

Question 1:

Implement the following C code in MIPS assembly.

```
void swap(int v[], int k) {
    int temp;
    temp = v[k];
    v[k] = v[k+1];
    v[k+1] = temp;
}
```

Answer: Book Exercise: section 2.13

Question 2:

Implement the following C code in MIPS assembly.

```
int fib(int n){
    if (n==0)
        return 0;
    else if (n == 1)
        return 1;
    else
        return fib(n-1) + fib(n-2);
}
```

Solution:

```
fib:   addi   $sp, $sp, -12 # make room on stack
       sw     $ra, 8($sp)  # push $ra
       sw     $s0, 4($sp)  # push $s0
       sw     $a0, 0($sp)  # push $a0 (N)
       bgt    $a0, $0, test2 # if n>0, test if n=1
       add    $v0, $0, $0   # else fib(0) = 0
       j      rtn          #
test2: addi   $t0, $0, 1    #
       bne    $t0, $a0, gen # if n>1, gen
       add    $v0, $0, $t0  # else fib(1) = 1
       j      rtn          #
gen:   addi   $a0, $a0, -1   # n-1
       jal    fib           # call fib(n-1)
       add    $s0, $v0, $0   # copy fib(n-1)
       addi   $a0, $a0, -1   # n-2
       jal    fib           # call fib(n-2)
       add    $v0, $v0, $s0  # fib(n-1)+fib(n-2)
rtn:   lw     $a0, 0($sp)   # pop $a0
```

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```
lw    $s0, 4($sp)    # pop $s0
lw    $ra, 8($sp)    # pop $ra
addi   $sp, $sp, 12   # restore sp
jr     $ra
```

Question 3 (Try at home- Optional):

Implement the following C code in MIPS assembly.

```
void sort (int v[], int n) {
    int i, j;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i += 1) {
        for (j = i - 1; j >= 0 && v[j] > v[j + 1]; j = j - 1) {
            swap(v, j, j + 1);
        }
    }
}
```

Answer: Book Exercise: section 2.13