1 Iterated Integral Operators

Author: Christian Howard

In the problem statement, we can define the following integral operators:

$$F\phi(x) = \int_{a}^{x} k_1(x, y)\phi(y)dy \tag{1}$$

$$G\phi(x) = \int_{a}^{x} k_2(x, y)\phi(y)dy \tag{2}$$

Given the above operators, the goal is to find $k_3(x,y) \ni$

$$G(F\phi)(x) = (G \circ F)\phi(x) = \int_{a}^{x} k_3(x, y)\phi(y)dy$$
(3)

Result 1.1. The resulting kernel within $(G \circ F)\phi(x)$ is:

$$k_3(x,y) = \int_y^x k_2(x,z)k_1(z,y)dz$$

Proof.

$$(G \circ F)\phi(x) = \int_{a}^{x} k_{2}(x, z)F\phi(z)dz$$

$$= \int_{a}^{x} k_{2}(x, z) \int_{a}^{z} k_{1}(z, y)\phi(y)dydz$$

$$= \int_{a}^{x} \phi(y) \int_{a}^{x} k_{2}(x, z)k_{1}(z, y)dzdy - \int_{a}^{x} k_{2}(x, z) \int_{z}^{x} k_{1}(z, y)\phi(y)dydz$$

$$= \int_{a}^{x} \phi(y) \int_{y}^{y} k_{2}(x, z)k_{1}(z, y)dzdy + \int_{a}^{x} \phi(y) \int_{y}^{x} k_{2}(x, z)k_{1}(z, y)dzdy$$

$$= \int_{a}^{x} \phi(y) \int_{y}^{x} k_{2}(x, z)k_{1}(z, y)dzdy$$

$$= \int_{a}^{x} k_{3}(x, y)\phi(y)dy$$

$$\therefore k_{3}(x, y) = \int_{y}^{x} k_{2}(x, z)k_{1}(z, y)dz$$