Course Reminders

- Final Project due <u>Thurs, March 19th (11:59 PM)</u>
 - Group Work Survey: http://bit.ly/teams_wi20
- Post COGS 108 Survey: http://bit.ly/post_wi20
- CAPEs: http://www.cape.ucsd.edu/ (65%)

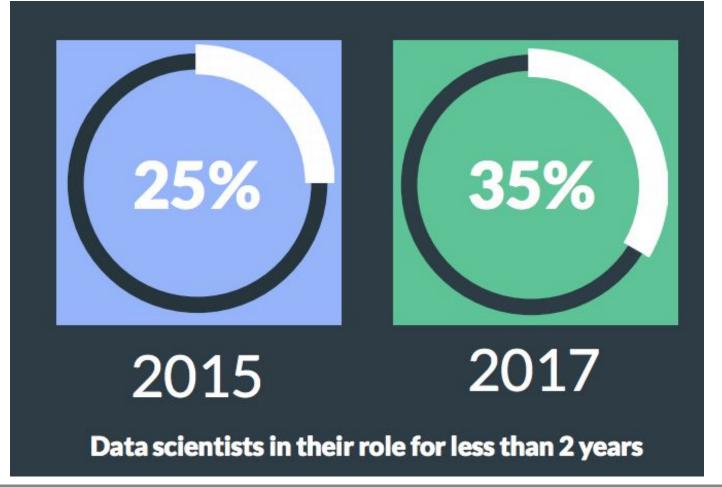
The Future of Data Science

Shannon E. Ellis, Ph.D UC San Diego

Department of Cognitive Science sellis@ucsd.edu



Where we are now



#1 Data Scientist

\$108,000

Median Base Salary

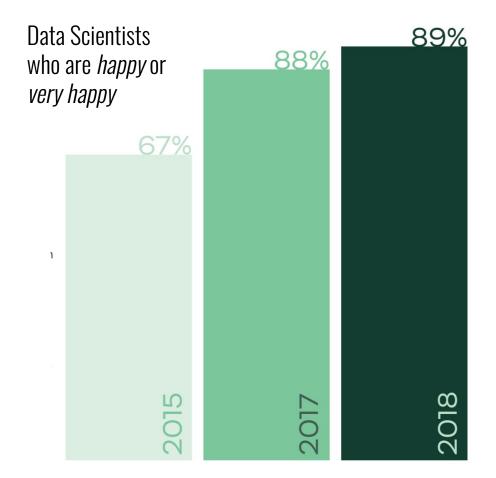
4.3/5

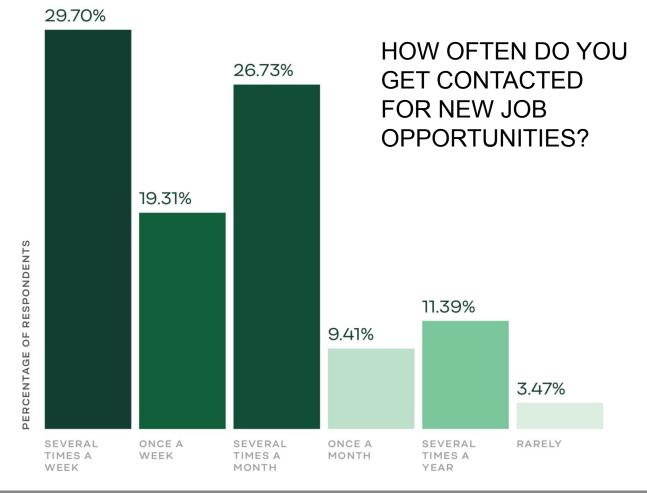
Job Satisfaction

6,510

Job Openings

View Jobs





The Ten Most Common Data Science Skills in Job Postings

Skill	Percentage of Job Listings
Python	72%
R	64%
SQL	51%
Hadoop	39%
Java	33%
SAS	30%
Spark	27%
Matlab	20%
Hive	17%
Tableau	14%

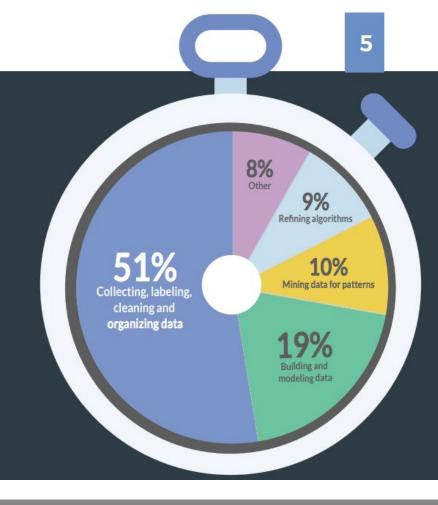
Source: Glassdoor Economic Research.

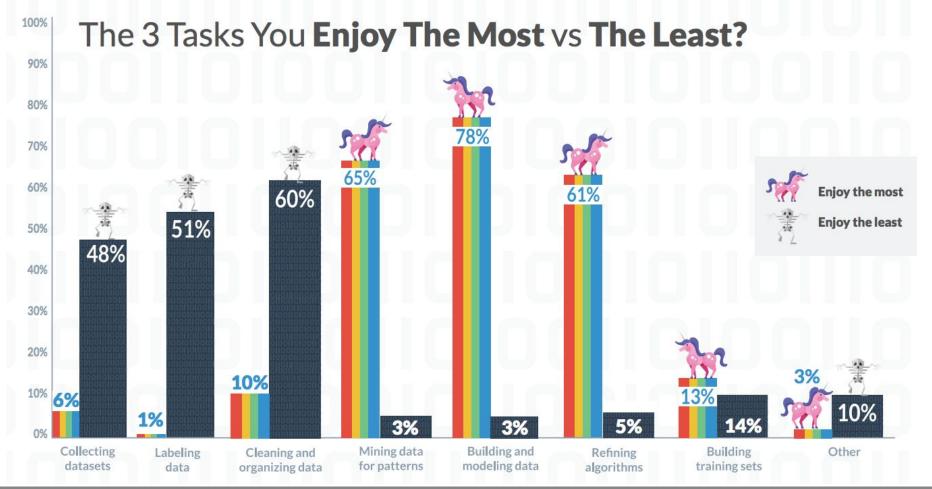
glassdoor



(and why aren't they doing more of it?)

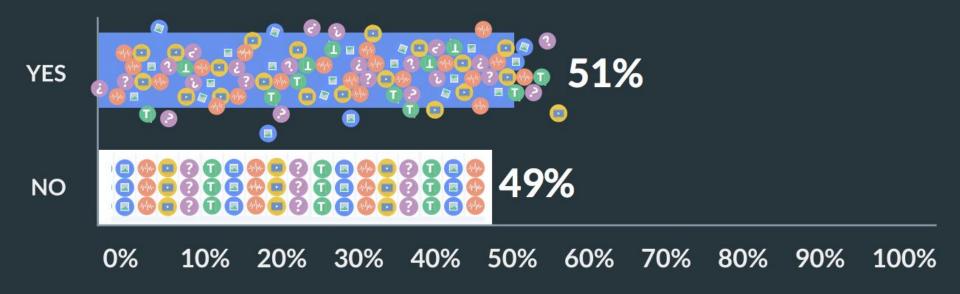
What activity takes up most of your time?





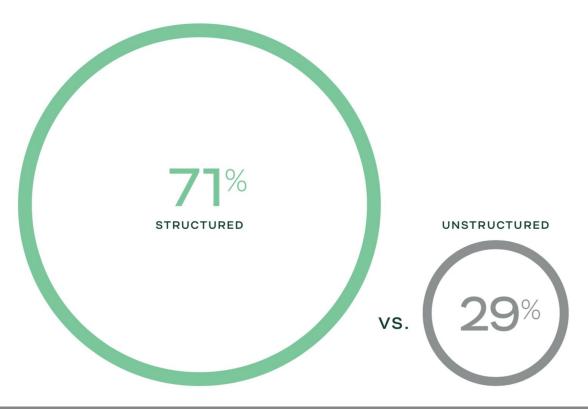
Does a significant amount of your work involve UNSTRUCTED DATA?

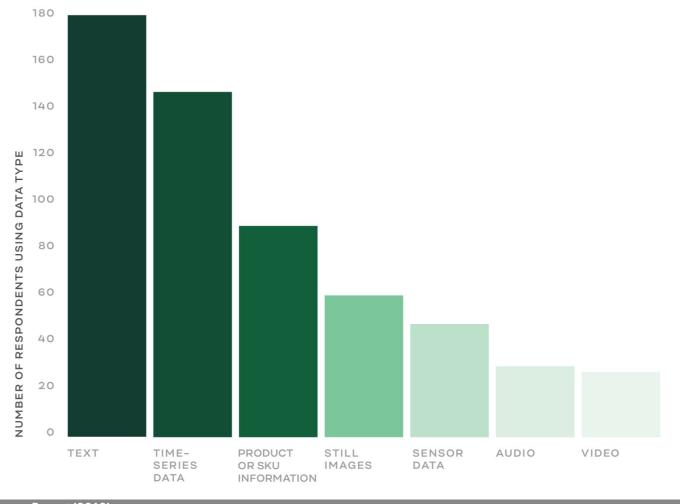


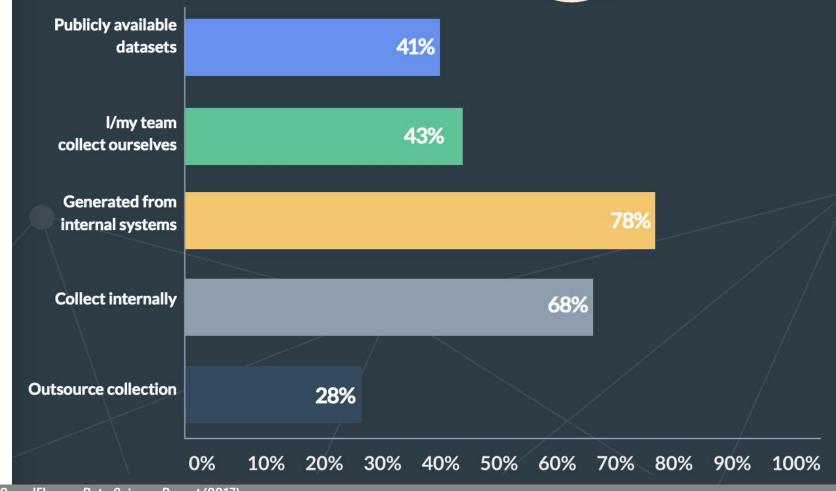


Source: CrowdFlower, Data Science Report (2017)

DO YOU WORK PRIMARILY WITH STRUCTURED OR UNSTRUCTURED DATA?







Source: CrowdFlower, Data Science Report (2017)

Glut of new data scientists

First, let's talk about the oversupply of junior data scientists. The continuing media hype cycle around data science has enormously exploded the amount of junior talent available on the market over the past five years.

This is purely anecdotal evidence, so take it with a large grain of salt. But, based on my own participation as a resume screener, mentor to data scientists leaving boot camps, interviewer, interviewee, and from conversations with friends and colleagues in similar positions, I've developed an intuition that the number of candidates per any given data science position, particularly at the entry level, has grown from 20 or so per slot, to 100 or more. I was talking to a friend recently who had to go through 500 resumes for a single opening.

This is not abnormal. More anecdotal evidence comes from job openings like this one, from machine learning's godfather, Andrew Ng, whose AI startup demanded 70-80 hours a week. He was flooded with applications, after blithely noting that previously many people had tried to volunteer for free. As of this latest writing, they ran out of space in their current office.

It's very, very hard to estimate the true gap between market demand and supply, but here's a starting point.

Advice from Vicki Boykis

Sr. Manager, Data Science + Engineering at CapTech Ventures, Inc

- 1. Learn SQL
- 2. Learn a programming language extremely well and learn programming concepts.
- Learn how to work in the cloud.
- 4. This stuff is really hard for everyone, and there are a million things it seems like you have to know. Don't get discouraged.



What you all have done

COGS 108: What we've learned

- O1: Data Science, Ethics, & Version Control
- 02: Python Programming & pandas
- 03: Data & Data Wrangling
- 04: Data Intuition & Visualization
- 05: Descriptive & Exploratory Data Analysis
- 06: Inference
- 07: Machine Learning
- 08: Text Analysis
- 09: Geospatial Analysis & Non-parametric Statistics
- 10: Dimensionality Reduction & DS Jobs

Guest Lectures: Agustin Lebron & Andy White

COGS 108: Final Project Lessons

- 1. Asking the right question up front really helps
- 2. Finding the data you need <u>is</u> a skill
 - a. ...so is knowing if the data are reliable
 - b. ...and if they can answer your question
 - c.and recognizing what information you don't have
- 3. Data Visualization and storytelling are important skills.
- 4. Determining which analytical approach is best is HARD.
- 5. Programming is merely a piece of the puzzle for data scientists.

COGS 108 Thank yous!

TAs: Matt, Sam, & Shreenivas

IAs: Amir, Emily, John, Josh

All of you for your patience, feedback, and time!



COGS108 thoughts

Which of the following best describes you?

A
I understand
what data
science is *less*than before
taking
COGS108.

B
I knew what
data science
was before
taking
COGS108 and
my
understanding
hasn't changed.

I knew what data science was before taking COGS108 but have a better understanding now.

I didn't really know what data science was before and have a better understanding having taken COGS108.



COGS108 thoughts

Which of the following best describes you?

A
I was excited before about being a data scientist and am just as excited after COGS108.

I never wanted to be a data scientist, but think what I learned in COGS108 could help me in the future

I never wanted to be a data scientist & don't think COGS108 topics will help me in the future.

I'm more interested in becoming a data scientist after COGS108.

I'm less interested in becoming a data scientist than I was before taking COGS108.

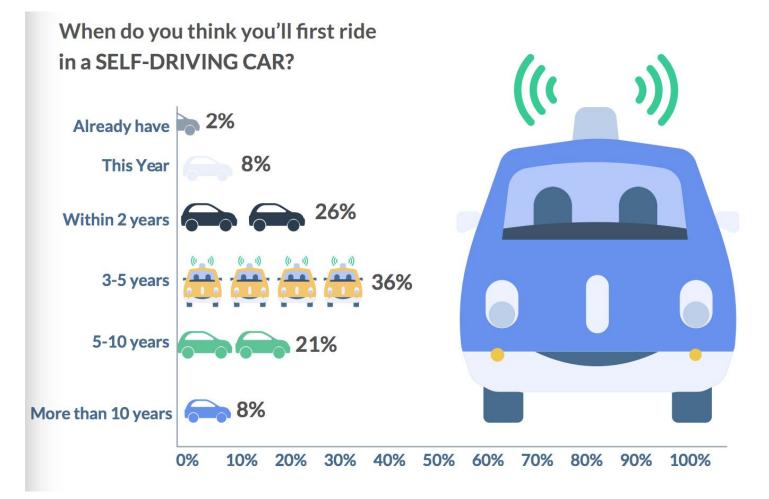


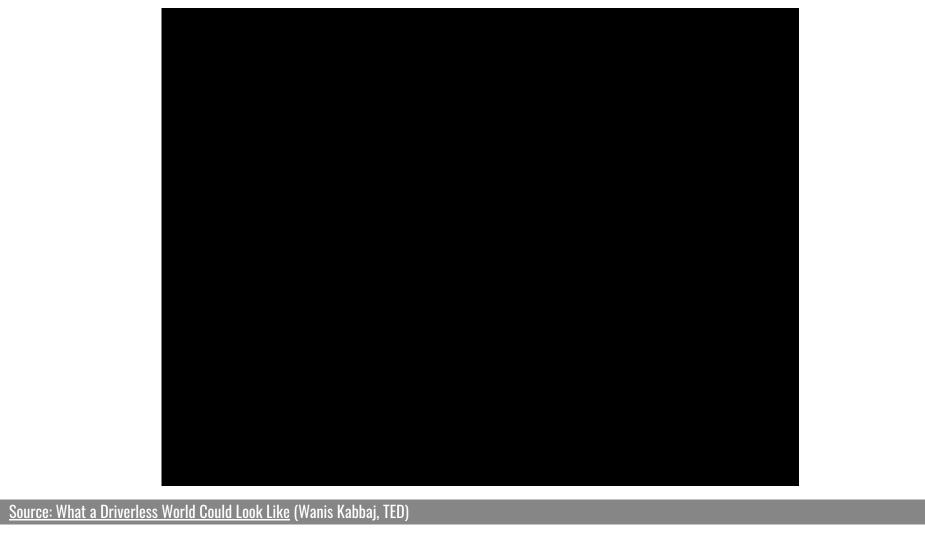
COGS108 thoughts

What should the prerequisite for this course be?

B C D E
Python Python or Java Python or Java Other
only or Matlab

...so where are we going?







WOULD DRIVE THEMSELVES

75%



Algorithms are fragile

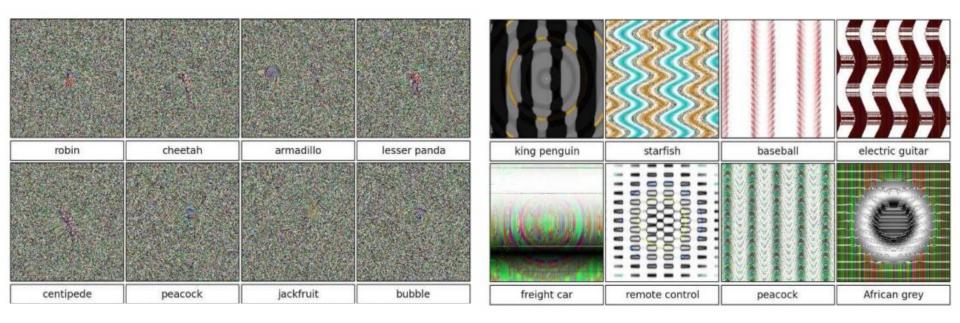


Figure 1. Evolved images that are unrecognizable to humans, but that state-of-the-art DNNs trained on ImageNet believe with $\geq 99.6\%$ certainty to be a familiar object. This result highlights differences between how DNNs and humans recognize objects. Images are either directly (top) or indirectly (bottom) encoded.

Trading program sparked May 'flash crash'



Automatic computerized traders on the stock market shut down as they detected the sharp rise in buying and selling. (*NYT*)

Government regulators say a trading program was behind the massive stock slide on May 6.

Algorithms are fragile & powerful

Human-based computation







From the amusing...

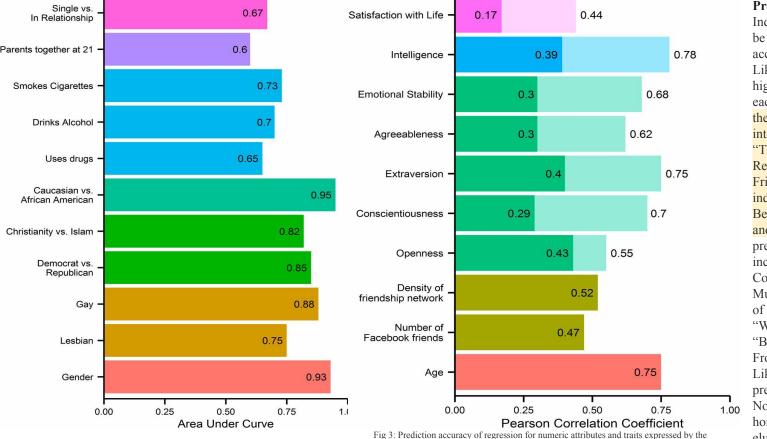


Fig 2: Prediction accuracy of classification of dichotomous/dichotomized attributes expressed by the AUC

Fig 3: Prediction accuracy of regression for numeric attributes and traits expressed by the Pearson correlation coefficient between predicted and actual attribute values; all correlations are significant at the P < 0.001 level. The transparent bars indicate the questionnaire's baseline accuracy, expressed in terms of test–retest reliability.

Predictive Power of Likes. Individual traits and attributes can be predicted to a high degree of accuracy based on records of users' Likes. Table S1 presents a sample of highly predictive Likes related to each of the attributes. For example, the best predictors of high intelligence include "Thunderstorms." "The Colbert Report," "Science," and "Curly Fries," whereas low intelligence was indicated by "Sephora," "I Love Being A Mom," "Harley Davidson," and "Lady Antebellum." Good predictors of male homosexuality included "No H8 Campaign," "Mac Cosmetics," and "Wicked The Musical," whereas strong predictors of male heterosexuality included "Wu-Tang Clan," "Shaq," and "Being Confused After Waking Up From Naps." Although some of the Likes clearly relate to their predicted attribute, as in the case of No H8 Campaign and homosexuality, other pairs are more elusive: there is no obvious connection between Curly Fries and

high intelligence.

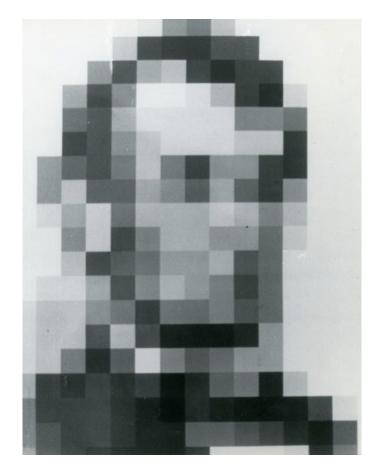
Private traits and attributes are predictable from digital records of human behavior (PNAS, 2013)

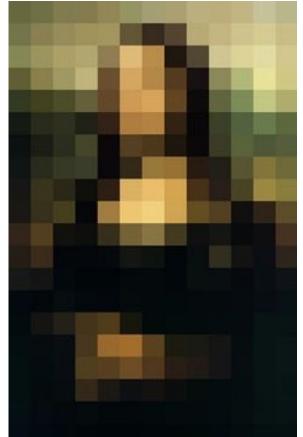
From the amusing...

...to the amazing



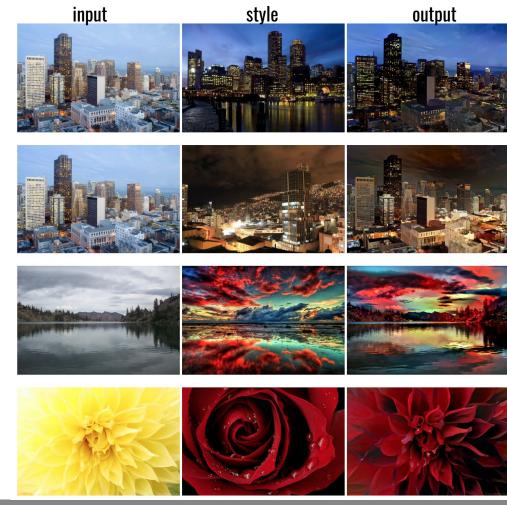


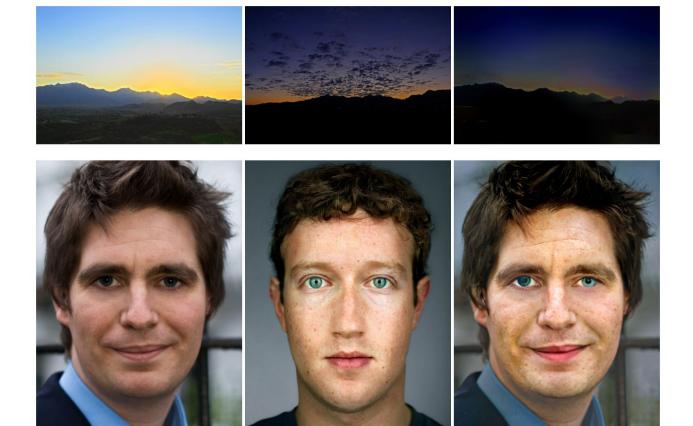




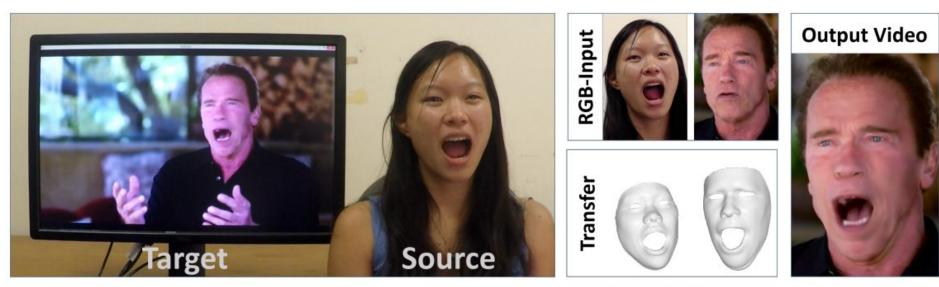


"...the first column is the 16x16 input image, the second one is what you would get from a standard bicubic interpolation, the third is the output generated by the neural net, and on the right is the ground truth."





Reality manipulation



Proposed online reenactment setup: a monocular target video sequence (e.g., from Youtube) is reenacted based on the expressions of a source actor who is recorded live with a commodity webcam.



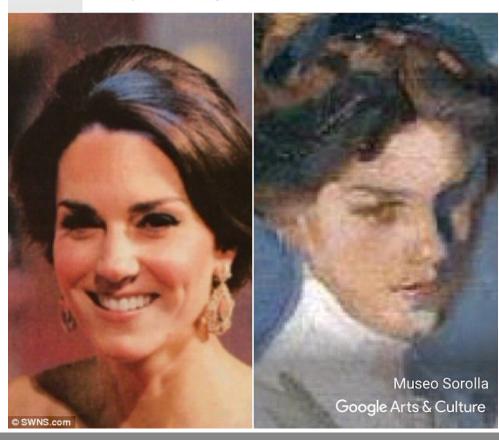


60%

Strolling along the Seashore

match

Joaquín Sorolla y Bastida



Was The Facebook '10 Year Challenge' A Way To Mine Data For Facial Recognition AI?

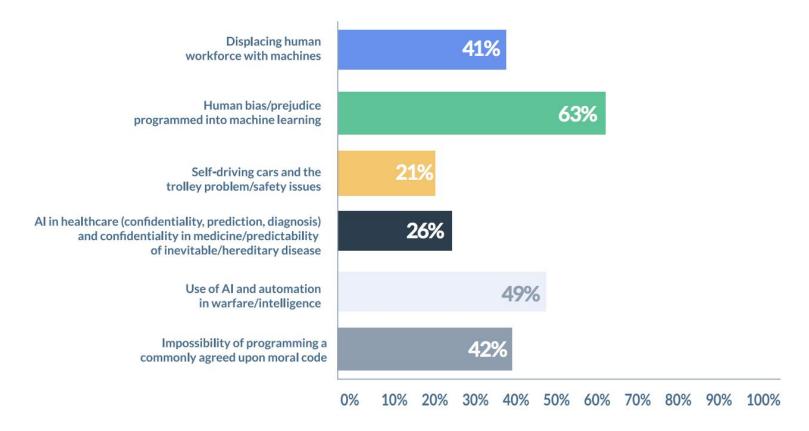


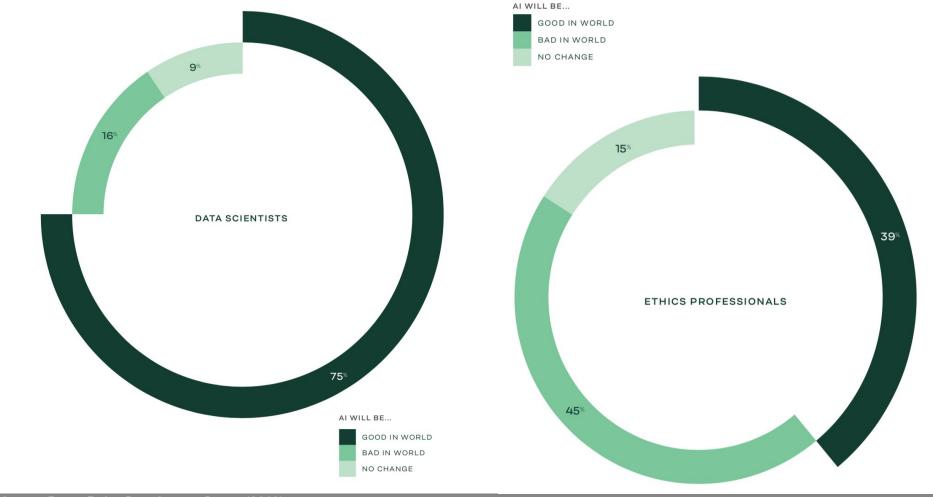
Nicole Martin Contributor (i)

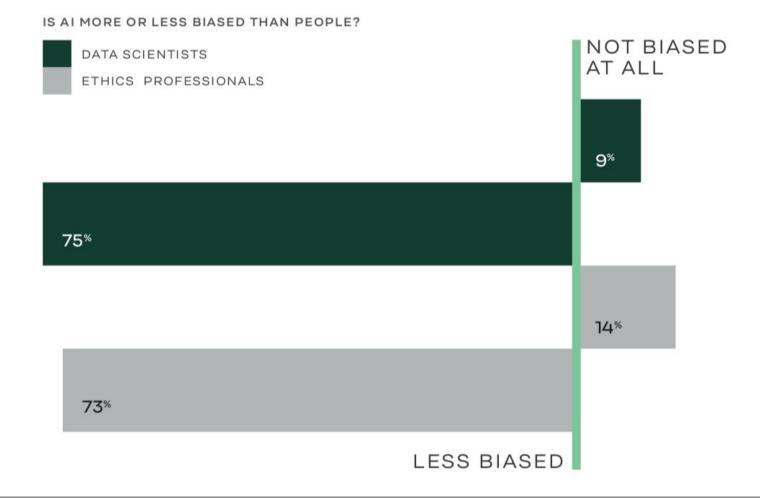
Al & Big Data

I write about technology, data and privacy.

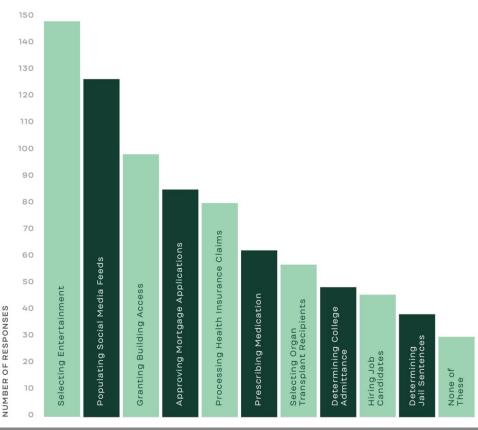
Which of the following do you personally think might be issues regarding ethics and AI?











You all are the future of data science!

So, if you remember anything from this course...



Ethics should always be a priority in your work.



Data wrangling is a puzzle and a big part of the job. When done well, it's not boring!



Data science is a competitive, but rewarding field. You have a chance to make a big difference!



Your grade in this course is probably <u>not</u> predictive of future success.



My hope is that all of you go on to (continue to) be good people who are happy & successful

Thanks for taking COGS 108!