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COURSE & SECTION NO. chem 1AA3

Prolab Questions

1. calculate the theoretical yield of your Aspirin from the procedure below.

CTH603 + C4 H603 -> (9 H804 + (2H40z - Heatic acid: carboxyllic acid acetic asprin acetic salicyclic acid acid anhydride

1: 1 storchiometric ratio 29 (7 H6 63 - 138.129 - 0.01488 mol C7H603 60 0.01448 mol (91804 (95 prin) 0.01448mol. 186.169 = 2.6099

the theoretical yield of asprin is 2.6099.

mol c9H804

why does the ethanol have to be hor?

Rocry stalization is a technique used to purify the asprin By slowly cooling a hot, saturated solution of asprin, the motocules of asprin will aligh in a crystal lattice (forming crystals). Impurities will remain in the solution (only molocules of as prin will fit into crystal lattice).

3. Idontify all functional groups found in both products and reactants.

- salicyclic acid: carboxyllic acid alcohol

- Acetic Anhydride: (Ester) acid anhyaride

- Asprin: carboxyllic acid ester

Purpose: The purpose of this experiment is to synthesize asprin (acetyl salicyclic acid) from the acid-catalyzed reaction of salleyelic acid and acetic anhydride, through filtration and recogstalization. Also, to learn to identify various functional groups.

procedure: The experiment was carried out as described in the 2. Explain we recrystallize the Asprin 2011 / 2012 chemistry 1 A 03.11A A 3 Labratory Manual, Experiment organic chemistry -1.

Observations:

- salicyclic acid is a white crystallike, powdery substance. Purs white in colour like snow with a shins to it.

- when 4 ml acotic anhydride are added, crystals separate and ara dispersed inroughout solution. -when s drops of concentrated riz So4 ars added, the crystals disappear into a clear solution.

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