Low-Comotovation: System Design Document

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0.1 Versioning & Authorship

Version 0.1

Low-Comotovation ©

Software Design Specification: Low-Comotovation Status: Preliminary Release: Software Design Review

0.2 References

During the development of this document, IEEE 1016 was utilized.

0.3 Purpose

This document will specify the architecture and design of the Low-Comotovation train system. It shall discuss the structural and design and considerations of the train system and the accompanying subsystems of the train system. It shall also detail design considerations in vital subsystems.

0.4 Stakeholders & Concerns

The stakeholders of this document are anticipated to be the following:

- Future Design Teams: Future design teams are anticiapted to utilize this document to guide their usage of the track controller system
- Pittsburgh Rail Company: The rail company utilizing the Software Design Specification (SDS) to guide the development of physical systems associated with the software

Future design teams associated with the continued development beneift from increased documentation of the original system by allowing for more efficient software design procedures in future revision by potentially unrelated developers.

The benefits to the Pittsburgh Rail Company from a detailed software design specification are twofold. First, a detailed SDD provides developers of railway hardware the information required to produced a paired system. Second, a documented SDD allows the Pittsburgh Rail Company to evaluate the designs ability to meet specifications for vitality.

1 Introduction

To ensure safe, predictable, and reliable operation of the system, there are three primary considerations:

1. Vitality: Vitality of a system within this document referse to a safety-critical system.

- 2. Testability: Any system implemented must be easily tested to ensure reliability
- 3. Modularity: Any system designed must reuse code wherever possible

2 System Design Use Cases

In this section, we detail the use cases of each subsystem. The use case of each subsystem is accompanied by brief descriptions of the use cases.

2.1 Track Model

In this subsection, the use cases of the train model are provided.

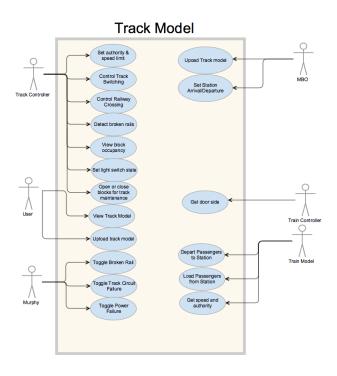


Figure 1: Track model use case diagram

Table 1: Set Speed and Authority

Actors	Track Controller
Description	The track controller shall be capable of setting a speed and au-
	thority via the track circuit modeled by the track model
Data	Speed and authority for the trains
Stimulus	None. The speed and authority are set externally
Response	The track model possesses the attributes set.
Comments	The track model only exists as a passthrough for this information

Table 2: Set Switch State

Actors	Track Controller
Description	The track controller shall be capable of setting the switch of a
	given state
Data	A boolean statement for the state of a switch
Stimulus	The Track Controller signal
Response	Setting the state of the switch
Comments	These are set simultaneously with no delays

Table 3: Control Railyway Crossing

Actors	Track Controller
Description	The track controller shall be capable of setting the railway crossing
	to a given state
Data	A boolean statement for the state of a railway crossing
Stimulus	The Track Controller boolean signal
Response	Setting the state of the railway crossing
Comments	These are set simultaneously with no delays

Table 4: Detect Broken Rails

Actors	Track Controller
Description	The track controller shall be capable of detecting broken rails
Data	A boolean statement for the state of a block
Stimulus	A track controller query
Response	A return of the boolean broken state of the blocks on a track
Comments	The track controller calls the track model in this case

Table 5: View Block Occupancy

Actors	Track Controller
Description	The track controller shall be capable of viewing block occupancy
Data	A boolean statement for the occupancy of the block
Stimulus	A track controller query
Response	A return of the boolean occupied state of the blocks on a trackl
Comments	The track controller calls the track model in this case

Table 6: Set Light Switch State

Actors	Track Controller
Description	The track controller shall be capable of setting the light states
Data	A boolean statement for the next light switch state
Stimulus	A track controller function call
Response	A setting of the light switch state to that set by the track controller
Comments	

Table 7: Set Light Switch State

Actors	Track Controller	
Description	The track controller shall be opening or closing a given block for	
	maintenance	
Data	A boolean statement for if a given block is open or closed due to	
	maintenance	
Stimulus	A track controller function call with a boolean variable	
Response	A setting of the blocks open state	
Comments	This block will not be considered "open" for planning purposes in	
	new path. This is reflected in the nextBlock functionality	

Table 8: Upoad Track Model

Table 6. opena Track Model		
Actors	User	
Description	The user shall be capable of uploading track models to the track	
	model	
Data	The track model given in a .csv form. This may be provided by	
	Excel "save as" function or similar.	
Stimulus	None	
Response	The user loads the files in	
Comments	This will require multiple csv files in practice	

Table 9: Set Light Switch State

Actors	Track Controller
Description	The track controller shall be capable of setting the light states
Data	A boolean statement for the next light switch state
Stimulus	A track controller function call
Response	A setting of the light switch state to that set by the track controller
Comments	

Table 10: Toggle Broken Rail

Actors	Murphy
Description	A test environment shall be provided to toggle the rail broken
	state for testing
Data	A boolean statement to set the rail to
Stimulus	External user testing stimulus
Response	Setting a given block to broken or fixed
Comments	This should be considered for test purposes of other modules

Table 11: Toggle Track Circuit Failure

Table 11. Toggie Track Chedit Pandre		
Actors	Murphy	
Description	A test environment shall be provided to toggle the circuit failure	
	state for testing	
Data	A boolean statement to set the track circuit functionality	
Stimulus	External user testing stimulus	
Response	Setting the track circuit to broken or functional	
Comments	This should be considered for test purposes of other modules	

Table 12: Toggle Power Failure

Actors	Murphy
Description	A test environment shall be provided to toggle the power failure
	state for testing
Data	A boolean statement to set the power failure state of a rail to
Stimulus	External user testing stimulus
Response	Setting a broken or fixed power state to
Comments	This should be considered for test purposes of other modules

Table 13: Upload Track Module

Actors	MBO
Description	Upload a track model to the track module
Data	identical to the user inputs
Stimulus	Initialization of a program
Response	The reading of the excel file
Comments	Functionally equivalent to the read track info for the user

Table 14: Set Station Arrival/Departure

Actors	MBO
Description	Set station arrival and departure time
Data	Receives the expected arrival and departure time from the MBO
	and displays them at a station
Stimulus	The MBO setting an arrival or departure at a given station
Response	Setting an arrival or departure at a given station
Comments	Set and called by the MBO

Table 15: Get Door Side

Actors	Train Controller
Description	Get the side of the door for arrival at a station given the visible
	beacon
Data	Returns the side of the door to open for a given train
Stimulus	Query with a station given a beacon
Response	Side of the train to open the door on
Comments	Set and called by the Train Conroller

Table 16: Depart Passengers to Station

Actors	Train Model
Description	Depart passengers from a train to a station
Data	Number of passengers to depart
Stimulus	Train model calling the station of the track model
Response	Add the people to the station loitering group
Comments	Set and called by the Train Model

Table 17: Get speed and authority from a given block

Actors	Train Model
Description	Calls a given block
Data	Number of passengers to depart
Stimulus	Train model calling the station of the track model
Response	Add the people to the station loitering group
Comments	Set and called by the Train Model

Table 18: Load Passengers From Station

Actors	Train Controller
Description	Load passengers to a track model from a station
Data	Maximum number of passengers to load a train to capacity
Stimulus	Train model queryiing the track model
Response	Number of people to add to the train
Comments	Set and called by the Train Conroller

2.2 Track Controller

In this subsection, the use cases of the track controller are provided.

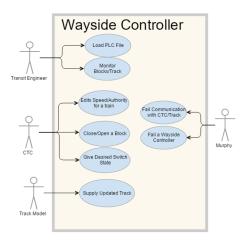


Figure 2: Track controller use case diagram

2.3 Train Model

In this subsection, the use cases of the train model are provided.

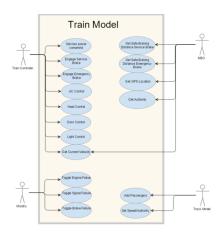


Figure 3: Train model use case diagram

Table 19: Set New Power Command

Actors	Train Controller
Description	Train Controller will set a new power command based on the
	current velocity of the train and the new setpoint speed set by the
	driver. This power command will be used to determine the force
	applied to the train and thus compute the new current velocity.
Data	Power Command issued to the train
Stimulus	When a setpoint speed is provided to the train controller, a Power
	command is computed using the current velocity and sent to train
Response	New current velocity is returned to actor at the end of the com-
	putation.
Comments	

Table 20: Engage Service Brake

Actors	Train Controller
Description	Train controller will engage or disengage the service brake in order
	to slow down or stop the train for any given reason. Once engaged
	the power command will be set to zero and the train will begin to
	decelerate
Data	Service Brake command
Stimulus	Service brake will be engaged under the following conditions:
	1) Service brake button is manually pressed by the driver via the
	train controller
	2) Failure occurs in the train that requires the train to stop, this
	will engage the service brakes unless failure is caused by service
	brakes
	3) Train is set to slow down and service brakes are applied to
	reduce speed
Response	Service brake status is set to engaged and train begins to deceler-
	ate at service brake deceleration rate.
Comments	The service brake can either posses the status of on, off, or failure.

Table 21: Engage Emergency Brake

	Table 21. Eligage Elifergency Brake
Actors	Train Controller
Description	Train controller will engage or disengage the emergency brake in
	order to slow down or stop the train for any emergencies that may
	occur. Once engaged the power command will be set to zero and
	the train will begin to decelerate
Data	Emergency Brake command
Stimulus	Emergency brake will be engaged under the following conditions:
	1) Emergency brake button is manually pressed by the driver or
	passenger via the train controller
	2) Failure occurs in the service brakes and the emergency brakes
	are required to stop the train
Response	Emergency brake status is set to engaged and train begins to
	decelerate at emergency brake deceleration rate.
Comments	The Emergency brake can either posses the status of on or off.
	For this model we are assuming that the emergency brakes never
	fail

Table 22: Air Conditioning (AC) Control

	9 ()
Actors	Train Controller
Description	Train controller will activate or deactivate the Air conditioning
	unit onboard the train to decrease the current temperature of the
	train.
Data	Air conditioning command
Stimulus	The air conditioning will be turned on or off by the train con-
	troller. This will either be performed manually by the driver using
	a button or automatically by the train controller based on current
	temperature and thermostat setting.
Response	AC control set to on will result in a gradual decrease of the current
	train internal temperature.
Comments	The AC can either posses the status of on, off, or failure.

Table 23: Heater Control

Actors	Train Controller
Description	Train controller will activate or deactivate the heating unit on-
	board the train to increase the current temperature of the train.
Data	Heater command
Stimulus	The heating unit will be turned on or off by the train controller.
	This will either be performed manually by the driver using a but-
	ton or automatically by the train controller based on current tem-
	perature and thermostat setting.
Response	Heater control set to on will result in a gradual increase of the
	current train internal temperature.
Comments	The heater can either posses the status of on, off, or failure.

Table 24: Door Control

Actors	Train Controller
Description	Train controller will open and close the doors on the left and right
	side individually using individual commands for each side.
Data	Left door command, Right door command
Stimulus	The left or right doors will be opened or closed by the train con-
	troller. This will either be performed manually by the driver using
	a button or automatically by the train controller upon arrival and
	departure at each station.
Response	If the right door command is passed, all doors on the right side
	are opened. If the left door command is passed, all doors on the
	left side are opened.
Comments	The Left and Right doors can either posses the status of open,
	closed, or failure.

Table 25: Light Control

Actors	Train Controller
Description	Train controller will turn the interior lights onboard the train on
	and off based on time of day and location of train (e.g. within
	tunnel or not)
Data	Interior Light command
Stimulus	The lights will be toggled on and off by the train controller. This
	will either be performed manually by the driver using a button
	or automatically by the train controller based on time of day and
	upon entering and exiting a tunnel
Response	If the light command is passed, all lights onboard the train are
	turned on.
Comments	The interior lights can either posses the status of on, off, or failure.

Table 26: Get Current Velocity

	Table 20. Get Current velocity
Actors	Train Controller, MBO
Description	A call will be made to request the current velocity of the train and
	this will be passed back to the actor which required it. The train
	controllor will request the current velocity in order to compute
	the power command to send to the train model. The MBO will
	request the current velocity in order to compute the variation
	between the suggested speed and the actual speed of the train.
Data	Current Velocity value
Stimulus	A request will be sent to the train model to obtain the current
	velocity of the train at that given moment
Response	The current velocity of the train will be returned to the caller in
	MPH.
Comments	

Table 27: Toggle Engine Failure

Actors	Murphy
Description	Murphy is able to toggle the engine failure status in order to dis-
	trupt the train's engine. Once engaged the train will be required
	to stop until the issue is resolved.
Data	Engine Failure command
Stimulus	A command will be sent to the train model from the Murphy
	console to toggle the failure status of the train's engine.
Response	The engine failure status will be toggled as a response to the
	command. When an engine failure occurs the service brakes are
	also engaged to bring the train to a stop until issues are resolved.
Comments	The engine failure status will toggle between failure, and non-
	failure.

Table 28: Toggle Signal Failure

Actors	Murphy
Description	Murphy is able to toggle the signal failure status in order to dis-
	trupt the train's signaling and communication abilities. Once en-
	gaged the train will be required to stop until the issue is resolved.
Data	Signal Failure command
Stimulus	A command will be sent to the train model from the Murphy
	console to toggle the failure status of the train's signaling system.
Response	The signal failure status will be toggled as a response to the com-
	mand. When a signal failure occurs the service brakes are also
	engaged to bring the train to a stop until issues are resolved.
Comments	The signal failure status will toggle between failure, and non-
	failure.

Table 29: Toggle Brake Failure

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Actors	Murphy
Description	Murphy is able to toggle the brake failure status in order to dis-
	trupt the train's service brake. Once engaged the train will be
	required to stop until the issue is resolved.
Data	Brake Failure command
Stimulus	A command will be sent to the train model from the Murphy
	console to toggle the failure status of the train's service brake
Response	The brake failure status will be toggled as a response to the com-
	mand. When a service brake failure occurs the emergency brakes
	are also engaged to bring the train to a stop until issues are re-
	solved.
Comments	The brake failure status will toggle between failure, and non-
	failure.

Table 30: Get Safe Braking Distance (Service Brake)

Actors	MBO
Description	In order to better determine the train's footprint the MBO will
	call to obtain the safe braking distance of the Train. This will be
	the distance required to bring the train to a complete stop using
	the service brake deceleration rate. This distance will vary based
	on the number of passengers on board the train and the current
	velocity of the train.
Data	Safe Braking Distance for Service Brake
Stimulus	Command will be requested from the MBO to get the current
	safe braking distance using the service brakes which would be
	computed based on the current velocity and mass of the train.
Response	The safe braking distance using the service brakes will be returned
	to the MBO.
Comments	

Table 31: Get Safe Braking Distance (Emergency Brake)

Actors	MBO
Description	In order to better determine the train's footprint the MBO will
	call to obtain the safe braking distance of the Train. This will be
	the distance required to bring the train to a complete stop using
	the emergency brake deceleration rate. This distance will vary
	based on the number of passengers on board the train and the
	current velocity of the train.
Data	Safe Braking Distance for Emergency Brake
Stimulus	Command will be requested from the MBO to get the current
	safe braking distance using the emergency brakes which would be
	computed based on the current velocity and mass of the train.
Response	The safe braking distance using the emergency brakes will be re-
	turned to the MBO.
Comments	

Table 32: Get GPS Location

	Table 52: Get GF5 Location
Actors	MBO
Description	The MBO will elect to receive the current GPS location to deter-
	mine the train's current location to the nearest meter. This will
	be determined by calculating the distance traveled by the train
	and compute the distance into the current block to return to the
	MBO
Data	Current Block, Distance Into block
Stimulus	Command will be requested from the MBO to get the current
	GPS location from the train
Response	GPS location will be returned providing the current block the
	train is in as well as the distance into that current block to the
	nearest meter.
Comments	

Table 33: Get Authority

Actors	MBO
Description	The MBO will request to receive the current Authority of the
	given train. This will be used in conjuction with the suggested
	authority to determine the variation between suggested authority
	and actual authority for the train.
Data	Current Authority
Stimulus	Command will be requested from the MBO to get the current
	Authority from the train
Response	Current authority will be returned for that given train
Comments	

Table 34: Add Passengers

Actors	Track Model
Description	The track model will randomly generate a number of passengers to
	wait at a station then upon arrival to a station a random number
	of passengers will board based on space avaliable on the train.
	This number will be sent to the train model to modify passenger
	count and mass of train based on capacity.
Data	Number of passengers boarding
Stimulus	Command will be requested from the MBO to get the current
	Authority from the train
Response	Based on space on board, a random number of passengers between
	0 and amount of space will be passed to the train model
Comments	

Table 35: Set Speed/ Authority

Actors	Track Model
Description	The track model will pass the speed and authority to the train
	model. This speed and authority will then be passed to the train
	controller with no variation.
Data	Speed, Authority
Stimulus	Command will be sent to train model with speed and authority
Response	Speed and authority will be passed to train controller.
Comments	

Table 36: Set Current Block

Actors	Track Model
Description	The track model will pass the current block the train is on as the
	train enters each new block area. This current block object will
	provide the train with the block's grade as well as its length, to
	be used by the train's GPS
Data	Current Block
Stimulus	Command will be sent to train model with current block
Response	Block length will be extracted for train GPS, and Block grade will
	be extracted for train movement calculations
Comments	

2.4 Train Controller

In this subsection, the use cases of the train controller are provided.

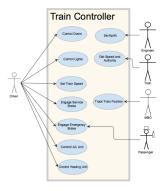


Figure 4: Train controller use case diagram

Table 37: Set Speed

	1
Actors	Driver, Train
Description	Begins the process of changing the selected train's speed by using
	power control law. The power command is passed to the train
	and the train changes to a new speed.
Data	Set speed, block speed, suggested speed
Stimulus	'Set Speed' button is pressed or the train enters a block with a
	different block speed.
Response	Sends a power command to the selected train, signaling to either
	increases or decreases its speed until the actual speed equals the
	set speed.
Comments	The set speed must not be over the suggested speed or the block
	speed. This is made sure by the UI elements.

Table 38: Control Utilities

Actors	Driver, Train
Description	The driver will open, close, turn on, or turn off the selected train's
	utilities such as AC, Heat, Lights, and Left/Right Doors or the
	utilities will be controlled automatically by the Train Controller.
Data	Selected train
Stimulus	Signals transmitted from the Train Controller to the train.
Response	Train updates the states of the utilities.
Comments	AC and Heat cannot be on at the same time.

Table 39: Set K_p and K_i

Actors	Engineer, Train
Description	The engineer will set K_p and K_i of the selected train.
Data	Train and doubles representing K_p and K_i
Stimulus	The selected train has no K_p and K_i set or the user clicks the 'Set
	K_p/K_i ' button on the Train Controller.
Response	The K_p and K_i of the train will be set.
Comments	If the K_p and the K_i are not chosen for a selected train when the
	train is first selected, a window will pop up to allow the Engineer
	to set the K_p and K_i .

Table 40: Engage Service Brake

Actors	Driver, Train
Description	Initiates the service brake on the selected train, decreasing its
	speed.
Data	Deceleration constant of the selected train's service brake.
Stimulus	A negative power command during the power law control or user
	interaction.
Response	The service brake is engaged on the selected train, and its speed
	decreases.
Comments	

Table 41: Engage Emergency Brake

Actors	Driver, Train
Description	Initiates the emergency brake on the selected train, decreasing its
	speed.
Data	Deceleration constant of the selected train's emergency brake.
Stimulus	The emergency brake is pressed.
Response	The emergency brake is engaged on the selected train, and its
	speed decreases.
Comments	In manual mode, the user must confirm the use of the emergency
	brake before it's actually used.

Table 42: Get Speed and Authority

Actors	Train
Description	The Train Controller retreives the suggested speed and authority
	of the selected train based on which block the train is in.
Data	Selected train
Stimulus	During every clock tick.
Response	Train Controller updates its sub-components.
Comments	

Table 43: Track Train Position

Actors	MBO, Train
Description	Determines the position of the train on the track and sends it to
	the MBO when in MBO mode.
Data	Block, Train
Stimulus	During every clock tick.
Response	Train Controller updates its sub-components.
Comments	

2.5 Moving Block Overlay

In this subsection, the use cases of the Moving Block Overlay (MBO) are provided.

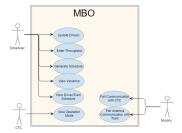


Figure 5: Train controller use case diagram

Table 44: Update

Actors	Scheduler
Description	The Scheduler is able to update the list of drivers. This will change
	whether or not a driver is able to be scheduled.
Data	filename
Stimulus	Click drivers button
Response	Loops through a CSV file to add all the drivers to the list of
	drivers. When adding a driver, a driver object will be created
	with the entered properties. This object will then be added to the
	Driver Schedule where it can be accessed as part of the list.
Comments	There will be a default file so that it can be saved between sessions.

Table 45: Enter Throughput

	O 1
Actors	Scheduler
Description	The Scheduler enters the number of trains they would like to be
	on the track at a certain point in time.
Data	number of trains
Stimulus	Click submit button
Response	The number of trains is entered by the scheduler. This is used to
	generate both the train and driver schedules for both MBO and
	FB modes.
Comments	

Table 46: View Train/Driver Schedule

Actors	Scheduler, CTC
Description	Scheduler can see a list of all trains, as well as their station arrival
	times. Scheduler can see a list of all current drivers, as well as
	their corresponding break times and current train.
Data	train ID, arrival times, driver name, ID, break times
Stimulus	Updates triggered by clock
Response	Two tables will be displayed, one for the train schedule, and one
	for the driver schedule. The train schedule will list IDs as the
	rows and station names as the columns. Each cell will contain the
	time that train will arrive at that station. The driver schedule will
	what train they are on at what times. It will also show whenever
	they start and stop work and when they are on breaks.
Comments	The table that is displayed will automatically update itself when
	triggered by the clock.

Table 47: View Variance

Table 47: View variance	
Actors	Scheduler
Description	Scheduler can see a list of all trains, as well as their corresponding
	speed and current position. The suggested speed and authority
	will be displayed as well as the variance between the two.
Data	train ID, speed, suggested/actual position/authority, variance
Stimulus	Updates triggered by clock
Response	In Fixed Block mode the current block will have to be kept track
	of based on past block occupancy. In MBO mode the position can
	be gotten through GPS.
Comments	In Fixed Block mode the position is denoted as the current block.
	In MBO mode the position is denoted as the current block and
	the distance into that block.

Table 48: Generate Schedules

Actors	Scheduler
Description	When required a schedule will be generated based on the input
	data. This will then be displayed for the scheduler/CTC. It is
	used to dispatch trains and calculate a path for a train.
Data	number of trains, track data
Stimulus	On launch, change in number of drivers, clock triggered
Response	A schedule will be generated for trains and drivers. It will have
	to take into account the mode of operation (MBO or FB), speed
	limits, track occupancy, drivers break times, and other variables.
Comments	Can only happen in automatic mode - schedule will be either fixed
	block or MBO depending on dispatcher's selection of mode.

Table 49: Give Operation Mode

Actors	CTC
Description	The CTC sends the mode of operation whenever it is changed.
Data	mode
Stimulus	CTC changes the mode.
Response	The mode is updated in the MovingBlockOverlay class. Any shut-
	down procedures to switch between modes are performed.
Comments	The default mode will be manual.

Table 50: Fail Communication with CTC

Actors	Murphy
Description	Murphy breaks communication between CTC and MBO.
Data	communication failure
Stimulus	CTC clicks Fail Communication with MBO button.
Response	Since scheduling will be unavailable without communication with
	the MBO, the CTC will be forced into manual mode and let the
	dispatcher know with a message.
Comments	

Table 51: Fail Communication with Train

Actors	Murphy
Description	Murphy breaks communication between Train and wayside.
Data	communication failure
Stimulus	Click Fail Communication with Train button.
Response	The MBO can no longer receive the GPS position of individual
	trains and is therefore unable to safely operate in MBO mode.
	So a transition must be made to either Fixed Block mode or to
	manual mode.
Comments	

2.6 Centralized Train Control

In this subsection, the use cases of the Centralized Train Control (CTC) are provided.

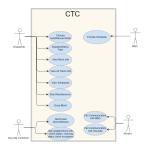


Figure 6: Centralized Train Control use case

3 Class Diagrams

In this section, we detail the use class diagrams for each subsystem..

- 3.1 Track Model
- 3.2 Track Controller
- 3.3 Train Model
- 3.4 Train Controlled
- 3.5 Moving Block Overlay
- 3.6 Centralized Train Controller

4 Sequence Diagrams

In this section, we detail the sequence diagrams each subsystem.

4.1 Track Model



Figure 7: Add Passengers Use Case Diagram

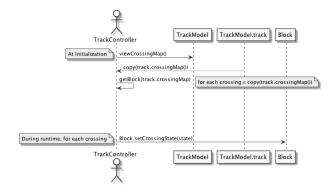


Figure 8: Toggle Crossing State Use Case Diagram

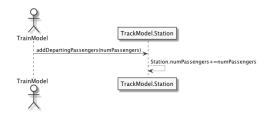


Figure 9: TDeparting Passengers to Station Use Case Diagram

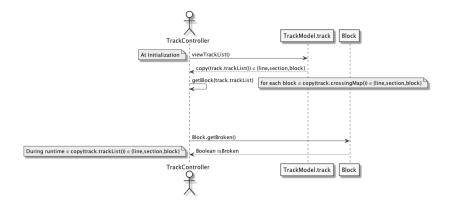


Figure 10: Detect Broken Rail Use Case Diagram

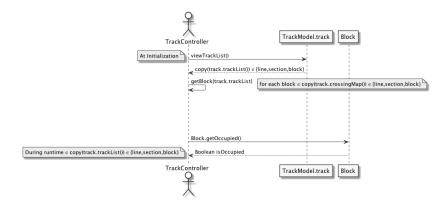


Figure 11: Detect Block Occupancy use Case Diagram

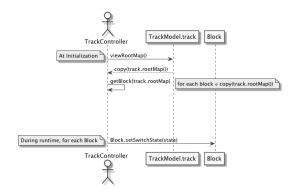


Figure 12: Toggle Switching Use Case Diagram

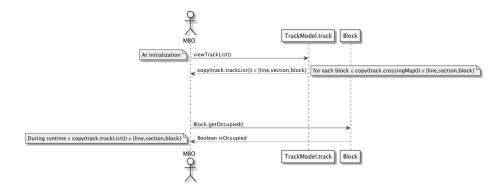


Figure 13: View Block Occupancy Use Case Diagram

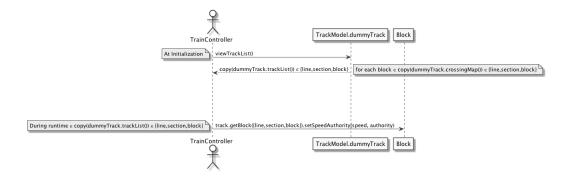


Figure 14: Set Speed and Authority use Case Diagram

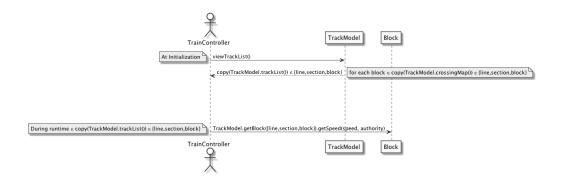


Figure 15: Get Speed Use Case Diagram

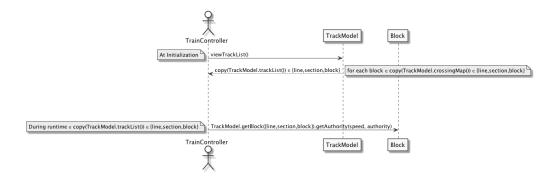


Figure 16: Get Authority Use Case Diagram

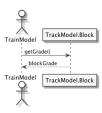


Figure 17: Get Grade Use Case Diagram

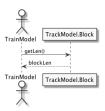


Figure 18: Get Length Use Case Diagram

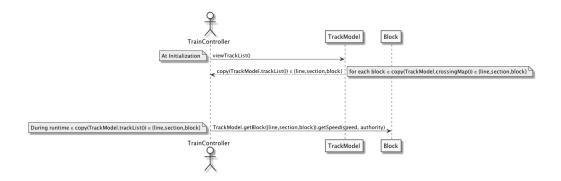


Figure 19: Get Speed Use Case Diagram

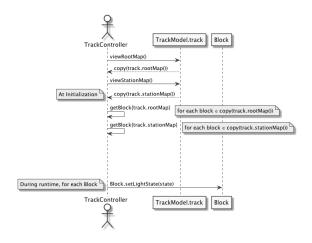


Figure 20: Toggle Lights Use Case Diagram

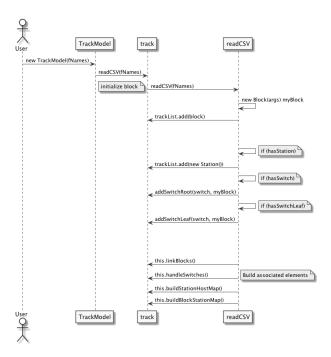


Figure 21: Read File Use Case Diagram

4.2 Track Controller

4.3 Train Model

In this seciton, we provide the sequence diagrams of the train model.

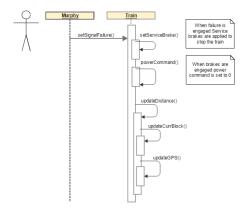


Figure 22: Toggle Signal Failure Use Case Diagram

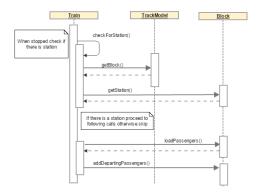


Figure 23: Add Passengers Use Case Diagram

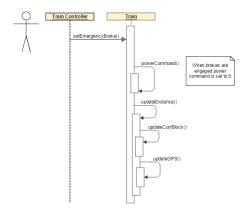


Figure 24: Engage Emergency Brake Use Case Diagram

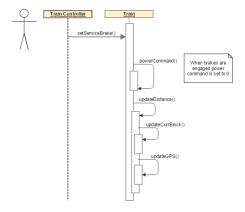


Figure 25: Engage Service Brake Use Case Diagram

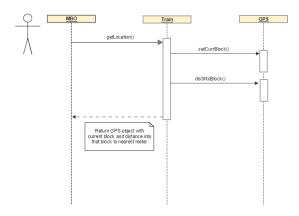


Figure 26: Get Location Use Case Diagram

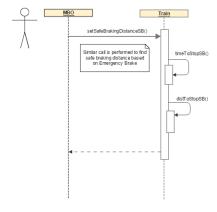


Figure 27: Calculate Safe Braking Distance Use Case Diagram

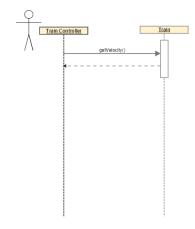


Figure 28: Get Velocity Use Case Diagram

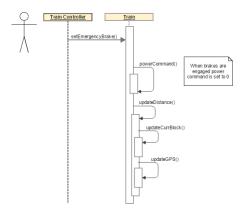


Figure 29: Increase Temperature Use Case Diagram

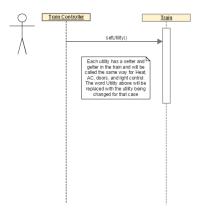


Figure 30: Modify Utilities Use Case Diagram

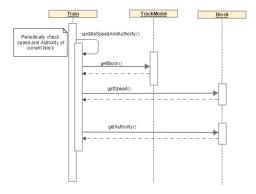


Figure 31: Set Speed and Authority Use Case Diagram

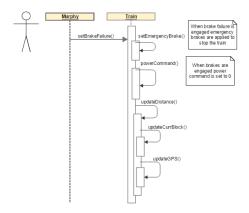


Figure 32: Toggle Brake Failure Use Case Diagram

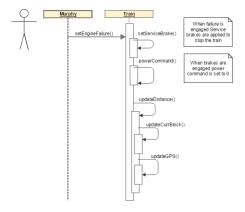


Figure 33: Toggle Engine Failure Use Case Diagram

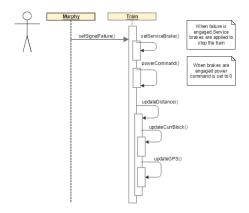


Figure 34: Toggle Signal Failure Use Case Diagram

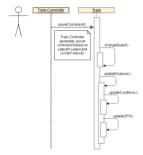


Figure 35: Toggle Signal Failure Use Case Diagram

4.4 Train Controller

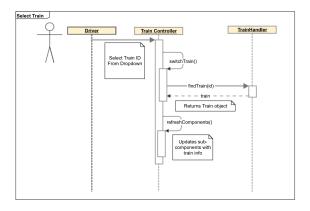


Figure 36: Select Train Use Case

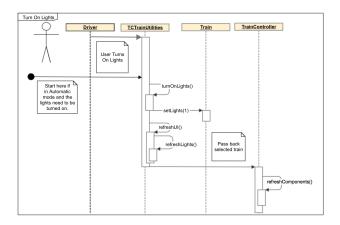


Figure 37: Turn On Lights Use Case

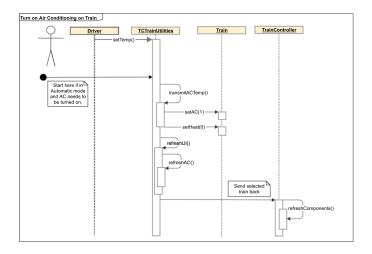


Figure 38: Turn On Air Conditioning Use Case

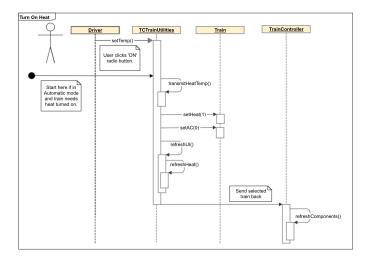


Figure 39: Turn On Heat Use Case

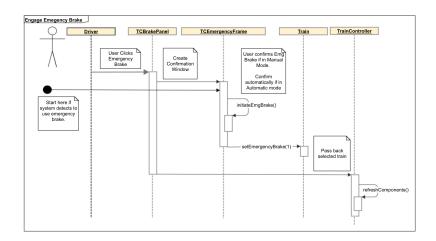


Figure 40: Engage Emergency Brake Use Case

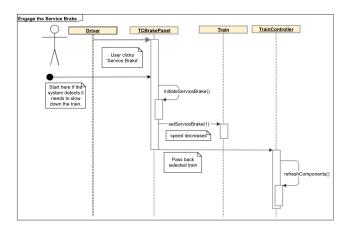


Figure 41: Engage Service Brake Use case

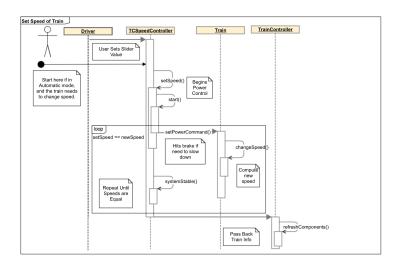


Figure 42: Toggle Signal Failure Use Case Diagram

4.5 Moving Block Overlay

4.6 Centralized Train Controller