

# Complex analysis (basics)

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**Definition 1** (Analytic/holomorphic function). *For a complex variable  $z$ , we say that the complex function  $f(z)$  is analytic or holomorphic at  $z$  (and in a neighbourhood around  $z$ ), iff:*

$$f'(z) = \lim_{z' \rightarrow z} \frac{f(z) - f(z')}{z - z'}$$

*exists and is well defined as  $z' \rightarrow z$  from any direction in the complex plane  
A function analytic on all points in the complex plane is also said to be entire.*

**Corollary 0.1** (Cauchy–Riemann equations). *For any analytic function,  $f(z) = u + iv$ , where  $z = x + iy$ , the following holds:*

$$\begin{aligned}\partial u &= \partial v \\ \partial v &= -\partial u\end{aligned}$$

*Proof.* hi

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