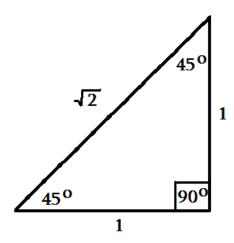
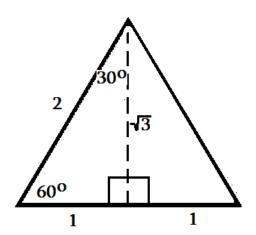
## **Special Triangles and Memorable Trigonometric Values**





$$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$
  $\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$   $\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$ 

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$$

$$\sin\frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{1}{2} = \sin 30^\circ$$

$$\sin\frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{1}{2} = \sin 30^{\circ}$$
  $\cos\frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \cos 30^{\circ}$   $\tan\frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \tan 30^{\circ}$ 

$$\tan \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \tan 30^{\circ}$$

$$\sin\frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \sin 60^{\circ}$$
  $\cos\frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{1}{2} = \cos 60^{\circ}$   $\tan\frac{\pi}{3} = \sqrt{3} = \tan 60^{\circ}$ 

$$\cos\frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{1}{2} = \cos 60^\circ$$

$$\tan\frac{\pi}{3} = \sqrt{3} = \tan 60^\circ$$

$$\sin\frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \sin 45^\circ$$

$$\sin\frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \sin 45^{\circ}$$
  $\cos\frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \cos 45^{\circ}$   $\tan\frac{\pi}{4} = 1 = \tan 45^{\circ}$ 

$$\tan\frac{\pi}{4} = 1 = \tan 45^\circ$$

$$\sin\frac{\pi}{2} = 1 = \sin 90^\circ$$

$$\cos\frac{\pi}{2} = 0 = \cos 90^{\circ}$$

$$\tan \frac{\pi}{2} = Undefined = \tan 90^{\circ}$$

$$\sin \pi = 0 = \sin 180^{\circ}$$

$$\cos \pi = -1 = \cos 180^{\circ}$$

$$\tan \pi = 0 = \tan 180^{\circ}$$

$$\sin 0 = 0 = \sin 180^\circ$$

$$\cos \pi = 1 = \cos 0^{\circ}$$

$$\tan 0 = 0 = \tan 0^{\circ}$$

 $(\theta \text{ in radians}) = \frac{\pi}{180^{\circ}} (\theta \text{ in degrees})$