HOMEWORK 3

File Server & Backup

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Outline

- HW 3-1: File server
- HW 3-2: SFTP auditing with RC
- HW 3-3: ZFS & Backup

HW 3-1: File server (24%)

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HW 3-1: Requirement (1/4)

Use SFTP to build a file server; create 2 directories under /home/sftp

- 1. /home/sftp/public:
 - Everyone can download & upload files except for anonymous, sftp-u1 and sftp-u2
 - Everyone can mkdir except anonymous
 - Everyone can only delete & rmdir their own file or directory
 - o sysadm can download, upload, delete, mkdir, rmdir all content
- 2. /home/sftp/hidden:
 - Create a directory called "treasure" inside hidden directory
 - Create a file called "secret" inside hidden/treasure
 - Everyone except sysadm can't list /home/sftp/hidden but can enter hidden/treasure and show hidden/treasure/secret
 - o sysadm can download, upload, delete, mkdir, rmdir all content

HW 3-1: Requirement (2/4)

Create users

- 1. Create a system user "sysadm"
 - Can log in by SSH
 - Full access to public and hidden
- 2. Create two users "sftp-u1", "sftp-u2"
 - Can not log in by SSH
 - Can only delete files in /home/sftp/public which are created by themselves
 - Other permissions are the same as sysadm
- 3. Create a user "anonymous
 - Can not log in by SSH
 - Read-Only permission (enter directory /home/sftp/{public,hidden} and read file)

HW 3-1: Requirement (3/4)

Other requirements

- All accounts except sysadm are chrooted to /home/sftp
- Everyone should support login to sftp with ssh key (same public key of judge)
- remaining users, "sftp-u1", "sftp-u2", "anonymous"
 - can only be used by SFTP (can't login by SSH)
 - every uploaded file should remove other's read/write/execute DAC permission

HW 3-1: Requirement (4/4)

	<u>sysadm</u>		<u>sftp-u{12}</u>		<u>anonymous</u>	
	public/	hidden/	public/	hidden/	public/	hidden/
list dir	~	~	~	~	~	×
mkdir	V	V	~	~	×	×
rmdir	V	V	A	~	×	×
upload	V	V	~	~	×	×
download	V	V	~	~	V	~
delete	V	V	A	~	×	×

^{✓:} full access ▲: only the owner has permission X: permission denied

HW 3-1: Grading (24%)

- sysadm
 - Login from ssh and sftp (2%)
 - Full access to "public" (2%), "hidden" (2%)
- sftp-u1, sftp-u2
 - disable SSH login, only accept SFTP, Chrooted (/home/sftp)(3%)
 - Full access to "public", can only delete files and directories they owned. (2%)
 - Full access to "hidden" (2%)
 - o adjust DAC (2%)

remove all permission (rwx) of others when uploading

- anonymous disable SSH login, only accept SFTP, Chrooted (/home/sftp) (3%)
 - o can enter "hidden" (2%) and "public" (2%)
 - operations are read-only(even the file is writable to anonymous) (2%)

HW 3-1: Hint

- README (sftp config)
 - o sshd config
 - o <u>sftp-server</u>
- If `ssh` or `sftp` run unexpectedly
 - Check your ssh log `/var/log/auth.log` first

HW 3-2: SFTP auditing with RC (22%)

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HW 3-2: Requirements (1/6)

- Enable SFTP logging, aggregate all SFTP log to "/var/log/sftp.log"
 - SFTP log should only contain pure SFTP log, can't blend with other log (SSH, sudo...)

```
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo cat /var/log/sftp.log
Oct 9 23:48:35 freebsd-141 internal-sftp[48981]: session opened for local user sftp-u1 from
[10.113.52.12]
Oct 9 23:48:35 freebsd-141 internal-sftp[48981]: open "/public/test.exe" flags
WRITE,CREATE,TRUNCATE mode 0666
Oct 9 23:48:35 freebsd-141 internal-sftp[48981]: set "/public/test.exe" size 0
Oct 9 23:48:35 freebsd-141 internal-sftp[48981]: set "/public/test.exe" modtime 20241008-15:11:01
Oct 9 23:48:35 freebsd-141 internal-sftp[48981]: close "/public/test.exe" bytes read 0 written 0
Oct 9 23:48:40 freebsd-141 internal-sftp[48981]: session closed for local user sftp-u1 from
[10.113.52.12]
```

HW 3-2: Requirements (2/6)

- Create an executable stand-alone program (called "sftp_watchd") that would filter every file uploaded.
 - "sftp_watchd" should reside in your system's PATH
 - "sftp_watchd" can be written at any language (Python, Lua, Rust...)
 - The executable files are violated
 - Executable files might <u>not</u> end with a .exe extension. You need to try other ways to check the file type.
 - Move these files to /home/sftp/hidden/.violated/

judge@freebsd-141:~ \$ sudo ls /home/sftp/hidden/.violated/test1.exe, program

HW 3-2: Requirements (3/6)

- Log violation of our sftp_watchd program policy into /var/log/sftp_watchd.log
 - Format -

<u>timestamp hostname program_name</u>: <u>filename</u> violate file detected. Uploaded by <u>upload_user</u>.

judge@freebsd-141:~ \$ sudo cat /var/log/sftp_watchd.log
Oct 9 17:47:25 freebsd-141 sftp_watchd[3256]: /usr/home/sftp/public/test.exe violate file detected. Uploaded by sysadm.
Oct 9 17:47:25 freebsd-141 sftp_watchd[3256]: /usr/home/sftp/public/test.exe violate file detected. Uploaded by sysadm.

HW 3-2: Requirements (4/6)

- You should write an rc script "sftp_watchd" as a daemon to start the sftp_watchd program
- Your service must support these operation:
 - \$ service sftp watchd start
 - \$ service sftp_watchd stop
 - \$ service sftp watchd restart
 - \$ service sftp watchd status

HW 3-2: Requirements (5/6)

• Requires a pid file to indicate which process to stop

```
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ cat /var/run/sftp_watchd.pid 3209
```

- You should display as following format while using each command
 - Service start

```
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo service sftp_watchd start Starting sftp_watchd.
```

Service stop

```
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo service sftp_watchd stop Kill: 3209
```

HW 3-2: Requirements (6/6)

Service restart

```
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo service sftp_watchd restart Kill: 3204
Starting sftp_watchd.
```

Service status

judge@freebsd-141:~ \$ sudo service sftp_watchd status sftp_watchd is running as pid 3204.

HW 3-2: Grading (22%)

- sftp_watchd
 - SFTP logging (3%)
 - aggregate only SFTP log to "/var/log/sftp.log" (3%)
 - violation file should moved to /home/sftp/hidden/.exe/ (4%)
 - logging after the violation file upload (4%)
- Service operation works correctly
 - sftp_watchd should be auto-start (2%)
 - start/status/stop/restart (6%)

sftp_watchd should be run in the background, and pid file is not required when using Linux

HW 3-2: Hint

- sftp-server(8)
 - On some systems, sftp-server **must be able to access /dev/log** for logging to work, and use of sftp-server in a chroot configuration therefore requires that syslogd(8) establish a logging socket inside the chroot directory .
- syslogd(8)
 - o if log files didn't get the logs, try to restart syslogd
 - o logger(1)
- daemon(8)
- <u>nohup(1)</u>
- file(1)

HW 3-3: ZFS & Backup (54%)

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HW 3-3: Requirement (1/8)

- Add four new hard disks and create a raid10 pool called "mypool"
 - You should partition each disk with GPT partition scheme, and label
 - it as "mypool-1", "mypool-2", "mypool-3", "mypool-4"
 - initialize ZFS pool using vdev with GPT label (under "/dev/gpt")
 - Mount mypool on /home/sftp
- Enable ZFS service
 - Reboot and everything is fine (ZFS still mounted)
- Create ZFS datasets
 - Set Iz4 compression, atime=off to all datasets
 - Create mypool/public, mypool/hidden dataset

HW 3-3: Requirement (2/8)

- Automatic Snapshot Script: zfsbak
 - Add your script to \$PATH
 - Allow to execute zfsbak with command "zfsbak", not "./zfsbak"
 - Usage:

```
• Create: zfsbak DATASET [ROTATION CNT]
```

• List: zfsbak -l|--list [DATASET | ID | DATASET ID...]

Delete: zfsbak -d|--delete [DATASET|ID|DATASET ID...]

• Export: zfsbak -e | -- export DATASET [ID]

• Import: zfsbak -i|--import FILENAME DATASET

judge@freebsd-141:~\$ zfsbak Usage:

- create: zfsbak DATASET [ROTATION_CNT]
- list: zfsbak -I|--list [DATASET|ID|DATASET ID...]
- delete: zfsbak -d|--delete [DATASET|ID|DATASET ID...]
- export: zfsbak -e|--export DATASET [ID]
- import: zfsbak -i|--import FILENAME DATASET

HW 3-3: Requirement (3/8)

- Specification Create (Default)
 - Must specify dataset
 - If no rotation count is specified, use 12 as default
 - No more than rotation count snapshots per dataset
 - If rotation count is reached, delete the oldest one
 - Your snapshot should include the dataset name and date
 - Every snapshot should prefix with "zfsbak_" to avoid collision with other on-demand snapshot

```
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak -I
ID DATASET TIME
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak mypool/public
Snap mypool/public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:22:25
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak mypool/public
Snap mypool/public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:22:32
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak mypool/public 1
Snap mypool/public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:22:38
Destroy mypool/public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:22:25
Destroy mypool/public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:22:32
```

HW 3-3: Requirement (4/8)

- Specification List
 - List snapshots created by zfs. Sorted by time.
 - Ignored the snapshot that doesn't have the prefix "zfsbak_"
 - If only ID is specified, list only the snapshot with that id
 - If only **DATASET** is specified, list all snapshots of that dataset
 - If **DATASET** and **ID** are specified, list only the snapshot with that **id** of the **dataset**
 - Otherwise, list all snapshots

```
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfs create
mypool/public@not_zfsbak_target
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak -I
ID DATASET TIME
1 mypool/public 2024-10-09-16:22:38
2 mypool/public 2024-10-09-16:24:22
3 mypool/hidden 2024-10-09-16:24:28
4 mypool/hidden 2024-10-09-16:24:30
```

```
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak -l 3
        DATASET
                        TIME
       mypool/hidden
                        2024-10-09-16:24:28
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak -l mypool/public
       DATASET
                        TIME
       mypool/public
                        2024-10-09-16:22:38
       mypool/public
                        2024-10-09-16:24:22
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak - I mypool/public 2
       DATASET
                        TIME
ID
       mypool/public
                        2024-10-09-16:24:22
```

HW 3-3: Requirement (5/8)

- Specification Delete
 - Delete snapshots created by zfs
 - If only ID is specified, delete the snapshot with that id
 - If only **DATASET** is specified, delete all snapshots of that dataset
 - If **DATASET** and **ID**... are specified, delete snapshots with those **id** of the **dataset**
 - Otherwise, delete all snapshots

```
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak -l
ID
        DATASET
                        TIME
       mypool/public
                       2024-10-09-16:32:30
       mypool/hidden
                       2024-10-09-16:32:34
       mypool/public
                       2024-10-09-16:32:36
       mypool/hidden
                       2024-10-09-16:32:37
       mypool/public
                       2024-10-09-16:32:38
       mypool/public
                       2024-10-09-16:32:40
       mypool/hidden
                       2024-10-09-16:32:41
```

```
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak -d 1

Destroy mypool/public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:32:30
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak -d mypool/hidden 2

Destroy mypool/hidden@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:32:37
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak -d mypool/hidden

Destroy mypool/hidden@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:32:34

Destroy mypool/hidden@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:32:41
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak -d mypool/public 1 2 3

Destroy mypool/public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:32:38

Destroy mypool/public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:32:38

Destroy mypool/public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:32:4
```

HW 3-3: Requirement (6/8)

- Log
 - Must contain the action (e.g. snap), dataset name and time
 - Print "Snap `dataset@zfsbak_create_time`" after creating the new snapshot, e.g.,
 - Snap mypool/public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:32:30
 - Print "Destroy `dataset@zfsbak_create_time`" after destroying the deleted snapshot, e.g.,
 - mypool/public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-16:32:30
 - For any undefined operation, just print the error message and exit

HW 3-3: Requirement (7/8)

- Specification Export
 - Must specify dataset
 - ID defaults to 1
 - Compress with zstd
 - Encrypt with aes-256-cbc (with password-based key derivation function 2)
 - Encrypt with the environment we specified (EXPORT_PASS)
 - A filename example: `mypool_public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-17:29:56.zst.aes`
 - Put the export file at the user's home directory

```
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ export ZFSBAK_PASS=secure_password judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo -E zfsbak -e mypool/public 1 Export mypool/public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-17:29:56 to ~/mypool_public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-17:29:56.zst.aes
```

HW 3-3: Requirement (8/8)

- Specification Import
 - Must specify filename and dataset
 - filename is the decrypted file exported by zfsbak
 - Load the snapshot to the dataset

```
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ sudo zfsbak -i "~/mypool_public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-17:29:56.zst" mypool/public2  
Import /home/judge/mypool_public@zfsbak_2024-10-09-17:29:56.zst to mypool/public2  
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ zfsbak -I  
ID DATASET TIME  
1 mypool/public 2024-10-09-17:29:56  
2 mypool/public2 2024-10-09-17:29:56  
judge@freebsd-141:~ $ Is /home/sftp/  
dev/ hidden/ public/ public2/
```

HW 3-3: Grading (54%)

- Disk Setup (Add 4 new disks)
 - Enable kernel to show gpt label in /dev/gpt/ (FreeBSD),
 /dev/disk/by-partlabel (Linux) (3%)
 - partition with GPT scheme with correct label (2%)
- ZFS
 - Create a raid10 pool using block device at /dev/gpt as vdev (3%)
 - Create all datasets and set up correctly mountpoint, atime, compression (3%)
- zfsbak
 - Usage (2%)
 - Create, List, Delete (9% / each)
 - Export, Import (include log) (7% / each)

HW 3-3: Hint

- It will be much easier if you implement `Delete`, `Export`, `Import`
 with a well coding `List`
- If you thinks shell script is hard to implement the function we wants,
 try <u>awk(1)</u>
- Check handbook first
 - https://www.freebsd.org/doc/en/books/handbook/zfs-zfs.html
 - https://www.freebsd.org/doc/en/books/handbook/zfs-term.html

HW 3: Grading

- You can choose whatever OS you want to use
 - OJ does NOT guarantee Linux can pass all test cases, so we only make it work with our best effort

Attention!

- Your work will be tested by Online Judge system.
 - You can submit multiple judge requests. However, OJ will cool down for several minutes after each judge.
 - We will take the last submitted score instead of the highest score.
 - Late submissions will not be accepted.
 - Plagiarism is prohibited. We will conduct random checks to compare your scripts with others.
- BACKUP your server before judge EVERY TIME
 - We may do something bad when judging. (e.g. rm -rf -no-preserve-root /)
- Make sure everything is fine after reboot.

Help me!

Questions about this homework

- Ask them on https://groups.google.com/g/nctunasa
- We MIGHT give out hints on Google Groups
 - Be sure to join the group :D
 - When posting a question, be sure to include all information you think others would need
 - including but not limiting to your ID, setups, configurations and / or what you have done to trace the error / problem
- Do not email us
- Do not use E3 to email us

Enjoy!