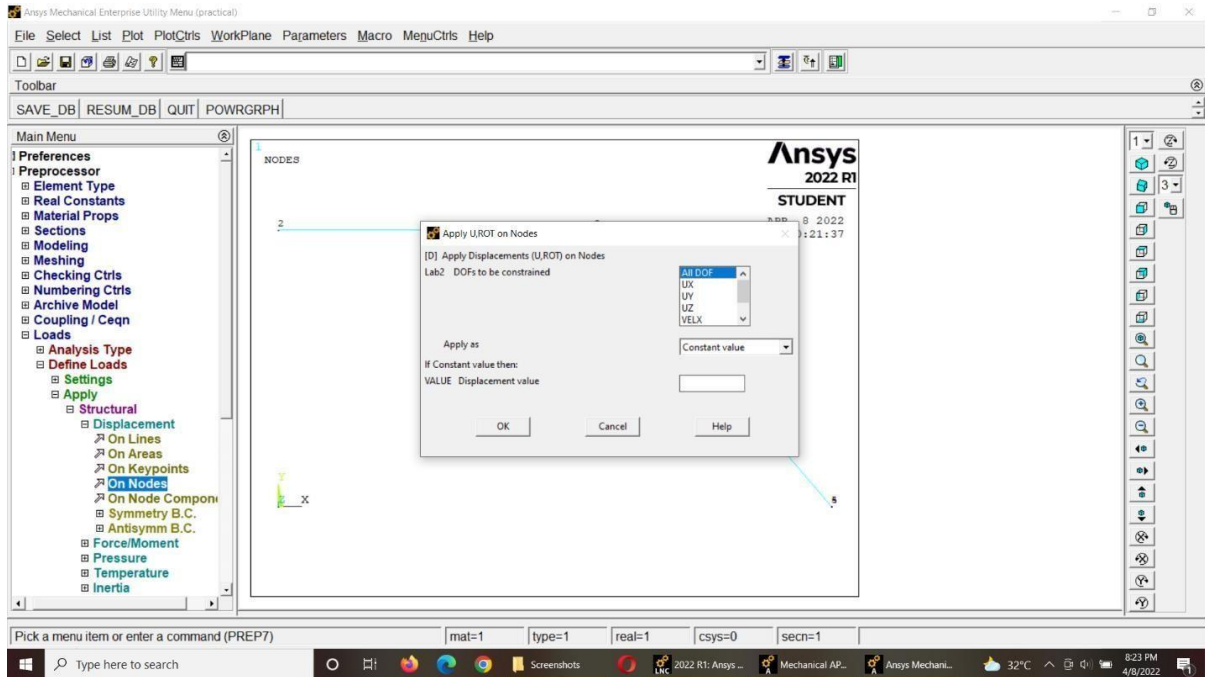
Step6: Creating Keypoints:- modeling>create>nodes>in active cs>select co- ordinate.



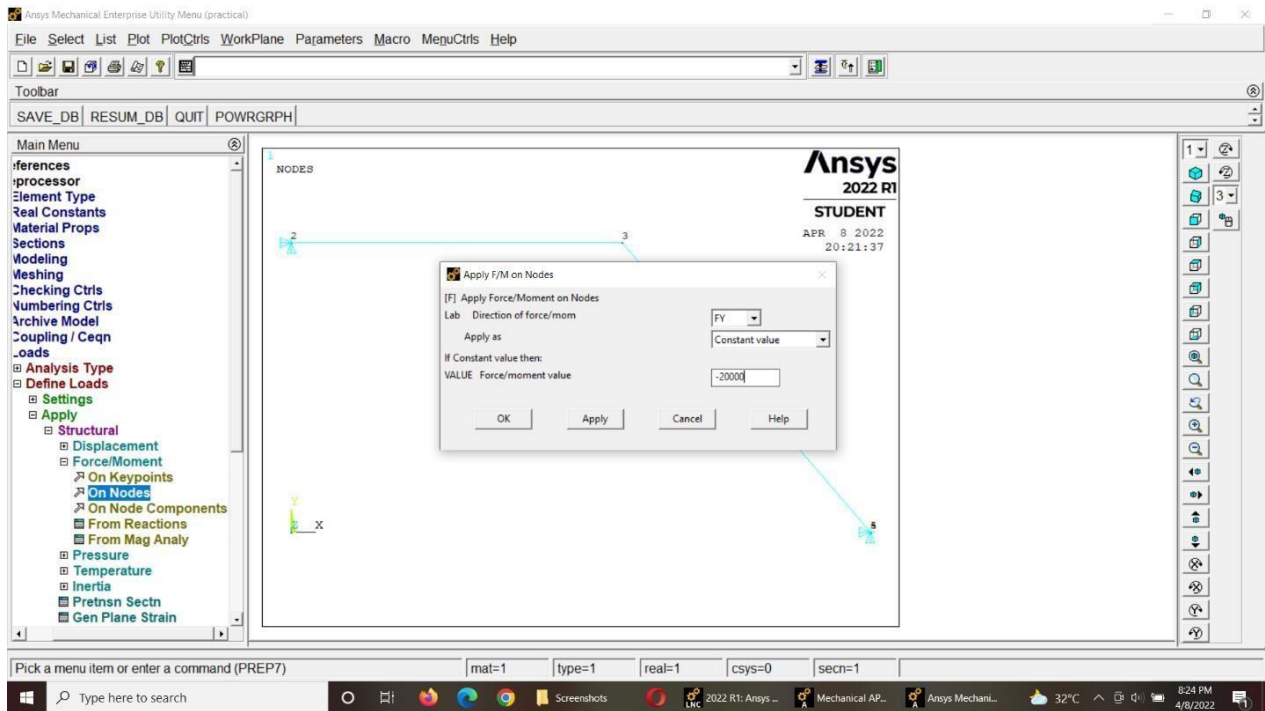
Step7: modeling>create>elements>auto numbered>thru nodes>select nodes one by one joining.



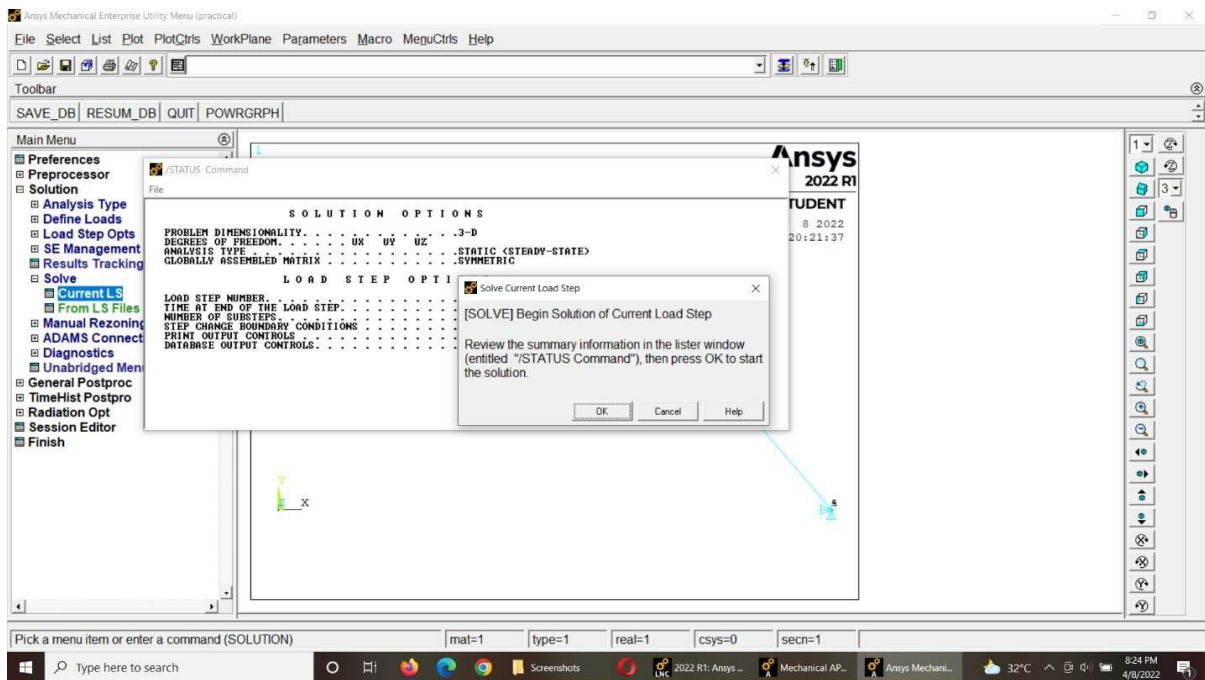
Step8: Apply loads: Laods>define loads>apply>structural>displacement>on nodes> All Dof>0>ok



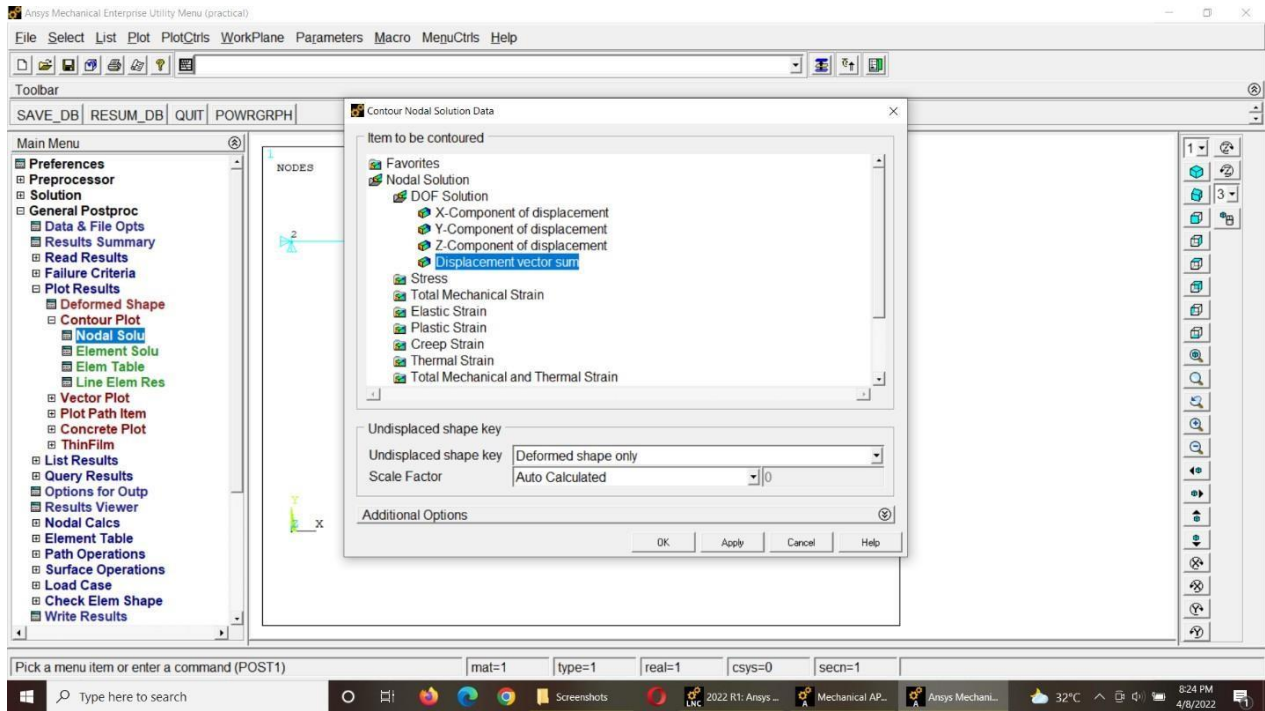
Step11: Loads>Define loads>apply>forces>on keypoints> selecting direction of forces (here FY in -ve)>ok



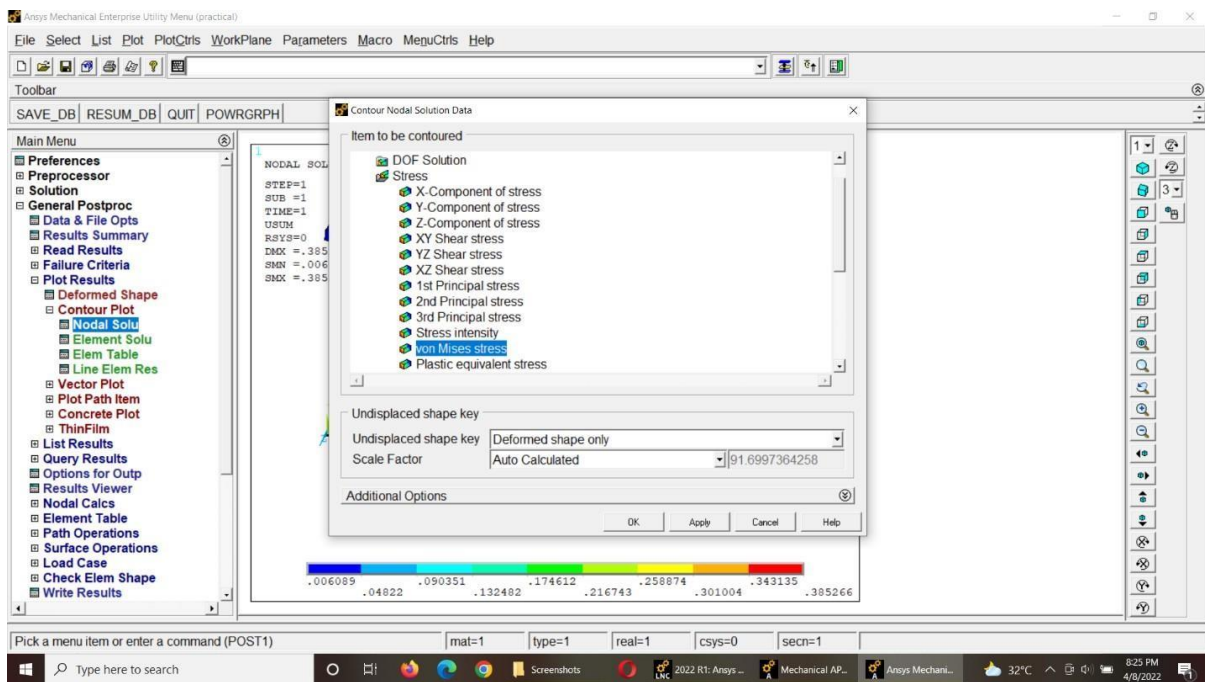
Step12:Solution:- solution>solve>currentls> done



Step13: General postproc> plot result> Nodal solution> Dof >Vector sum displacement> apply.

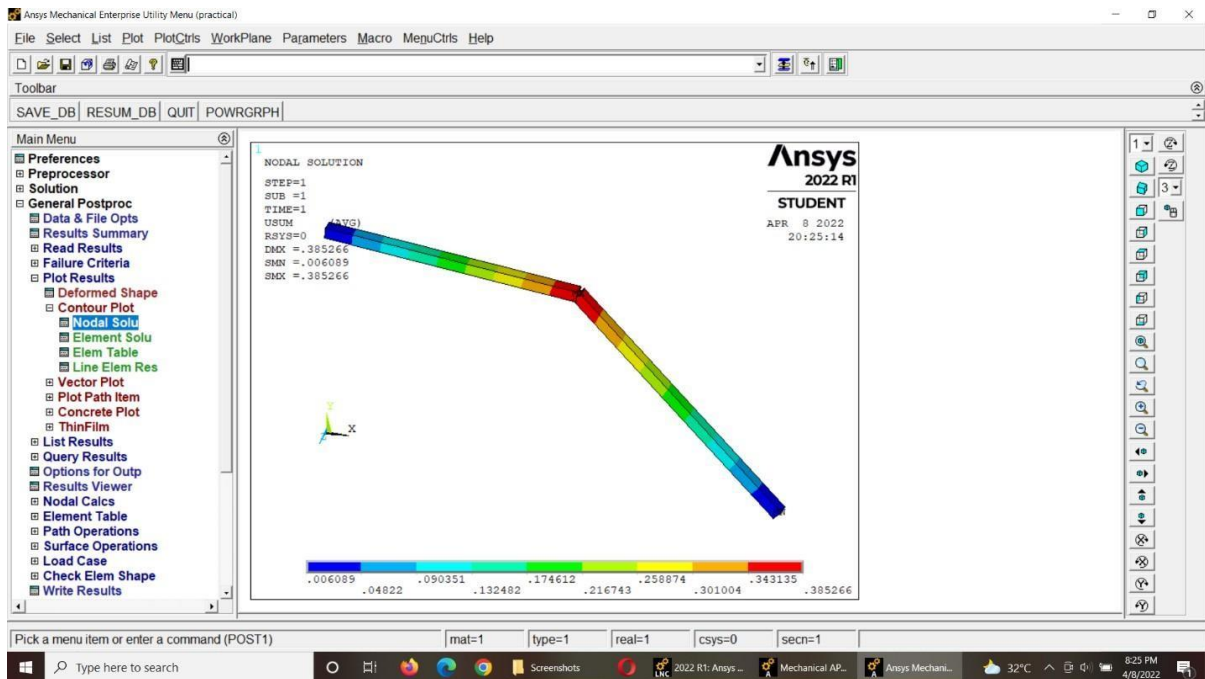
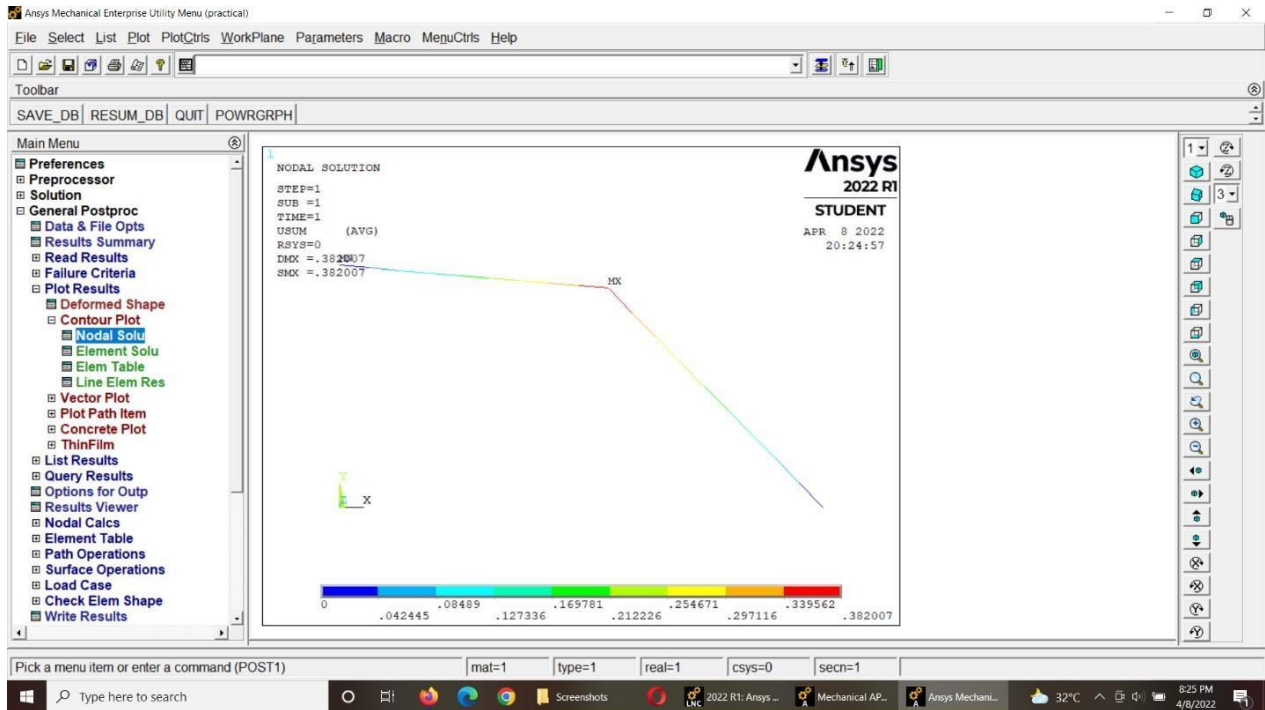


Step14: Nodal solution> stress> von mises stress> apply

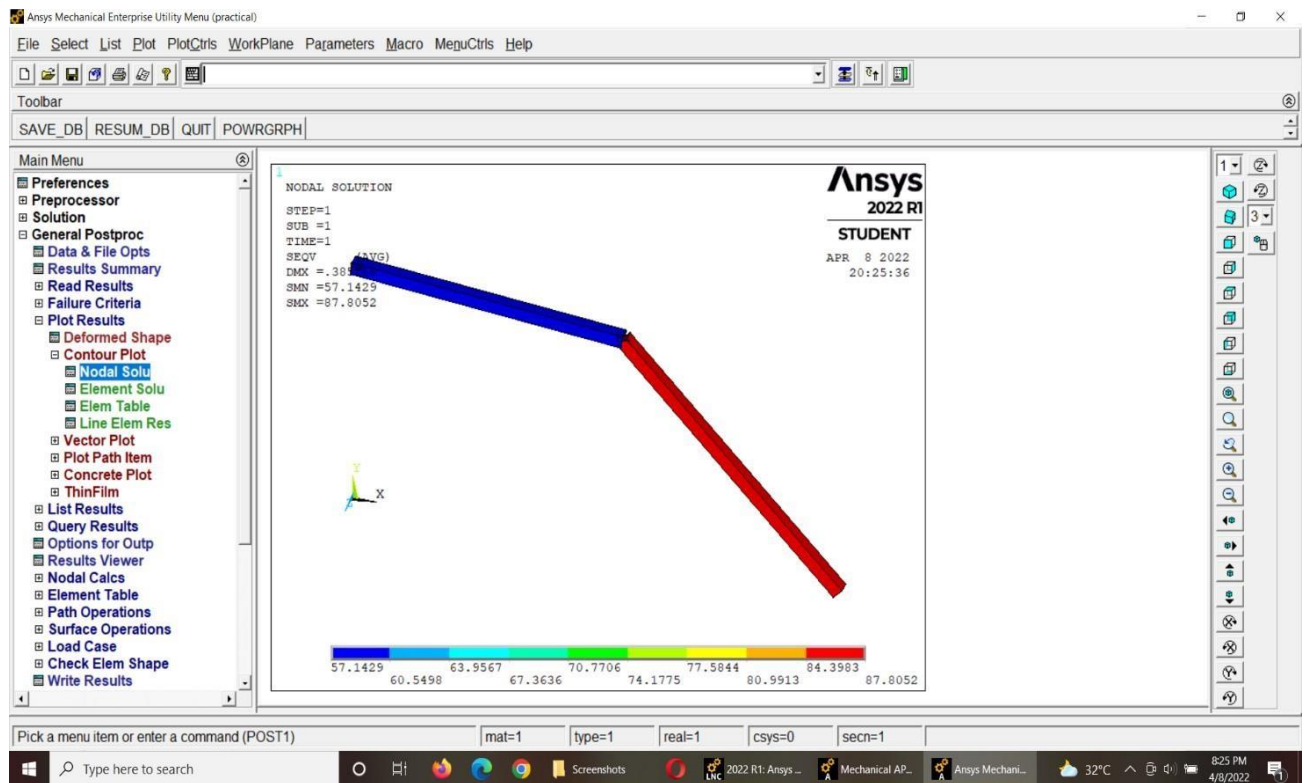


RESULTS:-

NODAL DISPLACEMENT:-



STRESSES:-



SO HERE BY ANALYSIS WE HAVE GOT MAX. INDUCED STRESS IS **87.8052N/MM²**

MIN.STRESSES ARE **57.14N/MM²** AND MAXIMUM DEFORMATION IS **0.3852MM**

BY analytical solution:-

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Diagram showing a frame structure with two elements. Element 1 is a horizontal member from node 1 (0, 350) to node 2 (400, 350) with length 400mm. Element 2 is a diagonal member from node 2 (400, 350) to node 3 (700, 0) with length 461mm. A 20kN vertical load is applied at node 2. Material properties are $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and $A = 300 \text{ mm}^2$.

Element	node	to be	$\cos(\theta)$	$\sin(\theta)$	$\cos(\theta) \cdot \sin(\theta)$
1	1-2	400	1	0	0
2	2-3	461			

$$C_1 = \frac{x_2 - x_1}{L_e} = \frac{400 - 0}{400} = 1$$

$$S_1 = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{L_e} = \frac{350 - 350}{400} = 0$$

$$C_2 = \frac{x_3 - x_2}{L_e} = \frac{700 - 400}{461} = 0.66$$

$$S_2 = \frac{y_3 - y_2}{L_e} = \frac{0 - 350}{461} = -0.75$$

$$C_1^2 = 1 \quad S_1^2 = 0 \quad C_2^2 = 0.42$$

$$S_2^2 = 0.56 \quad C_3 = 0.48$$

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$$X_1 = \frac{AE}{L} \begin{bmatrix} c^2 & cs & -c^2 & -cs \\ cs & s^2 & -cs & -s^2 \\ -c^2 & -cs & c^2 & cs \\ -cs & -s^2 & cs & s^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{300 \times 2 \times 10^5}{400} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 10^4 \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & -15 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -15 & 0 & 15 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$10^4 \begin{bmatrix} 20.46 & 6.24 \\ 6.24 & 7.28 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_2 \\ v_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -20 \times 10^3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$u_2 = -0.1121 \text{ mm}$$

$$v_1 = -0.370 \text{ mm}$$

$$G_1 = \frac{E}{L} \begin{bmatrix} -c & -s & cs \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ v_1 \\ u_2 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 10^5}{400} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -0.1121 \\ -0.370 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= -56.05 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

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$$\sigma_z = \frac{E}{L} \begin{bmatrix} -c & -s & cs \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ v_1 \\ u_2 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 438.83 \begin{bmatrix} -0.65 & -0.75 & 0.65 & 0.75 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -0.001 \\ -0.37 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= -87.47 \text{ N/mm}^2.$$

CONCLUSION:-

Thus by comparing analytical and software solution we have got Max. stresses:-

By ansys solution:- **87.8052N/MM²** By

analytical solution:- **87.47 N/mm²**

Max. displacement:-

By ansys solution:- **0.3852MM**

By analytical solution:- **0.370 mm**

Thus we have got **1% & 4%** error respectively in stress and displacement.